

- Val

Extended TQFT:

dim	assignment
n	number
$n-1$	vector space
$n-2$	2 vector space

Higher Algebras:

$$V_0 := \mathbb{C}$$

$$V_1 := \{ \text{finite dim inner product spaces over } \mathbb{C} \}$$

$$V_2 := \{ \text{ " " " over } V_1 \}$$

Defⁿ (2 vector space): $W \in V_2$, is a category with functors

$$W \times W \rightarrow W$$

$$W \times V_1 \rightarrow W \quad + \text{ many more conditions}$$

$$W \times \bar{W} \rightarrow V_1$$

Can similarly define V_k .

Invariant sections/limits

- C finite groupoid π_0, π_1 are finite
- $F: C \rightarrow V_1$

$$\text{Df: } \mathcal{V}_F = \{ \{ s_x \in F(x) \}_{x \in C} \mid \forall f \in \text{hom}_C(x, y) \quad F(f) s_x = s_y \}$$

Remark: If C is connected, $\forall x \quad \dim F(x) = 1$

$$\forall f \in \text{hom}(x, y) \quad F(f) = \text{id}$$

$$\text{then } \dim \mathcal{V}_F = 1.$$

$\rightarrow \mathcal{V}_F$ is the limit of F .

$$\bullet \text{ If } \forall x \in C \quad F(x) = D \in V_1, \quad \mathcal{V}_F = \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \text{functors} \\ C \rightarrow D \end{array} \right\} \quad \left(\begin{array}{c} \text{only identity morphism} \\ \text{in } D \end{array} \right)$$

Classical Action:

- G finite group
- $T = U(1) \subseteq \mathbb{C}$
- $\alpha \in C^1(BG, T)$ cocycle (twisting)
- All manifolds compact, oriented
- For X -manifold, C_X groupoid of G -bundles over X .
- Action Z

$$1) \dim X = n \quad \partial X = \emptyset \quad P \in C_X \quad P: X \rightarrow BG$$

$$Z(P) = \langle P^* \alpha, [X] \rangle$$

$$2) \dim X = n-1, \quad \partial X = \emptyset, \quad p \in C_X : X \rightarrow BG$$

Define a category D_X^P : $Ob : \{ (\alpha, f) \mid \begin{array}{l} \alpha \in C_{n-1}(X) \text{ s.t. } [\alpha] = [X] \\ f: X \rightarrow BG \text{ representing } P \end{array} \}$

$$Hom((\alpha_1, f_1), (\alpha_2, f_2)) = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{homotopy classes of homotopies} \\ \text{between } f_1, f_2 \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\text{Define: } D_X^P \rightarrow \mathcal{V}_1 : F_X^P$$

$$(\alpha, f) \mapsto \mathbb{C}$$

$$h: (\alpha_1, f_1) \rightarrow (\alpha_2, f_2) \mapsto \langle h^* \alpha, \omega \rangle$$

$$\text{where } \omega \in C_n(X \times [0,1]), \quad [\omega] \in H_n(X \times [0,1], \partial(X \times [0,1]))$$

$$\partial \omega = \alpha_1 - \alpha_2$$

$$Z(P) := \bigvee_{F^P} \in \mathcal{V}_1$$

$$3) \dim X = n-2, \quad \partial X = \emptyset, \quad p \in C_X$$

$$Z(P) \in \mathcal{V}_2$$

$$4) \dim X = n, \quad \partial X = Y, \quad P \in C_X, \quad \partial P = Q \in C_Y \quad \text{y} \quad \textcircled{X}$$

$$Z(P) \in Z(Q)$$

Choose $\alpha \in C_n(X)$, $[\alpha] \in H_n(X, \partial X)$ fundamental class

Then $(\partial Y, f_P|_Y)$ trivializes $Z(Q)$.

$$Z(P) := \langle f^* \alpha, \gamma \rangle \in \mathbb{C} \cong_{(\partial X_1, f_P|_Y)} Z(Q)$$

Assertions: functoriality, orientation, additivity, Gluing

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
 (P \rightarrow P') & Z_{-X}(P) = Z_X(P) & Z_{X_1 \sqcup X_2}(P_1 \sqcup P_2) & \text{Tr}(Z_{X_1}(P_1), Z_{X_2}(P_2)) & \\
 \downarrow & & \downarrow & \downarrow & \\
 Z(P) \rightarrow Z(P') & & Z_{X_1}(P_1) \otimes Z_{X_2}(P_2) & Z_{X_1 \sqcup X_2}(P_1 \sqcup P_2) &
 \end{array}$$

Quantizations:

- Define TQFT by "summing" classical action
- $\dim X = n-k$, $\partial X = \emptyset$, $P \in C_X$, $[P] \in C_X$

$$Z([P]) = \sum_{\omega \in \mathcal{V}_k} Z|_{[P]} \in \mathcal{V}_k$$

- Quantized action E :

$$E(X) = \sum_{[P] \in C_X} \frac{1}{\# \text{Aut } P} Z([P])$$

- $\partial X = Y$ $E(X) \in E(Y)$

$$\text{for } Q \in C_Y \quad C_X(Q) = \{(P, \theta) \mid P \in C_X, \theta \cdot \partial P = Q\}$$

$$Z: C_X(Q) \rightarrow C_X(Q)$$

$$\text{for } P \in C_X(Q) \quad Z([P]) = \lim_{[P]} Z|_{[P]} \in Z(Q)$$

$$J(Q) = \sum_{[P] \in C_X(Q)} \frac{1}{\# \text{Aut } P} Z([P]) \in Z(Q)$$

Claim: $J(Q)$ is invariant i.e. $J([Q]) \in Z([Q])$

$$E(X) := \sum_{[Q] \in C_Y} \frac{1}{\# \text{Aut } Q} J(Q)$$

Examples:

$$n=2 \quad d=0,$$

$$C_S = G // G$$

$$E(S) = \sum_{[g] \in G // G} \frac{1}{|C(g)|} \cdot \mathbb{C} = \text{class functions}$$

$$C_{\text{pt}} \cong G$$

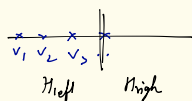
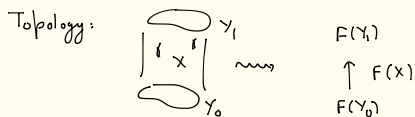
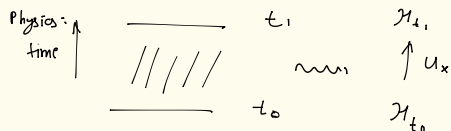
$$E(\text{pt}) = \frac{1}{|G|} \sum V^G \quad \text{where } V^G = \text{finite dimensional unitary representations of } G.$$

$$= \{ \text{functors from } C_{\text{pt}} \rightarrow \mathcal{V}_1 \}$$

dim $n=3$:

$\mathcal{E}(S)$ is a modular tensor category

Dan Freed:



$$\mathcal{H} = \bigotimes v_i$$

$$\mathcal{H} = \mathcal{H}_{left} \otimes \mathcal{H}_{right}$$

