

## Assignment No. 14

- **TITLE :** Create a Java program to implement a Student Grading System that accepts student details such as Name, Roll No, Marks of 5 subjects, Calculates total, percentage, and grade, displays results in a tabular format. Use inheritance to separate basic student info from academic performance.

➤ **CODE:**

```
package prac14;
import java.util.*;

class Student {
    String name;
    int rollNo;

    Student(String name, int rollNo) {
        this.name = name;
        this.rollNo = rollNo;
    }
}

class AcademicRecord extends Student {
    int[] marks;
    int total;
    double percentage;
    char grade;

    AcademicRecord(String name, int rollNo, int[] marks) {
        super(name, rollNo);
        this.marks = marks;
        calculateResults();
    }

    void calculateResults() {
        total = 0;
        for (int mark : marks) {
            total += mark;
        }
        percentage = total / 5.0;

        if (percentage >= 90) grade = 'A';
        else if (percentage >= 80) grade = 'B';
        else if (percentage >= 70) grade = 'C';
        else if (percentage >= 60) grade = 'D';
        else if (percentage >= 40) grade = 'E';
        else grade = 'F';
    }

    void displayResult() {
        System.out.printf("%-10d %-15s %-5d %-5d %-5d %-5d %-5d %-5d %-8.2f %-5c\n",
                           rollNo, name, marks[0], marks[1], marks[2], marks[3],
                           marks[4], total, percentage, grade);
    }
}

public class StudentGradingSystem {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```

Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);

System.out.print("Enter number of students: ");
int n = scanner.nextInt();
scanner.nextLine();

AcademicRecord[] students = new AcademicRecord[n];

for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    System.out.println("\nEnter details for Student " + (i + 1) + ":");
    System.out.print("Name: ");
    String name = scanner.nextLine();
    System.out.print("Roll No: ");
    int rollNo = scanner.nextInt();

    int[] marks = new int[5];
    System.out.println("Enter marks for 5 subjects:");
    for (int j = 0; j < 5; j++) {
        System.out.print("Subject " + (j + 1) + ": ");
        marks[j] = scanner.nextInt();
    }
    scanner.nextLine();

    students[i] = new AcademicRecord(name, rollNo, marks);
}

System.out.println("\n\nStudent Results:");
System.out.println("-----");
System.out.println("-----");
System.out.printf("%-10s %-15s %-5s %-5s %-5s %-5s %-5s %-5s %-8s %-5s\n",
                    "Roll No", "Name", "Sub1", "Sub2", "Sub3", "Sub4",
                    "Sub5", "Total", "Percent", "Grade");
System.out.println("-----");
System.out.println("-----");

for (AcademicRecord student : students) {
    student.displayResult();
}

System.out.println("-----");
System.out.println("-----");
scanner.close();
}

```

Output –

Enter number of students: 3

Enter details for Student 1:

Name: Apurv

Roll No: 11

Enter marks for 5 subjects:

Subject 1: 80

Subject 2: 70

Subject 3: 86

Subject 4: 90

Subject 5: 87

Enter details for Student 2:

Name: Pranet

Roll No: 1

Enter marks for 5 subjects:

Subject 1: 90

Subject 2: 86

Subject 3: 68

Subject 4: 77

Subject 5: 69

Enter details for Student 3:

Name: Nisha

Roll No: 13

Enter marks for 5 subjects:

Subject 1: 90

Subject 2: 98

Subject 3: 78

Subject 4: 84

Subject 5: 91

Student Results:

Roll No	Name	Sub1	Sub2	Sub3	Sub4	Sub5	Total	Percent	Grade
11	Apurv	80	70	86	90	87	413	82.60	B
1	Pranet	90	86	68	77	69	390	78.00	C
13	Nisha	90	98	78	84	91	441	88.20	B

- **Conclusion** – In this assignment, this Java program successfully demonstrates the use of inheritance by separating basic student information from academic performance calculations. The implementation efficiently handles multiple student records, performs grade calculations, and presents results in a clear tabular format. The object-oriented design with inheritance allows for better code organization and maintainability while providing a functional student grading system.