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Python GPIO Library Examples

OCTOBER 2019 - THIS PAGE IS WORK IN PROGRESS.

This page contains Python examples for various Python GPIO Libraries. There is also a comparison table (https://10xiot.com/python-gpio-library-comparison-table/) available that summarises and compares the features of these libraries.

The source code for the examples on this page is available at http://github.com/10xiot/python-gpio-library-examples
 (http://github.com/10xiot/python-gpio-library-examples)

There are code samples for the following GPIO libraries.

- GPIOZero (#GPIOZero)
- Pi.GPIP (Coming Soon)
- Python Periphery (Coming Soon)
- PiGPIO (#PiGPIO)
- WiringPi (#WiringPi)
- Blinka (CircuitPython) (#BlinkaCircuitPython)

If you know of another Python GPIO library, or you can suggest improvements to any of the code shown below, please post a comment at the end of the page. I welcome all feedback and suggestions.

Technical Requirements

- All code samples below are expected to be ran on a Raspberry Pi. They may
 work on similar devices like a Banana or Orange Pi, however, this has not been
 confirmed. They will not work on a generic Windows, Mac or Linux PC.
- The code was tested against Python 3.5
- It is highly recommended that you use a **Python Virtual Environment** to run these examples. We have an Introduction to Python Virtual Environments (http://TODO) if you would like to learn more.

Reference Circuit

The following Python code examples work with the following circuit. The LED will turn on and off with each button press.

- The LED is connected to GPIO 21
- The Button is connected to GPIO 23
- The Resistor is 200 Ω (or a *higher* value up to ~1k Ω will be suitable)

Figure 1 – LED & Button Circuit on Raspberry Pi Model B

Figure 2 – Semantic Diagram for Figure 1

Q Learn the reasons \angle (http://TODO) behind why the Resistor above is 200 Ω .

Python Examples

The following code samples implement a small program where pressing the button toggles the LED on and off. When possible with a GPIO library, interrupt or callback handlers are used to intercept button presses, else we perform polling in a while loop.

(#)

GPIOZero

Documentation & API Reference: https://gpiozero.readthedocs.io ☑ (https://gpiozero.readthedocs.io)

LED & Button Python Example

```
111111
 1.
 2.
     Turn on and off an LED with a Button using gpiozero.
 3.
      Dependencies:
 4.
      pip install gpiozero
 5.
      Written and tested with Python version 3.5
 6.
 7.
      from gpiozero import Device, LED, Button
 8.
      import signal
 9.
10.
      LED GPIO PIN = 21
11.
      BUTTON GPIO PIN = 23
12.
13.
     def pressed():
14.
        led.toggle()
15.
        state = 'on' if led.value == 1 else 'off'
16.
        print("Button pressed: LED is " + state)
17.
18.
      led = LED(LED GPIO PIN)
19.
      led.off()
20.
21.
      button = Button(BUTTON_GPIO_PIN, pull_up=True, bounce_time=0.1)
22.
      button.when pressed = pressed
23.
24.
      print("Press button to turn LED on and off.")
25.
26.
      signal.pause() # Stops main thread (program) from exiting.
```

Run Example

```
# Install dependencies$ pip3 install gpiozero# Run example$ python3 gpiozero_led_button.py(#)
```

PiGPIO

PiGPIO Resources

- PiGPIO Web Site: http://abyz.me.uk/rpi/pigpio
 ば (http://abyz.me.uk/rpi/pigpio)
- Python API Documentation: http://abyz.me.uk/rpi/pigpio/python.html
 (http://abyz.me.uk/rpi/pigpio/python.html)

PiGPIO Python Examples:

http://abyz.me.uk/rpi/pigpio/examples.html#Python%20code rhith://abyz.me.uk/rpi/pigpio/examples.html#Python%20code)

LED & Button Python Example

The following example requires the PiGPIO daemon to be running on your Raspberry Pi (Instructions ' (http://todo.com))

```
1.
 2.
     Turn on and off an LED with a Button using pigpio.
 3.
      Dependencies:
 4.
      pip install pigpio
 5.
      Written and tested with Python version 3.5
 6.
 7.
     import pigpio
 8.
     import signal
 9.
10.
      LED GPIO PIN = 21
11.
      BUTTON GPIO PIN = 23
12.
13.
      pi = pigpio.pi()
14.
15.
      # LED provides 'Output'
16.
      pi.set mode(LED GPIO PIN, pigpio.OUTPUT)
17.
      pi.write(LED GPIO PIN, 0) # LED Off
18.
19.
      # Button provides 'Input'
20.
      pi.set mode(BUTTON GPIO PIN, pigpio.INPUT)
21.
      pi.set pull up down(BUTTON GPIO PIN, pigpio.PUD UP)
22.
      pi.set glitch filter(BUTTON GPIO PIN, 10000) # microseconds ~= debounce
23.
24.
     # Button pressed handler
25.
     def pressed(gpio pin, level, tick):
26.
        # Get current pin state for LED.
27.
        led state = pi.read(LED GPIO PIN)
28.
29.
        if led state == 1:
30.
          # LED is on, so turn it off.
31.
          pi.write(LED GPIO PIN, 0) # 0 = Pin Low = Led Off
          print("Button pressed: Led is off")
32.
33.
        else: # 0
34.
          # LED is off, so turn it on.
35.
          pi.write(LED GPIO PIN, 1) # 1 = Pin High = Led On
36.
          print("Button pressed: Led is on")
37.
38.
      # Register button handler.
39.
      pi.callback(BUTTON_GPIO_PIN, pigpio.FALLING_EDGE, pressed)
40.
41.
      print("Press button to turn LED on and off.")
```

42.

43. signal.pause() # Stops program from exiting.

Run Example

```
# Start PiGPIO daemon if not already running
$ pigpio &

# Install dependencies
$ pip3 install pigpio

# Run example
$ python3 pigpio_led_button_example.py

(#)
```

WiringPi

The following code sample uses the Python port of the popular C WiringPi library. See the "WiringPi C Library" web site for full details and API regarding the library.

WiringPi Resources:

- WiringPi C Library (Web Site): http://wiringpi.com <a> L (http://wiringpi.com/)

LED & Button Python Example

```
1.
     import wiringpi
 2.
     import time
 3.
     import signal
 4.
 5.
     wiringpi.wiringPiSetupGpio() # BCM GPIO pin numbering
 6.
 7.
     LED GPIO PIN = 21
 8.
     BUTTON GPIO PIN = 23
 9.
10.
     # Configure LED Pin
11.
     wiringpi.pinMode(BUTTON GPIO PIN, wiringpi.INPUT)
12.
     wiringpi.digitalWrite(LED GPIO PIN, wiringpi.LOW)
13.
     # Configure Push Button Pin
14.
15.
     wiringpi.pinMode(LED GPIO PIN, wiringpi.OUTPUT)
16.
     wiringpi.pullUpDnControl(BUTTON GPIO PIN, wiringpi.GPIO.PUD DOWN)
17.
```

```
18.
      # Debouncing variables
19.
      debounce timer = 0
20.
      debounce threshold = 0.25 # Increase if button is erratic
21.
22.
     def button pressed():
23.
        global debounce_timer
24.
25.
        if (time.time() - debounce timer) < debounce threshold:
26.
          return;
27.
28.
        state = wiringpi.digitalRead(LED_GPIO_PIN) # 0 (LOW) or 1 (HIGH)
29.
        state = not state
30.
31.
        wiringpi.digitalWrite(LED GPIO PIN, state) # Toggle LED On/Off
32.
33.
        if state:
34.
          print("LED is on")
35.
        else:
36.
          print("LED is off")
37.
38.
        debounce timer = time.time()
39.
40.
      # Register Push Button Handler. GPIO.INT EDGE FALLING => Button Pressed
41.
     wiringpi.wiringPilSR(BUTTON GPIO PIN, wiringpi.GPIO.INT EDGE FALLING,
     button pressed)
42.
43.
     signal.pause()
```

Run Example

```
# Install dependencies$ pip3 install wiringpi# Run example$ python3 wiringpi_led_button_example.py
```

(#)

Blinka (CircuitPython)

The following code example uses Circuit Python and the CPython compatibility layer Blinka.

Circuit Python & Blinka Resources:

• CircuitPython web site: https://circuitpython.org ☑ (https://circuitpython.org/)

- CircuitPython API Documentation: https://circuitpython.readthedocs.io

 (https://circuitpython.readthedocs.io/)
- CircuitPython Introduction: https://learn.adafruit.com/welcome-to-circuitpython/what-is-circuitpython ☑ (https://learn.adafruit.com/welcome-to-circuitpython/what-is-circuitpython)
- Blinka GitHub: https://github.com/adafruit/Adafruit_Blinka (https://github.com/adafruit/Adafruit Blinka)

LED & Button Python Example

```
import digitalio
 1.
 2.
      import board
 3.
     from digitalio import DigitalInOut, Direction, Pull
 4.
      import time
 5.
 6.
      LED GPIO PIN = board.D21
 7.
      BUTTON GPIO PIN = board.D23
 8.
 9.
      # Configure LED
      led = digitalio.DigitalInOut(LED_GPIO_PIN)
10.
      led.direction = digitalio.Direction.OUTPUT
11.
12.
13.
      # Configure Push Button
14.
      button = DigitalInOut(BUTTON GPIO PIN)
15.
      button.direction = Direction.INPUT
16.
      button.pull = Pull.UP
17.
18.
      pressed = False
19.
20.
     while True:
21.
       if not pressed and button.value == False:
22.
23.
           # Button is pressed
           pressed = True
24.
25.
26.
           led.value = not led.value
27.
28.
           if led.value:
29.
             print("LED is on")
30.
           else:
31.
             print("LED is off")
32.
        elif pressed and button.value == True:
33.
34.
35.
           # Button released
36.
           pressed = False
37.
38.
        time.sleep(0.01) # debounce button
```

Run Example

- # Install dependencies. Blinks has a dependency on RPi.GPIO \$ pip3 install rpi.gpio adafruit-blinka
- # Run example
- \$ python3 blinka_example.py

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