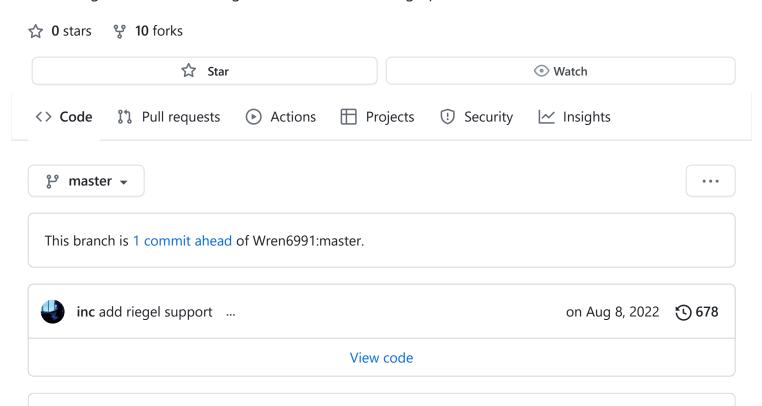


forked from Wren6991/RISCBoy

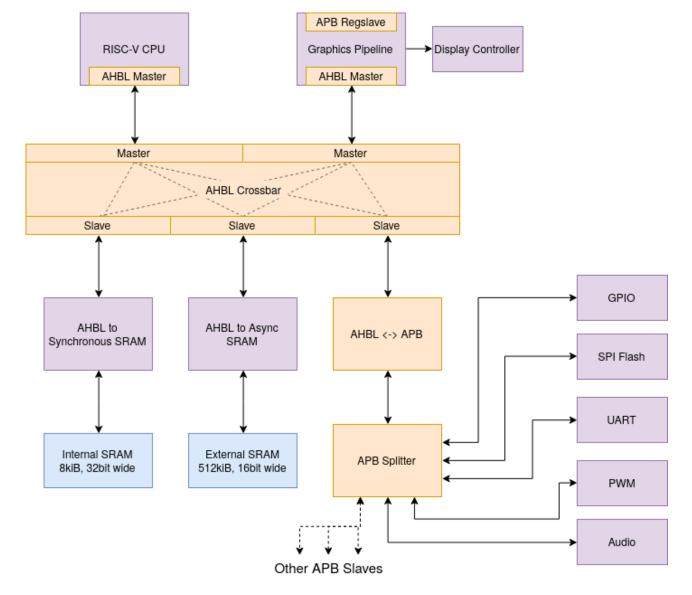
Portable games console, designed from scratch: CPU, graphics, PCB, and the kitchen sink



RISCBoy

RISCBoy is an open-source portable games console, designed from scratch. This includes:

- A RISC-V compatible CPU
- A raster graphics pipeline and display controller
- Other chip infrastructure: busfabric, memory controllers, UART, GPIO etc.
- A PCB layout in KiCad



■ Readme.md

letter to the handheld consoles from my childhood, and a 3AM drunk text to the technology that powered them.

The design is written in synthesisable Verilog 2005, and is intended to fit onto an iCE40-HX8k FPGA. This is a LUT4-based FPGA with 7680 logic elements, so fitting a 32 bit games console requires a crowbar and some vaseline, or perhaps just careful design. The HX8k was once the largest FPGA targeted by the open-source lcestorm FPGA toolchain, but that toolchain has since moved on to greater things.

More detailed information can be found in the documentation.

The processor supports the RV32IMC instruction set, and passes the RISC-V compliance suite for these instructions, as well as the riscv-formal verification suite, and some of my own formal property checks for instruction frontend consistency and basic bus compliance. It also supports M-mode CSRs, exceptions, and a simple compliant extension for vectored external interrupts.

Cloning

This repository uses submodules for HDL as well as tests

```
git clone --recursive https://github.com/Wren6991/RISCBoy.git riscboy
```

Alternatively

```
git clone https://github.com/Wren6991/RISCBoy.git riscboy
cd riscboy
git submodule update --init --recursive
```

Note a recursive submodule update is required to run the processor's standalone tests. This is not necessary for building RISCBoy gateware.

Building RV32IMC Toolchain

The RV32IMC toolchain is required for compilation of software-based tests. Follow the instructions on the RISC-V GNU Toolchain GitHub, except for the configure line:

```
# Prerequisites for Ubuntu 20.04
sudo apt install -y autoconf automake autotools-dev curl python3 libmpc-dev libmpfr-
cd /tmp
git clone --recursive https://github.com/riscv/riscv-gnu-toolchain
cd riscv-gnu-toolchain
# The ./configure arguments are the most important difference
./configure --prefix=/opt/riscv --with-arch=rv32imc --with-abi=ilp32 --with-multilib
sudo mkdir /opt/riscv
sudo chown $(whoami) /opt/riscv
make -j $(nproc)
```

On smaller FPGAs, like the iCE40 UP5k, RISCBoy may be configured to use a smaller RV32I variant of the processor, rather than the higher-performance RV32IMC version. The compiler will support any of the ISA variants available on RISCBoy, but we must also instruct the toolchain build scripts to produce standard libraries for these variants, via the --with-multilib arguments. Running a RV32I executable linked against an RV32IMC standard library on an RV32I-only processor will ruin your day!

Simulation

The simulation flow is driven by Xilinx ISIM 14.x; makefiles are found in the scripts/ folder. This has only been tested with the Linux version of ISIM.

You will also need to checkout the RISC-V compliance suite in order to run these tests (note the -- test is required to stop git from looking in the KiCad directories and complaining about the library structure there).

```
$ git submodule update --init --recursive
```

Once this is ready, you should be able to run the following:

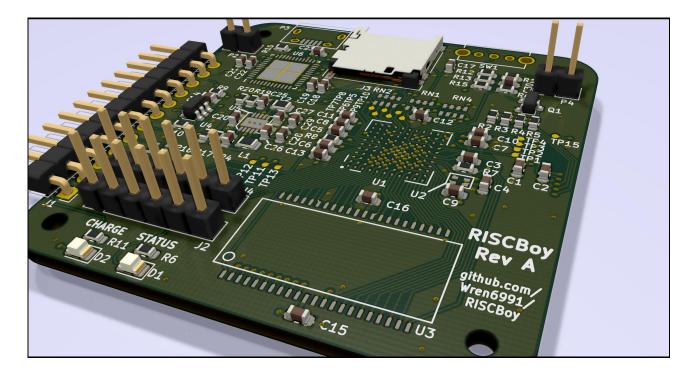
```
. sourceme
cd test
./runtests
```

which will run all of the HDL-level tests. Software tests will require the RV32IC toolchain. You may need to adjust some of the paths in sourceme if ISIM is installed in a non-default location. To graphically debug a test, run its makefile directly:

```
cd system
make TEST=helloworld gui
```

PCB

The image shows the Rev A PCB. It is compatible with iTead's 4-layer 5x5 cm prototyping service, which currently costs \$65 for 10 boards.



The schematic can be viewed here (pdf)

Rev B will look quite different; I am waiting for the gateware and bootloader to mature before proceeding. My current dev hardware looks a lot like my Snowflake FPGA board.

Synthesis

FPGA synthesis for iCE40 uses an open-source toolchain. If you would like to build this project using the existing makefiles, you will first need to build the toolchain I used:

- Yosys for synthesis
- nextpnr for place and route
- Project Icestorm for bitstream generation

Note that I have only built these on Linux. I've heard it is possible to build these on Windows, but haven't tried it. However, they can be built on a Raspberry Pi, which is neat.

Once the toolchain is in place, run

```
. sourceme
cd synth
make -f HX8k-EVN.mk bit
```

to generate an FPGA image suitable for Lattice HX8k evaluation board.

There is also highly experimental support (i.e. not my main dev platform) for ECP5, with board files for the Lattice LEF5UM5G-85F-EVN evaluation board:

```
make -f ECP5-EVN.mk BUILD=full bit
```

This build replaces the external, 512 kiB, 16 bit wide SRAM of RISCBoy development hardware with an internal, 256 kiB, 32 bit wide synchronous memory, which Trellis builds out of ECP5 sysmem blocks.

Directory Structure

- board: KiCad files for main RISCBoy PCB and other small boards used during development
- doc: LaTeX source and diagrams for documentation, and the most recently built PDF
- hd1: The Verilog source for RISCBoy gateware.
 - o busfabric: AHB-lite crossbar and APB peripheral fabric
 - o graphics: Source for the pixel processing unit
 - hazard5: Source for the RISC-V processor. This is completely self-contained.
 - mem: Memory controllers, and inference/injection wrappers and models for the memories themselves
 - o peris: Small peripherals such as UART, SPI, PWM
 - riscboy_core : Structural module to instantiate and connect the components that comprise RISCBoy
 - riscboy_fpga: Top-level wrappers for a few different FPGAs and boards: connect up IOs, provide clock and reset
- reference: a few PDFs for standards used in RISCBoy, e.g. the RISC-V instruction set
- scripts: Junk that I can't put anywhere else
- software: Loose collection of C files that are used for system-level tests. Not really a useful software tree yet.
- synth: Working directory for running whole-system synthesis. Top-level makefiles, pin constraint files.
- test: Regression tests. Some are Verilog testbenches, others are software testcases that run on simulations of the processor or the full system.

Packages

No packages published

Languages

Other 0.7%