# **DEGENERACY**

A Linear program is said to be degenerate if one or more of the basic variables have a value of zero.

Degeneracy does not cause any particular difficulties for the graphical solution procedure; however degeneracy can theoretically cause difficulties when the simplex method is used to solve a linear programming problem.

**Definition**: An LP is degenerate if it has one bfs in which a basic variable is equal to zero.

### **Example: DEGENERACY**

Max 
$$Z = 50x_1 + 40 x_2$$
  
s.t. 
$$3 x_1 + 5 x_2 \le 175$$
$$x_2 \le 120$$
$$8 x_1 + 5 x_2 \le 300$$

All variables  $\geq 0$ 

$$Z - 50 x_1 - 40 x_2 = 0$$

$$3 x_1 + 5 x_2 + x_3 = 175$$

$$x_2 + x_4 = 20$$

$$8 x_1 + 5 x_2 + x_5 = 300$$

#### **Initial Tableau**

| BASIS                 | <b>X</b> <sub>1</sub> | <b>X</b> <sub>2</sub> | <b>X</b> <sub>3</sub> | X <sub>4</sub> | <b>X</b> <sub>5</sub> | RHS        | RATIO |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------|-----------------------|------------|-------|
| <b>X</b> <sub>3</sub> | 3                     | 5                     | 1                     | 0              | 0                     | 175        | 58.33 |
| <b>X</b> <sub>4</sub> | 0                     | 1                     | 0                     | 1              | 0                     | 20         | -     |
| <b>X</b> <sub>5</sub> | <b>8</b> <            | 5                     | 0                     | 0              | 1                     | <b>300</b> | 37.5  |
| Z                     | <b>-50</b> <          | -40                   | 0                     | 0              | 0                     | 0          |       |

Entering variable: x<sub>1</sub>

Leaving variable: x<sub>5</sub>

#### First tableau

| BASIS                 | <b>X</b> <sub>1</sub> | <b>X</b> <sub>2</sub> | <b>X</b> <sub>3</sub> | <b>X</b> <sub>4</sub> | <b>X</b> 5 | RHS         | RATIO |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------|-------------|-------|
| <b>X</b> <sub>3</sub> | 0                     | 25/8<                 | 1                     | 0                     | -3/8       | 125/2       | 20    |
| $\mathbf{x}_4$        | 0                     | 1                     | 0                     | 1                     | 0          | 20          | 20    |
| $\mathbf{x}_1$        | 1                     | 5/8                   | 0                     | 0                     | 1/8        | <b>75/2</b> | 60    |
| Z                     | 0                     | <b>-70/8</b> <        | 0                     | 0                     | 50/8       | 1875        |       |

Entering variable: x<sub>2</sub>

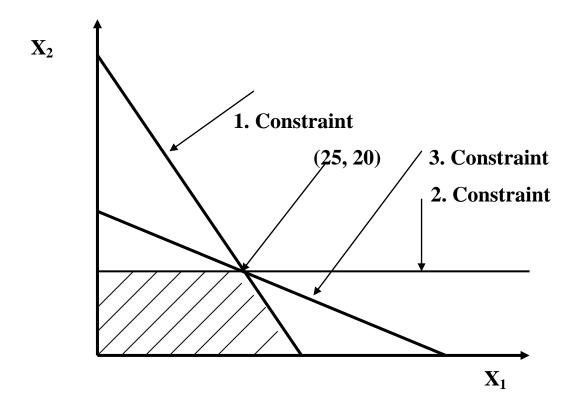
Leaving variable: x<sub>3</sub>

### **Second tableau**

| BASIS          | $\mathbf{x}_1$ | $\mathbf{X}_2$ | <b>X</b> 3 | <b>X</b> 4 | <b>X</b> 5 | RHS  | RATIO                               |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|------------|------------|------------|------|-------------------------------------|
| $\mathbf{x}_2$ | 0              | 1              | 8/25       | 0          | -3/25      | 20   |                                     |
| <b>X</b> 4     | 0              | 0              | -8/25      | 1          | 3/25       | 0    | < <degeneracy< th=""></degeneracy<> |
| $\mathbf{x}_1$ | 1              | 0              | -5/25      | 0          | 5/25       | 25   |                                     |
| Z              | 0              | 0              | 70/25      | 0          | 130/25     | 2050 |                                     |

| BASIS                 | <b>X</b> <sub>1</sub> | <b>X</b> <sub>2</sub> | <b>X</b> <sub>3</sub> | X <sub>4</sub> | <b>X</b> <sub>5</sub> | RHS         | RATIO                               |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------|-----------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|
| <b>X</b> <sub>3</sub> | 3                     | 5                     | 1                     | 0              | 0                     | 175         | 58.33                               |
| $\mathbf{x}_4$        | 0                     | 1                     | 0                     | 1              | 0                     | 20          | -                                   |
| <b>X</b> <sub>5</sub> | <b>8</b> <            | 5                     | 0                     | 0              | 1                     | <b>300</b>  | 37.5                                |
| Z                     | <b>-50</b> <          | -40                   | 0                     | 0              | 0                     | 0           |                                     |
| <b>X</b> 3            | 0                     | 25/8<                 | 1                     | 0              | -3/8                  | 125/2       | 20                                  |
| <b>X</b> 4            | 0                     | 1                     | 0                     | 1              | 0                     | 20          | 20                                  |
| $\mathbf{x}_1$        | 1                     | 5/8                   | 0                     | 0              | 1/8                   | <b>75/2</b> | 60                                  |
| Z                     | 0                     | <b>-70/8</b> <        | 0                     | 0              | 50/8                  | 1875        |                                     |
| $\mathbf{x}_2$        | 0                     | 1                     | 8/25                  | 0              | -3/25                 | 20          |                                     |
| $\mathbf{x}_4$        | 0                     | 0                     | -8/25                 | 1              | 3/25                  | 0           | < <degeneracy< th=""></degeneracy<> |
| $\mathbf{x_1}$        | 1                     | 0                     | -5/25                 | 0              | 5/25                  | 25          | ·                                   |
| Z                     | 0                     | 0                     | 70/25                 | 0              | 130/25                | 2050        |                                     |

$$x_1=25, x_2=20$$
  $x_4=0$   $Z_{max}=2050$ 



## **Example: DEGENERACY**

$$\label{eq:max_2} \begin{aligned} \text{Max} & \ Z = 5x_1 + 2 \ x_2 \\ \text{s.t.} & \\ & x_1 + x_2 \le 6 \\ & x_1 - x_2 \le 0 \end{aligned}$$

All variables  $\geq 0$ 

$$Z - 5 x_1 - 2 x_2 = 0$$
  
 $x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 6$   
 $x_1 - x_2 + x_4 = 0$ 

| BASIS          | <b>X</b> <sub>1</sub> | $\mathbf{x}_2$ | <b>X</b> 3 | X4   | RHS | RATIO |
|----------------|-----------------------|----------------|------------|------|-----|-------|
| $\mathbf{X}_3$ | 1                     | 1              | 1          | 0    | 6   | 6     |
| $\mathbf{X_4}$ | 1<                    | -1             | 0          | 1    | 0   | 0<    |
| ${f Z}$        | <b>-5</b> <           | -2             | 0          | 0    | 0   |       |
| $\mathbf{x}_3$ | 0                     | 2              | 1          | -1   | 6   | 3     |
| $\mathbf{x_1}$ | 1                     | -1             | 0          | 1    | 0   | -     |
| ${f Z}$        | 0                     | <b>-7</b> <    | 0          | 5    | 0   |       |
| $\mathbf{X}_2$ | 0                     | 1              | 0.5        | -0.5 | 3   |       |
| $\mathbf{x}_1$ | 1                     | 0              | 0.5        | 0.5  | 3   |       |
| ${f Z}$        | 0                     | 0              | 3.5        | 1.5  | 21  |       |