SOFTWARE ENGINEERING 2004 MIDTERM QUESTIONS

PART I

1-What does an activity network diagram represent?

- a)Project budget
- b)task dependicies and critical path
- c)Personel assignment to various tasks
- d)All of them
- e)None of them

2-Which one of the following is a complete and true definition for the software reliability?

- a)It is the probability of the failure free operation for a specific time interval in a specified environment for a given purpose
- b)It is the measure of how well a system is performing under overloaded conditions
- c)It is the percentage of number of errors found in a specific interval to the total number of possible errors
- d)It is the measure of the time that it takes a system to recover from a failure e)None of them
- 3-Which one of the following is not true for "User Documentation"?
- a)If online information is present paper documentation is not required
- b)System refence manual and system installation manuals are examps of user doc.
- c)Documentation should be oriented both for experienced and inexperienced users
- d)All of them
- e)None of them

4-Which one of the following is a required characteristic of software?

- a)Maintanibility
- b)Reliability
- c)Usability
- d)None of them
- e)All of them

5-Which one of the following is not a management acitivity for software projects?

- a)Project plannig
- b)Project monitoring
- c)Proposal writing
- d)Project prototyping
- e)None of them

6-Which one of the following is true for waterfall model?

- a)Project requires large development teams
- b)Proccess is based on assembling reusable components in software development
- c)Process requires a lot of interaction with potential users
- d)Process is visible
- e)None of them

7-Which one of the following is true for N-version programming?

- a)It means to execute various implementation sewuentially that are developed from the same software specifications
- b)It requires diffirent teams that work on diffirent specifications
- c)It is an approach that is used in evolutionary development
- d)All of them
- e)None of them

8-Which one of the following statements is true for generic products?

- a)Generic products mean shareware software
- b)Generic products are developed by a development organization to be sold to any costumer
- c)Generic products have to be run on any PCs
- d)Generic products have to be portabel across various platforms
- e)None of them

9-Which one of the following is not true?

- a)In client/server model new servers can easly be added
- b) When large amounts of data are to be shared the repository model is suitable
- c)In repository model,centralised management of data is possible
- d)Abstarct machine model organizes the system into a set of layers each of which provide a set of services
- e)None of them

10-Which one of the following is true?

- a)Remaining %X of software faults may not cause a %X reliability improvement
- b)Reliability and efficiency of a system is inversely proportional
- c)Reliability can be percieved differently by different users
- d)All of them
- e)None of them

11-Which one of the following is performed in requirements eng process?

- a)User interface design
- b)Feasibility study
- c)Architectural design
- d)Project cost planning
- e)None of them

12-Which one of the following is not used to control flow between subsystems?

- a)Interrupt driven model
- b)Manager model
- c)Broadcasting model
- d)Call-return model
- e)None of them

PART II

- **1-**Define the functional and nonfunctional requirements and give one example for each regarding the same software?
- **2-**What is missing from the following reliablity requirement on a machine that changes bank notes into coins:
 - "The rate of occurence of failure(ROCOF) is at most 1 in 1000 request"
- **3-**What is the risk management?list the task of risk management?

PART III

- **1-**Describe the system models produced and their role in the requirement analysis process?
- **2-**Describe software prototyping approaches and state the distinction between evolutionary and throw-away prototyping?