451 Algorithm Analysis Assignment #2

Return date: 25 October 2011 09:30

(20 pts. Q1) The algorithm *Secret* is a recursive algorithm. Write an <u>iterative version</u> of the same algorithm.

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ALGORITHM Secret (n)

// Input: n:int

// Output:......

if n=1

return 1

else

return Secret (n-1)+2*n-1
```

(20 pts. Q2) How many times is the basic operation executed? Establish your formula and show your solution. What is the value of r? What is the efficiency of this class?

```
ALGORITHM Mystery (int n)
r \leftarrow 0
for \quad i \leftarrow 1 \quad to \quad n-1 \quad do
for \quad j \leftarrow i+1 \quad to \quad n \quad do
for \quad k \leftarrow 1 \quad to \quad j \quad do
r = r+1
return \quad r
```

- $(60\ pts.\ Q3\)$ Traditional binary search algorithm splits the input into two two sets of almost-equal sizes.
- (25 pts) a) Similarly, write a <u>recursive</u>, divide-and-conquer search algorithm (as pseudocode) which splits the sorted input into two sets of sizes approximately one-third and two-thirds.
- (10 pts) b) Set up a recurrence for the number of key comparisons assuming that the algorithm goes to the one-third of the input (left of the input). Explain how you set up the recurrence. (You may assume that $n=3^k$)
- (15 pts) c) Solve the recurrence for $n=3^k$ by backward substitution.
- (10 pts) d) Compare this algorithm's efficiency with that of traditional binary search. (In traditional binary search, the number of key comparisons is $\log_2 n$).