QBC查询就是query by criteria使用criteria对象进行查询。

(1) 全表查询:

```
Criteria ce = session.createCriteria(person.class);其中person表示需要查询的实体类的类名
```

```
List<person> list = ce.list();
for(person person : list) {
         System.out.println(person.getName());
}
```

(2) 条件查询(完全面向对象的查询)

## 单条件查询:

## 多条件查询:

```
//添加条件:id="值" and name="值"

ce. add(Restrictions. and(Restrictions. eq("id",
6), Restrictions. eq("name", "555")));
其中and可以换成or或者not,其中not时只有一个条件,and和or可以有多个条件

List<person> list = ce. list();
for(person person : list) {

System. out. println(person. getName());
}
```

(3) 分页查询

```
Criteria ce = session.createCriteria(person.class);

//分页查询

ce.setFirstResult(0);//起始行

ce.setMaxResults(3);//查询的行数

List<person> list = ce.list();

for(person person: list) {
```

```
System. out. println(person. getName());
                      }
(4) 排序查询
Criteria ce = session.createCriteria(person.class);
               // 排序查询:order by id desc
               ce. addOrder (org. hibernate. criterion. Order. desc ("id"));
其中id表示需要排序的字段名,desc表示降序排列,asc表示是升序排序
               List<person> list = ce.list();
               for (person person : list) {
                      System. out. println(person. getName());
               }
(5) 聚合查询
Criteria ce = session.createCriteria(person.class);
               // 聚合查询: 查询总记录数
               CountProjection projection = Projections.count("id");
               ce. setProjection(projection);
               Object countLong = ce.uniqueResult();
               System. out. println(countLong);
               // 聚合查询: 查询id的最大值
               ce. setProjection (Projections. max ("name"));
               String max = (String)ce.uniqueResult();
               System. out. println(max):
同理可以查询最大值,最小值,平均值,总和等。但是要注意数据的类型,将查询到的数据
进行转换。
(6) 投影查询
Criteria ce = session.createCriteria(person.class);
               // 投影查询
               ProjectionList pList = Projections.projectionList();
               pList. add (Property. forName ("id"));
               pList. add(Property. forName("name"));
               ce. setProjection(pList);
               List<0bject[]> list = ce. list();
               for (Object[] objects : list) {
                      for(Object object:objects) {
                              System. out. print (object+", ");
```

```
}
System.out.println();
}
```