# On Schemes for Exponential Decay

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Goal

The primary goal of this demo talk is to demonstrate how to write talks with doconce and get them rendered in numerous HTML formats.

### Layout

This version utilizes beamer slides with the theme umbc4.

# Mathematical problem

$$u'(t) = -au(t), \qquad (1)$$

$$u(0)=I, \qquad (2)$$

- ▶  $t \in (0, T]$
- ▶ a, I, and T are prescribed parameters
- lacktriangle u(t) is the unknown function



### Numerical solution method

- ▶ Mesh in time:  $0 = t_0 < t_1 \cdots < t_N = T$
- Assume constant  $\Delta t = t_n t_{n-1}$
- $u^n$ : numerical approx to the exact solution at  $t_n$

#### Numerical scheme:

$$u^{n+1} = \frac{1 - (1 - \theta)a\Delta t}{1 + \theta a\Delta t}u^n, \quad n = 0, 1, \dots, N-1$$

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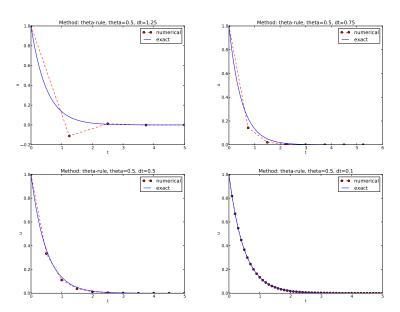
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### *Implementation*

The numerical method is implemented in a Python function:

### The Crank-Nicolson method



Exact solution of the scheme:

$$u^n = A^n, \quad A = \frac{1 - (1 - \theta)a\Delta t}{1 + \theta a\Delta t}$$

- Stability: |A| < 1
- No oscillations: A > 0
- Always for Backward Euler ( $\theta = 1$ )
- $\Delta t < 1/a$  for Forward Euler ( $\theta = 0$ )
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## Concluding remarks.

Only the Backward Euler scheme is guaranteed to always give

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