

# Fourier Analysis

N=6,  $\longrightarrow$

Calculating weights,

$$A = e^{-i2\pi(\frac{0}{6})} = 1$$

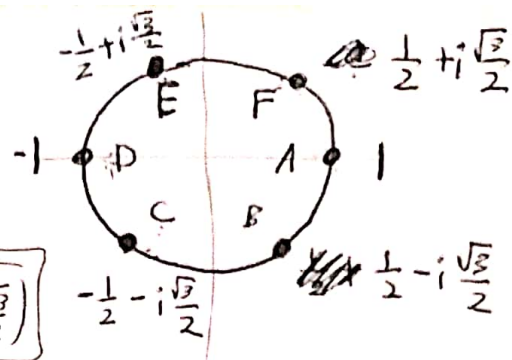
$$B = e^{-i2\pi(\frac{1}{6})} = \cos\left(\frac{-2\pi}{6} \cdot \frac{1}{6}\right) + i \sin\left(\frac{-2\pi}{6} \cdot \frac{1}{6}\right) = \frac{1}{2} + (-i\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2})$$

$$C = e^{-i2\pi(\frac{2}{6})} = -\frac{1}{2} + -i\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$D = -1$$

$$E = -\frac{1}{2} + i\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$F = e^{-i2\pi(\frac{5}{6})} = \frac{1}{2} + i\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$



10, 40, 20, 90, 5, 30

a)  $F_0 = 10A + 40B + 20C + 90D + 5E + 30F = 10 + 40 + 20 + 90 + 5 + 30$

$F_1 = 10A + 40B + 20C + 90D + 5E + 30F$

$F_2 = 10A + 40C + 20B + 90D + 5E + 30F = 10A + 40C + 20E + 90A + 5C + 30E$

$F_3 = 10A + 40D + 20A + 90D + 5A + 30D$

$F_4 = 10A + 40E + 20C + 90A + 5E + 30C$

$F_5 = 10A + 40F + 20E + 90D + 5C + 30B$

b) Because frequency is divided into 2 parts, the positive and the negative part. So, the max. frequency cannot exceed  $N/2$  (Nyquist Limit).  
(Same as above)

c)  $F_0 = 10 + 40 + 20 + 90 + 5 + 30$

$F_1 = 10A + 40B + 20C + 90D + 5E + 30F$

$F_2 = 10A + 40C + 20E + 90A + 5C + 30E$

$F_3 = 10A + 40D + 20A + 90D + 5A + 30D$

$F_{-1} = F_5 = 10A + 40F + 20E + 90D + 5C + 30B$

$F_{-2} = F_4 = 10A + 40E + 20C + 90A + 5E + 30C$