LEFT and RIGHT JOINs

JOINING DATA IN SQL

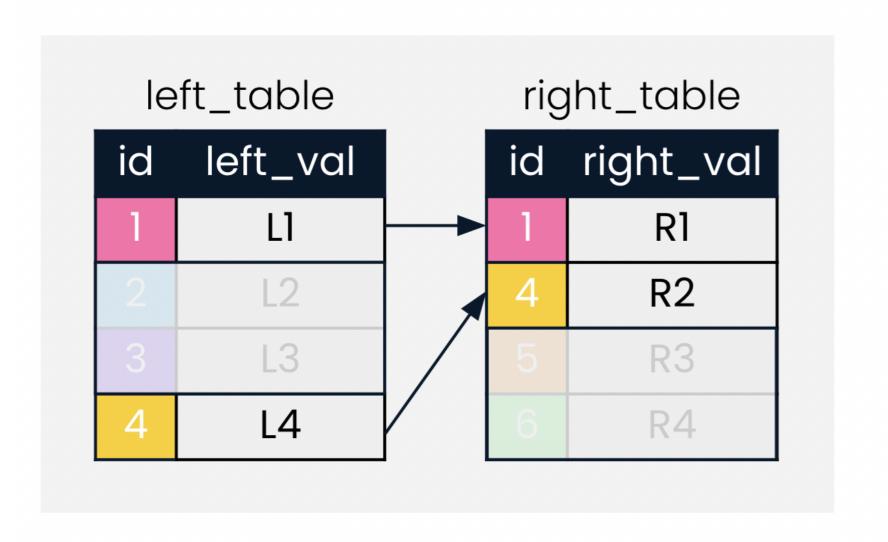


Maham Faisal Khan Senior Content Developer, Data Science



INNER JOIN diagram

Diagram for an INNER JOIN ON the id field





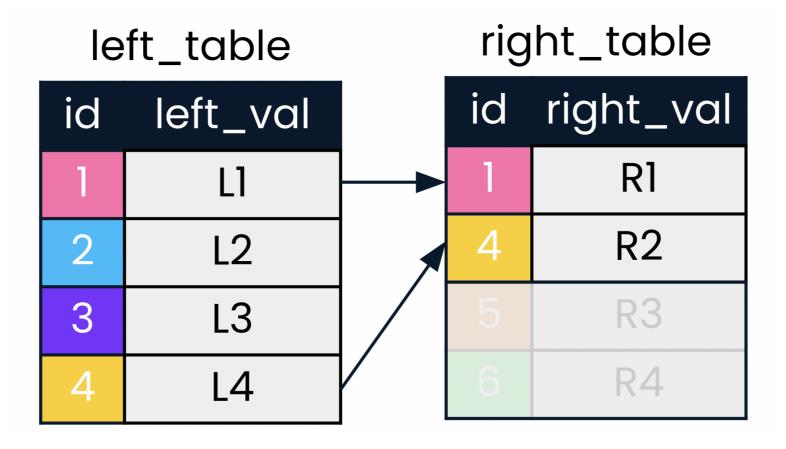


id	left_val	right_val
1	L1	R1
4	L4	R2

LEFT JOIN initial diagram

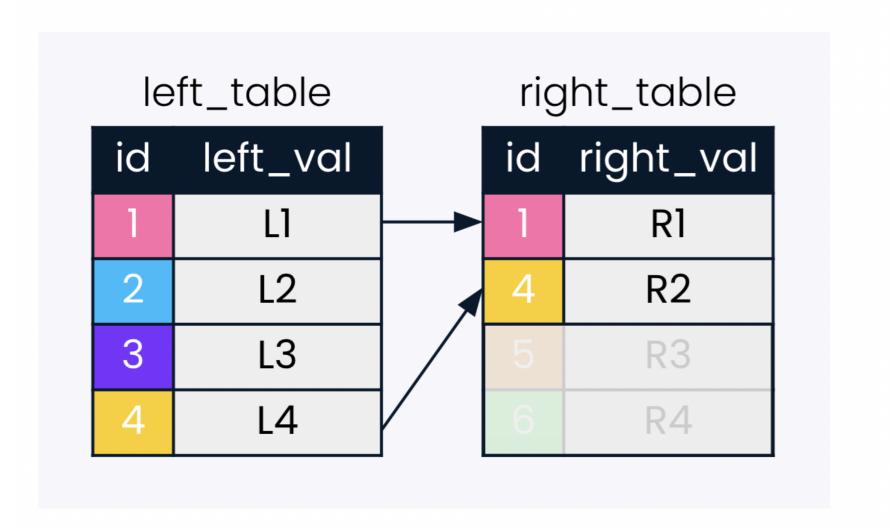
• LEFT JOIN will return all records in the left table, and those records in the right table that match on the joining field provided

Diagram for a LEFT JOIN ON the id field



LEFT JOIN diagram

Diagram for a LEFT JOIN ON the id field



result after LEFT JOIN

id	left_val	right_val
	L1	R1
2	L2	null
3	L3	null
4	L4	R2



LEFT JOIN syntax

```
SELECT p1.country, prime_minister, president
FROM prime_ministers AS p1
LEFT JOIN presidents AS p2
USING(country);
```

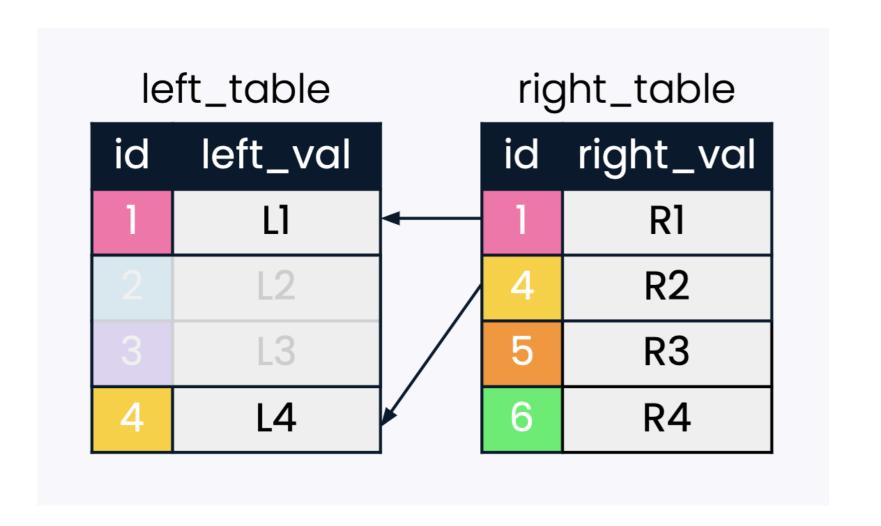
Note. LEFT JOIN can also be written as LEFT OUTER JOIN.

```
| prime_minister
                               president
country
     | Mostafa Madbouly | Abdel Fattah el-Sisi
Egypt
        António Costa Marcelo Rebelo de Sousa
Portugal
Pakistan
         | Shehbaz Sharif | Arif Alvi
United Kingdom | Boris Johnson
                            l null
India
          l Narendra Modi
                            | Ram Nath Kovind
Australia
         | Scott Morrison
                              l null
        | Jonas Gahr Støre | null
Norway
Brunei
             | Hassanal Bolkiah | null
              Haitham bin Tarik | null
Oman
```



RIGHT JOIN

Diagram for a RIGHT JOIN ON the id field



result after RIGHT JOIN

id	left_val	right_val
1	L1	R1
4	L4	R2
5	null	R3
6	null	R4



RIGHT JOIN syntax

```
SELECT *
FROM left_table
RIGHT JOIN right_table
ON left_table.id = right_table.id;
```

Note. RIGHT JOIN can also be written as RIGHT OUTER JOIN.

RIGHT JOIN with presidents and prime ministers

```
SELECT p1.country, prime_minister, president
FROM prime_ministers AS p1
RIGHT JOIN presidents AS p2
USING(country);
```

```
country
       | prime_minister
                         president
     | Mostafa Madbouly | Abdel Fattah el-Sisi
Egypt
Portugal
       | António Costa | Marcelo Rebelo de Sousa |
USA
                          | Joe Biden
           null
        null Luis Lacalle Pou
Uruguay
Pakistan
       | Shehbaz Sharif | Arif Alvi
Chile
                  Gabriel Boric
           l null
India
           Narendra Modi Ram Nath Kovind
```

LEFT JOIN or RIGHT JOIN?

- RIGHT JOIN is less commonly used than LEFT JOIN
- Any RIGHT JOIN can be re-written as a LEFT JOIN
- LEFT JOIN feels more intuitive to users when typing from left to right

Let's practice!

JOINING DATA IN SQL



FULL JOINs

JOINING DATA IN SQL



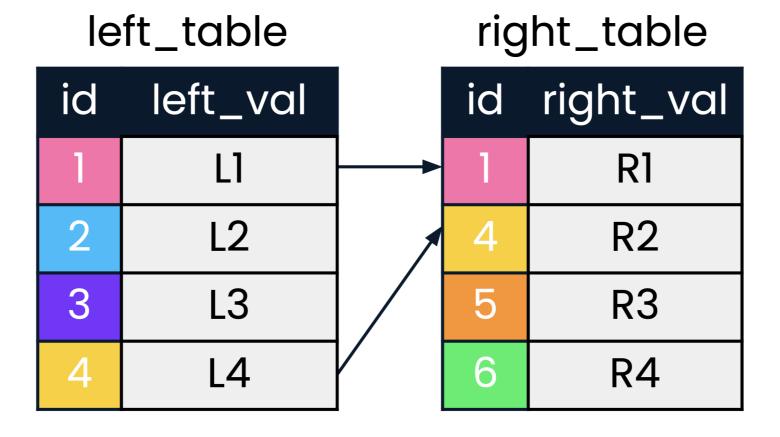
Maham Faisal Khan
Senior Content Developer, DataCamp



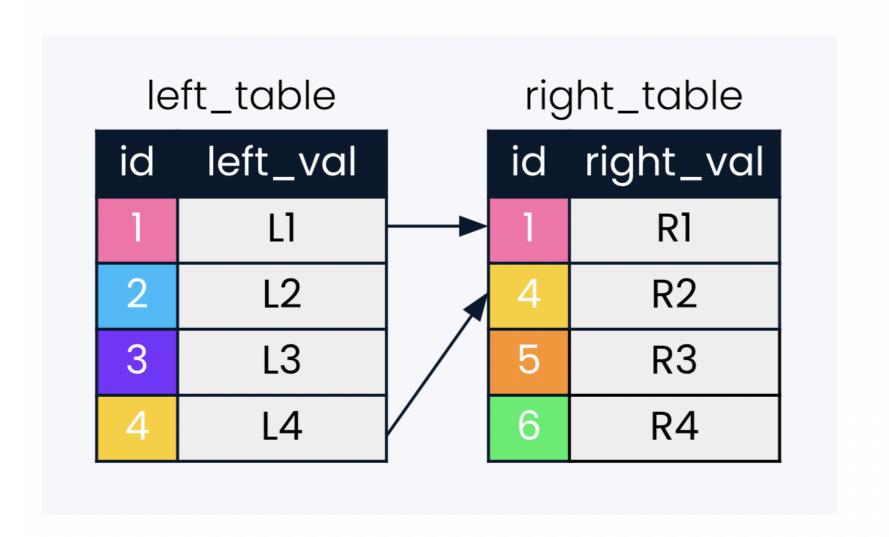
FULL JOIN initial diagram

• A FULL JOIN combines a LEFT JOIN and a RIGHT JOIN

Diagram for a FULL JOIN ON the id field



FULL JOIN diagram



result after FULL JOIN

id	left_val	right_val
1	L1	R1
2	L2	null
3	L3	null
4	L4	R2
5	null	R3
6	null	R4



FULL JOIN syntax

Note. The keyword FULL OUTER JOIN can also be used.

SELECT p1.country **AS** country, prime_minister, president



SELECT p1.country AS country, prime_minister, president
FROM prime_ministers AS p1



```
SELECT p1.country AS country, prime_minister, president
FROM prime_ministers AS p1
FULL JOIN presidents AS p2
```



```
SELECT p1.country AS country, prime_minister, president
FROM prime_ministers AS p1
FULL JOIN presidents AS p2
ON p1.country = p2.country
LIMIT 10;
```

```
country | prime_minister | president
 Egypt Mostafa Madbouly | Abdel Fattah el-Sisi
Portugal António Costa Marcelo Rebelo de Sousa
Pakistan | Shehbaz Sharif | Arif Alvi
United Kingdom | Boris Johnson | null
USA
          null Joe Biden
Uruguay
          null
                       | Luis Lacalle Pou
Chile
               | Gabriel Boric
          null
India
     Narendra Modi Ram Nath Kovind
Norway Jonas Gahr Støre | null
Brunei Hassanal Bolkiah | null
```

Let's practice!

JOINING DATA IN SQL



Crossing into CROSS JOIN

JOINING DATA IN SQL

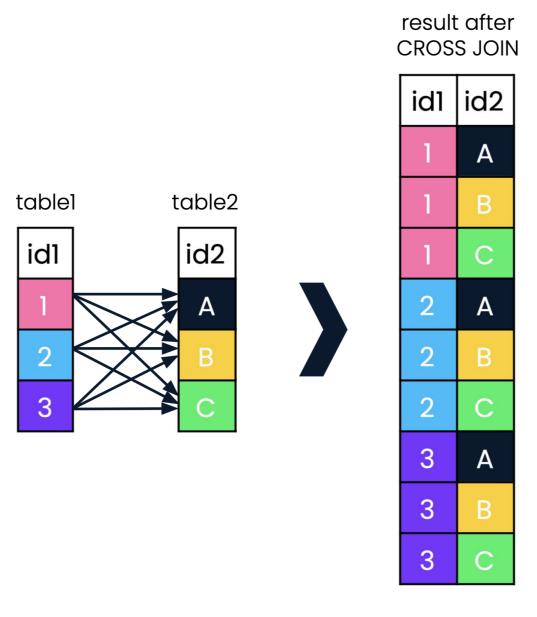


Maham Faisal Khan
Senior Content Developer, DataCamp



CROSS JOIN diagram

CROSS JOIN creates all possible combinations of two tables.





CROSS JOIN syntax

```
SELECT id1, id2
FROM table1
CROSS JOIN table2;
```



Pairing prime ministers with presidents

```
SELECT prime_minister, president
FROM prime_ministers AS p1
CROSS JOIN presidents AS p2
WHERE p1.continent IN ('Asia')
AND p2.continent IN ('South America');
```



Let's practice!

JOINING DATA IN SQL



Self joins JOINING DATA IN SQL



Maham Faisal Khan
Senior Content Developer, DataCamp



Self joins

- Self joins are tables joined with themselves
- They can be used to compare parts of the same table

The prime_ministers table from the world leaders database

country	continent	prime_minister
Egypt	Africa	Mostafa Madbouly
Portugal	Europe	António Costa
Pakistan	Asia	Shehbaz Sharif
United Kingdom	Europe	Boris Johnson
India	Asia	Narendra Modi
Australia	Oceania	Scott Morrison
Norway	Europe	Jonas Gahr Støre
Brunei	Asia	Hassanal Bolkiah
Oman	Asia	Haitham bin Tarik
New Zealand	Oceania	Jacinda Ardern

Prime minister, meet prime minister

```
p1.country AS country1,
   p2.country AS country2,
   p1.continent

FROM prime_ministers AS p1
INNER JOIN prime_ministers AS p2
ON p1.continent = p2.continent
LIMIT 10;
```

Prime minister, meet prime minister

```
country1
          | country2
                       continent
          | Egypt
                       | Africa
Egypt
Portugal
          | Spain
                        Europe
Portugal
          Norway
                        Europe
Portugal
          Portugal
                        Europe
Vietnam
          Oman
                       Asia
Vietnam
          Brunei
                       Asia
Vietnam
          India
                       Asia
Vietnam
          | Vietnam
                       Asia
                       | North America
Haiti
          | Haiti
India
            Oman
                       Asia
India
            Brunei
                       Asia
```

Prime minister, meet prime minister

```
SELECT
    p1.country AS country1,
    p2.country AS country2,
    p1.continent
FROM prime_ministers AS p1
INNER JOIN prime_ministers AS p2
ON p1.continent = p2.continent
    AND p1.country <> p2.country;
```

The self joined prime ministers table

```
country1 | country2
                  continent
Portugal
        | Spain | Europe
Portugal
       | Norway | Europe
Vietnam
       | Oman | Asia
Vietnam | Brunei
                   Asia
Vietnam
       India
                   | Asia
India
        Oman
                   Asia
India
        Brunei
                   Asia
                  Asia
India
        | Vietnam
                  Europe
Norway
     | Spain
Norway
     | Portugal
                  | Europe
```

Let's practice!

JOINING DATA IN SQL

