Cross Join	SELECT column_name(s) FROM table1 CROSS JOIN table2;	The CROSS JOIN is used to generate a paired combination of each row of the first table with each row of the second table.	SELECT DEPT_ID_DEP, LOCT_ID FROM DEPARTMENTS CROSS JOIN LOCATIONS;
Inner Join	SELECT column_name(s) FROM table1 INNER  JOIN table2 ON table1.column_name =  table2.column_name; WHERE condition;	You can use an inner join in a SELECT statement to retrieve only the rows that satisfy the join conditions on every specified table.	select E.F_NAME, E.L_NAME, JH.START_DATE from EMPLOYEES as E INNER JOIN JOB_HISTORY as JH on E.EMP_ID=JH.EMPL_ID where E.DEP_ID ='5';
Left Outer Join	SELECT column_name(s) FROM table1 LEFT  OUTER JOIN table2 ON table1.column_name = table2.column_name WHERE condition;	The LEFT OUTER JOIN will return all records from the left side table and the matching records from the right table.	select E.EMP_ID,E.L_NAME,E.DEP_ID,D.DEP_NAME from EMPLOYEES AS E LEFT OUTER JOIN DEPARTMENTS AS D ON E.DEP_ID=D.DEPT_ID_DEP;
Right Outer Join	SELECT column_name(s) FROM table1 RIGHT  OUTER JOIN table2 ON table1.column_name = table2.column_name WHERE condition;	The RIGHT OUTER JOIN returns all records from the right table, and the matching records from the left table.	select  E.EMP_ID,E.L_NAME,E.DEP_ID,D.DEP_NAME from  EMPLOYEES AS E RIGHT OUTER JOIN DEPARTMENT  AS D ON E.DEP ID=D.DEPT ID DEP;

Right Outer Join	SELECT column_name(s) FROM table1 RIGHT  OUTER JOIN table2 ON table1.column_name = table2.column_name WHERE condition;	The RIGHT OUTER JOIN returns all records from the right table, and the matching records from the left table.	select  E.EMP_ID,E.L_NAME,E.DEP_ID,D.DEP_NAME from  EMPLOYEES AS E RIGHT OUTER JOIN DEPARTMENTS  AS D ON E.DEP_ID=D.DEPT_ID_DEP;
Full Outer Join	SELECT column_name(s) FROM table1 FULL OUTER JOIN table2 ON table1.column_name = table2.column_name WHERE condition;	The FULL OUTER JOIN clause results in the inclusion of rows from two tables. If a value is missing when rows are joined, that value is null in the result table.	select E.F_NAME, E.L_NAME, D.DEP_NAME from EMPLOYEES AS E FULL OUTER JOIN DEPARTMENTS AS D ON E.DEP_ID=D.DEPT_ID_DEP;
Self Join	SELECT column_name(s) FROM table1 T1, table1 T2 WHERE condition;	A self join is regular join but it can be used to joined with itself.	SELECT B.* FROM EMPLOYEES A JOIN EMPLOYEES  B ON A.MANAGER_ID = B.MANAGER_ID WHERE  A.EMP_ID = 'E1001';

SELECT column\_name(s) FROM table1 LEFT select E.F\_NAME, E.L\_NAME, D.DEP\_NAME from OUTER JOIN table2 ON table1.column\_name = EMPLOYEES AS E LEFT OUTER JOIN DEPARTMENTS table2.column\_name WHERE condition AS D ON E.DEP\_ID=D.DEPT\_ID\_DEP UNION UNION The UNION operator is used to combine the result-set of SELECT column\_name(s) Full Outer Join two or more SELECT statements. select E.F\_NAME, E.L\_NAME, D.DEP\_NAME FROM table1 from EMPLOYEES AS E RIGHT OUTER JOIN table2 RIGHT OUTER JOIN DEPARTMENTS AS D ON ON table1.column\_name = table2.column\_name E.DEP\_ID=D.DEPT\_ID\_DEP WHERE condition