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Library Imports

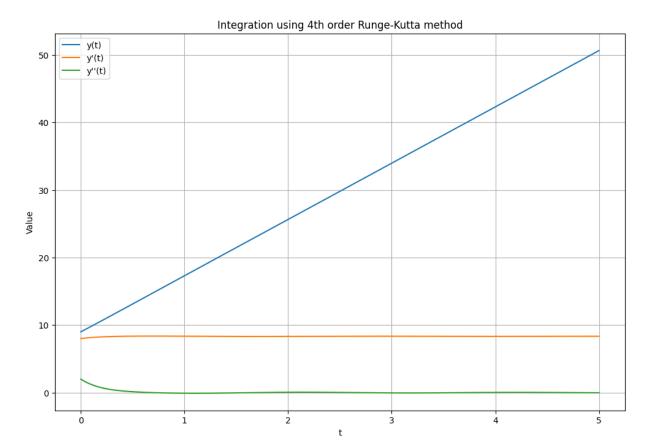
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In [ ]: import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
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In []: TUID = [9, 1, 5, 1, 8, 7, 2, 8, 9]
        LETTER_MAP = ['I', 'H', 'G', 'F', 'E', 'D', 'C', 'B', 'A']
        total sum = 0
        for i in range(len(TUID)):
            total_sum += TUID[i]
        average = total_sum / len(TUID)
        print(f'my TUID average: {average}') # Corrected variable name to 'average'
        # Create a dictionary to map letters to integers
        letter_to_int_map = {letter: integer for letter, integer in zip(LETTER_MAP, TUID)}
        # Now, calculate the average of the letters of interest
        alpha_letters = ["A", "B", "C"]
        beta_letters = ["D", "E", "F"]
        gamma_letters = ["G", "H", "I"]
        alpha = np.average([letter_to_int_map[letter] for letter in alpha_letters]) / 10
        print(alpha)
        beta = np.average([letter_to_int_map[letter] for letter in beta_letters]) / 10
        print(beta)
        gamma = np.average([letter_to_int_map[letter] for letter in gamma_letters]) / 10
        print(gamma)
       my TUID average: 5.555555555555555
       0.6333333333333333
       0.5333333333333333
       0.5
In [ ]: def runge_kutta_4th_order(h, T, u0, alpha, beta):
            # The system of ODEs
            def f(t, u):
                y, y_prime, y_double_prime = u
                f1 = y_prime
                f2 = y_double_prime
                f3 = np.cos(3*t) - alpha*y_double_prime - beta*y*y_double_prime
                return [f1, f2, f3]
            t_values = np.arange(0, T+h, h)
            u_values = [u0]
            for t in t_values[:-1]:
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u = u_values[-1]
                k1 = h * np.array(f(t, u))
                k2 = h * np.array(f(t + 0.5*h, u + 0.5*k1))
                k3 = h * np.array(f(t + 0.5*h, u + 0.5*k2))
                k4 = h * np.array(f(t + h, u + k3))
                new_u = u + (1/6) * (k1 + 2*k2 + 2*k3 + k4)
                u_values.append(new_u)
            return t_values, np.array(u_values)
        # Parameters
        T = 5
        h = 0.01
        # From TUID letter mapping
        A = 9
        B = 8
        C = 2
        u0 = [A, B, C]
        alpha = np.average([letter_to_int_map[letter] for letter in alpha_letters]) / 10
        beta = np.average([letter_to_int_map[letter] for letter in beta_letters]) / 10
        t_values, u_values = runge_kutta_4th_order(h, T, u0, alpha, beta)
In [ ]: plt.figure(figsize=(12,8))
        plt.plot(t_values, u_values[:, 0], label="y(t)")
        plt.plot(t_values, u_values[:, 1], label="y'(t)")
        plt.plot(t_values, u_values[:, 2], label="y''(t)")
        plt.legend()
        plt.xlabel('t')
        plt.ylabel('Value')
        plt.title('Integration using 4th order Runge-Kutta method')
        plt.grid(True)
        plt.show()
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In []: # Finding the index where y(t) is maximized
    max_y_index = np.argmax(u_values[:, 0])
    # Retrieving the corresponding time value
    t_at_max_y = t_values[max_y_index]
    # Finding the maximum value of y(t)
    max_y_value = u_values[max_y_index, 0]

print(f"y(t) is maximized at t = {t_at_max_y} with a value of y(t) = {max_y_value}"
```

y(t) is maximized at t = 5.0 with a value of y(t) = 50.65956128756216