Graphical User Shell (GUSH)

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Problem Space

Shell is an integral part of programming

```
\Theta \Theta \Theta
              2. konstantin@Konstantins-MacBook-Air-2: ~/Workspace/travis (zsh)
[~/Workspace/travis]$ travis encrypt F00=bar
                                                                        [master] [1.9.3-p286]
Please add the following to your .travis.yml file:
  secure: "aFD9xGe40J0JKrvHPZrzC3SbaPJ0Wd1e4voA6xPuci6HlvPUZKccma0ttCnC\n0kkHfYn0r3trwKth42
Fd5MxAGFwETUGs/5sa1KAV5RteNcincXAFr+1v6utw\n/1GG3lbM/lsr+KZz+Z/pz87z+/bht53Rbo7WSDMSum14RED
dNqU="
Pro Tip™: You can add it automatically by running with --add.
                                                                       [master][1.9.3-p286]
*[master][1.9.3-p286]
[~/Workspace/travis]$ cat secret.txt | travis encrypt --add
[~/Workspace/travis]$ git status
# On branch master
# Changes not staged for commit:
    (use "git add <file>..." to update what will be committed)
    (use "git checkout -- <file>..." to discard changes in working directory)
        modified: .travis.yml
no changes added to commit (use "git add" and/or "git commit -a")
[~/Workspace/travis]$
                                                                       *[master][1.9.3-p286]
```

Problem Space

Command-line interfaces are unintuitive

```
1 packets transmitted, 1 received, 0% packet loss, time 0ms
[root@localhost var]# ls -la
drwxr-xr-x, 18 root root 4096 Jul 30 22:43 .
drwxr-xr-x. 23 root root 4096 Sep 14 20:42 ...
drwxr-xr-x. 2 root root 4096 May 14 00:15 account
drwxr-xr-x. 11 root root 4096 Jul 31 22:26 cache
drwxr-xr-x. 3 root root 4096 May 18 16:03 db
drwxr-xr-x. 3 root root 4096 May 18 16:03 empty
drwxr-xr-x. 2 root root 4096 May 18 16:03 games
drwxrwx--T. 2 root gdm 4096 Jun 2 18:39 gdm
drwxr-xr-x. 38 root root 4096 May 18 16:03 lib
drwxr-xr-x. 2 root root 4096 May 18 16:03 local
lrwxrwxrwx. 1 root root 11 May 14 00:12 lock -> ../run/lock
drwxr-xr-x. 14 root root 4096 Sep 14 20:42 log
lrwxrwxrwx. 1 root root 10 Jul 30 22:43 mail -> spool/mail
drwxr-xr-x. 2 root root 4096 May 18 16:03 nis
drwxr-xr-x. 2 root root 4096 May 18 16:03 opt
drwxr-xr-x. 2 root root 4096 May 18 16:03 preserve
drwxr-xr-x. 2 root root 4096 Jul 1 22:11 report
lrwxrwxrwx. 1 root root 6 May 14 00:12 run -> ../run
drwxr-xr-x. 14 root root 4096 May 18 16:03 spool
drwxrwxrwt. 4 root root 4096 Sep 12 23:50 tmp
drwxr-xr-x. 2 root root 4096 May 18 16:03 vp
updates/primary db
```

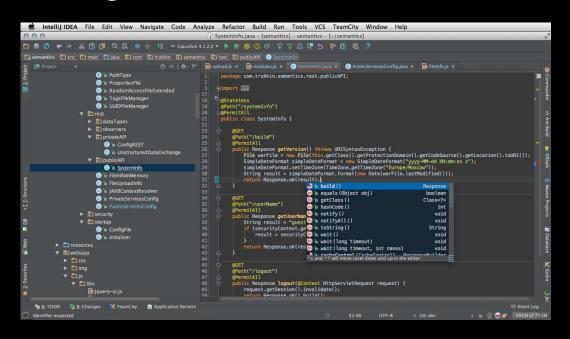
Similar Problems

Similar issues found in programming with a new language

```
function aa pc()
      [local M=$( free -olm|sed "/Mem/|d; s/Mem:[^0-9]*\([0-9]*\)[^0-9]*\([0-9]*\)[^0-9]*\([0-9]*\).*/ \
       ${GREP COLOR}\2MB${R}\/\3MB/"; ); echo -e "$M `pwd`"
 aa grep color(){ export GREP COLOR=`tput setaf $(aa random under 6)`; }
 aa random under(){ echo -en $(( $RANDOM % ${1:-$RANDOM} + 1 )); }
 uptime1(){ sed '/.*, \([0-9]*\) users, load average: \(.*\)/!d; s//[ \2, \1 users ]/;q';
 $SED -n '/i/!Q2' <<< $- && \
       case ${TERM:-dummy} in xterm*|screen*|*color*)echo; ;; *) return; esac;
 # hack for being able to source all the functions in this file from a script
 MASTER RESET=$\'echo -e "rs1\nrs2\ninitc\nis2\ncnorm\nrmso\nsgr0" | tput -S\'
 # only for color-aware (some guessing) terminals, kick everyone else OUT
 case ${TERM:-dummy} in xterm*|screen*|*color*)echo; ;; *) return; esac;
 [[ -r /etc/DIR COLORS ]] && eval `dircolors -b /etc/DIR COLORS`
 echo -ne "\033]0; ${USER}@${HOSTNAME} +${SHLVL} @${SSH TTY/\/dev\/} - `uptime1` \007"
 asetup colors && ascript title
 export PROMPT COMMAND='history -a;aa pc'
 export PS1='\[\033[1;30m\][$$:$PPID - \j:\!\[\033[1;30m\]]\[\033[0;36m\] \T\
 \d \[\033[1;30m\][\[\033[1;34m\]\u@\H\[\033[1;30m\]:\[\033[0;37m\]${SSH_TTY} \
 \[\033[0;32m\]+${SHLVL}\[\033[1;30m\]] \[\033[1;37m\]\w\[\033[0;37m\] \n\$ '
/etc/profile.d/zzz askapache-bash-profile.sh[+][RO] [unix] [SH] 99%
                                                                                        [a=009] [h=09] [2411.6]
                                    0-$ ROOT SCREEN 1$
                                                             unb 2$ bash 3$
                                                                                     im 4$* askapac
                     unb 2 bash 3
                                         im 4* askapach
                                                                                                          21:55
```

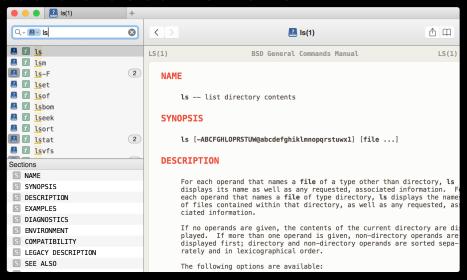
Solution

Programming introduces the IDE



Proposed Solution

- Shell presented as an IDE
 - Graphical Interactive Shell
 - Accessible documentation



Design Principles

- 1. Should not restrict the user
- 2. Techniques learned should carry over to other shells 1:1
- 3. Designed with first-timers in mind
- 4. Useful to users of any experience level
- 5. Use visuals to explain whenever possible

```
Welcome to Graphical User Shell (GUSH).
Type '/?' to list basic commands or 'ctrl+space' to perform
a search through documentation.
g3gohnic | wolf:~/CSC301/Presentation/
> /?
      ls: Lists all files in the current directory
      cd <dir>: Change current directory (navigate file system)
      rm <file>: Delete a file (does not delete directories)
      rm -r <dir>: Delete a directory and everything in it
      mkdir <name>: Makes a new directory with specified name
      nano <file>: Opens file in a text editor
g3gohnic | wolf:~/CSC301/Presentation/
> ls - _ls | All files w/ size
            | Sorted by size
g3gohnic | wolf:~/CSC301/Presentation/
> cd ~/Files/testdir1/autocomplete_test.md
```

S list directory contents

ໄS −a List all files, even hidden

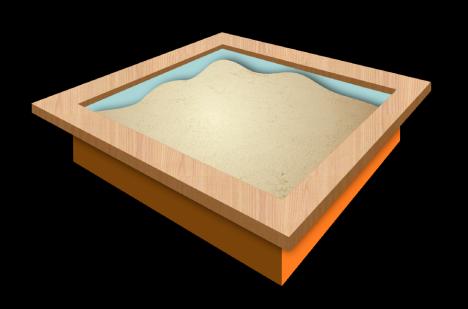
list all file names (no extra info)

7 S − **7** S List all files with their rights, groups, owner

7s - 7h List all files and display the file size in a human readable format

Extensibility

- Sandbox mode gives safe environment
- Facilitates usermade tutorials
- Testing ground for users
 - Features a pre-built file system



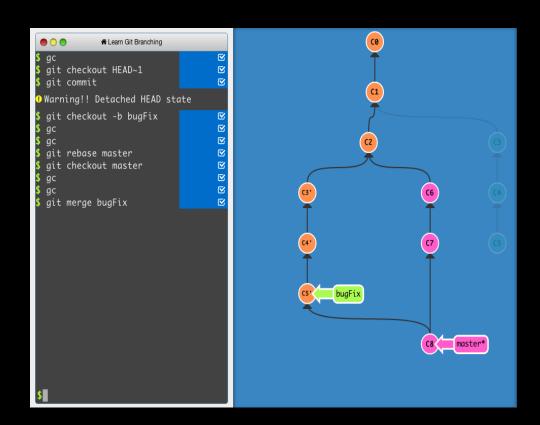
Extensibility

- In-app text editor
- Allows for quick creation of shell scripts
- ex. Sublime Text

```
bootstrap.sh
#!/usr/bin/env bash
    expects to be run on Ubuntu 14.04 via 'sudo
     checks out the dokku source code from Github into ~/dokku and then runs 'make install' from dokku source.
set -eo pipefail
export DEBIAN_FRONTEND=noninteractive
export DOKKU_REPO=${DOKKU_REPO:-"https://github.com/progrium/dokku.git"}
if ! command -v apt-get &>/dev/null
 echo "This installation script requires apt-qet. For manual installation instructions, consult http://progrium
 exit 1
apt-get install -gg -v git make curl software-properties-common man-db help2man
cd ~
test -d dokku || git clone $DOKKU_REPO
git fetch origin
if [[ -n $DOKKU BRANCH ]]; then
 git checkout origin/$DOKKU BRANCH
elif [[ -n $DOKKU TAG ]]; then
 git checkout $DOKKU TAG
make install
echo "Almost done! For next steps on configuration:"
    " http://progrium.viewdocs.io/dokku/installation#user-content-configuring"
                                                                              Tab Size: 4 Shell Script (Bash)
```

Extensibility

- In-app tutorials
 - Non-technical
 - Graphical
- Fully sandboxed
- ex. Git, Codecademy



Competitors / Inspiration

- Explain Shell (explainshell.com)
- Fish Shell (fishshell.com)
- tldr-pages (https://github.com/tldr-pages)

```
Archiving utility
Optional compression with gzip / bzip

- create an archive from files

tar cf target.tar file1 file2 file3

- create a gzipped archive

tar cfz target.tar.gz file1 file2 file3

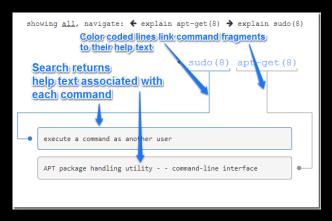
- extract an archive in a target folder

tar xf source.tar -C folder
```

```
deno > cat explanation.txt

Remember that long command to ssh into a host, or to check out that Subversion project? You type it every day, but you've never gotten around to making that function to do it for you. With the new fish, just type it once, and it will remember it and suggest it for you again when it sees that you've started to type it.

demo > s n -l demo SomeLongHost@SomeLongDomainIAlwaysMisspell.com
```



Questions?