## **Exploration 9-5a: Reading about Combinations**

Date: .

Objective: Learn about combinations by reading the text.

- 1. Skim Section 9-5. Summarize what you think is the major point of the section.
- 8. Evaluate the fraction in Problem 7.

10. Expand:  $(a + b)^2$ .

- 2. Read the section again, far enough to explain why AEI and IAE are the same combination of three vowels but different permutations.
- 9. Evaluate  $_{10}C_4$  using the built-in feature of your grapher. Show that the answer is the same as in Problem 8.

3. State the definition of **combination**.

- 11. Expand  $(a + b)^3$  by writing it as  $(a + b)(a + b)^2$  and using the result of Problem 10.
- 4. There are 60 different three-letter permutations of the five vowels AEIOU. How many different combinations can be made?
- 12. Expand  $(a + b)^4$  by writing it as  $(a + b)(a + b)^3$  and using the results of Problem 11.

- 5. Write one symbol for the number of combinations of five elements taken three at a time.
- 13. Show that the coefficients 1, 4, 6, 4, and 1 in Problem 12 are equal to  ${}_4C_0$ ,  ${}_4C_1$ ,  ${}_4C_2$ ,  ${}_4C_3$ , and  ${}_4C_4$ , respectively.
- 6. Read Example 2 of Section 9-5. Use what you learn to write this expression as a ratio of two factorials.

- 14. What did you learn as a result of doing this Exploration that you did not know before?
- 7. Write  $_{10}C_4$  as a fraction involving factorials.