

10. *Slide Problem:* Phoebe sits atop the swimming pool slide (Figure 1-3l). At time $t = 0$ s she pushes off. Calvin finds that her velocity, $v(t)$, in ft/s, is given by

$$v(t) = 10 \sin 0.3t$$



Figure 1-3l

Phoebe splashes into the water at time $t = 4$ s.

- Plot the graph of function v . Use radian mode.
- How fast was Phoebe going when she hit the water? What, then, are the domain and range of the velocity function?
- Find, approximately, the definite integral of the velocity function from $t = 0$ to $t = 4$. What are the units of the integral? What real-world quantity does this integral give you?
- What, approximately, was the derivative of the velocity function when $t = 3$? What are

the units of the derivative? What is the physical meaning of the derivative in this case?

11. *Negative Velocity Problem:* Velocity differs from speed in that it can be *negative*. If the velocity of a moving object is negative, then its distance from its starting point is *decreasing* as time increases. The graph in Figure 1-3m shows $v(t)$, in cm/s, as a function of t , in seconds, after its motion started. How far is the object from its starting point when $t = 9$?

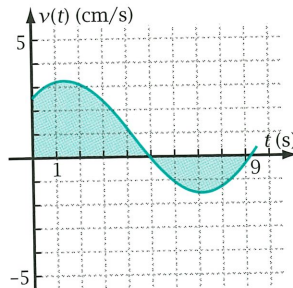


Figure 1-3m

- Write the meaning of derivative.
- Write the meaning of definite integral.
- Write the verbal definition of limit.