

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \frac{d^2 y}{dt^2} + 12 \frac{dy}{dt} + 32y = x \quad y(0) = 1 \quad x(t) = 32u(t) \\ y'(0) = 2$$

$$\frac{d^2 y}{dt^2} \xrightarrow{\mathcal{L}} s^2 y - s y(0) - y'(0) + 12[sy - y(0)] + 32y =$$

$$[s^2 + 12s + 32]y - s - 14 = x$$

$$y = \underbrace{\frac{x}{s^2 + 12s + 32}}_{Y_{2L}} + \underbrace{\frac{s+14}{s^2 + 12s + 32}}_{Y_{2I}} \rightarrow \text{Polos } \begin{cases} -4 \\ -8 \end{cases}$$

fracciones

$$Y_{2L} = \frac{32}{s(s+8)(s+4)} = \frac{A}{s} + \frac{B}{s+8} + \frac{C}{s+4}$$

$$A = \left. \frac{32s}{s(s+8)(s+4)} \right|_{s=0} = 1$$

$$B = \left. \frac{32(s+8)}{s(s+8)(s+4)} \right|_{s=-8} = 1$$

$$C = \left. \frac{32(s+4)}{s(s+8)(s+4)} \right|_{s=-4} = -2$$

$$Y_{2r} = \frac{1}{s} + \frac{1}{s+8} - \frac{2}{s+4}$$

$\mathcal{L}^{-1} \downarrow$

$$f_{2r}(t) = [1 + e^{-8t} - 2e^{-4t}] u(t)$$

$$Y_{2r} = \frac{s+14}{(s+4)(s+8)} = \frac{D}{s+4} + \frac{E}{s+8}$$

$$D = \frac{(s+14)(s+4)}{(s+4)(s+8)} \bigg|_{s=-4} = 2.5$$

$$E = \frac{(s+14)(s+8)}{(s+4)(s+8)} \bigg|_{s=-8} = -1.5$$

$$Y_{2r} = \frac{2.5}{s+4} - \frac{1.5}{s+8}$$

$\mathcal{L}^{-1} \downarrow$

$$f_{2i}(t) = [2.5e^{-4t} - 1.5e^{-8t}] u(t)$$

$$y(t) = f_{2r}(t) + f_{2i}(t)$$

$$y(t) = [1 + 0.5e^{-t} - 0.5e^{-8t}] u(t) //$$

Resíduos

$$y(t) = \sum \text{Res}\{Y(s)e^{st}\} u(t)$$

$$= \sum \text{Res}\left\{ \frac{32e^{st}}{s(s+8)(s+4)} + \frac{(s+4)e^{st}}{(s+8)(s+4)} \right\} u(t)$$

$$= \sum \text{Res}\left\{ \frac{s^2 + 14s + 32}{s(s+8)(s+4)} e^{st} \right\} u(t)$$

$$a_{-1} = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} sY(s)e^{st} = 1$$

$$b_{-1} = \lim_{s \rightarrow -8} (s+8)Y(s)e^{st} = -0.5e^{-8t}$$

$$c_{-1} = \lim_{s \rightarrow -4} (s+4)Y(s)e^{st} = 0.5e^{-4t}$$

$$y(t) = [1 + 0.5e^{-4t} - 0.5e^{-8t}]u(t) //$$

② $F(s) = \frac{10}{s(s+2)(s+3)^2}$

$$F(s) = \frac{A}{s} + \frac{B}{s+2} + \frac{C}{s+3} + \frac{D}{(s+3)^2}$$

$$A = \frac{10s}{s(s+2)(s+3)^2} \Big|_{s=0} = \frac{10}{18} = \frac{5}{9}$$

$$B = \frac{10(s+2)}{s(s+2)(s+3)^2} \Big|_{s=-2} = \frac{10}{-2} = -5$$

$$D = \frac{10(s+3)^2}{s(s+2)(s+3)^2} \Big|_{s=-3} = \frac{10}{3}$$

Para C:

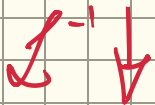
$$\frac{10}{s(s+2)(s+3)^2} \Big|_{s=1} = \frac{5}{9s} - \frac{5}{s+2} + \frac{10}{3(s+3)^2} + \frac{C}{s+3} \Big|_{s=1}$$

$$\frac{10}{48} = \frac{5}{9} - \frac{5}{3} + \frac{10}{48} + \frac{C}{4}$$

$$C = 4 \left(\frac{10}{48} - \frac{5}{9} + \frac{5}{3} - \frac{10}{48} \right)$$

$$C = \frac{40}{9}$$

$$F(s) = \frac{5}{9s} - \frac{5}{s+2} + \frac{10}{3(s+3)^2} + \frac{40}{9(s+3)}$$



$$f(t) = \left[\frac{5}{9} - 5e^{-2t} + \frac{10}{3}te^{-3t} + \frac{40}{9}e^{-3t} \right] u(t)$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad G(s) = \frac{s^3}{s^3 + 18s^2 + 104s + 192}$$

$$G(s) = \frac{s^3 + 18s^2 + 104s + 192 - 18s^2 - 104s - 192}{s^3 + 18s^2 + 104s + 192}$$

$$G(s) = 1 - \frac{18s^2 + 104s + 192}{\underbrace{s^3 + 18s^2 + 104s + 192}_{G_1(s)}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} G_1(s) &= \frac{18s^2 + 104s + 192}{s^3 + 18s^2 + 104s + 192} \\ &= \frac{18s^2 + 104s + 192}{(s+4)(s+6)(s+8)} \\ &= \frac{A}{s+4} + \frac{B}{s+6} + \frac{C}{s+8} \end{aligned}$$

$$A = \frac{(18s^2 + 104s + 192)(s+4)}{(s+4)(s+6)(s+8)} \Big|_{s=-4} = 8$$

$$B = \frac{(18s^2 + 104s + 192)(s+6)}{(s+4)(s+6)(s+8)} \Big|_{s=-6} = -54$$

$$C = \frac{(18s^2 + 104s + 192)(s+8)}{(s+4)(s+6)(s+8)} \Big|_{s=-8} = 64$$

$$G_1(s) = \frac{8}{s+4} - \frac{54}{s+6} + \frac{64}{s+8}$$

$$G(s) = 1 - \frac{8}{s+4} + \frac{s^4}{s+6} - \frac{64}{s+8}$$

$\mathcal{L}^{-1} \downarrow$

$$p(t) = \delta(t) + [54e^{-6t} - 8e^{-4t} - 64e^{-8t}]u(t)$$

\mathcal{U}

$$\textcircled{A} \quad G(s) = \frac{s}{(s+4)(s+8)} = \frac{C(s)}{R(s)}$$

$$\text{Si } R(s) = \frac{1}{s^2} :$$

$$C(s) = \frac{s}{s^2(s+4)(s+8)} = \frac{1}{s(s+4)(s+8)}$$

$$C(s) = \frac{A}{s} + \frac{B}{s+4} + \frac{C}{s+8}$$

$$A = \frac{s}{s(s+4)(s+8)} \Big|_{s=0} = \frac{1}{32}$$

$$B = \frac{s+4}{s(s+4)(s+8)} \Big|_{s=-4} = -\frac{1}{16}$$

$$C = \frac{s+8}{s(s+4)(s+8)} \Big|_{s=-8} = \frac{1}{32}$$

$$C(s) = \frac{1}{32s} - \frac{1}{16(s+4)} + \frac{1}{32(s+8)}$$

$\mathcal{L}^{-1} \downarrow$

$$c_r(t) = \left[\frac{1}{32} - \frac{1}{16}e^{-4t} + \frac{1}{32}e^{-8t} \right] u(t)$$

Para la respuesta al escalón, se deriva $c(t)$ ante la rampa.

$$c_u(t) = \frac{d}{dt} c_r(t)$$

$$c_u(t) = \left[\frac{1}{4}e^{-4t} - \frac{1}{4}e^{-8t} \right] u(t)$$