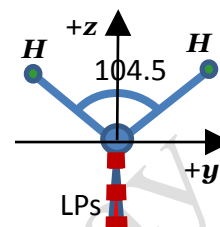


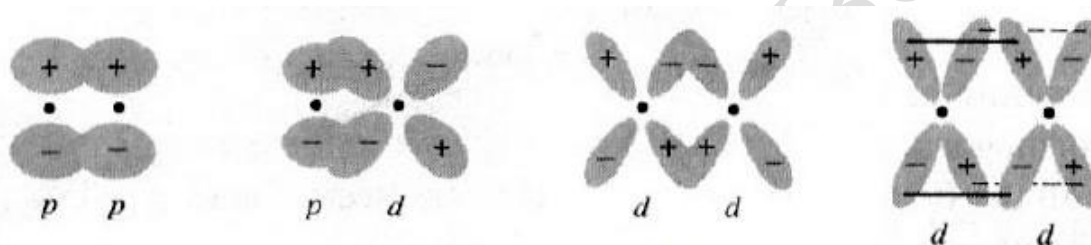
CH 107 Tutorial 6

Please solve these problems BEFORE the tutorial session

- For water, it is experimentally determined that the H-O-H bond angle is 104.5° . Determine the coefficients of atomic orbitals of O that participate in hybridization (see schematic, lone pairs are in xz plane, not relevant).



- Qualitatively plot the overlap integral, S_{AB} , as a function of inter-nuclear distance (R_{AB}) for the following LCAO-MOs (below).
 - Write the MOs (LCAO expressions) for bonding and anti-bonding situations for each.
 - Draw the MO pictures with appropriate signs and assign their symmetries (g/u).



- Formulate the Hamiltonian for a triangular H_3^+ molecular ion (equal H – H bond lengths).
 - Write the LCAO expression for the lowest energy MO using the AOs of H. Sketch the contour plot of this MO and show signs.
 - What is the spin wavefunction of this molecule in the ground state?
 - Express the ground state wavefunction of this molecule as a *single* Slater determinant
- Qualitatively draw the bonding and antibonding MOs formed due to overlap of two $2s$ and $3p_z$ AOs. Assume the internuclear axis to be in z-direction. Show nodes and signs of MOs. *Hint: Draw the wavefunctions centered on the two nuclei along $\pm z$ to find nodes!*
- Write the expressions for the delocalized σ bonding MOs of BeH_2^+ as linear combinations of valence AOs of appropriate symmetry. *Do not invoke s-p mixing and consider +z to be the internuclear axis for this linear molecule.*
 - Sketch the bonding MOs, show signs and nodes (if any), and assign symmetries (g/u).
 - How many lines/bands are expected in the *entire* photoelectron (PE) spectrum?
 - What are their relative intensities? (note that the molecule has +1 charge)