236319 - Programming Languages - HW02

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Question 1

1.

2.

a. No

Every <statements> starts with a <statement> , which, in turn, starts with either a \angle or \square . This series of terminals doesn't begin with either, so it doesn't belong in this grammar.

b. No

Every notebook emoji comes from a variable, and every variable needs either a or a before it according to the grammer. On line 3 there's a notebook with a before it, which can't be in this grammer.

c. Yes

```
<statements>

<statement>
  <statement>
  <statement>
  <statement>
  <statement>
  <statement>
  <statement>
```

```
<statement>
\downarrow
<<pre><<pre><<pre><<pre><<pre><<pre><<pre>
<</pre><
\downarrow

∠ ■ < term>

\downarrow

∠ ■ < term>

<term> X <expression> <operation> <expression>
\downarrow
<u></u> ▲ • • • • • •
\downarrow
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<u></u> ▲ ■ • • • •
d. Yes
<statements>
<statement>
<statements>
\downarrow
<statement>
<statement>
```

```
<statements>
\downarrow
<statement>
<statement>
<statement>
\downarrow
<</pre></
\downarrow
\downarrow
\downarrow
3. Yes
in 2 different ways:
<statements>
<statement>
\downarrow
```

From here we can break either the left or right <expression> to " <expression> <operation> <expression> ", which will create 2 different trees (with possibly 2 different meanings).

Question 2

- 1. The " # " function in SML casts a string to a char, but the " ^ " function expects 2 strings.
- 2. The " / " function expects 2 real s, but both 84 and 2 are int s.
- 3. Comparing x and 0 leads us to believe x is of type int, but the function can either return x or false (depending on the value of x), which is forbidden in SML since a function can only have a single return type (x is int, false is bool).
- 4. Comparing x and #"a" leads us to believe x is of type char, but further on we try to use ^ on it, which only accepts string types as arguments.
- 5. The in SML means subtraction, not negation (negation is \sim), and so (-3) is not a valid expression.
- 6. The function Math.sqrt expects a real as an argument, but 9 is of type int.
- 7. sin is not a defined function in SML.
- 8. if is a reserved word in SML, and cannot be used as a value name.
- 9. The function String.sub returns the char at the specified index of a string. The index of the last character in "hello" is 4, and so trying to take the 5th character isn't allowed.
- 10. The Math.sqrt function's return type is real, although the function sqrt_of_int is set to return an int.

Rejected Memes

