

UNIT 18 *Speed, Distance and Time*

Overhead Slides

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OS 18.1

Average Speed

$$\text{Average speed} = \frac{\text{Distance}}{\text{Time}}$$

Example 1

A car travels 160 miles in 4 hours.

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Average speed} &= \text{—————} \\ &= \end{aligned}$$

Example 2

A snail moves 15 m in 3 hours.

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Average speed} &= \text{—————} \\ &= \end{aligned}$$

Example 3

Tony cycles 72 km in 8 hours.

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Average speed} &= \text{—————} \\ &= \end{aligned}$$

OS 18.2

Speed, Distance, Time

$$\text{Speed} = \frac{\text{Distance}}{\text{Time}}$$

$$\text{Time} = \frac{\text{Distance}}{\text{Speed}}$$

$$\text{Distance} = \text{Speed} \times \text{Time}$$

Example 1

A train travels for 3 hours at 75 mph. Calculate the distance it travels.

$$\text{Distance} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$=$$
Example 2

A plane flies 480 miles in 3 hours. Calculate the speed of the plane.

$$\text{Speed} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$=$$
Example 3

A car travels at 50 mph. How long will it take to travel $137\frac{1}{2}$ miles?

$$\text{Time} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$=$$

OS 18.3*Mixed Units for Time*

Complete the statements:

1. 1 hour 20 minutes = 1 — hours = hours

2. 3 hours 5 minutes = 3 — hours = hours

3. 2 hours 35 minutes = hours = hours

4. 5 hours 12 minutes = hours = hours

5. 1.7 hours = 1 hour × 60 minutes
= 1 hour minutes

6. 3.2 hours = 3 hours × 60 minutes
= 3 hours minutes

7. 4.35 hours = 4 hours × 60 minutes
= 4 hours minutes

Mixed Units for Speed

1. $5 \text{ m/s} = \frac{5 \times}{\quad} \text{ km/h}$

$$= \frac{5 \times}{\quad} \text{ km/h}$$

$$= \quad \text{ km/h}$$

$$2. \quad 16 \text{ m/s} = \frac{16 \times}{\quad} \text{ km/h}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{16 \times}{\phantom{\text{km/h}}} \\ &= \phantom{\frac{16 \times}{\phantom{\text{km/h}}}} \text{km/h} \\ &= \phantom{\frac{16 \times}{\phantom{\text{km/h}}}} \times \frac{5}{8} \text{ mph} \\ &= \phantom{\frac{16 \times}{\phantom{\text{km/h}}}} \text{mph} \end{aligned}$$

3. $18 \text{ km/h} = \frac{1800 \times}{\quad} \text{ m/s}$

$$= \frac{1800 \times}{\quad} \text{ m/s}$$

$$= \quad \text{ m/s}$$

OS 18.5

Mixed Units in Context

1. Alan cycles 18 miles in 1 hour 48 minutes.
Calculate his average speed.

$$1 \text{ hour } 48 \text{ minutes} = 1\frac{48}{60} \text{ hours}$$

$$= \quad \text{hours}$$

$$\text{Average speed} = 18 \div$$

$$= \quad \text{mph}$$

2. How long does it take Julie to walk 10 miles at an average speed of 3 mph ?

$$\text{Time} = \frac{10}{3}$$

$$= \quad \text{hours}$$

$$= \quad \text{hours} \quad \times 60 \text{ minutes}$$

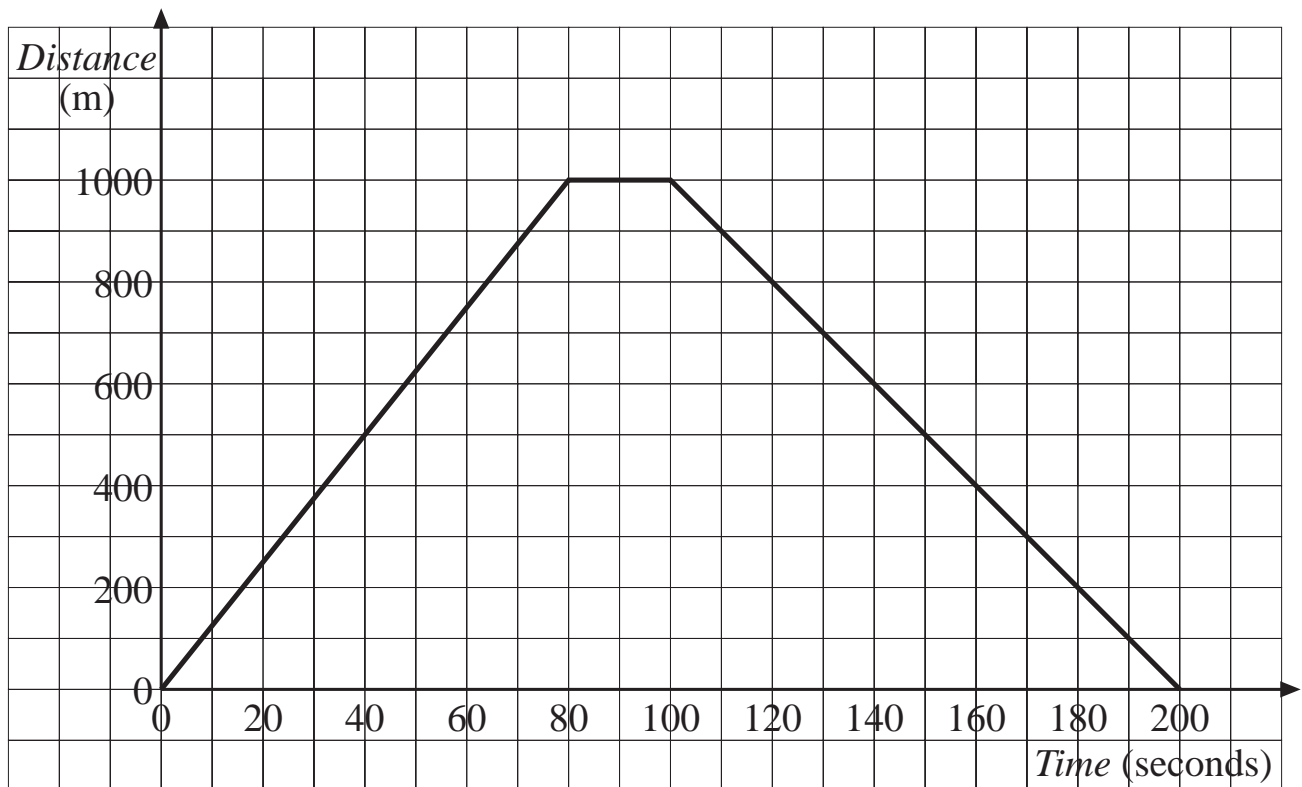
$$= \quad \text{hours} \quad \text{minutes}$$

OS 18.6

Graph for Example 1

Example 1

The graph shows how far a child is from home.



- (a) Describe how the child moves.
- (b) Calculate the speed of the child on each part of the journey.

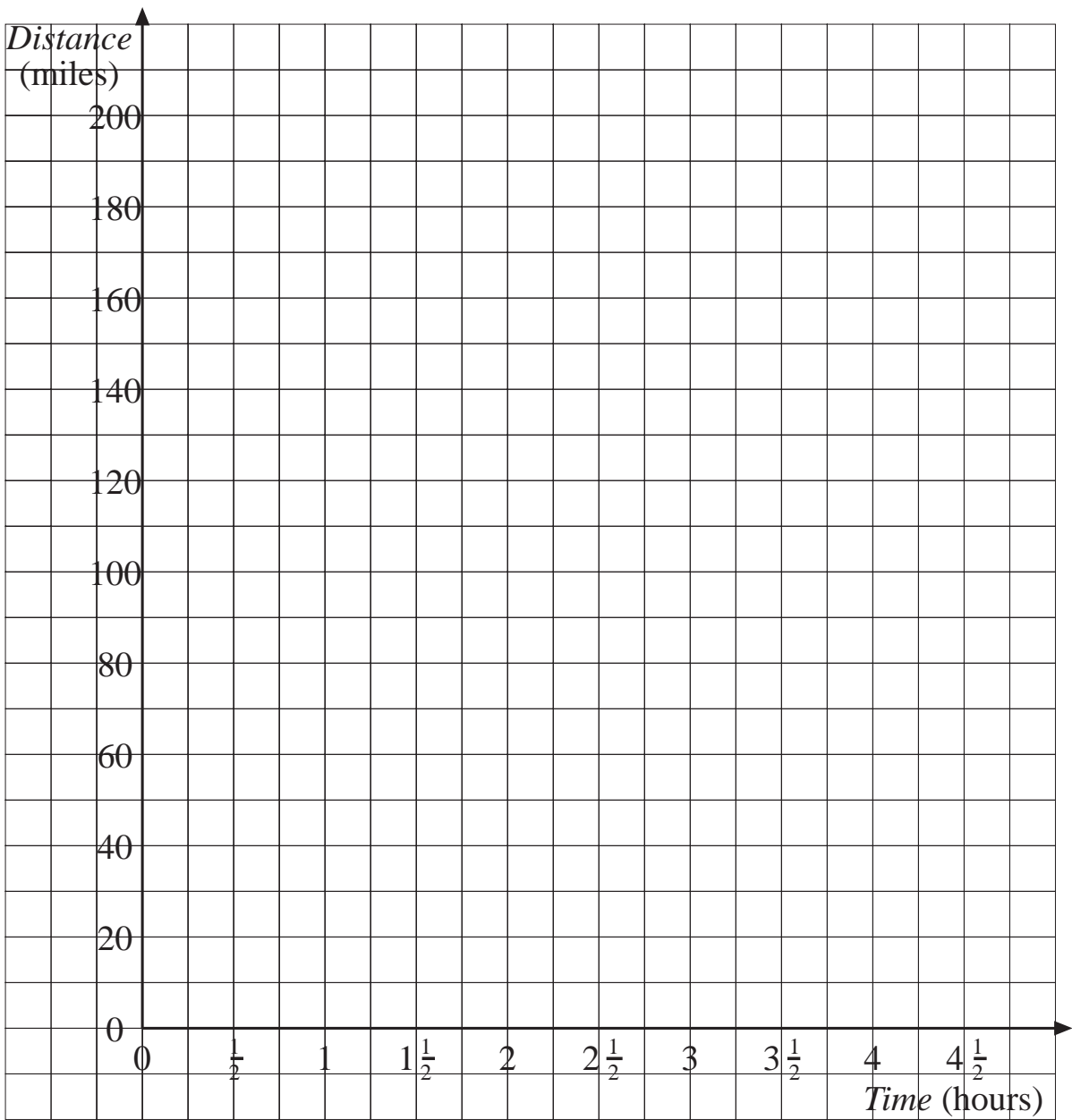
OS 18.7

Graph for Example 2

Example 2

On a journey, Rebecca drives at 50 mph for 2 hours, rests for 1 hour and then drives another 70 miles in $1\frac{1}{2}$ hours.

Draw a distance-time graph to illustrate this journey.

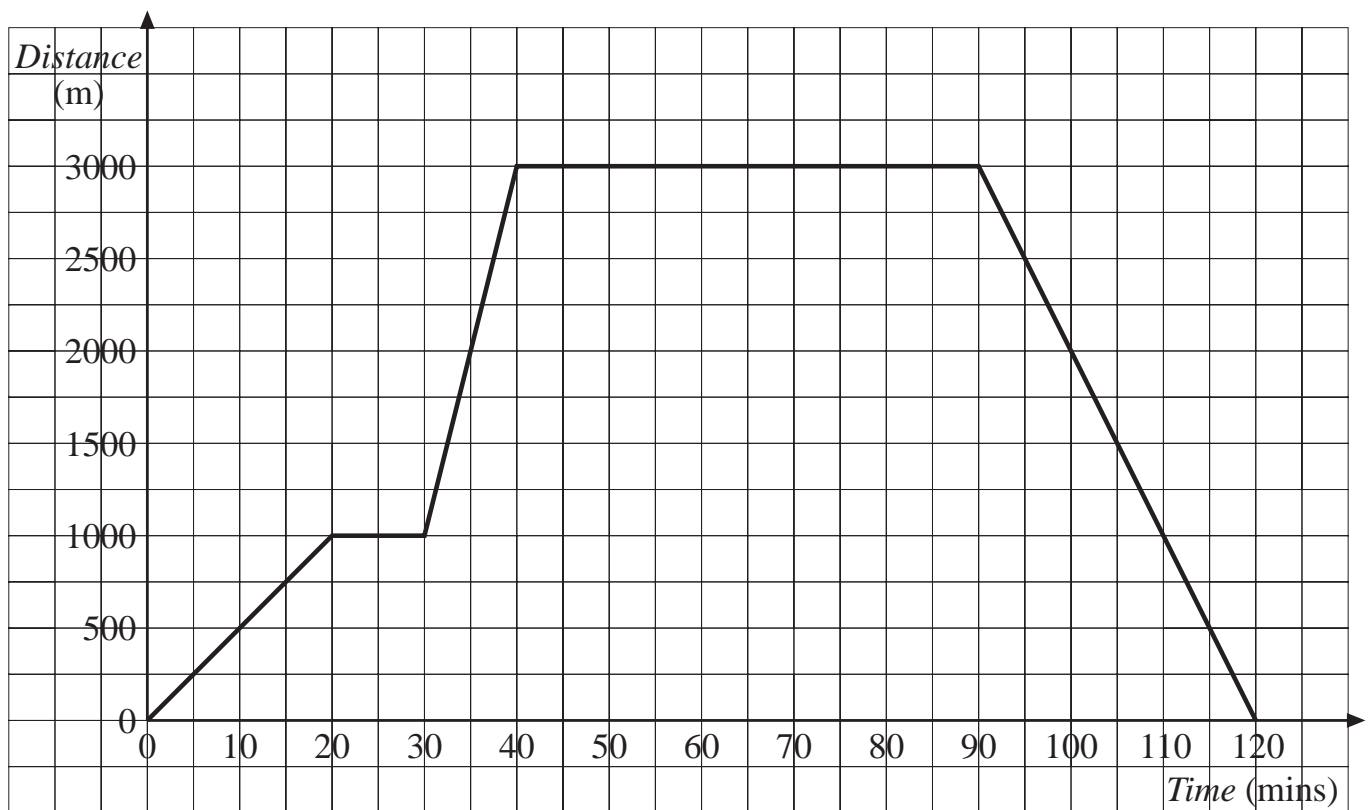


OS 18.8

Graph for Example 3

Example 3

The graph shows how Tom's distance from home varies with time, when he visits Ian.



- (a) How long does Tom spend at Ian's?
- (b) How far is it from Tom's home to Ian's?
- (c) For how long does Tom stop on the way to Ian's?
- (d) On which part of the journey does Tom travel the fastest?
- (e) How fast does Tom walk on the way back from Ian's?

OS 18.9*Goal Scoring Rate*

Bob Bootit scored 45 goals in 25 football matches.

Calculate Bob's scoring rate in goals per minute.

$$\text{Rate} = \frac{\quad}{25} \quad \text{goals / match}$$

$$= \quad \text{goals / match}$$

$$= \frac{\quad}{1.5} \quad \text{goals / hour}$$

$$= \quad \text{goals / hour}$$

$$= \frac{\quad}{60} \quad \text{goals / minute}$$

$$= \quad \text{goals / minute}$$