UNIT 9 Fractions and Percentages

Overhead Slides

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|------------|------------|-------------|------------------------------|
| 9.1 | Hraction | RAVICION | Addition |
| J.1 | i iaction. | IXC VISIOII | Addition |

- 9.2 Fraction Revision Subtraction
- 9.3 Fraction Revision Multiplication
- 9.4 Fraction Revision Division
- 9.5 Fractions in Context 1
- 9.6 Fractions in Context 2
- 9.7 Conversion Table Fractions and Percentages
- 9.8 Finding Percentages
- 9.9 Increasing with Percentages
- 9.10 Decreasing with Percentages
- 9.11 Percentage Increase and Decrease
- 9.12 Reverse Percentage Problems

1.
$$\frac{2}{7} + \frac{4}{7} =$$

2.
$$\frac{5}{8} + \frac{4}{8} =$$

3.
$$\frac{3}{4} + \frac{2}{3} =$$

4.
$$\frac{5}{7} + \frac{2}{5} =$$

1.
$$\frac{5}{7} - \frac{2}{7} =$$

2.
$$\frac{5}{8} - \frac{3}{8} =$$

3.
$$\frac{3}{4} - \frac{1}{8} =$$

4.
$$\frac{5}{7} - \frac{2}{5} =$$

1.
$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 of 24 =

2.
$$\frac{2}{5}$$
 of 18 =

$$3. \qquad \frac{3}{5} \times \frac{2}{3} =$$

$$4. \qquad \frac{3}{7} \times \frac{2}{5} =$$

$$1. \qquad 3 \div \frac{1}{4} \qquad = \qquad$$

$$2. \qquad \frac{3}{4} \div \frac{2}{5} \qquad = \qquad$$

3.
$$1\frac{1}{2} \div \frac{3}{8} =$$

4.
$$1\frac{3}{7} \div \frac{2}{5} =$$

1. There are 72 matches in a box.

$$\frac{1}{8}$$
 of these matches are faulty.

How many faulty matches are in the box?

$$\frac{1}{8}$$
 of 72 =

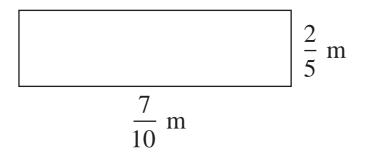
2. There are 950 pupils in a school.

$$\frac{3}{5}$$
 of the pupils have school lunches.

How many pupils have school lunches?

$$\frac{3}{5}$$
 of 950 =

1. Calculate the *perimeter* and *area* of this rectangle:



2. Hannah uses $\frac{3}{4}$ kg of sugar when making one cake.

She has
$$1\frac{1}{2}$$
 kg of sugar.

How many cakes can she make with this?

OS 9.7 Conversion Table - Fractions and Percentages

Complete this table for converting *fractions* and *percentages*:

| Fraction | Percentage |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|
| $\frac{1}{2}$ | |
| $\frac{1}{4}$ | |
| $\frac{3}{4}$ | |
| $\frac{1}{5}$ | |
| $\frac{\frac{1}{5}}{\frac{3}{5}}$ | |
| <u>7</u> 10 | |
| <u>3</u> 100 | |
| | 7% |
| | 80% |
| | $33\frac{1}{3}\%$ |
| | 40% |
| | 35% |

Finding Percentages

1.
$$20\%$$
 of £40 =

2.
$$60\%$$
 of £42 =

3.
$$35\%$$
 of $40 \text{ kg} =$

4.
$$25\%$$
 of £84 =

1. Add 20% to £45.

100% + 20% = 120%

=

OR

OR

So multiply by 1.2

 $45 \times 1.2 =$

2. Add 8% to £300.

100% + 8% =

=

So multiply by

$$£300 + =$$

 $300 \times =$

1. Decrease £80 by 10%.

OR

$$10\% \text{ of } £80 =$$

$$100\% - 10\% = 90\%$$

So multiply by 0.9

$$£80 - =$$

$$80 \times 0.9 =$$

2. Decrease 400 m by 30%.

OR

$$30\% \text{ of } 400 =$$

$$100\% - 30\% =$$

So multiply by

$$Percentage\ Increase = \frac{Increase}{Original} \times 100$$

Percentage Decrease =
$$\frac{\text{Decrease}}{\text{Original}} \times 100$$

1. The number of people on a bus *increases* from 25 to 30.

Increase =

=

2. The number of pupils in a school *decreases* from 800 to 780.

Decrease =

$$Percentage\ decrease\ =\ ----\times 100$$

=

Reverse Percentage Problems

$$Percentage\ Increase\ =\ \frac{Increase}{Original} \times 100$$

Percentage Decrease =
$$\frac{\text{Decrease}}{\text{Original}} \times 100$$

1. When VAT at $17\frac{1}{2}\%$ is added to the cost of a stereo the price is £176.25. What was the original price?

Original price
$$\times 1.175$$
 £176.25 $\div 1.175$ £176.25

2. A computer costs £940 including $17\frac{1}{2}\%$ VAT. What was its price before VAT was added?

| Original price | |
|----------------|--|
| | |
| | |

3. A rope shrinks so that its length is reduced by 2% to 12.74 m. What was the original length of the rope?

| Original length | |
|-----------------|---|
| | _ |
| | |