

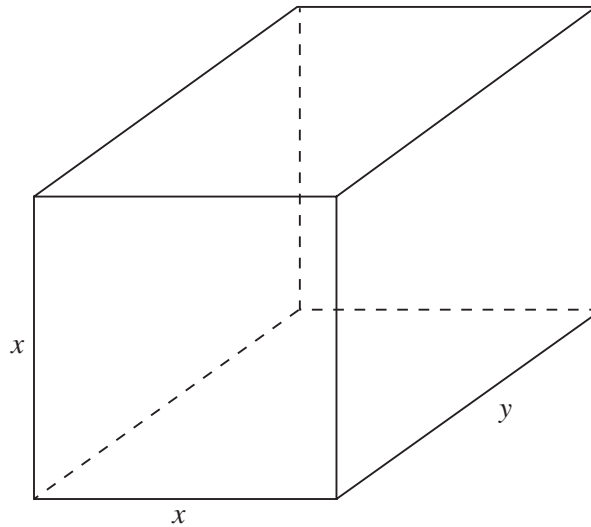
UNIT 13 *Graphs, Equations and Inequalities*

Activities

Activities

- 13.1 Maximum Volume of Cuboid
 - 13.2 Posting Parcels
 - 13.3 Maximum Volume of Open-Topped Box
- Notes and Solutions (2 pages)

ACTIVITY 13.1*Maximum Volume of Cuboid*



This cuboid has a square end and a volume of 100 cm^3 .

1. Show that the surface area of the cuboid is given by

$$A = 2x^2 + \frac{400}{x}$$

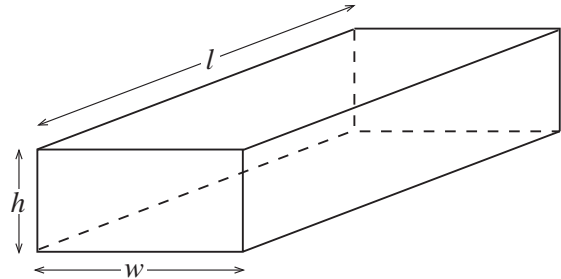
2. Use a graph to determine the values of x and y for which the surface area is a minimum.
3. What shape would this give?

ACTIVITY 13.2

Posting Parcels

The *Royal Mail*, *Data Post International* parcel service accepts parcels up to a maximum size as given in the following rules:

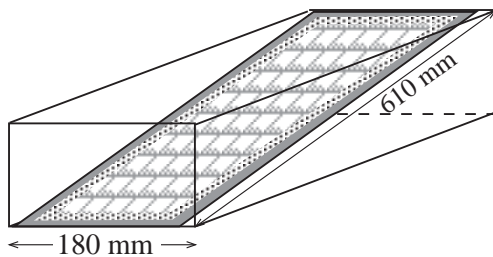
1. *Length + height + width* must not exceed *900 mm*.
2. None of the *length*, *height*, *width* must exceed *600 mm*.



1. Which of the following parcels would be accepted for this service:

- | | | | |
|-----|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| (a) | $l = 620 \text{ mm},$ | $h = 120 \text{ mm},$ | $w = 150 \text{ mm}$ |
| (b) | $l = 500 \text{ mm},$ | $h = 350 \text{ mm},$ | $w = 150 \text{ mm}$ |
| (c) | $l = 550 \text{ mm},$ | $h = 100 \text{ mm},$ | $w = 150 \text{ mm}$ |

- 2.

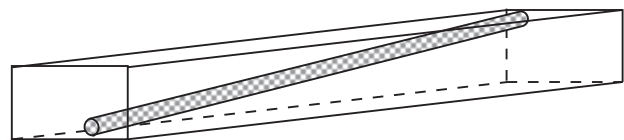


A picture with frame, 610 mm by 180 mm, is to be placed diagonally in a rectangular box as shown.

Find suitable dimensions for the box so that it would be accepted for the *Data Post* service.

3. A long, thin tube is to be sent by *Data Post*.

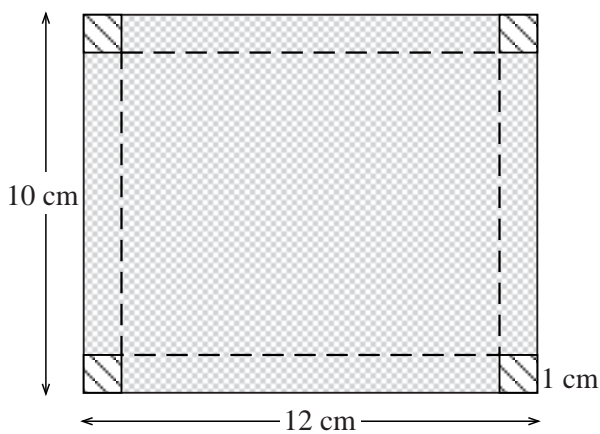
What is the largest possible length that can be sent?



Extension

What are the dimensions of the rectangular box of *maximum volume* that can be sent through the *Data Post* service?

ACTIVITY 13.3 *Maximum Volume of Open-Topped Box*



We want to make cardboard trays for displaying home-made goods at a local bazaar.

The sheets of card available are of size

$$10 \text{ cm} \times 12 \text{ cm}$$

If we cut out a one cm^2 square from each corner and fold the sides up, we have a tray of volume

$$8 \times 10 \times 1 = 80 \text{ cm}^3$$

Can you form a tray with a larger volume?

- Construct trays by cutting out squares of side 2 cm, 3 cm, etc.
For each tray, determine the volume. Which tray has *maximum* volume?

We can find an even larger volume by considering cutting a square of side x cm from the card, as shown opposite.

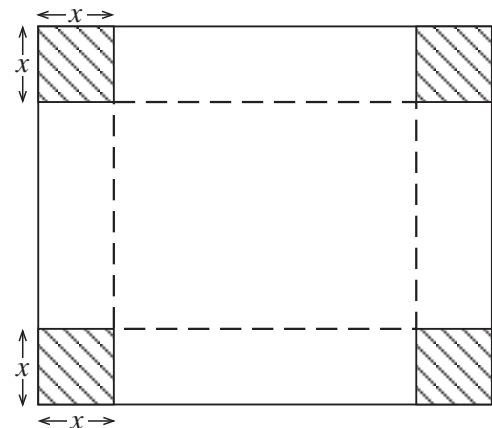
- What is the length and breadth of the base of the tray?

Show that the volume is given by

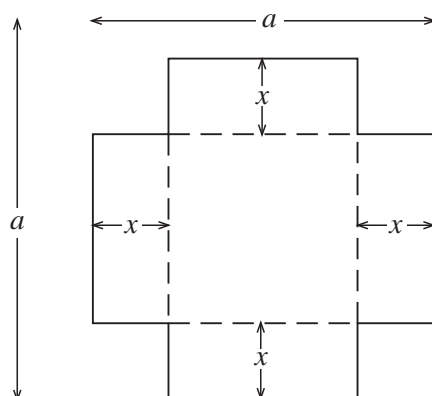
$$V = 4x^3 - 44x^2 + 120x$$

- Draw a graph of V against x , plotting V for $x = 0, 0.5, 1, 1.5, \dots, 5$

Estimate the value of x which gives the maximum value.



We can generalise these results further by considering the same problem of finding the tray of maximum volume that can be cut from a square of side a cm.



- Show that the volume of the tray is given by

$$V = 4x^3 - 4ax^2 + a^2x$$

We can non-dimensionalise the problem by taking $a = 1$.

- With $a = 1$, plot a graph of V against x for

$$x = 0, 0.1, 0.2, \dots, 0.5$$

What value of x gives a maximum value for V ?