2.	[Maximum	mark:	6
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Consider the arithmetic sequence 3, 9, 15, ..., 1353.

(a) Write down the common difference. [	1	mar	k
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4.5		F2 1
(b)	Find the number of terms in the sequence.	[3 marks]

(c)	Find the sum of the sequence.	[2 marks]
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An arithmetic sequence,  $u_1$ ,  $u_2$ ,  $u_3$ ..., has d = 11 and  $u_{27} = 263$ .

(a) Find  $u_1$ . [2 marks]

(b) (i) Given that  $u_n = 516$ , find the value of n.

(ii) For this value of n, find  $S_n$ . [4 marks]

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3. [Maximum mark: 5]

In an arithmetic sequence  $u_1 = 7$ ,  $u_{20} = 64$  and  $u_n = 3709$ .

(a) Find the value of the common difference.

[3 marks]

(b) Find the value of n.

[2 marks]

Full marks are not necessarily awarded for a correct answer with no working. Answers must be supported by working and/or explanations. In particular, solutions found from a graphic display calculator should be supported by suitable working, e.g. if graphs are used to find a solution, you should sketch these as part of your answer. Where an answer is incorrect, some marks may be given for a correct method, provided this is shown by written working. You are therefore advised to show all working.

## **SECTION A**

A

1.	[Ma	ximun	n mark: 6]											
	The	the first three terms of an arithmetic sequence are 36, 40, 44,												
	(a) (i) Write (		Write down the value of $d$ .											
		(ii)	Find $u_8$ .	[3 marks]										
	(b)	(i)	Show that $S_n = 2n^2 + 34n$ .											
		(ii)	Hence, write down the value of $S_{14}$ .	[3 marks]										



3.

(a)	Find the common ratio.	[4 marks]
(b)	Find the tenth term.	[2 marks <sub>]</sub>



Do **NOT** write solutions on this page.

**9.** [Maximum mark: 14]

The first two terms of a geometric sequence  $u_n$  are  $u_1 = 4$  and  $u_2 = 4.2$ .

- (a) (i) Find the common ratio.
  - (ii) Hence or otherwise, find  $u_5$ .

[5]

Another sequence  $v_n$  is defined by  $v_n = an^k$ , where  $a, k \in \mathbb{R}$ , and  $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ , such that  $v_1 = 0.05$  and  $v_2 = 0.25$ .

- (b) (i) Find the value of a.
  - (ii) Find the value of k.

[5]

(c) Find the smallest value of n for which  $v_n > u_n$ .

[4]

