Lesson 2-3: Surface Area of Cones Practice

Learning Goals: #7: How do I find the surface area of Cones? #8: How do I find the lateral surface area of cones?

Surface Area of a Cone

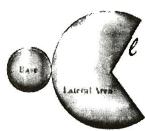
What area formula(s) do you think we will need to find the surface area of a cone?

Cone



h = height (altitude) r = radrus l = slant height





Careful!

Sometimes we are asked to only find the lateral area instead of the total area!

Total Surface Area of a Cone

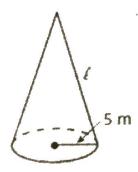
Total SA = A(Circle) + A(curved/lateral)

Total SA = $\pi r^2 + \pi r l$

Lateral (Curved) $SA = \pi r l$

Let's Look at a Different type of Question!

The surface area of the cone is 100π square meters. What is the slant height \emph{l} of the cone?



$$5A = \pi r^{2} + \pi r l$$

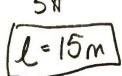
$$100\pi = \pi (5)^{2} + \pi (5) l$$

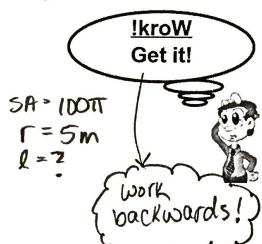
$$100\pi = 25\pi r + 5\pi l$$

$$-25\pi - 25\pi r$$

$$75\pi = 5\pi l$$

$$5\pi r$$



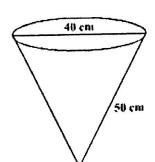


Your Turn to Practice!

Find the total surface area of the given figure. Round to the nearest square unit.

$$SH = (4001)$$

 $5A = 4398cm^2$

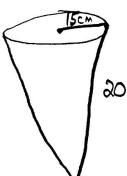


2. An ice cream cone has a radius of 3cm and a lateral height of 5.83cm. What is the lateral surface area of the cone?

A geometric cone has a base with a radius of 15 cm, and a slant height of 20. Find, in terms of π , the number of square centimeters in the total surface area of the cone.

$$5A = T(15)^{2} + T(15)(20)$$

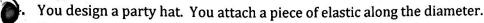
 $5A = 225T + 300T$
 $5A = 525T cm^{2}$



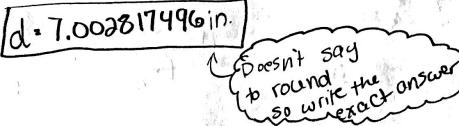
5.38cm

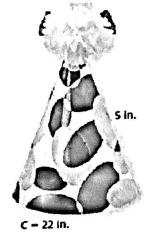
seometry/Trig

Real Life Situations!



a) How long must the elastic be? (Hint: find the diameter)





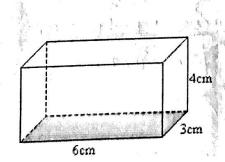
b) How much paper do you need to make the hat, to the nearest square inch? (Hint: fnd the lateral surface area)

$$d = \frac{7.002817496}{2}$$

$$\Gamma = 3.501408748$$

$$l = 5in$$

5. Calculate the surface area of the figure below.



Te below.

$$SA = 2(\omega + 2\omega h + 2h)$$
 $SA = 2(\omega + 2\omega h + 2h)$
 $SA = 2(\omega + 2\omega h + 2\mu)$
 $SA = 2(\omega + 2\omega h + 2\mu)$
 $SA = 108cm^{2}$
 $SA = 108cm^{2}$

Geometry/Trig

4. A gift has the dimensions of 50 cm × 35 cm × 5 cm. You have wrapping paper with dimensions of 75 cm × 60 cm. Do you have enough wrapping paper to wrap the gift? Why or why not?

1 Surface Area of Gift

(D) Area of wrapping Paper

5A-2(L)(W) + 2(W)(H)+2(H)(L)

5A = 2(50)(35) + 2(35)(5) + 2(5)(50)

SA = 3500 + 350 + 500

5A = 4350cm2

A=LW A = (75)(60)

A- 4500cm2

Yes, we have enough wrapping paper because we have more than the surface area of the gift.

5. A cylinder has a radius of 13cm and a height of 22cm. Find the surface area of the cylinder to the nearest square centimeter

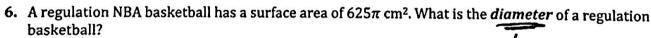
SA = 211(13)+11(36)(23)

 $5A = 2\pi(169) + 572\pi$

SA = 21112 + TIdh

SA= 910T = 2858,849 315

$$=2859 \, \text{cm}^2$$





J'

12,5= - (12.5)(2) =

note the units because it is a length, not an areal

Make Sure to Post answers on the Google Form