1. The first four terms of an arithmetic sequence are shown below.

1, 5, 9, 13,.....

- (a) Write down the  $n^{th}$  term of the sequence.
- (b) Calculate the 100<sup>th</sup> term of the sequence.
- (c) Find the sum of the first 100 terms of the sequence.

Working:	
	Answers:
	(a)
	(b)
	(c)

(Total 4 marks)

- 2. The fourth term of an arithmetic sequence is 12 and the tenth term is 42.
  - (a) Given that the first term is  $u_1$  and the common difference is d, write down two equations in  $u_1$  and d that satisfy this information.

(b)	Solve the	equations	to find	the valu	ues of $u_1$	and $d$ .
-----	-----------	-----------	---------	----------	--------------	-----------

Working:	
	Answers:
	(a)
	(h)
	(b) $u_1 = \dots $ $d = \dots$
	(Total 8 marks

- **3.** The sixth term of an arithmetic sequence is 24. The common difference is 8.
  - (a) Calculate the first term of the sequence.

The sum of the first n terms is 600.

/1	\	1 1 4	.1	1	c	
ın	1 1 2	LCHISTA	tha	3791110	$\alpha$ t	1/1
(b	ı Ca	lculate	LIIC	value	()I	n.

Working:	
	Answers:
	(a)
	(b)

(Total 8 marks)

**4.** The first five terms of an arithmetic sequence are shown below.

2, 6, 10, 14, 18

- (a) Write down the sixth number in the sequence.
- (b) Calculate the 200<sup>th</sup> term.
- (c) Calculate the sum of the first 90 terms of the sequence.

Working:	
	Answers:
	(a)
	(a) (b)
	(c)
	(T. 4.10. 1

(Total 8 marks)

1. (a) 4n-3 (A1)

(c) 
$$S_{100} = \frac{100}{2} [(2 \times 1) + (99 \times 4)] \text{ or } 50(1 + 397)$$
 (M1)  
= 19 900 (A1)

**2.** (a) 
$$u_1 + 3d = 12$$
 (A1)(A1)  $u_1 + 9d = 42$  (A1)(A1) (C4)

**Note:** Award (A1) for left hand side correct, (A1) for right hand side correct.

(b) 
$$6d = 30$$
 (A1)   
  $d = 5$  (A1)   
  $u_1 = -3$  (M1)(A1)

Note: Follow through (ft) from candidate's equations.

3. (a) 
$$u_6 = u_1 + 5d = 24$$
  
 $u_1 + 5 \times 8 = 24$  (M1)(A1)  
 $u_1 = 24 - 40$   
 $= -16$  (A1) (C3)

(b) 
$$S_n = \frac{n}{2}(2 \times -16 + (n-1)8)$$
 (M1)(A1)

$$600 = \frac{n}{2}(-32 + 8n - 8) \tag{A1}$$

$$1200 = -40n + 8n^{2}$$

$$150 = -5n + n^{2}$$

$$(n - 15)(n + 10) = 0$$
(A1)

$$n = 15 \text{ or } -10 = 0$$
 (A1) (C5)

Note: Not all the steps of working out need to be shown.

**4.** (a) The sixth number is 22 (C1)

(b) 
$$u_{200} = 2 + 199 \times 4$$
 (M1)(A1)(A1)  
= 798 (A1) (C4)

**Note:** Award (A1) for a = 2 stated or used, (A1) for d = 4 stated or used.

[8]

[8]

(c) 
$$S_{90} = \frac{90}{2}(2 \times 2 + 89 \times 4)$$
 or  $\frac{90}{2}(2 + 358)$  (M1)(A1)  
= 16 200 (A1) (C3)