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# Chinki and Minki

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#### **Problem Statement**

Chinki and Minki are two sisters who share a deep bond of love, and they extend this love even to their food. They have a habit of splitting everything equally between them. One fine day, their father gave them a total of N coins and asked them to divide it amongst themselves. However, there's a twist - the coins they received are not of equal value; they can have different denominations. This presents a challenge because there is no guarantee that they can divide the coins equally.

So, Chinki and Minki devised a plan to divide the coins in a way that minimizes the difference between the sums of the coins they receive. They agreed that each of them should get **N/2** coins (if N is even). In case **N** is odd, one of them will receive an extra coin. However, they are not sure how to execute this plan efficiently. Can you help them achieve their goal?

For example: Let's consider a scenario where their father gives them 8 coins with the following denominations: 23, 45, 34, 12, 0, 3, 1, and 4. They need to divide these coins among themselves in the following manner:

- Chinki: 45, 12, 3, 1
- Minki: 23, 34, 0, 4

In this division, both Chinki and Minki receive subsets of equal size, each containing **4** coins. Remarkably, the sum of coins in both parts is identical, amounting to **61** for each of them. Consequently, the minimum difference in the sum of coins between the two parts is **0**.

This example illustrates their strategy for dividing the coins, ensuring that the difference in the sum of coins is minimized.

### **Input Format**

- First line will contain an integer T, the number of test cases.
- For each test case, the first line will contain an integer N number of coins need to be divided.
- For each test case, the second line will contain the value (Ei) of the coins.

# Constraints

- 1 <= T <= 1000
- 1 <= N <= 20
- 0 <= **Ei** <= 1000

## **Output Format**

• For each test case, output a single line - the minimum difference described in the statement.

# Sample Input 0

3

8

```
9/23/23, 10:15 PM
```

```
23 45 34 12 0 3 1 4 5 10 20 30 40 50 4 1 2 3 10
```

# Sample Output 0

0 10 6

# **Explanation 0**

```
The first test case was explained in the problem statement. For the second test case, one possible answer is Chinki takes \{10,30,40\} and Minki takes \{20,50\}. For the third test case, one possible answer is Chinki take \{1,10\} and Minki takes \{2,3\}
```

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Submissions: 35 Max Score: 20 Difficulty: Expert

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```
C++20
1 ▼#include <map>
2 #include <set>
3 #include <list>
4 | #include <cmath>
  #include <ctime>
5
  #include <deque>
6
7
   #include <queue>
8 #include <stack>
9 #include <string>
10 #include <bitset>
11 #include <cstdio>
12 #include <limits>
13 #include <vector>
14 #include <climits>
15 #include <cstring>
16 #include <cstdlib>
17 #include <fstream>
  #include <numeric>
18
19 #include <sstream>
20 #include <iostream>
21 #include <algorithm>
22 #include <unordered_map>
23
24 using namespace std;
       /* Enter your code here. Read input from STDIN. Print output to STDOUT */
26 ₹
27
       return 0;
28 }
                                                                                            Line: 1 Col: 1
```

<u>♣ Upload Code as File</u> Test against custom input

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