# Regression Analysis of Mtcars

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## **Executive Summary**

Motor Trend, a magazine about the automobile industry are interested in exploring the relationship between a set of variables and miles per gallon (MPG) (outcome). They are particularly interested in the following two questions:

"Is an automatic or manual transmission better for MPG" "Quantify the MPG difference between automatic and manual transmissions"

Automatic and manual transmissions have significant difference of MPG. By fitting a logistic regression model and getting the odds interpretation, we can state that there is ~36% probability for transmission to be manual if we see 1 unit of increase in miles per gallon (mpg).

## **Exploratory Data Analysis**

There are 32 rows with 11 columns. All the variables are numerical. However, cyl, vs, am, gear and crab need closer look.

Let's see the pairs plot.

```
pairs(mtcars)
```

## Relationship between Transmission & MPG

Clearly, there is difference of mpg by transmission types. Now, we will build a linear model to quantify the impact of transmission type on mpg.

```
fit <- lm(mpg ~ am, data = mtcars)
fit$coefficients

## (Intercept) am
## 17.147368 7.244939</pre>
```

F-Statistic for the model is significant which signals a true impact of transmission on mpg. Coefficient of 7.245 means for manual transmission, mpg increases by 7.245 compared to automatic transmission.

However, let's look at the plot:

```
par(mar=c(1,1,1,1))
plot(mtcars$mpg, mtcars$am)
```

It is quite clear a linear regression line does not suite the question in hand as we have two separate group of points. In this problem, logistic regression fits the context better.

```
fit2 <- glm(am ~ mpg, data = mtcars, family = 'binomial')
exp(fit2$coefficients)</pre>
```

```
## (Intercept) mpg
## 0.001355579 1.359379288
```

Coefficient Interpretation: There is  $\sim 36\%$  probability for transmission to be manual if we see 1 unit of increase in miles per gallon (mpg).

### **Model Selection**

Two distinct set of data points for mpg by am signals that Logistic Regression is a better fitted model for this problem.

## Residual Plot & Diagnostics

```
par(mfrow = c(2,2))
plot(fit2)
```

#### Inferences

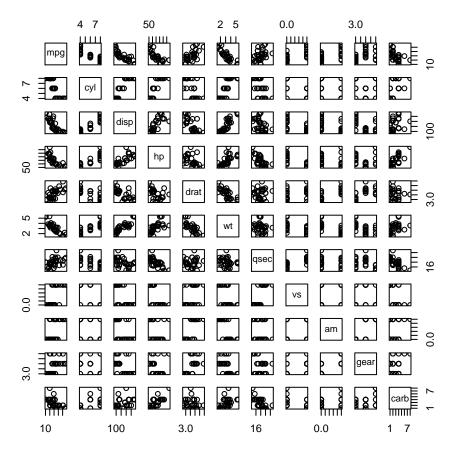
Our inferences from this sample dataset is bound to have some errors. To be precise, mpg variable of our logistic regression has a Std. Error of 0.1148. With a 95% confidence, we can estimate the coefficient to be between 0.307-0.1148 & 0.307+0.1148.

### Conclusions

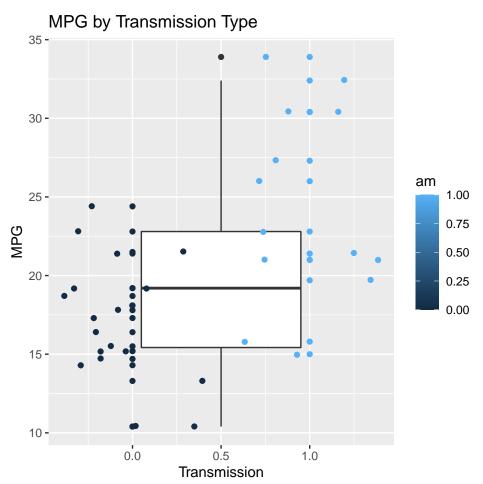
Automatic and manual transmissions have significant difference of MPG. By fitting a logistic regression model and getting the odds interpretation, we can state that there is  $\sim 36\%$  probability for transmission to be manual if we see 1 unit of increase in miles per gallon (mpg).

# Appendix

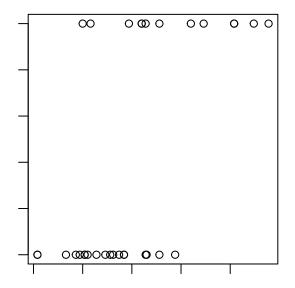
Pair Plot



Box Plot



## Problem with Linear Regression



Residual Plots

