Advance javascript for frontend

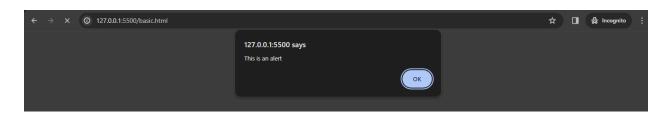
`1. Write a program to show alert.

Ans:

To show an alert to the user we can use javascript function `alert()` which is inbuilt function. We need to put alert in the script tag to use it to show alert to the user.

Code:

Output:



- 2. What will be the output for these expressions
 - i) 5 > 4
 - > The output will be `true` since 5 is greater than 4 and the datatype is also same.

- ii) "apple" > "pineapple"
- > Here, if we use greater than or lower than symbol to compare two strings then the browser will compare it as dictionary wise sequence, Here a is smaller than p so that's why it returns 'false'

> Here again the data type are strings so the browser will compare it dictionary wise. 2 is greater than 1 that's why it returns true.

```
> "2" > "12"

< true
```

- iv) undefined == null
- > the output will be true since undefined is also empty and null is also empty, also it's not comparing strictly.

```
> undefined == null

< true
```

- v) undefined === null
- > Here it's strictly checking everything with === so it will return false, since undefined And null are both different thing

```
> undefined === null

<- false
```

```
vi) null == "\n0\n"
```

> Null means empty thing, but here we are comparing it with 0, so it will return false.

```
> null == "\n0\n"
< false
```

```
vii) null ===+ "\n0\n"
```

> Again, it is comparing strictly so it will still return false because null means empty

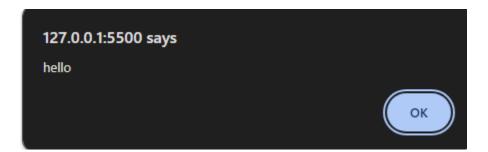
```
> null == "\n0\n"
< false
```

3. Will alert be shown?

```
If("0"){
      alert('hello');
}
```

Ans:

Yes, the alert will be shown, if the value inside parenthesis of if block is true then it will execute that code block.

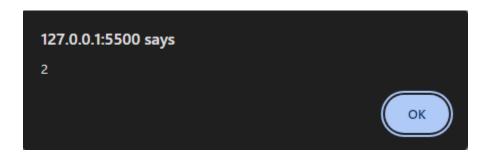


4. What is the code below going to output? alert(null || 2 || undefined)

Ans:

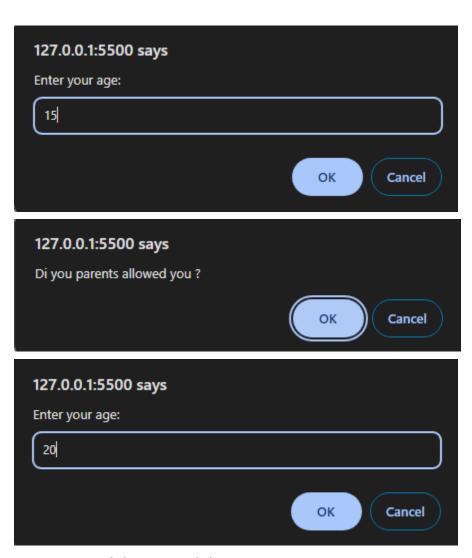
Here the above codes is doing or operating that whatever value is true that will be shown in the alert.

Null is empty and undefined is none so the code will alert 2.



5. The following function return true if the age is greater than 18 otherwise it confirms the user.

```
</body>
</html>
```



You are eligible for driving.

>

6 . Replace functions with arrow functions in the code below				

Data types and objects

- 1. Write the code, one line for each action
- a) Create an empty object user

```
Code:
const user = {}
console.log(user)
```

```
main.js

1 const user = {}

2 node /tmp/6zl2sd1ZYp.js

{}

3 console.log(user)
```

b) Add the property name with the value John.

```
Code:
const user = {
   "Name":"John"
}
console.log(user)
```

```
main.js

1 - const user = {

2     "Name":"John"

3  }

4     5  console.log(user)

Output

node /tmp/6zl2sd1ZYp.js

{ Name: 'John' }
```

c) Add the property name with the value Smith. Code:

```
const user = {
   "Name":"John",
   "Surname":"Smith"
}
```

console.log(user)

```
main.js

1 const user = {
2  "Name":"John",
3  "Surname":"Smith"
4 }
5 
6 console.log(user)

Output

Node /tmp/6zl2sd1ZYp.js
{ Name: 'John', Surname: 'Smith' }
```

d) Change the value of name to Pete. Code:

```
const user = {
   "Name":"Pete",
   "Surname":"Smith"
}
console.log(user)
```

```
main.js

1 const user = {

2 "Name":"Pete",

3 "Surname":"Smith"

4 }

5 console.log(user)

Output

node /tmp/6zl2sd1ZYp.js

{ Name: 'Pete', Surname: 'Smith' }
```

e) Remove the property name from the object.Code:

```
const user = {
   "Surname":"Smith"
}
console.log(user)
```

2. Is array copied?

Ans:

Yes, the array is copied

Code:

```
let fruits = ["Apples","Pear","Oranges"]
let shoppingCart = fruits;
shoppingCart.push("Banana")
console.log(fruits);
console.log(shoppingCart)
```

Output:

```
main.js

Output

let fruits = ["Apples", "Pear", "Oranges"]

let shoppingCart = fruits;
shoppingCart.push("Banana")

console.log(fruits);
console.log(shoppingCart)

Output

node /tmp/6zl2sd1ZYp.js
[ 'Apples', 'Pear', 'Oranges', 'Banana' ]
[ 'Apples', 'Pear', 'Oranges', 'Banana' ]
```

3. Map to names

```
let john = { name: "John", age: 25 }; let pete = { name: "Pete", age: 30 }; let mary = { name: "Mary", age: 28 }; let users = [ john, pete, mary ]; let names = /* ... your code */ alert( names );
```

Code:

```
let john = { name: "John", age: 25 };
let pete = { name: "Pete", age: 30 };
let mary = { name: "Mary", age: 28 };
let users = [ john, pete, mary ];
let names = users.map(item => item.name);
alert( names );
```

Output:

chrome://new-tab-page says John,Pete,Mary



4. Map to objects let john = { name: "John", surname: "Smith", id: 1 }; let pete = { name: "Pete", surname: "Hunt", id: 2 }; let mary = { name: "Mary", surname: "Key", id: 3 }; let users = [john, pete, mary]; let usersMapped = /* ... your code ... */

Code:

```
let john = { name: "John", surname: "Smith", id: 1 };
let pete = { name: "Pete", surname: "Hunt", id: 2 };
let mary = { name: "Mary", surname: "Key", id: 3 };
let users = [ john, pete, mary ];
let usersMapped = users.map(user => ({
   fullName: `${user.name} ${user.surname}',
   id: user.id
}));
/*
usersMapped = [
   { fullName: "John Smith", id: 1 },
   { fullName: "Pete Hunt", id: 2 },
   { fullName: "Mary Key", id: 3 }
]
*/
alert( usersMapped[0].id ); // 1
alert( usersMapped[0].fullName ); // John Smith
```

Output:

chrome://new-tab-page says

1

ОК

chrome://new-tab-page says

John Smith



5. Sum the properties There is a salaries object with arbitrary number of salaries. Write the function sumSalaries(salaries) that returns the sum of all salaries using Object.values and the for..of loop.If salaries is empty, then the result must be 0. let salaries = { "John": 100, "Pete": 300, "Mary": 250 }; alert(sumSalaries(salaries)); // 650

Code:

```
function sumSalaries(salaries) {
  let sum = 0;
  for (let salary of Object.values(salaries)) {
    sum += salary;
  }
  return sum; // 650
}

let salaries = {
    "John": 100,
    "Pete": 300,
    "Mary": 250
};

alert( sumSalaries(salaries) );

Output:
  chrome://new-tab-page says
  650
```

ок

6. Destructuring assignment We have an object: Write the Destructuring assignment that reads: a) Name property into the variable name. b) Year's property into the variable age. c) isAdmin property into the variable isAdmin (false, if no such property) d) let user = { name: "John", years: 30};

Code:

```
let user = {
  name: "John",
  years: 30
};
let {name, years: age, isAdmin = false} = user;
alert( name );
alert( age );
alert( isAdmin );
```

Output:

chrome://new-tab-page says

John



chrome://new-tab-page says
30

chrome://new-tab-page says

false



7. Turn the object into JSON and back Turn the user into JSON and then read it back into another variable. user = { name: "John Smith", age: 35}; Code:

MODULE: 3 (Document, Event and Controls)

1. Create a program to hide/show the password

```
!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
 <meta charset="UTF-8">
 <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>Password Toggle</title>
   body {
     font-family: Arial, sans-serif;
     display: flex;
     justify-content: center;
     align-items: center;
     height: 100vh; /* Set height to 100% of viewport height */
     margin: 0; /* Remove default margin */
   /* Styling for password container */
   .password-container {
     text-align: center; /* Center align text within container */
<div class="password-container">
 <label for="password">Password:</label>
 <input type="password" id="password" placeholder="Enter your password">
 <input type="checkbox" id="showPassword"> Show Password
<script>
 // Add event listener to the checkbox
 document.getElementById('showPassword').addEventListener('change', function() {
   const passwordInput = document.getElementById('password');
   passwordInput.type = this.checked ? 'text' : 'password';
```

$\overline{}$			
O	ııt	nı	14.
$\mathbf{\mathcal{C}}$	uι	νı	aι.

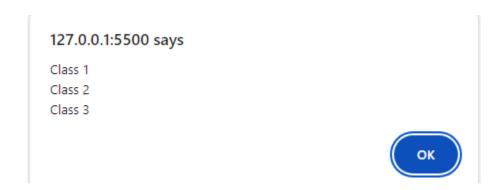
Password: Show Password

Password: [fasdf
✓ Show Password

2.Create a program that will select all the classes and loop over and whenever i click the button the alert should show

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
 <meta charset="UTF-8">
 <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
 <title>Class Selector</title>
<!-- Three div elements with different classes -->
<div class="class1">Class 1</div>
<div class="class2">Class 2</div>
<div class="class3">Class 3</div>
<!-- Button to trigger the alert -->
<button id="showAlert">Click me!</button>
<script>
 document.getElementById('showAlert').addEventListener('click', function() {
    // Select all elements whose class attribute starts with "class"
    var elements = document.querySelectorAll('[class^="class"]');
    var classNames = [];
    // Loop through each selected element
    elements.forEach(function(element) {
     // Extract the text content of each element
     classNames.push(element.textContent);
    });
    alert(classNames.join('\n'));
  });
</script>
```

Output: Class 1 Class 2 Class 3 Click me!



3. Create a responsive header using proper JavaScript

```
.mar-links li a (
maker = 1000)
test describes comp
                                                                                             Communities styles 1/2

write only surrous and journalable 20(ps) {

street links;

street links
                         All Singles the secondary of consequence Trials and the secondary of the Trials and the Single Constant Trials and Consequence Trials and
```



4. Create a form and validate using JavaScript

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
 <meta charset="UTF-8">
 <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
 <title>Form Validation</title>
   .error {
    color: ■red;
<h2>Registration Form</h2>
<form id="registrationForm">
   <label for="username">Username:</label>
   <input type="text" id="username" name="username">
   <span id="usernameError" class="error"></span>
   <label for="email">Email:</label>
   <input type="email" id="email" name="email">
   <span id="emailError" class="error"></span>
 </div>
   <label for="password">Password:</label>
   <input type="password" id="password" name="password">
   <span id="passwordError" class="error"></span>
   <label for="confirmPassword">Confirm Password:</label>
   <input type="password" id="confirmPassword" name="confirmPassword">
   <span id="confirmPasswordError" class="error"></span>
   <button type="submit">Submit
```

Registration Form

Username:	
Email:	r
Password:	
Confirm Password:	
Submit	

Registration Form

Username: 1	2	Invalid username (4-16 characters, letters, numbers, underscore)
Email: websi	itecreatingacc2@gmail.	
Password: ••	•••	Invalid password (at least 8 characters, one uppercase letter, one lowercase letter, one number)
Confirm Pass	sword: •••••	
Submit		

5. Create a modal box using css and Js with three buttons

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<meta charset="UTF-8">
 <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
 <title>Modal Box</title>
   .modal {
    display: none;
     position: fixed;
     z-index: 1;
     left: 0;
     top: 0;
     width: 100%;
     height: 100%;
     overflow: auto;
     background-color: □rgba(0,0,0,0.5);
    .modal-content {
     background-color: #fefefe;
     margin: 15% auto;
     padding: 20px;
     border: 1px solid ■#888;
     width: 80%;
     text-align: center;
   .button {
     padding: 10px 20px;
     background-color: ■#4CAF50;
     color: ■white;
     border: none;
     border-radius: 3px;
     cursor: pointer;
     margin-right: 10px;
```





6. Use external js library to show slider

```
clocytype that)
chead lang="en">
chead/
chead lang="en">
chead/
chead charset="UTF-8">
chead/
chea
```

```
<!-- Include slick-carousel JavaScript -->
<script src="https://code.jquery.com/jquery-3.6.0.min.js">>>/script>
<script src="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/slick-carousel/slick/slick.min.js">>>/script>
<script>

// Initialize slick carousel

$(document).ready(function(){
    $('.slider').slick({
        // Add your configuration options here
        autoplay: true,
        autoplaySpeed: 2000,
        dots: true,
        arrows: false
    });
});
</script>

</body>
</html>
```



• • •

7. Prevent the browser when i click the form submit button

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
 <meta charset="UTF-8">
 <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
 <title>Form Validation</title>
   .error {
     color: ■red;
<h2>Registration Form</h2>
<form id="registrationForm">
   <label for="username">Username:</label>
   <input type="text" id="username" name="username">
   <span id="usernameError" class="error"></span>
   <label for="email">Email:</label>
   <input type="email" id="email" name="email">
   <span id="emailError" class="error"></span>
   <label for="password">Password:</label>
   <input type="password" id="password" name="password">
    <span id="passwordError" class="error"></span>
    <label for="confirmPassword">Confirm Password:</label>
   <input type="password" id="confirmPassword" name="confirmPassword">
   <span id="confirmPasswordError" class="error"></span>
   <button type="submit" id="submitButton">Submit
```



MODULE: 4 (New Request)

1. What is JSON

Ans: JSON (JavaScript Object Notation) is a simple way to store and exchange data in a text format. It's commonly used in web development to send data between a server and a web browser.

2. What is promises

Ans: Promises in JavaScript are a way to handle asynchronous operations. They represent a value that may be available now, in the future, or never. Promises can be in one of three states: pending (initial state), fulfilled (operation completed successfully), or rejected (operation failed).

3. Write a program of promises and handle that promises also

```
<script>
// Function that returns a promise to simulate an asynchronous operation
function fetchData() {
 return new Promise((resolve, reject) => {
   // Simulating fetching data asynchronously
   setTimeout(() => {
     const data = Math.random(); // Simulated data
     if (data > 0.5) {
       resolve(data); // Resolve the promise with the data if successful
       reject('Error: Data fetch failed'); // Reject the promise with an error message if failed
   }, 1000); // Simulating a delay of 1 second
// Using the promise
fetchData()
  .then(data => {
   console.log('Data fetched successfully:', data);
  .catch(error => {
   console.error('Error fetching data:', error);
/script>
```

- ⊗ ► Error fetching data: Error: Data fetch failed
- >
- 4. Use fetch method for calling an api https://fakestoreapi.com/products Code:

5. Display all the product from the api in your HTML page

```
(!DOCTYPE html)
<html lang="en">
 <meta charset="UTF-8">
 <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
 <title>Product List</title>
<h2>Product List</h2>
ul id="productList">
 fetch('https://fakestoreapi.com/products')
    .then(response => {
     if (!response.ok) {
       throw new Error('Network response was not ok');
     return response.json(); // Parse the response as JSON
   .then(products => {
     const productList = document.getElementById('productList');
     products.forEach(product => {
       const listItem = document.createElement('li');
       listItem.textContent = `${product.title} - $${product.price}`; // Display product title and price
       productList.appendChild(listItem); // Add list item to the ul element
   .catch(error => {
    console.error('Error fetching data:', error);
</script>
```

Product List

- Fjallraven Foldsack No. 1 Backpack, Fits 15 Laptops \$109.95
- Mens Casual Premium Slim Fit T-Shirts \$22.3
- Mens Cotton Jacket \$55.99
- Mens Casual Slim Fit \$15.99
- John Hardy Women's Legends Naga Gold & Silver Dragon Station Chain Bracelet \$695
- · Solid Gold Petite Micropave \$168
- White Gold Plated Princess \$9.99
- Pierced Owl Rose Gold Plated Stainless Steel Double \$10.99
- WD 2TB Elements Portable External Hard Drive USB 3.0 \$64
- SanDisk SSD PLUS 1TB Internal SSD SATA III 6 Gb/s \$109
- Silicon Power 256GB SSD 3D NAND A55 SLC Cache Performance Boost SATA III 2.5 \$109
- WD 4TB Gaming Drive Works with Playstation 4 Portable External Hard Drive \$114
- Acer SB220Q bi 21.5 inches Full HD (1920 x 1080) IPS Ultra-Thin \$599
- Samsung 49-Inch CHG90 144Hz Curved Gaming Monitor (LC49HG90DMNXZA) Super Ultrawide Screen QLED \$999.99
- BIYLACLESEN Women's 3-in-1 Snowboard Jacket Winter Coats \$56.99
- Lock and Love Women's Removable Hooded Faux Leather Moto Biker Jacket \$29.95
- Rain Jacket Women Windbreaker Striped Climbing Raincoats \$39.99
- MBJ Women's Solid Short Sleeve Boat Neck V \$9.85
- Opna Women's Short Sleeve Moisture \$7.95
- DANVOUY Womens T Shirt Casual Cotton Short \$12.99