Table Schemas and Relationships

Customers Table

customer_id: INT (Primary Key)

• **first_name**: VARCHAR(50)

• last_name: VARCHAR(50)

• date_of_birth: DATE

• email: VARCHAR(100)

• phone: BIGINT

• address: VARCHAR(255)

• **city**: VARCHAR(50)

• **state**: VARCHAR(50)

zip_code: INT

• created_at: TIMESTAMP

Accounts Table

account_number: BIGINT (Primary Key)

customer_id: INT (Foreign Key referencing Customers.customer_id)

• account_type: ENUM("Savings", "Current", "Salary", "OverDraft")

• **balance**: DECIMAL(15, 2)

• branch id: INT (Foreign Key referencing Branches.branch id)

• created_at: TIMESTAMP

Transactions Table

transaction_id: INT (Primary Key)

• account_number: BIGINT (Foreign Key referencing Accounts.account_number)

• **transaction_type**: ENUM("Deposit", "Withdrawal", "Transfer")

• amount: DECIMAL(15, 2)

• transaction_date: TIMESTAMP

Branches Table

branch_id: INT (Primary Key)

• branch_name: VARCHAR(50)

• **branch_address**: VARCHAR(255)

• **branch_location**: ENUM("Rural", "Urban")

• **city**: VARCHAR(50)

• **state**: VARCHAR(50)

zip_code: INT

phone: BIGINT

manager_id: INT (Foreign Key referencing Employees.employee_id)

Employees Table

employee_id: INT (Primary Key)

• **first_name**: VARCHAR(50)

last_name: VARCHAR(50)

• email: VARCHAR(100)

• phone: BIGINT

hire_date: DATE

position: VARCHAR(50)

• branch id: INT (Foreign Key referencing Branches.branch id)

Updated Relationships

- **Customers** to **Accounts**: One-to-Many (One customer can have multiple accounts, but an account belongs to one customer).
- **Accounts** to **Transactions**: One-to-Many (One account can have multiple transactions, but a transaction belongs to one account).
- **Branches** to **Accounts**: One-to-Many (One branch can have multiple accounts, but an account belongs to one branch).

•	Branches to Employees : One-to-Many (One branch can have multiple employees, but an employee works at one branch).