

Assignment 4 – Sets and Sorting

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Purpose

This assignment is a program that sorts through sets through various formats. There are two main types of functions that need to be implemented, sets and sorting algorithms. Size bit wise operators are used to implement nine different functions within sets to define nine different functionalities. An empty set, a full set, set insertion, removal, member, union, intersection, complement, and difference. These are the fundamental functions that need to be defined for set, in order for the sorting algorithms to execute smoothly. Without getting into too many details about the sorting algorithms in this particular section, the main purpose of them is to help organize items in the sets in an organized manner.

How to Use the Program

The basic premises of the of the assignment is pretty simple, which is why the way to use the program is also relatively simple. There are a few elementary steps that need to take place in order for the program to execute properly. One of them being the compilation of the files, this is done through the Makefile. To run the makefile so that the code can execute, the programmer had to run make, make format, make clean, and make release in order for the file to be cleaned and compiled correctly. After these commands are run in the command line and no errors are output, that means the files were successfully compiled. Now the user can run the program by running ./sorting in the command line to get an option of all the different commands they can ask for. Depending on what type of sorting algorithm they want to run, they can run -i, -a, -q, etc.

You should also describe any optional flags that your program uses, and what they do.

Program Design

This program has two major function types that are implemented as mentioned before. The first one are sets. Their main purpose is to keep track of the command line options and to work with them, bit wise operations can be used to do so. The second major type of algorithm that is used are sorting algorithms. In this specific program, all five sorting algorithms are utilized. The general structure of the program is as follows, with the predefined header files, they are called in their corresponding c files, which contain the functions to execute the sorting algorithms. There is also a sets.h file which has a corresponding sets.c file which contains code that has functions that runs the different operations.

Data Structures

As mentioned before, the data structures used are mainly sets, arrays and within those integers, strings, and functions. Here are the brief descriptions of each function used in set.c:

```
Define the the Set data type

Set set_empty(){
    function that returns empty set
}
```

```

Set set_universal(){
    function that returns a universal set(a set that has all 1 bits)
}

bool set_member(Set s, int x){
    function that checks if an element is apart of the set
}

Set set_insert(Set s, int x){
    function that adds/inserts an element into the set
}

Set set_remove(Set s, int x){
    function that removes an element from the set
}

Set set_union(Set s, Set t){
    function that calculates the union between two sets
}

Set set_intersect(Set s, Set t){
    function that calculates the intersection of two sets
}

Set set_difference(Set s, Set t){
    function that calculates the difference between two sets
}

Set set_complement(Set s){
    function that calcalates the complement between two sets
}

```

Algorithms

This section will show pseudo code for each sorting algorithm. Insert.c:

```

procedure insertion_sort(stats, arr, length)
    for k from 1 to length - 1
        key = arr[k]
        j = k - 1

        while j >= 0 and cmp(stats, arr[j], key) > 0
            arr[j + 1] = move(stats, arr[j])
            j = j - 1

        arr[j + 1] = move(stats, key)
    end for
end procedure

```

Shell.c:

```

procedure shell_sort(stats, A, length)
    for gap_index from 0 to GAPS - 1

```

```

        gap = gaps[gap_index]

        for k from gap to length - 1
            temp = move(stats, A[k])
            j = k

            while j >= gap and cmp(stats, A[j - gap], temp) > 0
                A[j] = move(stats, A[j - gap])
                j = j - gap

            A[j] = move(stats, temp)
        end for
    end for
end procedure

```

Heap.c:

```

procedure max_child(stats, A, first, last)
    left = 2 * first + 1
    right = 2 * first + 2
    if right <= last and cmp(stats, A[right], A[left]) > 0
        return right
    return left
end procedure

procedure fix_heap(stats, A, first, last)
    done = false
    parent = first
    while 2 * parent + 1 <= last and not done
        largest_child = max_child(stats, A, parent, last)
        if cmp(stats, A[parent], A[largest_child]) < 0
            swap(stats, A[parent], A[largest_child])
            parent = largest_child
        else
            done = true
        end if
    end while
end procedure

procedure build_heap(stats, A, first, last)
    if last > 0
        for parent from (last - 1) / 2 down to first
            fix_heap(stats, A, parent, last)
        end for
    end if
end procedure

procedure heap_sort(stats, A, n)
    first = 0
    last = n - 1
    build_heap(stats, A, first, last)
    for leaf from last down to first + 1
        swap(stats, A[first], A[leaf])
        fix_heap(stats, A, first, leaf - 1)
    end for
end procedure

```

```
    end for
end procedure
```

Batcher.c:

```
procedure comparator(stats, A, x, y)
    if cmp(stats, A[x], A[y]) > 0
        swap(stats, A[x], A[y])
    end if
end procedure

procedure batcher_sort(stats, A, n)
    if n = 0
        return
    end if

    t = ceil(log2(n))
    p = 2^(t - 1)

    while p > 0
        q = 2^(t - 1)
        r = 0
        d = p

        while d > 0
            for i from 0 to n - d - 1
                if (i & p) = r
                    comparator(stats, A, i, i + d)
                end if
            end for
            d = q - p
            q = q / 2
            r = p
        end while
        p = p / 2
    end while
end procedure
```

Quick.c:

```
procedure partition(stats, A, lo, hi)
    pivot = A[hi]
    i = lo - 1

    for j from lo to hi - 1
        if cmp(stats, A[j], pivot) < 0
            i = i + 1
            swap(stats, A[i], A[j])
        end if
    end for
    i = i + 1
    swap(stats, A[i], A[hi])
    return i
end procedure
```

```

procedure quick_sorter(stats, A, lo, hi)
    if lo < hi
        p = partition(stats, A, lo, hi)
        quick_sorter(stats, A, lo, p - 1)
        quick_sorter(stats, A, p + 1, hi)
    end if
end procedure

procedure quick_sort(stats, A, n)
    quick_sorter(stats, A, 0, n - 1)
end procedure

```

Function Descriptions

I have a main function in a file named `sorting.c` that primarily executes all the sorting algorithms along with the bit wise operators on the sets given. This is the pseudo code for the current main function, labeled `sorting.c`.

```

function print_help(program_name):
    Print program usage and options.

function print_array(arr, arr_size, print_count):
    For i in range 0 to min(arr_size, print_count):
        Print arr[i] with formatting
        If (i + 1) is a multiple of 5:
            Print a newline
    If arr_size is not a multiple of 5:
        Print a newline

function main(argc, argv):
    Initialize arr_size to 100
    Initialize print_count to 100
    Initialize seed to 13371453
    Initialize run_algorithms as an array of 5 booleans, all set to false

    Process command line options using getopt:
    While there are more options to process:
        If option is 'H':
            Call print_help(argv[0])
            Return 0
        Else if option is 'a':
            Set all elements in run_algorithms array to true
        Else if option is 'i':
            Set run_algorithms[0] to true
        Else if option is 'h':
            Set run_algorithms[1] to true
        Else if option is 's':
            Set run_algorithms[2] to true
        Else if option is 'q':
            Set run_algorithms[3] to true
        Else if option is 'b':
            Set run_algorithms[4] to true
        Else if option is 'n':

```

```

        Set arr_size to atoi(optarg)
    Else if option is 'p':
        Set print_count to atoi(optarg)
    Else if option is 'r':
        Set seed to atoi(optarg)
    Else:
        Print usage message
        Exit with failure

If no sorting algorithm is selected:
    Call print_help(argv[0])
    Return 1

Allocate memory for an integer array arr of size arr_size
Create a Stats object called stats
Seed the random number generator with seed

Fill the array arr with random integers

If run_algorithms[0]:
    Call insertion_sort with stats, arr, and arr_size
    Print sorting statistics for Insertion Sort
    Call print_array(arr, arr_size, print_count)

If run_algorithms[1]:
    Reset the statistics in stats
    Call heap_sort with stats, arr, and arr_size
    Print sorting statistics for Heap Sort
    Call print_array(arr, arr_size, print_count)

If run_algorithms[2]:
    Reset the statistics in stats
    Call shell_sort with stats, arr, and arr_size
    Print sorting statistics for Shell Sort
    Call print_array(arr, arr_size, print_count)

If run_algorithms[3]:
    Reset the statistics in stats
    Call quick_sort with stats, arr, and arr_size
    Print sorting statistics for Quick Sort
    Call print_array(arr, arr_size, print_count)

If run_algorithms[4]:
    Reset the statistics in stats
    Call batcher_sort with stats, arr, and arr_size
    Print sorting statistics for Batcher Sort
    Call print_array(arr, arr_size, print_count)

Free the memory allocated for arr
Return 0

```

Results

After fixing minor errors, the main function in the `sorting.c` file is executing successfully with no errors, meaning the program is also executing successfully. Some errors that could have taken place There are a few false positives that can occur as a result of scan-build. They consist of are false positives due to the scan build function. However this was mitigated through making sure there were no uninitialized variables, array bound violations, and memory or resource leaks. Each sorting algorithm had differing outputs. For example, the insertion sort seemed to be a little more efficient in terms of smaller arrays, however quicksort seemed to be more efficient and faster with longer arrays. The heap, shell, and batcher sorting algorithm seemed to be in a similar ballpark in terms of performance. They were still all efficient, however somewhat slower than the others. I observed that when the arrays were already somewhat sorted, it made the performance time much shorter and much more efficient especially for insert sort. As for the conditions in which the sorts perform the worst under, I would say when there is a reverse ordered array, it makes it harder for the sort algorithms to execute efficiently. Overall, I would say based off this assignment, not for all scenarios, but for most, insertion sort is the most efficient and fastest sort algorithm. I've also included screenshots of the results down below. The graph I've inserted below is one that compares all five different sorting algorithms and their data for a few specific test cases, like a reverse array, a long array, and a short array. As can be seen by the graph for this particular instance, the insert sorting algorithm performs exponentially better than the other algorithms.

```

asa@asarao:~/cse13s/asn4$ ./sorting -i
Insertion Sort, 100 elements, 2642 moves, 2638 compares
 8032304    34732749    42067670    54998264    56499902
 57831606    62698132    73647806    75442881    102476060
104268822    111498166    114109178    134750049    135021286
176917838    182960600    189016396    194989550    200592044
212246075    243082246    251593342    256731966    261742721
281272176    282549220    287277356    297461283    331368748
334122749    343777258    370030967    391223417    398173317
426152680    433486081    438071796    444703321    447975914
451764437    455275424    460885430    464871224    473260275
500293632    510040157    518072461    521864874    522702830
527207318    530718305    530735134    538219612    573093082
579453371    587189713    607875172    611422544    616902904
620182312    629948093    630759321    648567958    689665138
708948898    738166936    744868500    754364921    782250002
783550802    783585680    855167780    860725547    868766010
908068554    910310679    919290914    920038191    923423680
934604298    935579555    944225142    950136224    954916333
965680864    966879077    988526615    989854347    994582085
995796877    999105042    1018598925    1025188081    1037080358
1037686539    1048807596    1054405046    1057925624    1072766566
asa@asarao:~/cse13s/asn4$ ./sorting -h
Heap Sort, 100 elements, 1755 moves, 1029 compares
 8032304    34732749    42067670    54998264    56499902
 57831606    62698132    73647806    75442881    102476060
104268822    111498166    114109178    134750049    135021286
176917838    182960600    189016396    194989550    200592044
212246075    243082246    251593342    256731966    261742721
281272176    282549220    287277356    297461283    331368748
334122749    343777258    370030967    391223417    398173317
426152680    433486081    438071796    444703321    447975914
451764437    455275424    460885430    464871224    473260275
500293632    510040157    518072461    521864874    522702830
527207318    530718305    530735134    538219612    573093082
579453371    587189713    607875172    611422544    616902904
620182312    629948093    630759321    648567958    689665138
708948898    738166936    744868500    754364921    782250002
783550802    783585680    855167780    860725547    868766010
908068554    910310679    919290914    920038191    923423680
934604298    935579555    944225142    950136224    954916333
965680864    966879077    988526615    989854347    994582085
995796877    999105042    1018598925    1025188081    1037080358
1037686539    1048807596    1054405046    1057925624    1072766566

```

Figure 1: Screenshot of -i and -h command


```

asa@asarao:~/cse13s/asn4$ ./sorting -q
Quick Sort, 100 elements, 1053 moves, 640 compares
 8032304    34732749    42067670    54998264    56499902
57831606    62698132    73647806    75442881    102476060
104268822   111498166   114109178   134750049   135021286
176917838   182960600   189016396   194989550   200592044
212246075   243082246   251593342   256731966   261742721
281272176   282549220   287277356   297461283   331368748
334122749   343777258   370030967   391223417   398173317
426152680   433486081   438071796   444703321   447975914
451764437   455275424   460885430   464871224   473260275
500293632   510040157   518072461   521864874   522702830
527207318   530718305   530735134   538219612   573093082
579453371   587189713   607875172   611422544   616902904
620182312   629948093   630759321   648567958   689665138
708948898   738166936   744868500   754364921   782250002
783550802   783585680   855167780   860725547   868766010
908068554   910310679   919290914   920038191   923423680
934604298   935579555   944225142   950136224   954916333
965680864   966879077   988526615   989854347   994582085
995796877   999105042   1018598925  1025188081  1037080358
1037686539  1048807596  1054405046  1057925624  1072766566

asa@asarao:~/cse13s/asn4$ ./sorting -b
Batcher Sort, 100 elements, 1209 moves, 1077 compares
 8032304    34732749    42067670    54998264    56499902
57831606    62698132    73647806    75442881    102476060
104268822   111498166   114109178   134750049   135021286
176917838   182960600   189016396   194989550   200592044
212246075   243082246   251593342   256731966   261742721
281272176   282549220   287277356   297461283   331368748
334122749   343777258   370030967   391223417   398173317
426152680   433486081   438071796   444703321   447975914
451764437   455275424   460885430   464871224   473260275
500293632   510040157   518072461   521864874   522702830
527207318   530718305   530735134   538219612   573093082
579453371   587189713   607875172   611422544   616902904
620182312   629948093   630759321   648567958   689665138
708948898   738166936   744868500   754364921   782250002
783550802   783585680   855167780   860725547   868766010
908068554   910310679   919290914   920038191   923423680
934604298   935579555   944225142   950136224   954916333
965680864   966879077   988526615   989854347   994582085
995796877   999105042   1018598925  1025188081  1037080358
1037686539  1048807596  1054405046  1057925624  1072766566

```

Figure 2: Screenshot of -q and -h command

```

asa@asarao:~/cse13s/asn4$ ./sorting -s
Shell Sort, 100 elements, 3025 moves, 1575 compares
8032304 34732749 42067670 54998264 56499902
57831606 62698132 73647806 75442881 102476060
104268822 111498166 114109178 134750049 135021286
176917838 182960600 189016396 194989550 200592044
212246075 243082246 251593342 256731966 261742721
281272176 282549220 287277356 297461283 331368748
334122749 343777258 370030967 391223417 398173317
426152680 433486081 438071796 444703321 447975914
451764437 455275424 460885430 464871224 473260275
500293632 510040157 518072461 521864874 522702830
527207318 530718305 530735134 538219612 573093082
579453371 587189713 607875172 611422544 616902904
620182312 629948093 630759321 648567958 689665138
708948898 738166936 744868500 754364921 782250002
783550802 783585680 855167780 860725547 868766010
908068554 910310679 919290914 920038191 923423680
934604298 935579555 944225142 950136224 954916333
965680864 966879077 988526615 989854347 994582085
995796877 999105042 1018598925 1025188081 1037080358
1037686539 1048807596 1054405046 1057925624 1072766566

```

Figure 3: Screenshot of -s command

```

asa@asarao:~/cse13s/asn4$ ./sorting -a -p 1
Insertion Sort, 100 elements, 2642 moves, 2638 compares
8032304
Heap Sort, 100 elements, 1920 moves, 1081 compares
8032304
Shell Sort, 100 elements, 2774 moves, 1387 compares
8032304
Quick Sort, 100 elements, 15147 moves, 4950 compares
8032304
Batcher Sort, 100 elements, 0 moves, 1077 compares
8032304

```

Figure 4: Screenshot of one of the test cases in harness

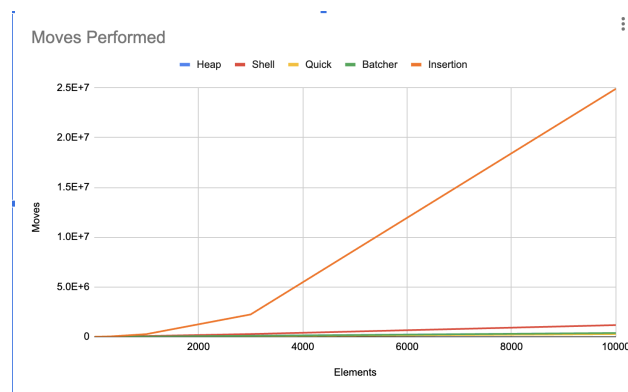


Figure 5: This is a graph that compares all the sort algorithms together.