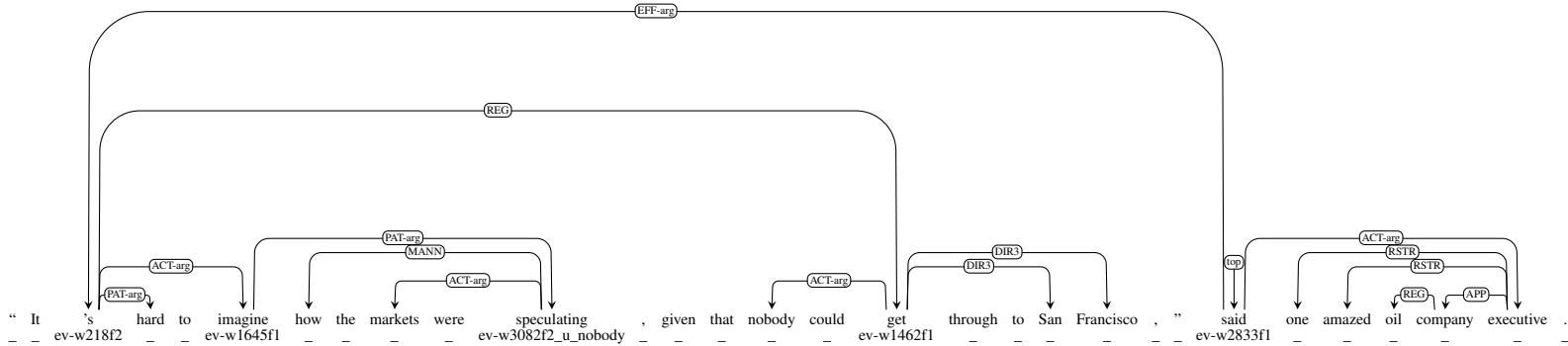
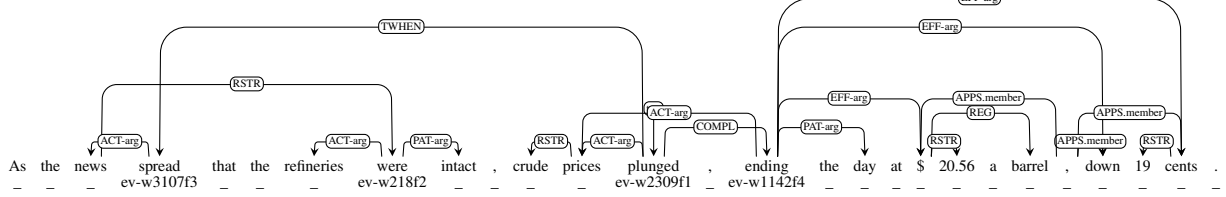


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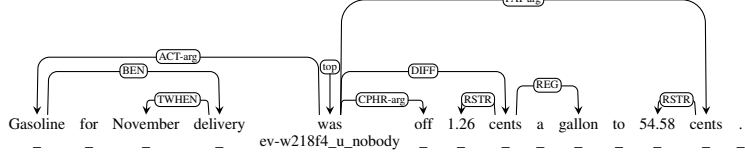




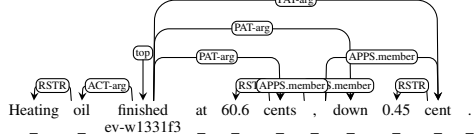
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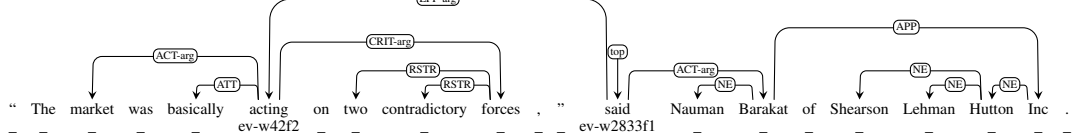
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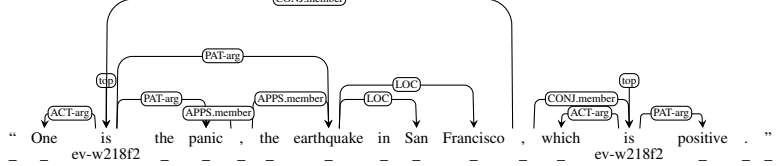
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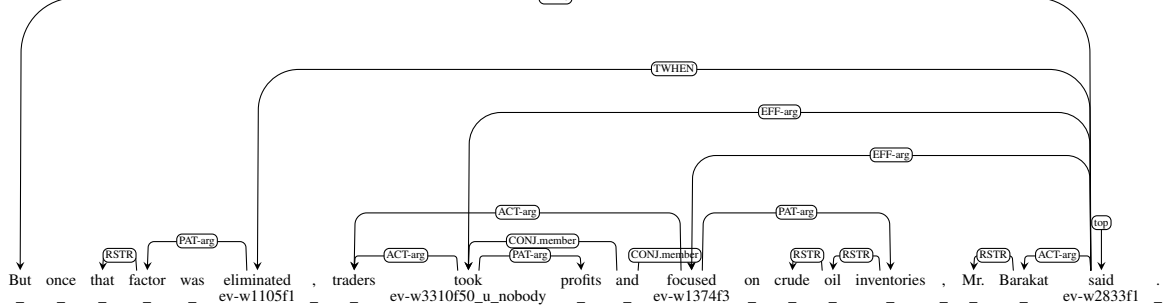
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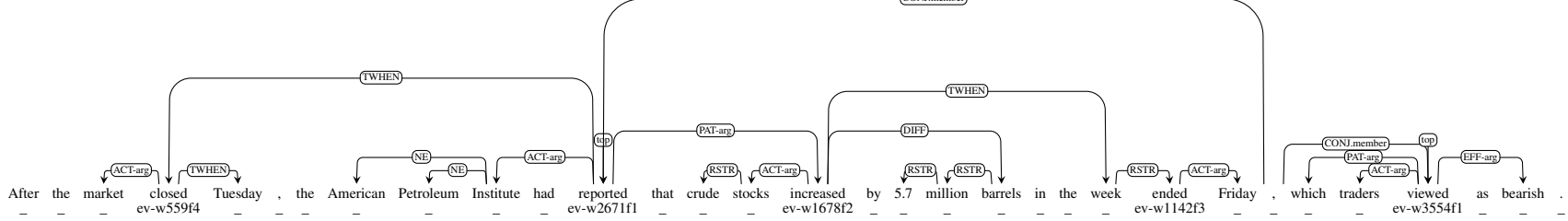
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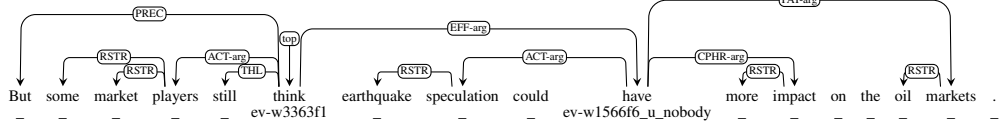
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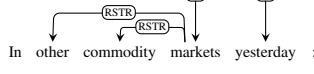
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[21932020]



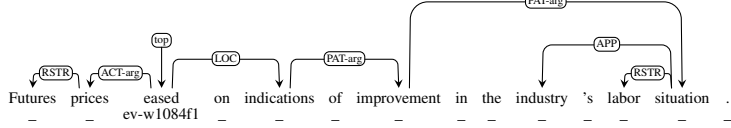
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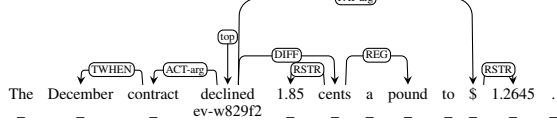
[21932023]



[21932024]



[21932025]



[21932026]





Cattle prices have risen in recent weeks on speculation that the government's quarterly report will signal tighter supplies of beef.

Figure 1 displays two parse trees for the example sentences. The left tree represents the full sentence, and the right tree represents a partial sentence. The trees use labels to denote different syntactic components: RESTB (Relative Clause), RESTA (Relative Clause), MC_Tap (Main Clause), PAR (Prepositional Phrase), and GRP (Group). The trees show the hierarchical structure of the sentences, with the main clause (MC_Tap) being the central part of the sentence. The left tree shows the main clause (MC_Tap) and the relative clause (RESTB) that modifies it. The right tree shows the main clause (MC_Tap) and the relative clause (RESTB) that modifies it. The trees also show the prepositional phrase (PAR) and the group (GRP) that are part of the sentence structure.

Feedlots fatten cattle for slaughter . so a drop indicates ev-w1683f1 that the production of beef will dip this winter .
ev-w288f1 ev-w942f2