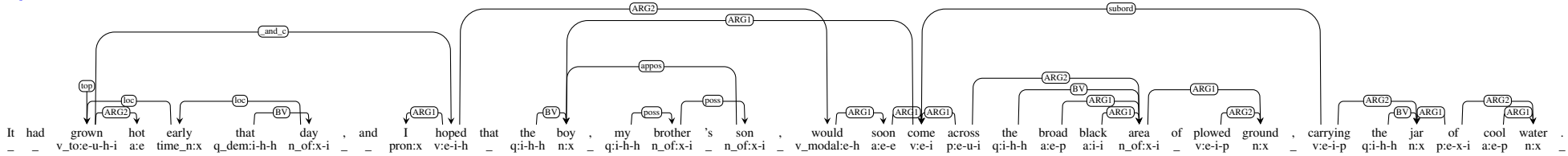
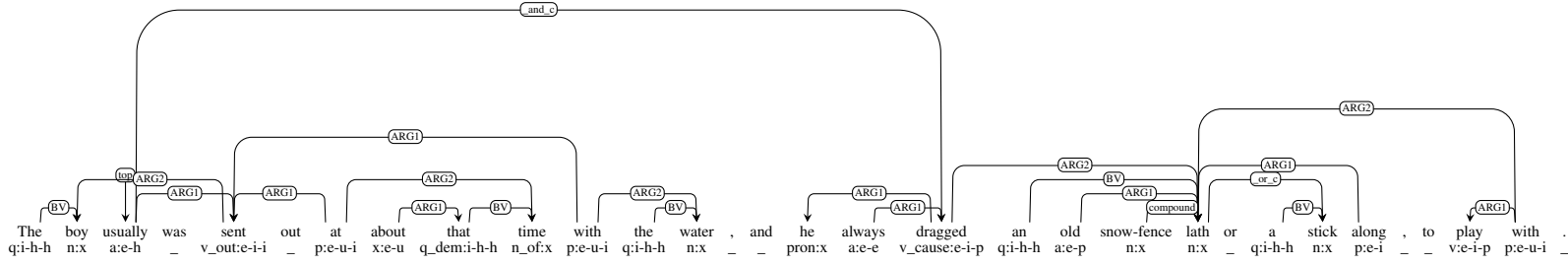


Segment P26

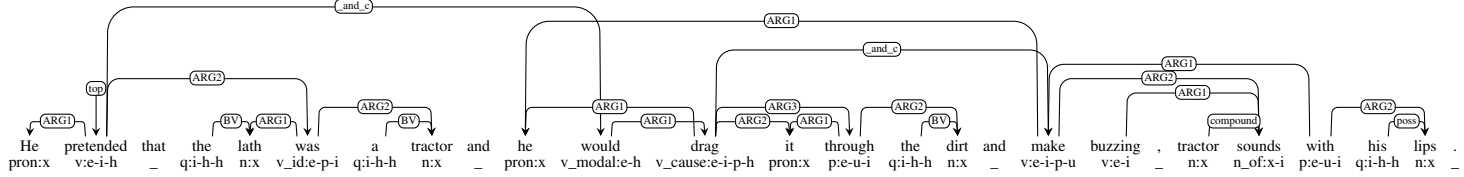
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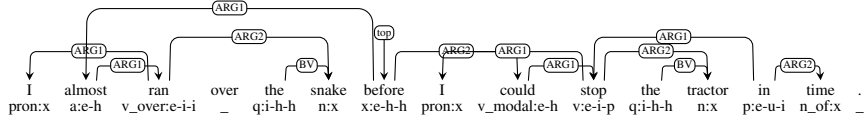
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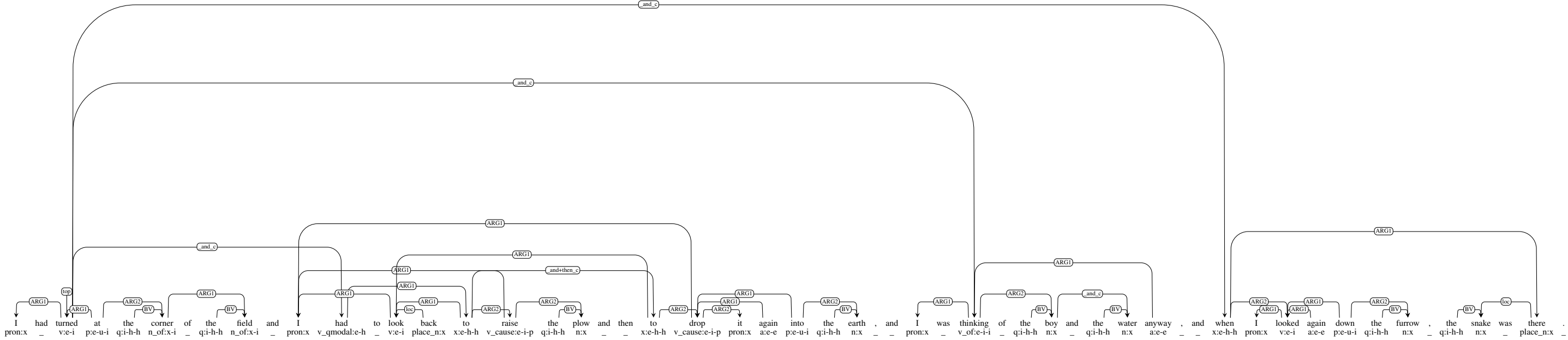
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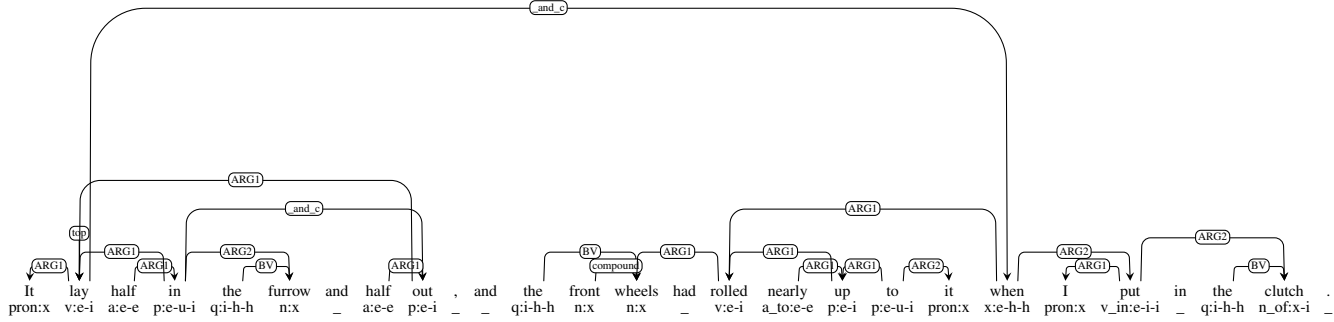
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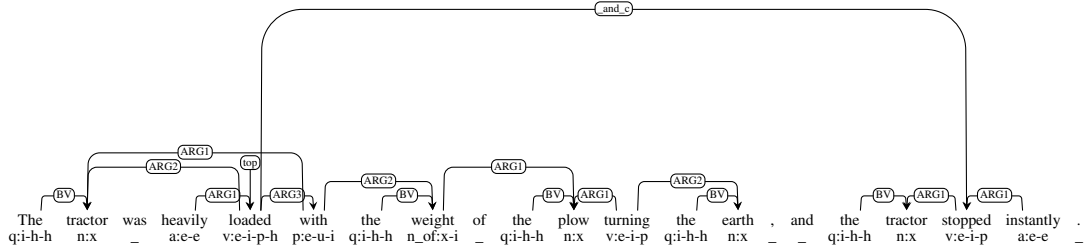
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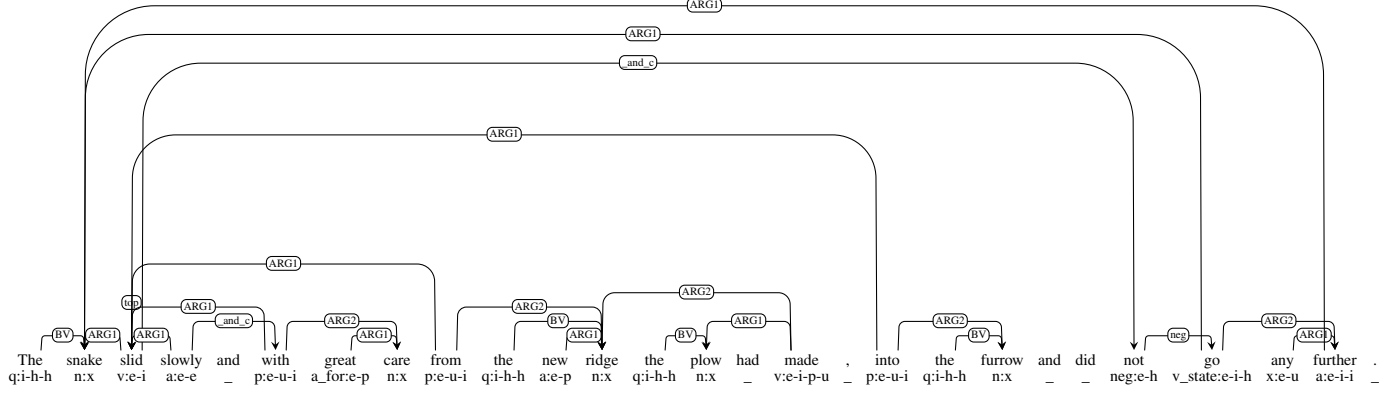
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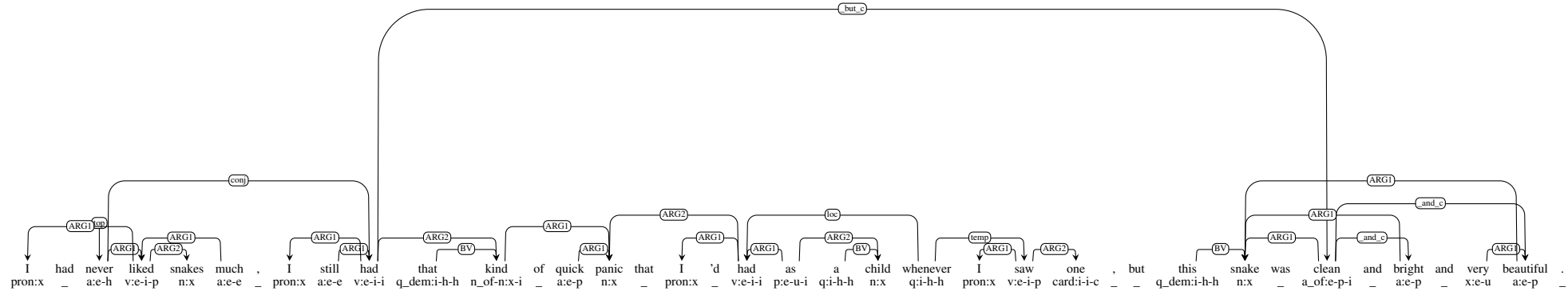
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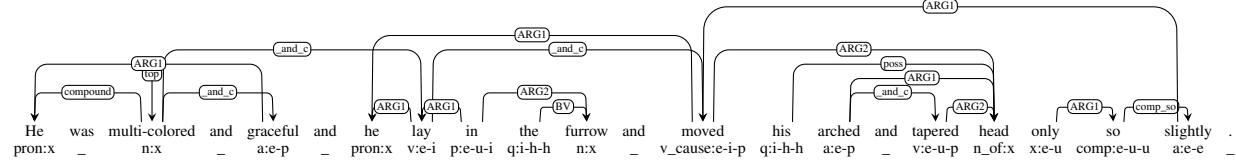
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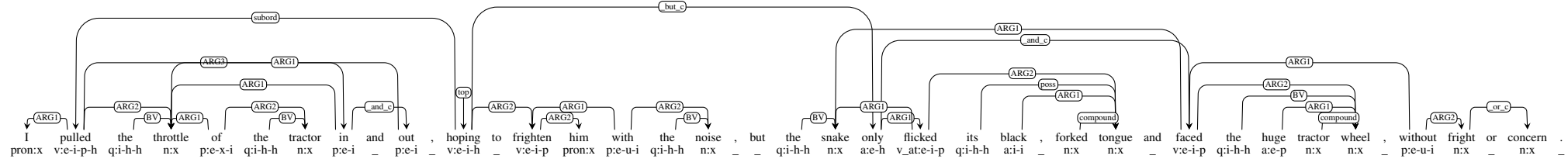
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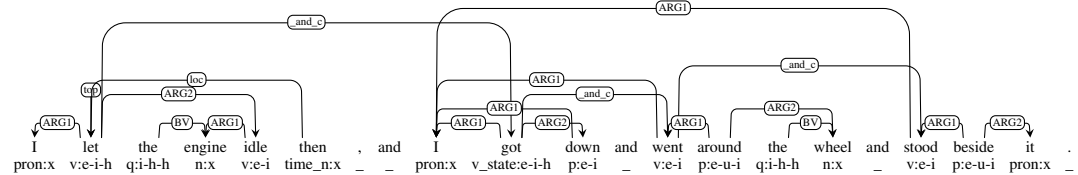
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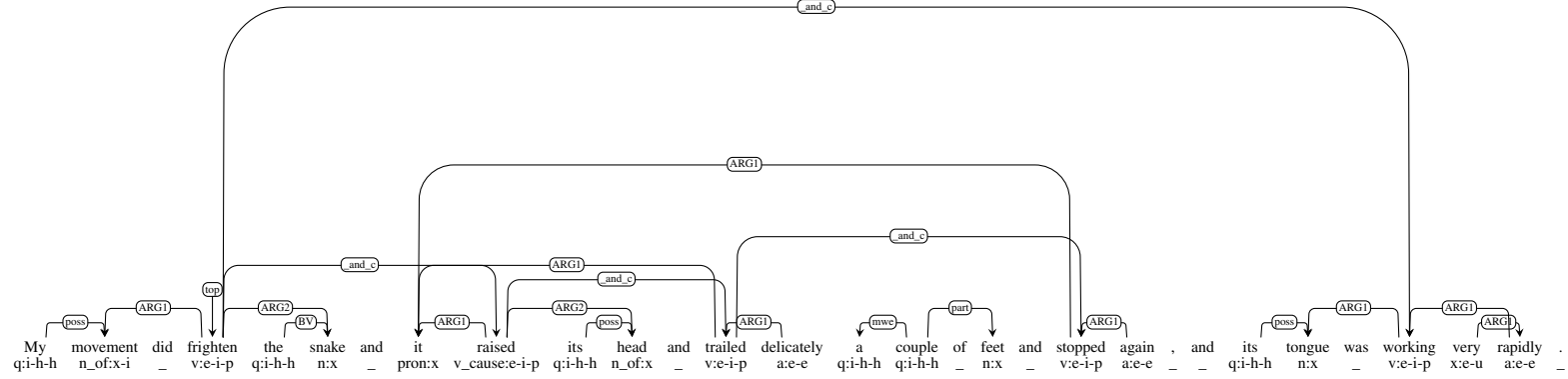
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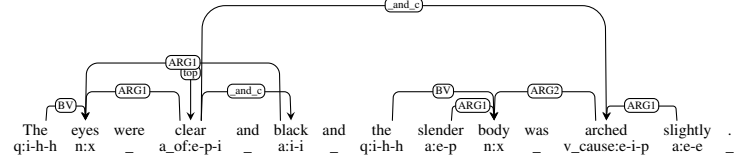
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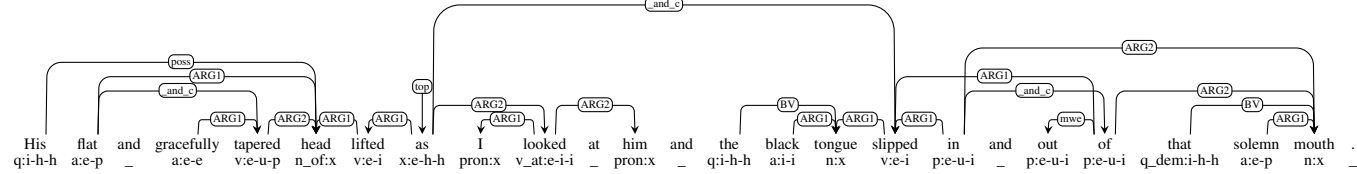
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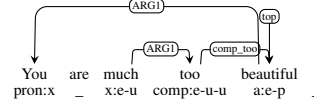
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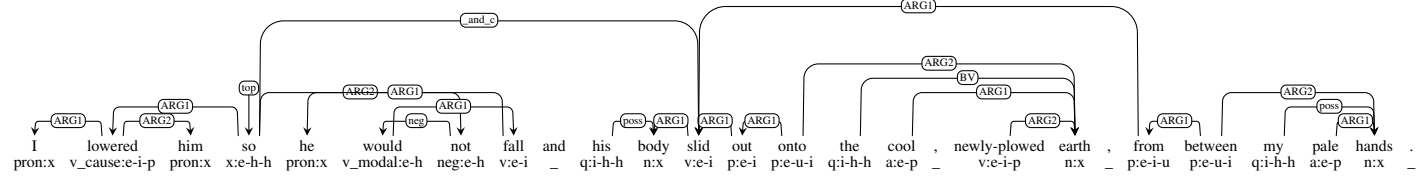
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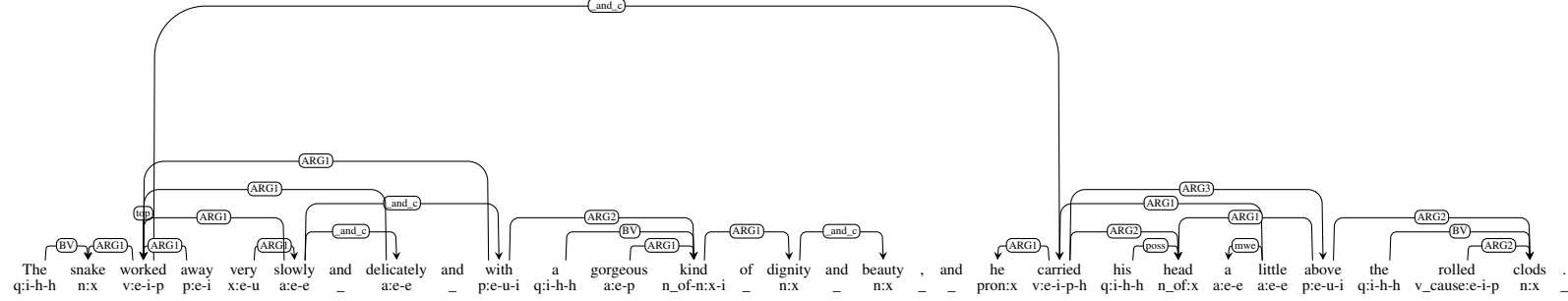
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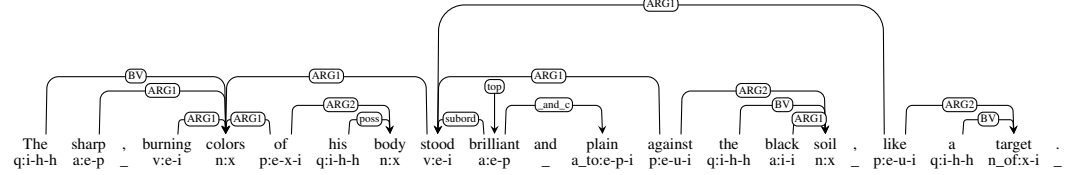
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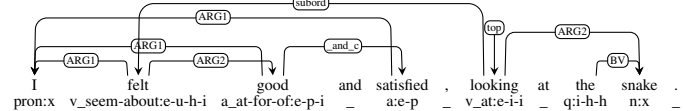
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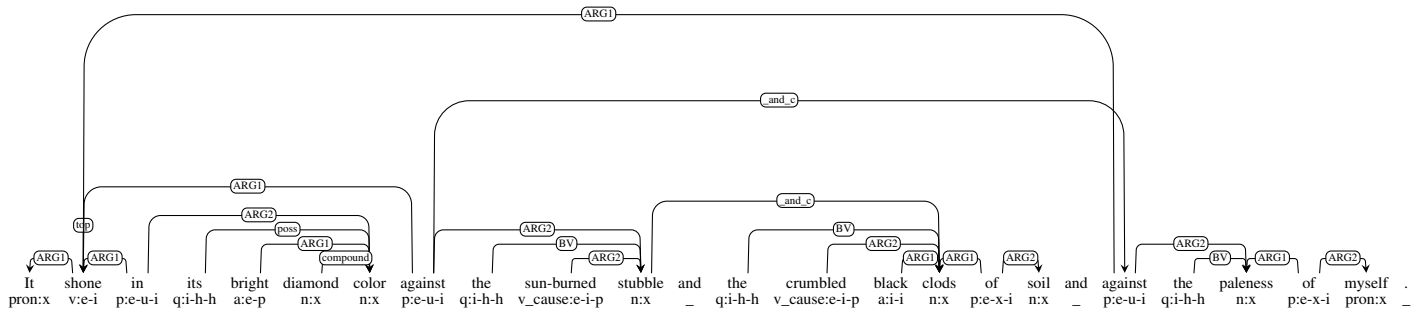
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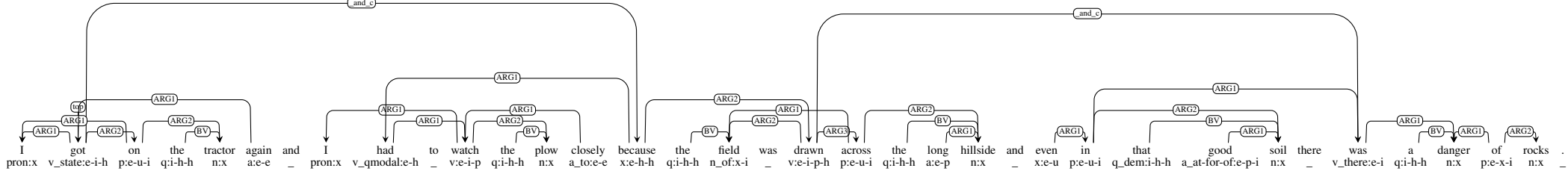
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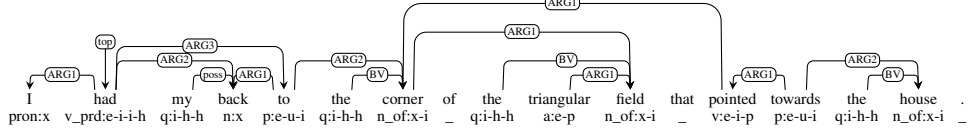
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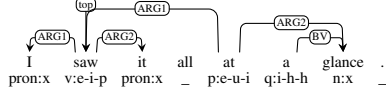
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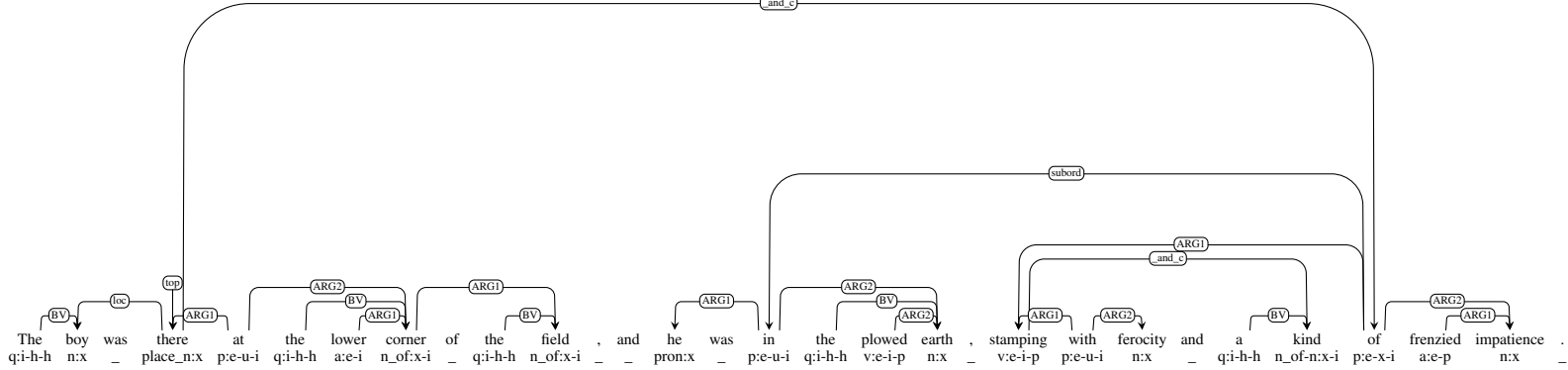
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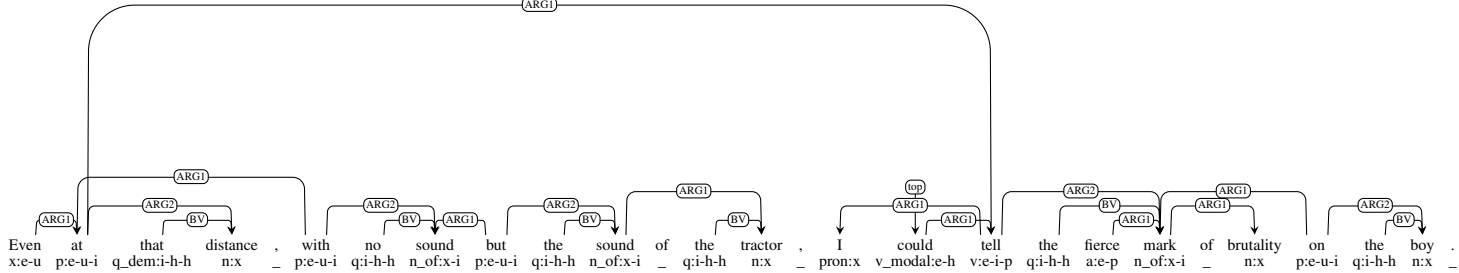
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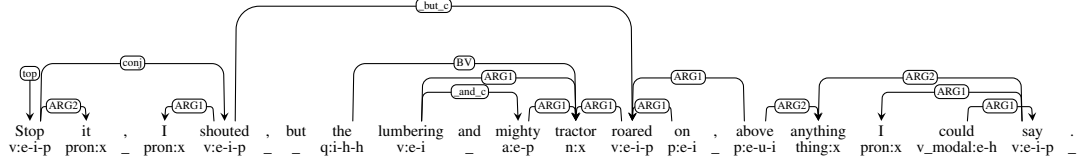
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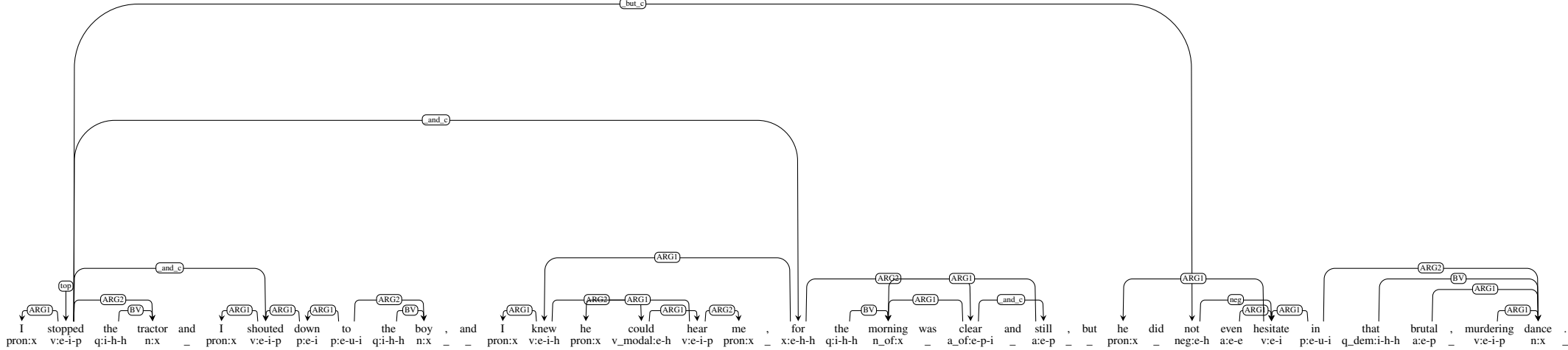
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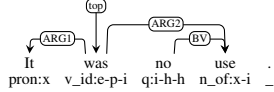
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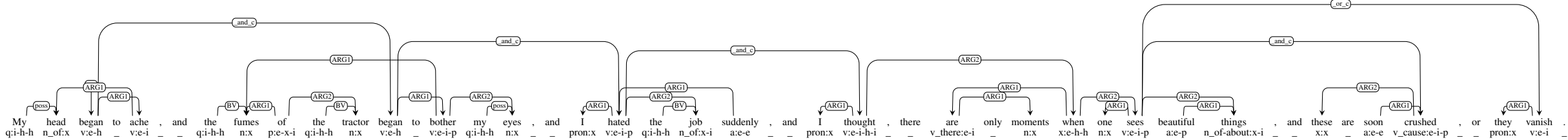
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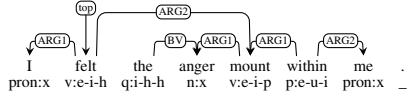
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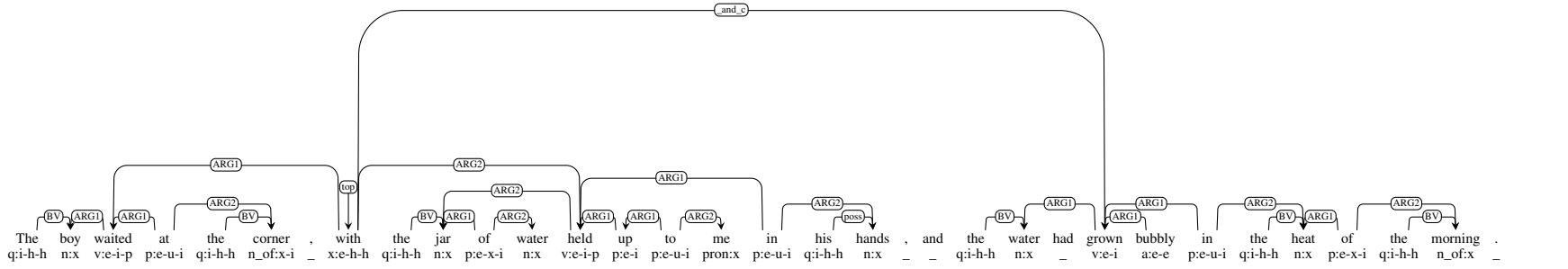
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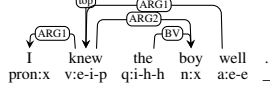
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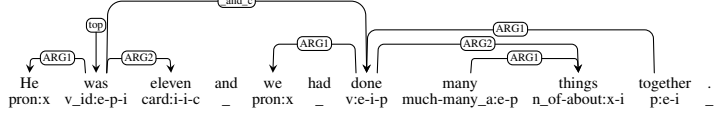
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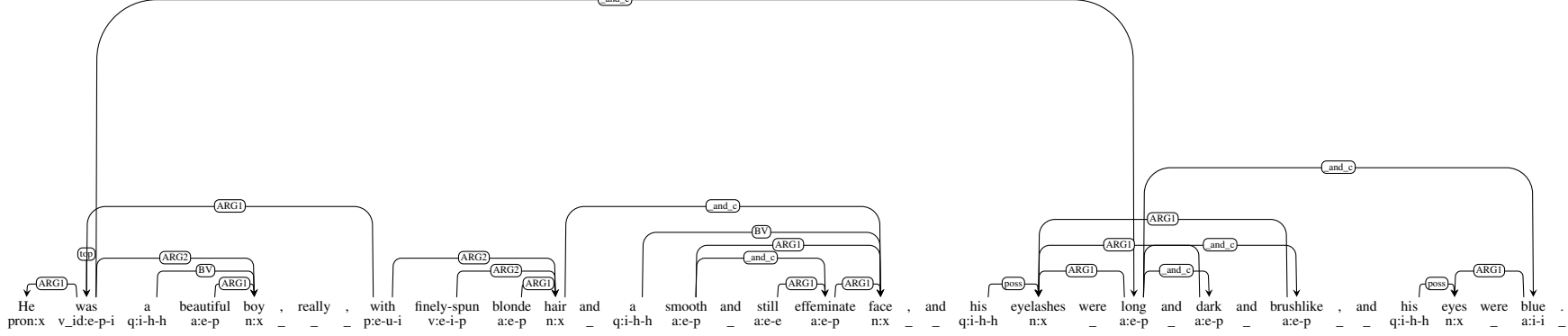
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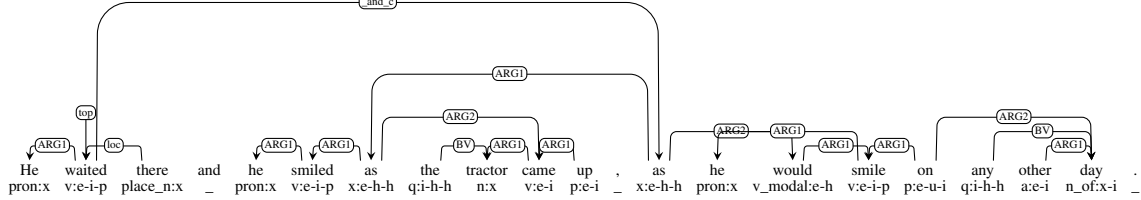
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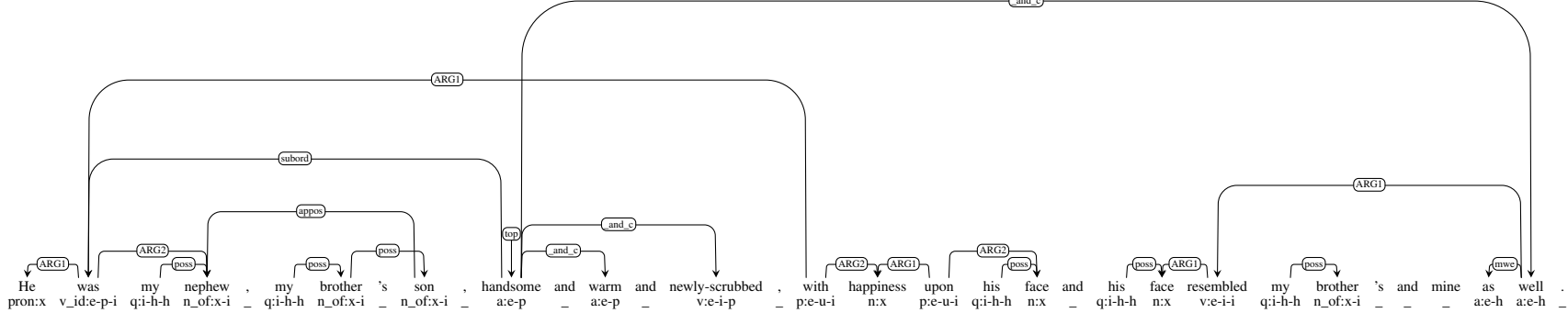
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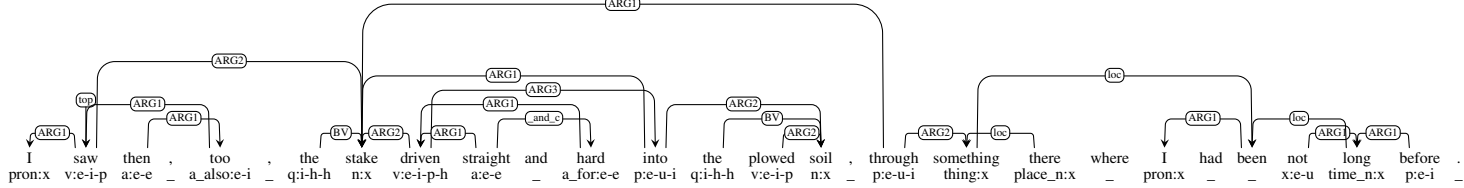
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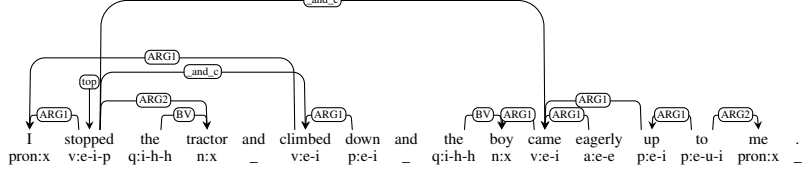
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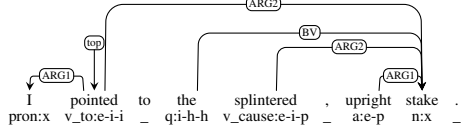
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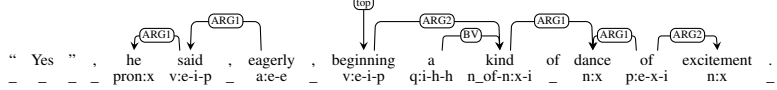
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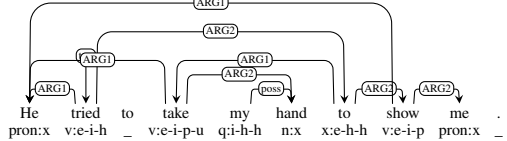
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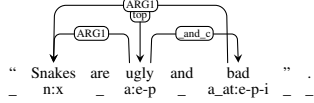
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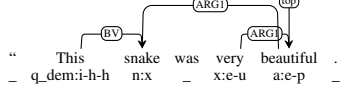
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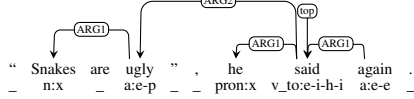
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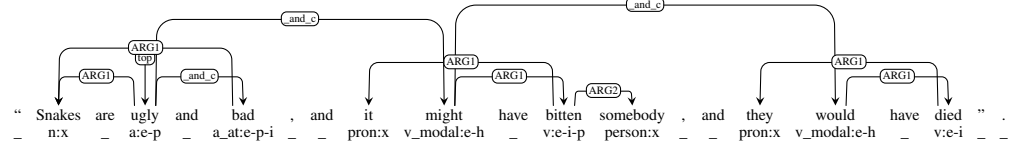
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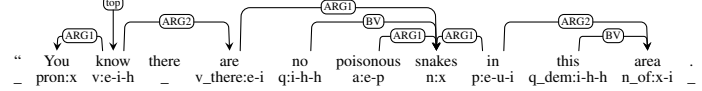
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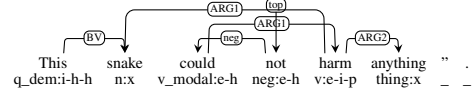
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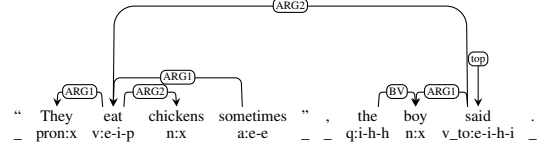
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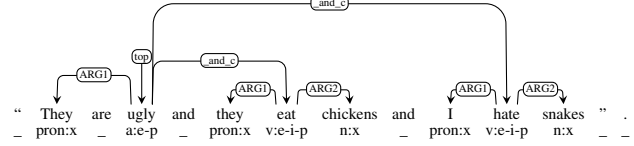
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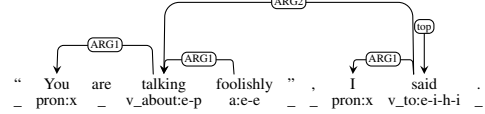
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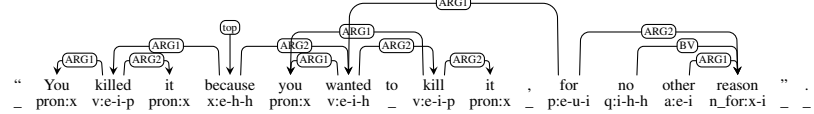
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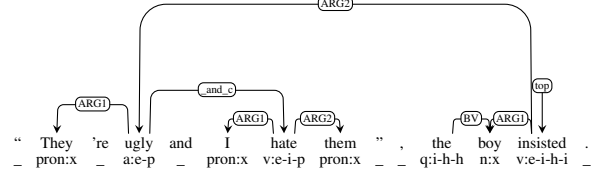
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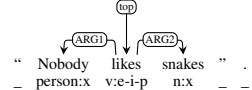
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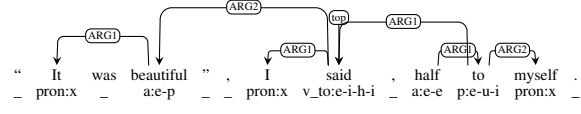
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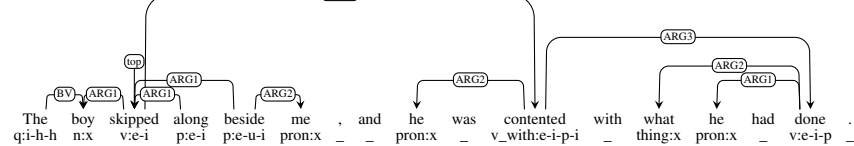
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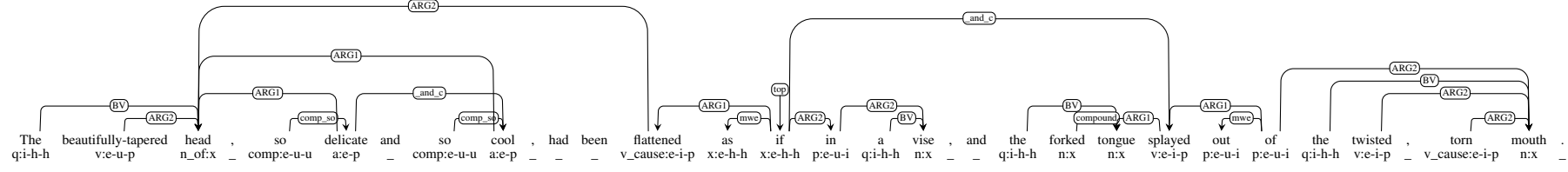
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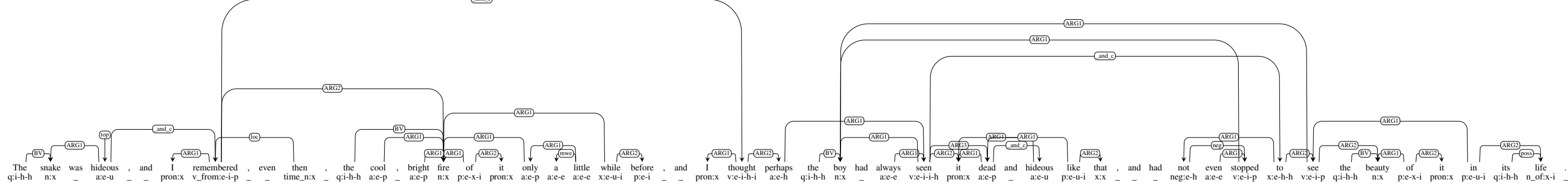
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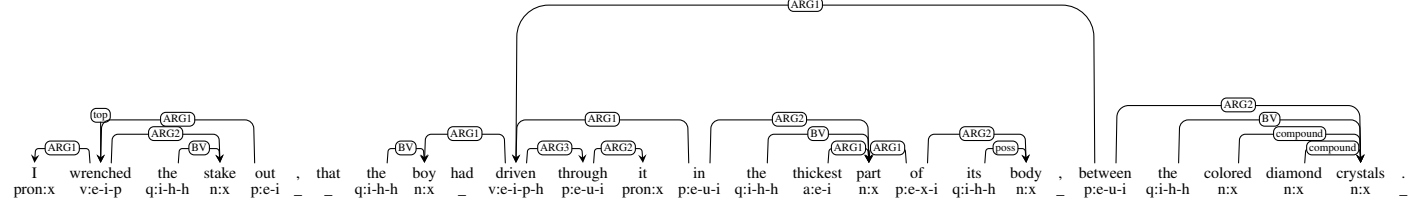
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[41526081]



[41526082]



[41526083]

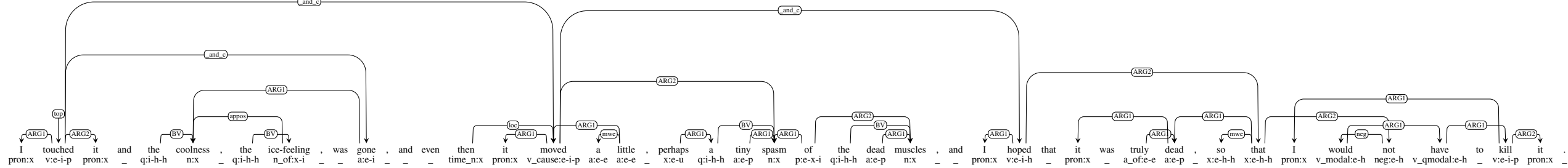


Figure 10. The syntactic structure of the Chinese sentence in (10) in the left column and the English sentence in (11) in the right column. The Chinese sentence in (10) is a complex sentence with a main clause and a subordinate clause. The main clause is a *ba*-construction, and the subordinate clause is a *ba*-construction. The English sentence in (11) is a complex sentence with a main clause and a subordinate clause. The main clause is a *ba*-construction, and the subordinate clause is a *ba*-construction. The syntactic structure of the Chinese sentence in (10) is shown in the left column, and the syntactic structure of the English sentence in (11) is shown in the right column. The Chinese sentence in (10) is a complex sentence with a main clause and a subordinate clause. The main clause is a *ba*-construction, and the subordinate clause is a *ba*-construction. The English sentence in (11) is a complex sentence with a main clause and a subordinate clause. The main clause is a *ba*-construction, and the subordinate clause is a *ba*-construction. The syntactic structure of the Chinese sentence in (10) is shown in the left column, and the syntactic structure of the English sentence in (11) is shown in the right column.

The boy stood off a few feet and he thrust his stake again and he was racing innocently in circles making the q-i-h-h buzzing tractor sound with his lips.

[illegible]

The figure displays two syntactic tree diagrams for the sentences "I took the broken length of it around the tractor and" and "I took one of the wrenches from the tool-kit and".

Left Tree: The root node is **and**. It branches into **ARG1** (I), **ARG2** (took), **ARG3** (the broken length of it), **ARG4** (around the tractor), and **ARG5** (and). The **ARG3** node further branches into **ARG3.1** (the), **ARG3.2** (broken), **ARG3.3** (length), **ARG3.4** (of), and **ARG3.5** (it). The **ARG4** node further branches into **ARG4.1** (the), **ARG4.2** (tractor), and **ARG4.3** (and).

Right Tree: The root node is **and**. It branches into **ARG1** (I), **ARG2** (took), **ARG3** (one of the wrenches), **ARG4** (from the tool-kit), and **ARG5** (and). The **ARG3** node further branches into **ARG3.1** (one), **ARG3.2** (of), **ARG3.3** (the), and **ARG3.4** (wrenches). The **ARG4** node further branches into **ARG4.1** (from), **ARG4.2** (the), and **ARG4.3** (tool-kit).

The boy came around behind me, dragging the stake.

qi-h-h n:x v:e-i p:e-u-i pron:x _ v_cause-e-i-p qi-h-h n:x

[illegible]

Figure 1. A sentence with a complex structure. The sentence is: "He came up and was going to push at it with his heavy shoes." The diagram shows the hierarchical structure of the sentence, with nodes representing grammatical functions and their corresponding words. The root node is "S", which branches into "NP" and "VP". "NP" branches into "ARG1" (He) and "ARG2" (came). "VP" branches into "and" and "V". "V" branches into "up" and "V". "V" branches into "and" and "V". "V" branches into "going" and "V". "V" branches into "to" and "V". "V" branches into "push" and "V". "V" branches into "at" and "V". "V" branches into "it" and "V". "V" branches into "with" and "V". "V" branches into "his" and "V". "V" branches into "heavy" and "V". "V" branches into "shoes".

“ Do n’t ” , I said .
 — — — — — pron:x v:e-i-p —

I could have slapped the boy
pron:x v_modal:e-h _ v:e-i-p q:i-h-h n:x




Figure 10: A parse tree for the sentence "He looked up at me, puzzled, and he swayed his head from side to side." The tree shows the hierarchical structure of the sentence, with nodes labeled with part-of-speech tags (e.g., ARG1, ARG2, and, prep) and the corresponding words or phrases. The tree is rooted at the top and branches down to the individual words and phrases. The words are: He, looked, up, at, me, , puzzled, , and, , he, swayed, his, head, from, side, , to, side, . The part-of-speech tags are: ARG1, ARG1, ARG1, ARG2, me, pronx, , puzzled, v-e-i, , and, pronx, he, v_cause, c-e-i-p, his, n_of_x, head, from, side, n_x, , to, side, n_x, .

Figure 10: A syntax tree for the sentence "I wanted to slap his face, wipe his forehead, forever the insolence and brutal glee from his mouth, and I decided then time, very suddenly, what thing? I would do." The tree shows the hierarchical structure of the sentence, with nodes labeled with syntactic categories (e.g., *NP*, *VP*, *PP*, *AP*) and their corresponding morphological forms (e.g., *I*, *wanted*, *to*, *slap*, *his*, *face*, *wipe*, *his*, *forehead*, *forever*, *the*, *insolence*, *and*, *brutal*, *glee*, *from*, *his*, *mouth*, *and*, *I*, *decided*, *then*, *time*, *very*, *suddenly*, *what*, *thing*, *I*, *would*, *do*). The tree is rooted at the top, with the main clause structure branching down to the individual words and phrases.