Gabon

## Political Stability Estimate Data

The data set shows the political stability estimate of the country for a given year and its classification in four categories (unstable, moderately unstable, moderately stable, stable).

## # A tibble: 19 x 4  
## country date stability stabilityCategory4   
## <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <chr>   
## 1 Gabon 1996 0.124 moderately stable   
## 2 Gabon 1998 0.324 moderately stable   
## 3 Gabon 2000 0.637 moderately stable   
## 4 Gabon 2002 0.406 moderately stable   
## 5 Gabon 2003 0.299 moderately stable   
## 6 Gabon 2004 0.408 moderately stable   
## 7 Gabon 2005 0.326 moderately stable   
## 8 Gabon 2006 0.220 moderately stable   
## 9 Gabon 2007 0.303 moderately stable   
## 10 Gabon 2008 0.264 moderately stable   
## 11 Gabon 2009 0.142 moderately stable   
## 12 Gabon 2010 0.299 moderately stable   
## 13 Gabon 2011 0.385 moderately stable   
## 14 Gabon 2012 0.293 moderately stable   
## 15 Gabon 2013 0.330 moderately stable   
## 16 Gabon 2014 0.150 moderately stable   
## 17 Gabon 2015 0.0212 moderately stable   
## 18 Gabon 2016 -0.105 moderately unstable  
## 19 Gabon 2017 -0.0892 moderately unstable

## Political Stability Estimate Plot

The plot shows the trends of stabilization and destabilization for the each country.

A stabilization trend can be classified as absolute, if the stability scores move from unstable or moderately unstable to moderately stable or stable (that is, crossing up the red line). The trend can be considered relative, if the scores remain in the same positive or negative areas. Similarly, a destabilization trend can be classified as absolute, if the stability scores move from stable or moderately stable to moderately unstable or unstable (that is, crossing down the red line). The trend is considered relative, if the scores remain in the same positive or negative areas.

