```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler, LabelEncoder, OneHotEncoder
from sklearn.impute import SimpleImputer
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split, GridSearchCV, RandomizedSearchCV
from sklearn.svm import SVC
from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
from sklearn.compose import ColumnTransformer
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
import joblib
import time
from scipy.stats import uniform
from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive')
→ Drive already mounted at /content/drive; to attempt to forcibly remount, call drive.mount("/content/drive"
# Loading dataset
credit = pd.read csv("/content/drive/MyDrive/final proyect/credit scores.csv",low memory=False)
df = credit.copy()
```

Dropping Columns

```
delete_columns = ["Name", "SSN", "ID", "Customer_ID"]
df.drop(delete_columns, axis=1, inplace=True)
df.head()

>>*
```

Month Age Occupation Annual_Income Monthly_Inhand_Salary Num_Bank_Accounts Num_Credit_Card Inte:

0	July	23.0	Scientist	19114.12	1824.843333	3.0	4.0
1	February	28.0	Teacher	34847.84	3037.986667	2.0	4.0
2	May	28.0	Teacher	34847.84	3037.986667	2.0	4.0
3	June	28.0	Teacher	34847.84	3037.986667	2.0	4.0
4	August	28.0	Teacher	34847.84	3037.986667	2.0	4.0
4	August	28.0	Teacher	34847.84	3037.986667	2.0	4.0

5 rows × 31 columns

Selecting Numerical and Categorical Data

```
numerical_format=['float64','int']
numerical_data = df.select_dtypes(include=numerical_format).columns
categorical_data = df.select_dtypes(include='object').columns
print("Numerical Data")
print(numerical_data)
print("")
print("Categorical Data")
print("")
print(categorical_data)
    Numerical Data
    Index(['Age', 'Annual_Income', 'Monthly_Inhand_Salary', 'Num_Bank_Accounts',
            'Num_Credit_Card', 'Interest_Rate', 'Delay_from_due_date',
            'Num_of_Delayed_Payment', 'Changed_Credit_Limit',
            'Num_Credit_Inquiries', 'Outstanding_Debt', 'Credit_Utilization_Ratio',
            'Credit_History_Age', 'Total_EMI_per_month', 'Amount_invested_monthly',
            'Monthly Balance', 'Count Auto Loan', 'Count Credit-Builder Loan',
            'Count_Personal Loan', 'Count_Home Equity Loan', 'Count_Not Specified',
            'Count_Mortgage Loan', 'Count_Student Loan',
```

```
COURT_DEDIT CORSOTTAGETOR FOR COURT_Payady Loar 1,
          dtvpe='object')
    Categorical Data
    Index(['Month', 'Occupation', 'Credit_Mix', 'Payment_of_Min_Amount',
            'Payment Behaviour', 'Credit Score'],
          dtvpe='object')
# Checking the min, max and mean values for each Numerical category
for col in numerical data:
    print(f"{col} : Min {df[col].min()} - Max {df[col].max()} - {df[col].mean()}")
    Age: Min 14.0 - Max 95.0 - 32.963502994011975
    Annual Income: Min 7005.93 - Max 24198062.0 - 180449.1165729597
    Monthly_Inhand_Salary : Min 303.6454166666666 - Max 15204.63333333333 - 4011.3346753538767
    Num Bank Accounts : Min -1.0 - Max 1798.0 - 17.670518846741114
    Num_Credit_Card : Min 0.0 - Max 1499.0 - 22.108409927846473
    Interest_Rate : Min 1.0 - Max 5797.0 - 77.57309661387383
    Delay from due date: Min -5.0 - Max 67.0 - 22.085661247342735
    Num of Delayed_Payment : Min 0 - Max 4397 - 32.5789773067481
    Changed Credit Limit: Min -6.44 - Max 36.29 - 10.788655728870394
    Num Credit Inquiries : Min 0.0 - Max 2597.0 - 28.006347495433996
    Outstanding_Debt : Min 0.23 - Max 4998.07 - 1510.6508349799412
    Credit Utilization Ratio: Min 20.88125003902868 - Max 49.56451934738699 - 32.22058395632018
    Credit_History_Age : Min 0.0 - Max 404.0 - 193.59627533758496
    Total EMI per month: Min 4.4628374669131645 - Max 82204.0 - 1403.5067912154855
    Amount invested monthly: Min 0.0 - Max 10000.0 - 614.0763433835015
    Monthly_Balance : Min 0.4534564914083034 - Max 1552.9460937445635 - 381.59373833367243
    Count_Auto Loan : Min 0.0 - Max 4.0 - 0.42262207718331785
    Count Credit-Builder Loan : Min 0.0 - Max 4.0 - 0.4532934131736527
    Count Personal Loan : Min 0.0 - Max 4.0 - 0.4406287425149701
    Count Home Equity Loan : Min 0.0 - Max 5.0 - 0.44211251160144904
    Count Not Specified: Min 0.0 - Max 4.0 - 0.44275106293790045
    Count_Mortgage Loan : Min 0 - Max 5 - 0.43859649122807015
    Count Student Loan : Min 0 - Max 5 - 0.4400335309262918
    Count Debt Consolidation Loan: Min 0 - Max 5 - 0.43359679061134065
    Count_Payday Loan : Min 0 - Max 5 - 0.4569187473803964
```

Dropping values

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```
# Age
df.drop(df[df.Age < 0].index, inplace=True)</pre>
# Num Bank Accounts
df.drop(df[df["Num Bank Accounts"] < 0].index, inplace=True)</pre>
# Reseting index values
df.reset_index(drop=True, inplace=True)
# Checking Null Values
#features null values = []
#for col in numerical data:
     if df[col].isnull().sum() !=0:
#
#
         features_null_values.append(col)
#####
#print(features_null_values)
df.isna().sum()
    Month
                                       2
                                       2
    Age
    Occupation
                                       2
    Annual_Income
                                       0
    Monthly_Inhand_Salary
                                       0
    Num Bank Accounts
                                       1
    Num_Credit_Card
                                       1
    Interest_Rate
                                       1
    Delay from due date
    Num_of_Delayed_Payment
                                       0
    Changed_Credit_Limit
                                       1
                                       3
    Num_Credit_Inquiries
    Credit_Mix
                                       0
    Outstanding Debt
                                       0
    Credit_Utilization_Ratio
                                       0
    Credit_History_Age
                                       3
    Payment_of_Min_Amount
                                       0
    Total_EMI_per_month
                                       4
    Amount_invested_monthly
                                       0
    Payment_Behaviour
                                       1
    Ma-4-1. Dalamaa
```

```
моптпту_ватапсе
                                  0
Credit_Score
Count_Auto Loan
                                  1
                                  2
Count_Credit-Builder Loan
Count Personal Loan
                                  2
                                  1
Count_Home Equity Loan
Count_Not Specified
                                  4
Count_Mortgage Loan
                                  0
Count_Student Loan
Count_Debt Consolidation Loan
                                  0
Count_Payday Loan
dtype: int64
```

Splitting the data

```
X = df.drop('Credit_Score', axis=1)
y = df['Credit Score']
X.info()
    <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
    RangeIndex: 33397 entries, 0 to 33396
    Data columns (total 30 columns):
                                        Non-Null Count Dtype
         Column
                                        33395 non-null object
         Month
     1
                                        33395 non-null float64
         Age
         Occupation
                                        33395 non-null object
     2
         Annual Income
                                        33397 non-null float64
         Monthly_Inhand_Salary
                                        33397 non-null float64
                                        33396 non-null float64
         Num_Bank_Accounts
     6
         Num_Credit_Card
                                        33396 non-null float64
                                        33396 non-null float64
         Interest_Rate
     8
         Delay from due date
                                        33394 non-null float64
         Num_of_Delayed_Payment
                                        33397 non-null int64
        Changed Credit Limit
                                        33396 non-null float64
         Num_Credit_Inquiries
     11
                                        33394 non-null float64
     12 Credit_Mix
                                        33397 non-null object
```

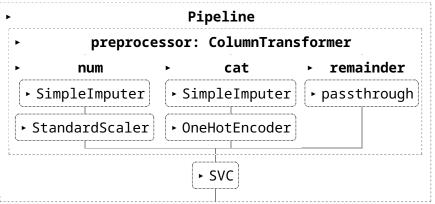
```
13 Outstanding Debt
                                        33397 non-null float64
     14 Credit_Utilization_Ratio
                                        33397 non-null float64
     15 Credit_History_Age
                                        33394 non-null float64
     16 Payment_of_Min_Amount
                                        33397 non-null object
     17 Total_EMI_per_month
                                        33393 non-null float64
     18 Amount invested monthly
                                        33397 non-null float64
     19 Payment Behaviour
                                       33396 non-null object
     20 Monthly_Balance
                                        33396 non-null float64
     21 Count Auto Loan
                                        33396 non-null float64
     22 Count Credit-Builder Loan
                                        33395 non-null float64
     23 Count_Personal Loan
                                        33395 non-null float64
     24 Count Home Equity Loan
                                        33396 non-null float64
     25 Count Not Specified
                                        33393 non-null float64
     26 Count_Mortgage Loan
                                        33397 non-null int64
     27 Count Student Loan
                                        33397 non-null int64
     28 Count_Debt Consolidation Loan 33397 non-null int64
     29 Count Payday Loan
                                        33397 non-null int64
    dtypes: float64(20), int64(5), object(5)
    memory usage: 7.6+ MB
# Split the data into train and test sets
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=1)
# Selecting again the numerical and categorical data but this time from splitted dataset
numerical_format = ['float64', 'int']
numerical_data = X.select_dtypes(include=numerical_format).columns
categorical_data = X.select_dtypes(include='object').columns
```

Replacing NaN Values from Numerical and Categorical Columns with Mean and most frequent words.

Applying pipelines and creating a SVC model

```
# Create a complete pipeline with the preprocessor and the SVM model
svm_pipeline = Pipeline([
          ('preprocessor', preprocessor),
          ('classifier', SVC(kernel='rbf', C=10))
])

# Fit the SVM model on the training data
svm_pipeline.fit(X_train, y_train)
```



```
# Predict the target values for the test data
y_pred = svm_pipeline.predict(X_test)
# Evaluate and report the accuracy
accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
print(f"Accuracy of the SVM model: {accuracy:.2f}")
    Accuracy of the SVM model: 0.69
import pickle
with open('svm_model.pkl','wb') as file:
  pickle.dump(svm_pipeline, file)
# Save the trained model to a file
#model_filename = 'svm_model.joblib'
#model_filename = 'svm_model.pkl'
#joblib.dump(svm_pipeline, model_filename)
#print(f"Model saved to {model filename}")
df.iloc[0]
```

dannyrave-57246.ipynb - Colab