### VLSI Design Tutorial - NGSPICE

Abhishek Srivastava

Assistant Professor

CVEST, IIIT Hyderabad



INTERNATIONAL INSTITUTE OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

HYDERABAD

## About NGSPICE, download and install

- SPICE : Simulation Program with Integrated Circuit Emphasis
- NGSPICE is an open source mixed-signal circuit simulator which can be used to perform different analysis on a circuit
- For SPICE, any circuit is described as an interconnection of various active, passive elements. This interconnection of elements is also called **Net-List**
- Parameters to capture physical behaviour of active devices can be included as Model File. For example BSIM1 to BSIM6 are SPICE models for various types of transistors developed by UC Berkley (Berkeley Short-channel IGFET Model)
- DC, transient, AC, pole-zero, noise, PSS analysis can be performed using NGSPICE
- Result plots can be viewed and saved
- Download NGSPICE from following path and install: http://ngspice.sourceforge.net/download.html

■ NGSPICE manual can be also downloaded from the same site

Abhishek Srivastava 1/10

### General structure of a Net-List

- Circuit description
- Models used to describe circuit elements may be included
- Type of analysis to be done on the circuit
- Control commands to run the simulation and plot/save the results

Note: Commands in NGSPICE are case insensitive

Abhishek Srivastava 2 / 10

# Example to illustrate NGSPICE usage

#### Net list of simple RC circuit

Simple RC low pass configuration

\* First line is the title. '\*' used for comments

\* Circuit discription

R1 in out 1k

C2 out 0 1nf

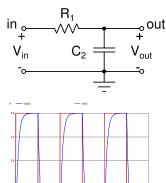
\* input pulse vin in 0 pulse 0 5 0ns 100ns 100ns 10us 20us

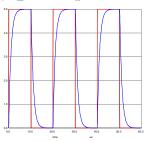
\* Type of analysis is transient .tran 10n 60u

.control run plot v(in) v(out)

\* Saving plots to ps file hardcopy rc\_ckt\_tr\_out\_1.eps v(in) v(out)

.endc





Abhishek Srivastava 3/10

# Example to illustrate DC analysis

#### $MOS I_{DS}$ - $V_{GS} curve$

```
Netlist to evaluate MOS ID-VGS characteristics
.include TSMC 180nm.txt
.param SUPPLY=1.8
.param LAMBDA=0.09u
.param width N={20*LAMBDA}
.global gnd vdd
VGS G gnd 'SUPPLY'
VDS D gnd 1V
M1 D G gnd gnd CMOSN W={width N} L={2*LAMBDA} +
AS={5*width N*LAMBDA} PS={10*LAMBDA+2*width N}
AD={5*width N*LAMBDA}
PD={10*LAMBDA+2*width N}
.dc VGS 0.1.80.05
.control
run
plot -VDS#branch
set hcopypscolor = 1 *White background
hardcopy mos id vg.eps -VDS#branch
.endc
```

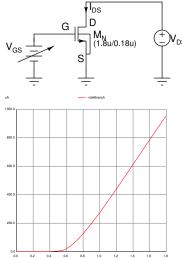


Figure:  $I_{DS}$  Vs  $V_{GS}$ 

Abhishek Srivastava

## Example to illustrate Transient analysis

#### CMOS Inverter transient analysis

```
CMOS inverter transient response
.include TSMC 180nm.txt
.param SUPPLY=1.8
.param LAMBDA=0.09u
.param width P=20*LAMBDA
.param width N=10*LAMBDA
.global gnd vdd
Vdd vdd gnd 'SUPPLY'
vin x gnd pulse 0 1.8 0ns 1ns 1ns 10ns 20ns
M1 y x gnd gnd CMOSN W={width_N} L={2*LAMBDA} +
AS={5*width N*LAMBDA} PS={10*LAMBDA+2*width N}
AD={5*width N*LAMBDA} PD={10*LAMBDA+2*width N}
M2 v x vdd vdd CMOSP W={width P} L={2*LAMBDA} +
AS={5*width P*LAMBDA} PS={10*LAMBDA+2*width P}
AD={5*width P*LAMBDA} PD={10*LAMBDA+2*width P}
Cout v gnd 100f
.tran 0.1n 200n .control
run
plot v(y) v(x)
set hcopypscolor = 1
hardcopy inv transient resp.eps v(x) v(y)
```

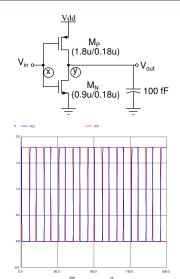


Figure: Transient response of CMOS Inverter

Abhishek Srivastava 5 / 10

### Example to illustrate .SUBCKT usage

### Describing CMOS inverter using subckt

```
CMOS inverter transient response
.include TSMC 180nm.txt
.param SUPPLY=1.8
.param LAMBDA=0.09u
.global gnd vdd
Vdd vdd gnd 'SUPPLY'
vin a gnd pulse 0 1.8 0ns 1ns 1ns 10ns 20ns
.subckt inv y x vdd gnd width_P=20*LAMBDA
width N=10*LAMBDA
.param width P=20*LAMBDA
.param width N=10*LAMBDA
M1 v x gnd gnd CMOSN W={width N} L={2*LAMBDA} +
AS={5*width N*LAMBDA} PS={10*LAMBDA+2*width N}
AD={5*width N*LAMBDA} PD={10*LAMBDA+2*width N}
M2 v x vdd vdd CMOSP W={width P} L={2*LAMBDA} +
AS={5*width_P*LAMBDA} PS={10*LAMBDA+2*width_P}
AD={5*width P*LAMBDA} PD={10*LAMBDA+2*width P}
ends inv
x1 b a vdd gnd inv width P=20*LAMBDA width N=10*LAMBDA
Cout b gnd 100f
.tran 0.1n 200n .control
run
plot v(b) v(a)
set hcopypscolor = 1
hardcopy inv transient resp subckt.eps v(b) v(a)
```

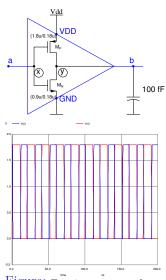


Figure: Transient response of

# Quick keys I

- To launch NGSPICE

  ngspice: It will take you to ngspice shell

  ngspice file\_name.<cir or sp>: It will execute the specified

  net-list
- Type quit or exit to end the ngspice shell
- To execute a net-list in ngspice shell ngspice —> source filename
- To edit in ngspice shell ngspice —> edit file\_name ; :wq! to save and quit editing
- To run an analysis specified in net-list in ngspice shell ngspice —> run
- To plot in ngspice shell use 'plot' command

Abhishek Srivastava 7 / 10

# Quick keys II

- To plot voltages
   ngspice -> plot v(node\_name)
   Ex. plot v(out) v(in)
- To plot branch currents plot voltage\_source\_name#btranch Ex. plot VDS#branch
  - Note that direction of current is entering into the positive terminal of a voltage source
  - If required a dummy 0 V DC source can be inserted in the net-list to plot branch current
- To save plots as ps

  hardcopy file\_name.eps variables\_to\_plot

  Ex. hardcopy inv\_transient\_resp.eps v(x) v(y)
- To change background colour of saved plot set hcopypscolor = 1 \*White background

Abhishek Srivastava 8 / 10

# Quick keys III

- To change background colour plot window set color0=white \*\* color0 is used to set the background of the plot (manual sec:17.7)) set color1=black \*\* color1 is used to set the grid color of the plot (manual sec:17.7))
- Specifying pulse vin in+ in- pulse  $V_{Low}$   $V_{High}$  delay rise-time fall-time on-period time-period vin in 0 pulse 0 5 0ns 100ns 100ns 10us 20us
- Specifying sinusoidal signal
   SIN(VO VA FREQ TD THETA PHASE)
   Ex. vin a 0 sin(.849 0.25 50Meg 0 0)
- DC analysis
  .dc voltage\_to\_be\_swept V<sub>initial</sub> V<sub>final</sub> step\_size
  Ex: .dc vgs 0v 1.8v 0.1

Abhishek Srivastava 9 / 10

## Quick keys IV

- Transient analysis
  .tran step\_size stop\_time < start\_time >
  Ex: .tran 10n 60u
- AC analysis

   ac lin number\_of\_points start stop
   ac lin 100 1 100Hz
- Measure statement example (sec 15.4.5):
  .measure tran tpdf
  + TRIG v(1) VAL='SUPPLY/2' RISE=1
  + TARG v(2) VAL='SUPPLY/2' Fall=1
  measures the time difference between v(1) reaching 'SUPPLY/2' V
  for the first time on its first rising slope (TRIG) versus v(2)
  reaching 'SUPPLY/2' V for the first time on its first falling slope
  (TARG), i.e. it measures the fall time delay between v(1) and v(2).
- Refer NGSPICE manual for more details

Abhishek Srivastava 10 / 10