

Assignment10

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Problem Statement: Two independent random variables X and Y are uniformly distributed in the interval $[-1,1]$. The probability that $\max[X,Y]$ is less than $\frac{1}{2}$ is

- a) $\frac{3}{4}$ b) $\frac{9}{16}$ c) $\frac{1}{4}$ d) $\frac{2}{3}$

$X \sim U(-1,1)$

$$\begin{aligned} F_X(x) &= P(X < x) \\ &= \int_{-1}^x \frac{1}{2} dx \\ &= \frac{1}{2}(x+1) \end{aligned}$$

$$F_X(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & x \leq -1 \\ \frac{1}{2}(x+1) & -1 < x < 1 \\ 1 & x \geq 1 \end{cases}$$

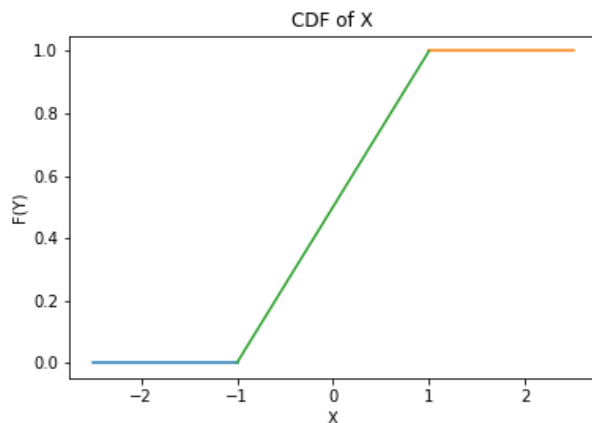


Figure 1: CDF of X

$Y \sim U(-1,1)$

$$\begin{aligned} F_Y(y) &= P(Y < y) \\ &= \int_{-1}^y \frac{1}{2} dy \\ &= \frac{1}{2}(y+1) \end{aligned}$$

$$F_Y(y) = \begin{cases} 0 & y \leq -1 \\ \frac{1}{2}(y+1) & -1 < y < 1 \\ 1 & y \geq 1 \end{cases}$$

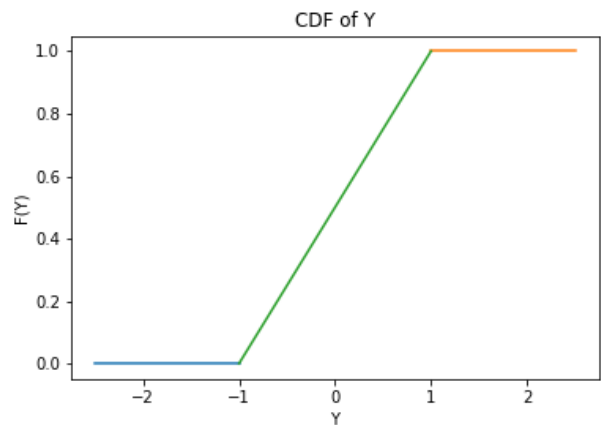


Figure 2: PDF OF Y

$Pr(\max(X,Y)) < \frac{1}{2}$ implies that
 $X < \frac{1}{2}$ & $Y < \frac{1}{2}$

Since X and Y are independent

$$\begin{aligned} Pr\left(X < \frac{1}{2}, Y < \frac{1}{2}\right) \\ &= Pr\left(X < \frac{1}{2}\right) \times Pr\left(Y < \frac{1}{2}\right) \\ &= F_X\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \times F_Y\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \\ &= \frac{3}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{3}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \\ &= \frac{9}{16} \end{aligned}$$

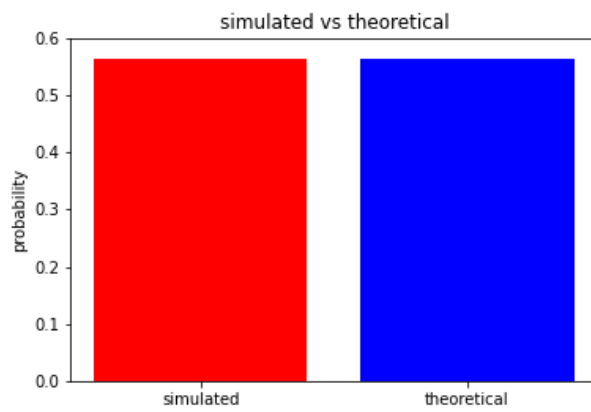


Figure 3: simulated vs theoretical