Assignment 3-probability and Random Variable

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by

problem statement: Suppose we have four box A,B,C and D containing coloured marbles as given below: one of the box has

> Table 1: Box Red White Black Α 6 3 2 2 В 6 \mathbf{C} 8 1 1 D 0 6 4

been selected at random and a single marble is drawn from it. If the marble is red. What is the probability that it was drawn from box A?Box B?Box C?

Solution: Here we are having 4 boxes with 10 balls each. There is a equal likelihood of selecting four boxes

Suppose P(A): probability that Box A is se-

Table 2:

Table 2.	
R	Event that Red marble is drawn
A	Event that marble is drawn from Box A
В	Event that marble is drawn from Box B
\Box	Event that marble is drawn from Box C
D	Event that marble is drawn from Box D

 $lected = \frac{1}{4}$

We are having 1 red balls in box A,so probability of getting the red ball from box A is given

P(R/A): probability that Red marble is selected given it is from Box A = $\frac{1}{10}$

P(B): probability that Box B is selected = $\frac{1}{4}$ We are having 6 red balls in box B,so probability of getting the red ball from box B is given by

P(R/B): probability that Red marble is selected from Box B = $\frac{6}{10}$

P(C): probability that Box C is selected = $\frac{1}{4}$ We are having 8 red balls in box C,so probability of getting the red ball from box C is given by

P(R/C): probability that Red marble is selected from Box C = $\frac{8}{10}$

P(D): probability that Box D is selected = $\frac{1}{4}$. We are having 0 red balls in box D,so probability of getting the red ball from box D is given by

P(R/D): probability that Red marble is selected from Box D = 0Since red balls are in all the three boxes. The probability that selected ball is red is given by P(R):Probability of getting a Red marble

$$= P(A)P(R/A) + P(B)P(R/B)$$

$$+ P(C)P(R/C) + P(D)P(R/D)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{10} + \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{6}{10} + \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{8}{10}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4}(\frac{1}{10} + \frac{6}{10} + \frac{8}{10})$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{3}{2}$$

1 Part A

P(A/R):probability that marble is drawn from box A given it is Red marble.By using bayes theorem

$$= \frac{P(R/A).P(A)}{P(R)}$$
$$= \frac{\frac{1}{10} \times \frac{1}{4}}{\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{3}{2}}$$
$$= \frac{1}{15}$$

2 Part B

P(B/R):probability that marble is drawn from box B given it is Red marble.By using bayes theorem

$$= \frac{P(R/B).P(B)}{P(R)}$$
$$= \frac{\frac{6}{10} \times \frac{1}{4}}{\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{3}{2}}$$
$$= \frac{2}{5}$$

3 part C

P(C/R):probability that marble is drawn from box C given it is Red marble.By using bayes theorem

$$= \frac{P(R/C).P(C)}{P(R)}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{8}{10} \times \frac{1}{4}}{\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{3}{2}}$$

$$= \frac{8}{15}$$