	<pre># Define our imshow function def imshow(title = "Image", image = None, size = 10): w, h = image.shape[0], image.shape[1] aspect_ratio = w/h plt.figure(figsize=(size * aspect_ratio, size)) plt.imshow(cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)) plt.title(title) plt.show()</pre>
In [3]:	<pre># Load our image image = cv2.imread('download.jpg') imshow("Original", image) # Store height and width of the image height, width = image.shape[:2] # We shift it by quarter of the height and width quarter_height, quarter_width = height/4, width/4</pre>
	<pre># T is our translation matrix T = np.float32([[1, 0, quarter_width], [0, 1,quarter_height]]) # We use warpAffine to transform the image using the matrix, T img_translation = cv2.warpAffine(image, T, (width, height)) imshow("Translated", img_translation)</pre>
	Criginal 25 -
In [4]:	25 -
In [5]:	<pre>print(T) [[1.</pre>
	height, width = image.shape[:2] # Divide by two to rototate the image around its centre rotation_matrix = cv2.getRotationMatrix2D((width/2, height/2), 90, 1) # Input our image, the rotation matrix and our desired final width and height rotated_image = cv2.warpAffine(image, rotation_matrix, (width, height)) imshow("Rotated 90 degrees with scale = 1", rotated_image) Rotated 90 degrees with scale = 1
	25 -
In [6]:	<pre>rotation_matrix = cv2.getRotationMatrix2D((width/2, height/2), 90, 0.5) print(rotation_matrix) # Input our image, the rotation matrix and our desired final width and height rotated_image = cv2.warpAffine(image, rotation_matrix, (width, height)) imshow("Rotated 90 degrees with scale = 0.5", rotated_image) [[3.061617e-17 5.000000e-01 9.175000e+01] [-5.000000e-01 3.061617e-17 1.602500e+02]]</pre>
	Rotated 90 degrees with scale = 0.5 25 -
In [7]:	<pre>rotated_image = cv2.transpose(image) imshow("Original", image) imshow("Rotated using Transpose", rotated_image)</pre>
	Original 25 50 75 100 125 175 0 50 100 175 0 50 100 150 200 250
	Rotated using Transpose 50 100 200 250 250
In [8]:	rotated_image = cv2.transpose(image) rotated_image = cv2.transpose(rotated_image) imshow("Potated_using_Transpose"rotated_image)
	imshow("Rotated using Transpose", rotated_image) Rotated using Transpose 75 100 125 150 175
In [9]:	# Let's now to a horizontal flip. flipped = cv2.flip(image, 1) imshow("Horizontal Flip", flipped)
	Horizontal Flip 50 75

150

200

250

100

In [1]:

import cv2

Our Setup, Import Libaries, Create our Imshow Function and Download our Images