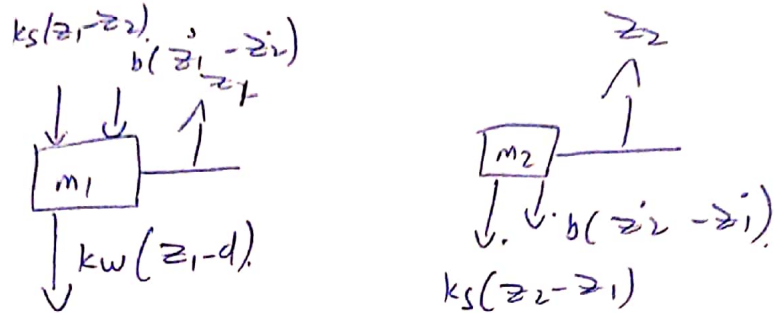


Assignment-2

1.)

Free Flow diagram:-



1.a

Outputs :- $z_2 \Rightarrow$ displacement of mass m_2 .

Inputs :- $d \Rightarrow$ displacement of road reference.

Constants :- $m_1, m_2 \Rightarrow$ mass of objects (unsprung and sprung)

$k_s, k_w \Rightarrow$ Spring constant

$b \Rightarrow$ Damper coefficient

Variables :- $z_1 \Rightarrow$ displacement of mass m_1

$z_2 \Rightarrow$ displacement of mass m_2

1.b :-

For mass 1

$$m_1 \ddot{z}_1 = -k_w(z_1 - d) - k_s(z_1 - z_2) - b(\dot{z}_1 - \dot{z}_2)$$

$$m_1 \ddot{z}_1 = k_w d - k_w z_1 - k_s(z_1 - z_2) - b(\dot{z}_1 - \dot{z}_2)$$

————— (1)

$$m_2 \ddot{z}_2 = -k_s (z_2 - z_1) - b (\dot{z}_2 - \dot{z}_1) \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

Now

$$x_1 = z_1$$

$$x_3 = z_2$$

$$x_2 = \dot{z}_1$$

$$x_4 = \dot{z}_2$$

So equation (1) & (2) becomes

$$m_1 \ddot{x}_2 = k_w d - k_w x_1 - k_s (x_1 - x_3) - b (x_2 - x_4)$$

$$m_2 \ddot{x}_4 = -k_s (x_3 - x_1) - b (x_4 - x_2)$$

i.e

$$\ddot{x}_2 = \frac{1}{m_1} [k_w d - k_w x_1 - k_s (x_1 - x_3) - b (x_2 - x_4)] \quad \text{--- (3)}$$

$$\ddot{x}_4 = \frac{1}{m_2} [-k_s (x_3 - x_1) - b (x_4 - x_2)] \quad \text{--- (4)}$$

using (3), (4) & assumptions of $z, x \Rightarrow$ relation

$$\frac{d}{dt} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_2 \\ \frac{1}{m_1} [k_w d - k_w x_1 - k_s (x_1 - x_3) - b (x_2 - x_4)] \\ x_4 \\ \frac{1}{m_2} [-k_s (x_3 - x_1) - b (x_4 - x_2)] \end{pmatrix}$$

This is the final differential equation (5)

1.c & 1.d are found in Matlab codes and model file.

2.)

Given,

2.a & 2.b

$$m \cdot \frac{dv}{dt} = \alpha_n u T(\alpha_n \theta) - m \cdot g \cdot C_1 \operatorname{sgn}(v) - \frac{1}{2} \rho C_d A v^2 - m \cdot g \cdot \sin \theta. \quad (1)$$

is a first order differential equation

$$\text{Now } T(\alpha_n \theta) = T_m \left(1 - \beta \left(\frac{\alpha_n \theta}{\omega_m} - 1 \right)^2 \right)$$

Substituting in (1).

$$m \cdot \frac{dv}{dt} = \alpha_n \cdot u \cdot T_m \left(1 - \beta \left(\frac{\alpha_n \theta}{\omega_m} - 1 \right)^2 \right) - m \cdot g \cdot C_1 \operatorname{sgn}(v) - \frac{1}{2} \rho C_d A v^2 - m \cdot g \cdot \sin \theta. \quad (2)$$

Given.

α_3 is used $\alpha_3 = 16$, $m = 800$ kg. & substituting
all constants in "constants 2.m" file. $\theta = 0^\circ$
Please find Matlab ".mdl" file for the
Simulink model.

2.c

Considering $\theta = 5^\circ$
To find the optimum values of
 α_n & input u .

	$u=0.7$	$u=0.8$	$u=0.9$	$u=1.0$
α_1	25.5083	25.5	25.7	25.8589
α_2	36.8108	37.6098	38.23	38.7359
α_3	44.1152	46.6144	48.6152	50.2597
α_4	39.3190	44.5661	48.3255	51.3635
α_5	18.0562	35.4232	42.3894	47.0238

The values above from the table which are close to the speed of vehicle when it is flat ~~are~~ i.e 50.95 m/s are.

α_3 gear ratio & $(u=1.0)$ assuming max-throttle

α_4 gear ratio & $(u=1.0)$

Finally concluding.

$(u=1.0)$, increasing the throttle input and gear ratio α_4 is more closer to same value