

Cheatsheet

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# PySpark Cheat Sheet



# PySpark & Spark SQL

Spark SQL is Apache Spark's module for working with structured data.

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# Initializing SparkSession

A SparkSession can be used create DataFrame, register DataFrame as tables, execute SQL over tables, cache tables, and read parquet files.

```
>>> from pyspark.sql import SparkSession >>> spark = SparkSession \
   . b u i l d e r \
   .appName("Python Spark SQL basic example") \
   .config("spark.some.config.option", "some-value") \
   .getOrCreate()
```

# Creating DataFrames

#### From RDDs

```
>>> from pyspark.sql.types import *
Infer Schema
>>> sc = spark.sparkContext
>>> lines = sc.textFile("people.txt")
>>> parts = lines.map(lambda l: l.split(","))
>>> people = parts.map(lambda p: Row(name=p[0],age=int(p
>>> peopledf = spark.createDataFrame(people)
Specify Schema
>>> people = parts.map(lambda p: Row(name=p[0],
age=int(p[1].strip()))
>>> schemaString = "name age"
>>> fields = [StructField(field name, StringType(), True) for field name in
schemaString.split()]
>>> schema = StructType(fields)
>>> spark.createDataFrame(people, schema).show()
+----+
| name|age|
+----+
| Mine| 28|
| Filip| 29|
|Jonathan| 30|
+----+
```

#### **From Spark Data Sources**

#### **JSON**

```
>>> df = spark.read.json("customer.json")

+------+
| address|age|firstName |lastName| phoneNumber|

+-----+
|[New York,10021,N...| 25| John| Smith|[[212 555-1234,ho...|

|[New York,10021,N...| 21| Jane| Doe|[[322 888-1234,ho...|

+------+
>>> df2 = spark.read.load("people.json", format="json")
```

#### **Parquet files**

```
>>> df3 = spark.read.load("users.parquet")
```

#### **TXT files**

```
>>> df4 = spark.read.text("people.txt")
```

# **Duplicate Values**

```
>>> df = df.dropDuplicates()
```

# Queries

```
>>> from pyspark.sql import functions as F
```

#### Select

#### When

```
>>> df.select("firstName",
    F.when(df.age > 30, 1) \
    .otherwise(0)) \
    .show()
>>> df[df.firstName.isin("Jane", "Boris")]
    .collect()
```

### Like

```
>> df.select("firstName", Show firstName,
    df.lastName.like("Smith")) \
```

### Startswith - Endswith

```
>>> df.select("firstName",
    df . l a s t N a m e \
    .startswith("Sm")) \
>>> df.select(df.lastName.endswith("th"))\
    . s h o w ()
```

### **Substring**

```
>>> df.select(df.firstName.substr(1, 3) \
   .alias("name")) \
   .collect()
```

### **Between**

```
>>> df.select(df.age.between(22, 24)) \
. s h o w ( )
```

# Add, Update & Remove Columns

# **Adding Columns**

### **Updating Columns**

```
>> df = df.withColumnRenamed('telePhoneNumber', 'phoneNumber')
```

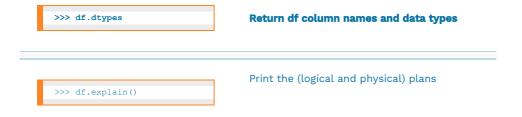
### **Removing Columns**

```
>>> df = df.drop("address", "phoneNumber")
>>> df = df.drop(df.address).drop(df.phoneNumber)
```

# Inspect Data

>>> df.printSchema()

ispect Data	
>>> df.dtypes	Return df column names and data types
>>> df.show()	Display the content of df
>>> df.head()	Return first n rows
>>> df.first()	Return first row
>>> df.take(2)	Return the first n rows
>>> df.schema	Return the schema of df
>>> df.describe().show()	Compute summary statistics
>>> df.columns	Return the columns of df
>>> df.count()	Count the number of rows in df
>>> df.distinct().count()	Count the number of distinct rows in df
	Print the schema of df



# GroupBy

```
Group by age, count the members in the groups

>>> df.groupBy("age")\

.count()

.show()
```

## Filter

```
Filter entries of age, only keep those records of which the values are >24
```

### Sort

```
>>> peopledf.sort(peopledf.age.desc()).collect()
>>> df.sort("age", ascending=False).collect()
>>> df.orderBy(["age", "city"], ascending=[0,1])\
. c o l l e c t ()
```

# Missing & Replacing Values

```
>>> df.na.fill(50).show()

Replace null values

Return new df omitting rows with null values

>>> df.na.drop().show()

Return new df replacing one value with another

.replace(10, 20) \
.show()
```

# Repartitioning

```
>>> df.repartition(10)\
    . r d d \
    . getNumPartitions()

df with 10 partitions

df with 1 partition

>>> df.coalesce(1).rdd.getNumPartitions()
```

# Running SQL Queries Programmatically

### **Registering DataFrames as Views**

```
>>> df.createTempView("customer")
>>> df.createOrReplaceTempView("customer")
```

### QueryViews

```
>>> df5 = spark.sql("SELECT * FROM customer").show()
>>> peopledf2 = spark.sql("SELECT * FROM global_temp.people")\
    . s h o w ( )
```

# Output

#### **DataStructures**



#### Write & Save to Files

# Stopping SparkSession

```
>>> spark.stop()
```

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