

# Homework 5





## Question:

```
#include<stdio.h>
void fun(int n){
    printf("%d",n);
    for (int i=0; i<2; i++){
        if(n>0) fun(n-1);
int main(){
    fun(2);
```

```
Output of the program-A. 210
B. 2100100
C. 210210
D. 2121
```



## Question:

```
#include<stdio.h>
void x(int n) {
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    printf("%d", n);
   x(n-1);
int main() {
 x(2);
```

```
Output of the program-A. 210
B. 2100100
C. 210210
D. 2121
```



#### Question: What will be output of this code?

```
#include<stdio.h>
void my_fun(int x, int *y, int *z) {
    x = *y + 3;
    *y = x + *z;
    *z = *y + x;
int main() {
    int a = 1, b = 2, c = 3;
    my_fun(a, &b, &c);
    printf("%d %d %d", a, b, c);
    return 0;
```



#### Question:

Consider the following C code. After each line, write down the contents of x and y. If at any point you cannot determine the contents, write "unknown".

```
int main(void)
    int x = 5, y = 15;
    int * p1, * p2;
                 // x contains 5 ; y contains
    p1 = &x;
                                                    15
    p2 = &y; // x contains
                                     ; y contains
    *p1 = 10; // x contains
                                      ; y contains
    *p2 = *p1; // x contains
                                      ; y contains
                                     ; y contains
    p1 = p2; // x contains
    *p1 = *p2+10; // x contains
                                      ; y contains
```



## Question: What will be output of this code?

```
int foo(int i)
    i = i+2;
    return i;
int main()
    int a = 2;
    int *b = &a;
    foo(*b);
    foo(*b);
    printf("%d", a);
```

```
A. 2
```

- B. 4
- C. Error since we can not pass pointer in foo() function
- D. 6



#### Question:

```
#include<stdio.h>
void addAbs(int, int, int* );
int main() {
  int a;
  addAbs(1, 2, &a);
  printf("a = %d", a);
void addAbs(int a, int b, int *sum) {
  (*sum) = a + b;
  if (( *sum) < 0) {
    ( *sum) = -( *sum);
return;
```

```
A. 3B. -3C. Error since function addAbs () is void type and has return statement
```

D. 0



## Question:

```
#include<stdio.h>
void main()
  int i = 5, j = 2;
  printf("%d, %d\n", i, j);
  testPass(i, & j);
 printf("%d, %d\n", i, j);
void testPass(int x, int *y)
  X++;
  (*y)++;
  printf("%d, %d\n", x, *y);
```