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COMPLETE THE PROJECT NAME AS

AI-Powered Autonomous Vehicle and Robotics System

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Phase 5: Project Demonstration & Documentation

Title: Al-Powered Autonomous Vehicle and Robotics System

Abstract:

This phase documents the final demonstration and technical deliverables of the Al-Powered Autonomous Vehicle and Robotics System. It includes real-time testing, performance metrics, control validation, sensor fusion, and cybersecurity protocols. The system integrates refined Al models, robust control systems, and optimized sensor handling to demonstrate a secure, scalable, and deployment-ready autonomous platform.

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1. Project Demonstration

Overview:

The system demonstration will exhibit real-time autonomous navigation, robotic control precision, and integrated sensor fusion in dynamic environments.

Demonstration Details:

- **System Walkthrough:** Live demonstration of autonomous vehicle maneuvers using Al-driven navigation and obstacle avoidance.
- **Al Performance:** Showcase of improved decision latency, path-planning accuracy, and object detection in real-time.
- **Sensor Data Processing:** Real-time multi-sensor fusion outputs (LiDAR, cameras, IMUs) under variable conditions (e.g., low light, simulated rain).
- **Control Accuracy:** Demonstration of precise motion execution using tuned PID parameters and feedback loops.
- **Cybersecurity Measures:** Real-time encryption (TLS), intrusion detection, and fail-safe protocol simulation under test scenarios.

Outcome:

A full-scale demonstration proving readiness for real-world deployment with robust AI, control, and security layers.

2. Project Documentation

Overview:

Comprehensive documentation covers system architecture, control mechanisms, codebase, user/admin guidelines, and performance reports.

Documentation Sections:

- System Architecture: Diagrams and flowcharts of Al modules, control subsystems, and sensor fusion layers.
- **Code Documentation:** Annotated source code for Al models, ROS nodes, sensor drivers, and vehicle control scripts.
- **User Guide:** Instructions for operating the vehicle, monitoring outputs, and using manual override.
- Admin Guide: Deployment, maintenance, and remote troubleshooting procedures.
- **Testing Reports:** Load tests, actuation delays, cybersecurity simulations, and feedback-based refinements.

Outcome:

A self-contained reference for system maintenance, scalability, and continued development.

3. Feedback and Final Adjustments

Overview:

Stakeholder feedback will guide final refinements prior to deployment.

Steps:

- Feedback Collection: Through live demo sessions and structured questionnaires for testers and mentors.
- **Refinements:** Tuning model parameters, sensor thresholds, and improving user interaction interfaces.
- **Final Testing:** Post-feedback testing in simulation (e.g., CARLA/Gazebo) and physical environments.

Outcome:

System refinement ensures high usability, reliability, and robustness in field conditions.

4. Final Project Report Submission

Overview:

The report consolidates the project's journey from inception to real-world simulation.

Sections:

- Executive Summary: Overview of goals, implementations, and outcomes.
- Phase Summary: Detailed insights into AI model tuning, control improvements, and security integrations.
- Challenges & Solutions: Addressing scalability, cybersecurity under load, and real-time control delays.
- Outcomes: Readiness for real-world testing and deployment in smart transport or robotics environments.

Outcome:

A comprehensive record of the system's development, challenges, and performance.

5. Project Handover and Future Works

Overview:

Guidelines for future upgrades and broader implementations.

Handover Details:

- **Next Steps:** Suggestions include highway and urban test deployments, deep reinforcement learning integration, and multilingual feedback interfaces.
- **Documentation & Codebase:** Delivery of the full codebase, architectural blueprints, and versioning guide for developers.

Outcome:

Official project closure with a roadmap for continuous enhancement and scaling.

1. Al Navigation (Path Planning & Obstacle Avoidance)

```
# ai_navigation.py
import numpy as np

def plan_path(current_pos, goal_pos, obstacles):
"""
```

A* or Dijkstra-like path planning (simplified).

```
,,,,,,
  # Placeholder for a full path planning algorithm
  return [current_pos, goal_pos] # Stub path
def avoid_obstacle(sensor_data):
  Obstacle avoidance logic based on LiDAR/camera.
  if sensor_data.get("front") < 1.0: # threshold in meters
     return "left"
  return "forward"
2. Sensor Fusion
# sensor_fusion.py
def fuse_sensors(lidar, camera, imu):
  Basic sensor fusion combining LiDAR, camera, and IMU.
  return {
     "position": imu["position"],
     "obstacles": lidar["distances"],
     "visual_objects": camera["objects"]
  }
3. PID Motion Control
# control.py
class PIDController:
  def __init__(self, kp, ki, kd):
     self.kp = kp
     self.ki = ki
     self.kd = kd
     self.prev error = 0
     self.integral = 0
  def update(self, setpoint, current):
     error = setpoint - current
     self.integral += error
     derivative = error - self.prev_error
     self.prev error = error
     return self.kp*error + self.ki*self.integral + self.kd*derivative
```

```
4. Cybersecurity Simulation
# security.py
import ssl
import socket
def simulate_tls_connection():
  Simulate a secure TLS connection.
  context = ssl.create default context()
  with socket.create_connection(("example.com", 443)) as sock:
     with context.wrap_socket(sock, server_hostname="example.com") as ssock:
       return ssock.version()
5. Main Integration Script
# main.py
from ai navigation import plan path, avoid obstacle
from sensor_fusion import fuse_sensors
from control import PIDController
from security import simulate_tls_connection
def main():
  # Simulated data
  imu = {"position": [0, 0]}
  lidar = {"distances": {"front": 0.5}}
  camera = {"objects": ["car", "pedestrian"]}
  # Fuse sensor data
  fused = fuse_sensors(lidar, camera, imu)
  # Plan and avoid
  path = plan_path([0, 0], [10, 10], fused["obstacles"])
  move = avoid_obstacle(fused["obstacles"])
  # Control vehicle
  pid = PIDController(1.0, 0.1, 0.05)
  throttle = pid.update(10, 5) # Example: target speed 10, current speed 5
```

```
# Simulate secure connection
tls_version = simulate_tls_connection()
print(f"Move: {move}, Throttle: {throttle}, TLS: {tls_version}")
if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```

