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1 Installing Standard Programs:

1.1 Installing HepMC

```
wget -c 'http://lcgapp.cern.ch/project/simu/HepMC/download/HepMC-2.06.09.tar.gz'
tar -xf 'HepMC-2.06.09.tar.gz'
cd 'HepMC-2.06.09/'
'./configure' '--with-momentum=GEV' '--with-length=MM'
make -j4
sudo make install
```

1.2 Installing FastJet:

```
wget -c 'http://www.fastjet.fr/repo/fastjet-3.3.0.tar.gz'
tar -xf './fastjet-3.3.0.tar.gz'
cd fastjet-3.3.0/
./configure
make -j4
sudo make install
```

1.3 Installing Pythia8:

```
wget -c 'http://home.thep.lu.se/~torbjorn/pythia8/pythia8230.tgz'
tar -xf 'pythia8230.tgz'
cd 'pythia8230/'
./configure '--with-hepmc2'
make -j4
sudo make install
```

1.4 Installing Root-6

Download the binary distribution from <https://root.cern.ch/content/release-61206> for the appropriate platform and extract. Once you have extracted, you will get a directory "root" wherever you extracted, cd to this directory and run `source root/bin/thisroot.sh` (assuming you are using bash shell, otherwise modify accordingly). If you are installing root to a non standard directory, it is preferable to put "source root/bin/thisroot.sh" into your " `/.bashrc`" (or some other initialization file for your shell).

If this method does not produce a good executable then you should compile root from source, please follow the instructions from the official (<https://root.cern.ch/building-root>) site (please do not use non-standard scripts / commands from random forums).

1.5 Installing Delphes

```
wget -c 'http://cp3.irmp.ucl.ac.be/downloads/Delphes-3.4.1.tar.gz'
tar -xf './Delphes-3.4.1.tar.gz'
cd './Delphes-3.4.1/'
'./configure'
make -j4
```

Delphes does not have any "make install" but all the executables you need are produced in the source directory and can be copied anywhere required. An important step required is to manually copy "lib-Delphes.so" to '/usr/local/lib' or any other library search path and also copy all the root dictionaries ('ClassesDict_rdict.pcm', 'ExRootAnalysisDict_rdict.pcm', 'FastJetDict_rdict.pcm', 'ModulesDict_rdict.pcm') to the root dictionary search path and copy the header files ('classes', 'external' folders) to the default headers search paths ('/usr/local/include').

2 Introduction to structure of programs:

Here, the programs are written to make use of few extra header files apart from the standard (fastjet, pythia, root). These are:

- **CPPFileIO2.hh**: For some standard functions (specific to linux) like making reading and writing to files much easier, multi threading, random number interface, etc ...
- **NewHEPHeaders4.hh**: For some standard functions like writing pythia output to HepMC (class `WriteHepmc2Fifo`) or showering LHE (void `LHA2HEPMC (std::string lhafile, std::string hepmcfile)` files. This also includes a simple (doesnot use any pointers unlike `pseudojet`), fast, thread safe (`TLorentzVector` is not thread safe) 4 vector implementation (`vector4`).
- **all.cc**: This is the main program for this work, this contains the program for generating events using pythia
 1. **class Generator**: The main class for generating events (all 3 kinds of events). Most of the function of this class should be self apparent from the program except for the 2 functions `void MakeStruct` and `void RunDelphes` which are responsible for creating the directory structure and running Delphes respectively.
 2. **class Analyzer**: This is responsible for analyzing the generated root files from Delphes
- The actual executable parts of the program are in `generate_higgs.cc` `generate_qcd.cc`, `generate_Z.cc` and `Analyze.cc` which include `all.cc` as a header and use the functions to generate and analyze events.
- The programs also require the shell script "RunDelphes" to run Delphes as the location depends on you installation of Delphes.

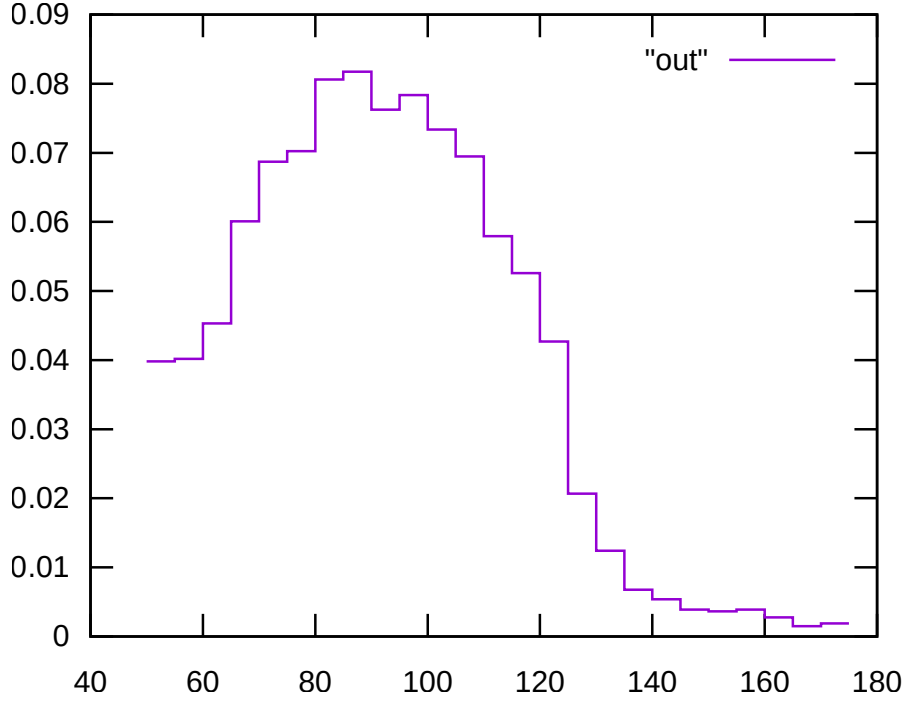


Figure 1: The invariant mass of the leading (by p_T) fat jet ($R = 1.0$, $p_T^j > 100$ GeV) from the tutorial session at IISER, Pune.

3 Generating the events:

The event generation is done in PYTHIA8 and written in HepMC formate. The example program `main41.cc` inside `pythia examples` folder contains a sample program to generate events using PYTHIA8 and write to HepMC formate. HepMC files produced tend to be very big so its recommended to not store them on disk instead just generate them and use them in Delphes on the fly, this is done using `fifo`. The complete arrangement can be found in the `Generator` class of `all.cc` (this also requires Delphes to be installed and in the accessible in the folders listed in `PATH` variable of the shell). Delphes also requires the detector model to simulate, we are using `delphes_card_CMS.tcl` (this does not simulate any pile-up).

4 Results:

A simple starting point for tagging might be:

([arXiv:0802.2470 \[hep-ph\]](https://arxiv.org/abs/0802.2470)) **Jonathan M. Butterworth, Adam R. Davison, Mathieu Rubin, Gavin P. Salam:** Jet substructure as a new Higgs search channel at the LHC.

This method is incorporated in the class `NewHEPHeaders::MassDropTagger::HardSubStructureFinder` of the file `NewHEPHeaders4.hh`

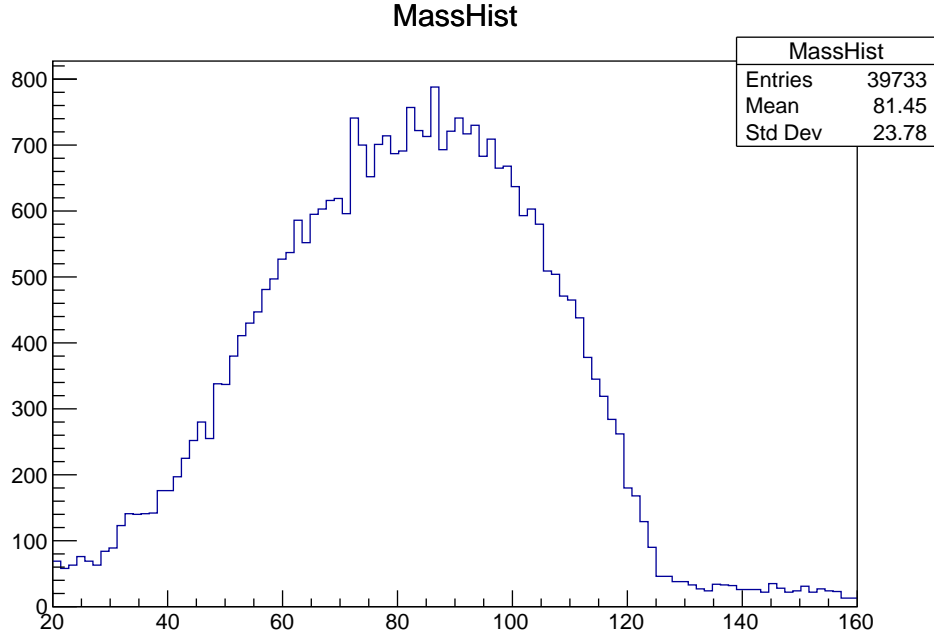


Figure 2: The invariant mass of the leading (by p_T) fat jet ($R = 1.0$, $p_T^j > 100$ GeV) after applying the mass drop check (for 2 prong) and filtering on the fat jet. Generator level vectors are used here without any `Delphes` effects.

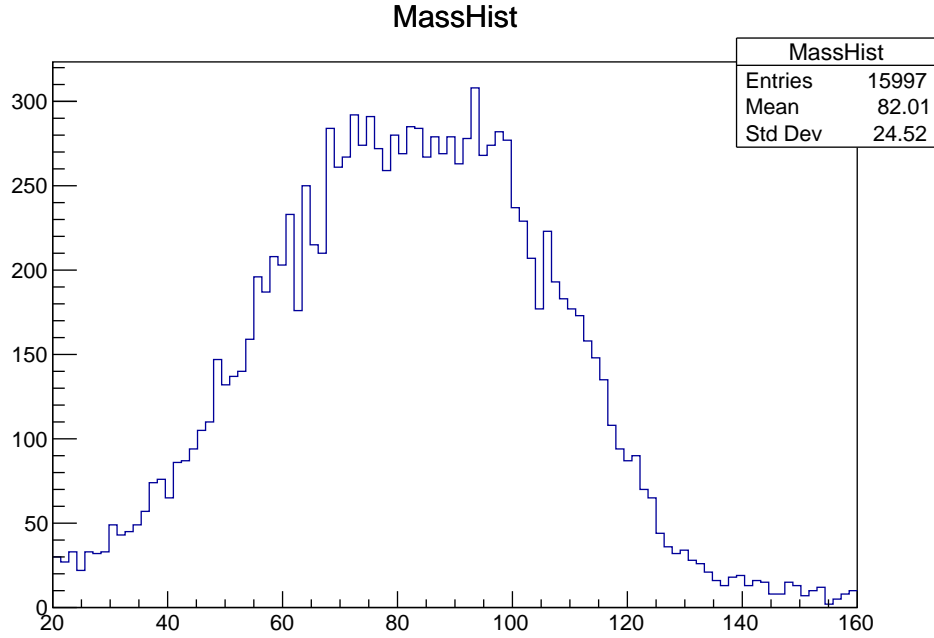


Figure 3: The invariant mass of the leading (by p_T) fat jet ($R = 1.0$, $p_T^j > 100$ GeV) after applying the mass drop check (for 2 prong) and filtering on the fat jet. EFlow vectors are used here for the event type Higgs ($\rightarrow \tau\bar{\tau}$) + Z ($\rightarrow \nu\bar{\nu}$) with a p_T cut of 500 GeV on phase space.

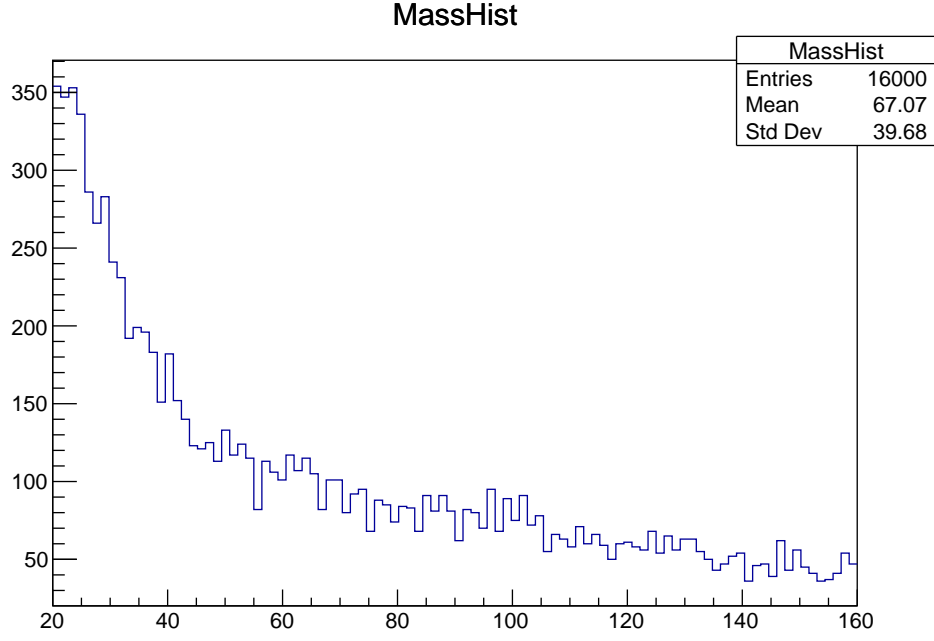


Figure 4: The invariant mass of the leading (by p_T) fat jet ($R = 1.0$, $p_T^j > 100$ GeV) after applying the mass drop check (for 2 prong) and filtering on the fat jet. EFlow vectors are used here for the event type QCD with a p_T cut of 500 GeV on phase space.

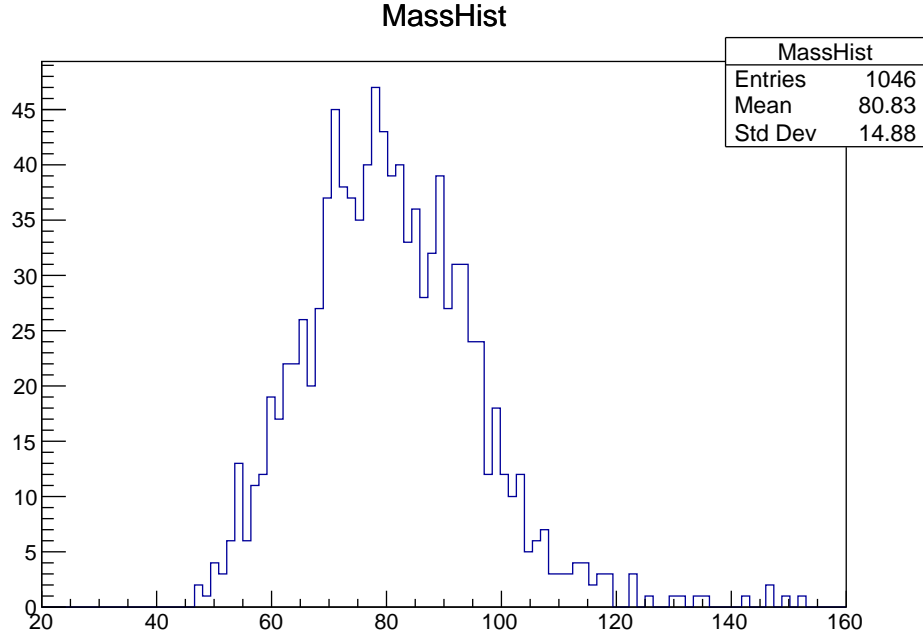


Figure 5: The Di- τ invariant mass (obtained by checking for τ -tagged jets in **Delphes**) for the event type Z ($\rightarrow \tau\bar{\tau}$) with no p_T cut on phase space.

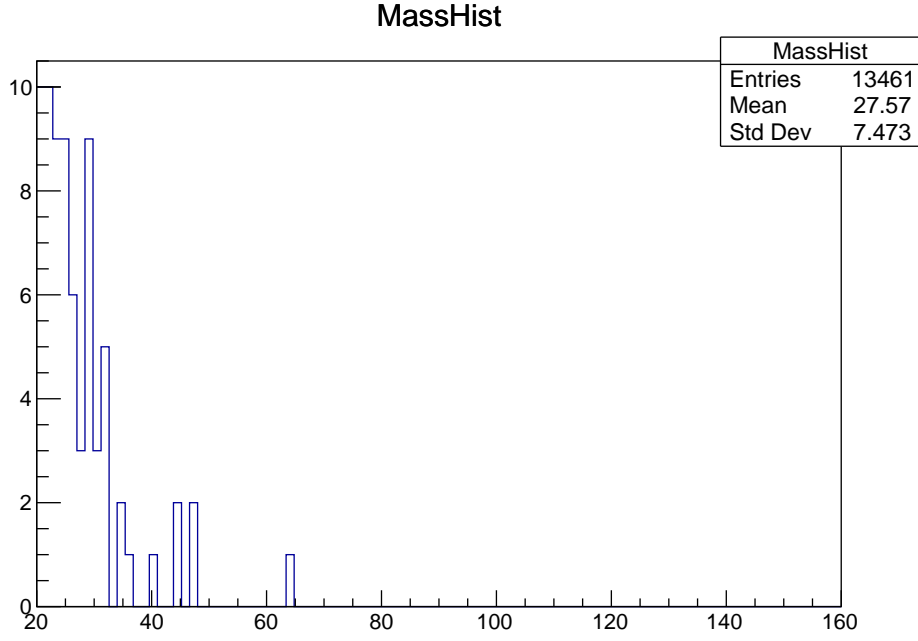


Figure 6: The invariant mass of the leading (by p_T) fat jet ($R = 1.0$, $p_T^j > 100$ GeV) after applying the mass drop check (for 2 prong) and filtering on the fat jet. EFlow vectors are used here for the event type $Z (\rightarrow \tau \bar{\tau})$ with no p_T cut on phase space.

4.1 An implementation of the BDRS algorithm:

```

1 class HardSubStructureFinder {
2 private:
3     double max_subjet_mass, mass_drop_threshold, Rfilt, minpt_subjet;
4     double mhmax, mhmin, mh; double zcut, rcut_factor;
5     size_t nfilt;
6     inline void find_structures (const fastjet::PseudoJet & this_jet) {
7         fastjet::PseudoJet parent1(0,0,0,0), parent2(0,0,0,0);
8         bool haskid=this_jet.validated_cs()->has_parents(this_jet, parent1, parent2);
9         if(haskid) {
10             if (parent1.m()<parent2.m()) {std::swap(parent1, parent2);}
11             double kidmass = parent1.m() + parent2.m();
12             double parentmass = this_jet.m();
13             if(kidmass<parentmass*mass_drop_threshold){
14                 t_parts.push_back(parent1);
15                 t_parts.push_back(parent2);
16                 return;
17             } else if (parent1.m()>mass_drop_threshold*parent2.m()) {find_structures(parent1);return;}
18         } else {return;}
19         if(this_jet.m()<max_subjet_mass){t_parts.push_back(this_jet);}
20     else {
21         fastjet::PseudoJet parent1(0,0,0,0), parent2(0,0,0,0);
22         bool haskid = this_jet.validated_cs()->has_parents(this_jet, parent1, parent2);
23         if (haskid) {
24             if (parent1.m()<parent2.m()) {std::swap(parent1, parent2);}
25             find_structures(parent1);
26             if (parent1.m()<mass_drop_threshold*this_jet.m()) {find_structures(parent2);}
27         }
28     }
29 }
30 inline void run (fastjet::PseudoJet&injet) {
31     t_parts.clear(); find_structures(injet);
32     if(t_parts.size()>1) {
33         t_parts=sorted_by_pt(t_parts);
34         size_t i=0; size_t j=1;
35         triple = fastjet::join (t_parts[i], t_parts[j]) ;
36         filt_tau_R = std::min ( Rfilt , 0.5*sqrt(t_parts[i].squared_distance(t_parts[j])) ) ;
37         fastjet::JetDefinition filtering_def(fastjet::cambridge_algorithm, filt_tau_R);
38         fastjet::Filter filter(filtering_def, fastjet::SelectorNHardest(nfilt)*fastjet::SelectorPtMin(minpt_subjet));
39         taucandidate=filter(triple); filteredjetmass=taucandidate.m();
40         if((mhmin<filteredjetmass)&&(filteredjetmass<mhmax)&&(taucandidate.pieces().size()>1)){
41             fastjet::JetDefinition reclustering (fastjet::cambridge_algorithm, 10.0) ;
42             fastjet::ClusterSequence cs_top_sub (taucandidate.pieces(), reclustering) ;
43             tau_subs=sorted_by_pt(cs_top_sub.exclusive_jets(2));
44             if (tau_subs[1].perp()>minpt_subjet) {
45                 HiggsTagged=true;
46                 Higgs=tau_subs[0]+tau_subs[1];
47                 deltah=CPPFileIO::mymod(taucandidate.m()-mh);
48                 tau_hadrons=taucandidate.constituents();
49                 double Rprun=injet.validated_cluster_sequence()->jet_def().R();
50                 fastjet::JetDefinition jet_def_prune(fastjet::cambridge_algorithm, Rprun);
51                 fastjet::Pruner pruner(jet_def_prune, zcut, rcut_factor);
52                 prunedjet=pruner(triple);
53                 prunedmass=prunedjet.m();
54                 unfiltered_mass=triple.m();
55             }
56         }
57     }
58 }
59 inline void initialize () {
60     t_parts.clear(); tau_subs.clear(); tau_hadrons.clear();
61     max_subjet_mass=30; Rfilt=0.3; minpt_subjet=20;
62     mass_drop_threshold=0.7; nfilt=4; filteredjetmass=0.0;
63     mh=125.0; mhmax=mh+100.0; mhmin=mh-100.0; filt_tau_R=0;
64     zcut=0.1; rcut_factor=0.5; prunedmass=0.0; unfiltered_mass=0.0;
65     deltah=10000; HiggsTagged=false;
66 }
67 public:
68     double filteredjetmass, deltah, filt_tau_R, prunedmass, unfiltered_mass;
69     pseudojets tau_subs, t_parts, tau_hadrons;
70     fastjet::PseudoJet prunedjet, triple, Higgs, taucandidate;
71     bool HiggsTagged;
72     inline void operator () () {initialize();}
73     inline void operator () (fastjet::PseudoJet&injet) {run(injet);}
74     HardSubStructureFinder(){initialize();}
75     ~HardSubStructureFinder(){}
76 };

```

5 Mailing list of people involved:

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