Contents

1 Introduction

- The main `GitHub` link for this work is:

"https://github.com/aravindhv10/MUMBAIPUNETAUTAGGER".

- The latest version of this document can always be found at:

"https://github.com/aravindhv10/MUMBAIPUNETAUTAGGER/blob/master/HERWIG_PART/ReadME.pdf".

- The sources for this document (including the figures in case you want to use them anywhere) can be found at:

"https://github.com/aravindhv10/MUMBAIPUNETAUTAGGER/tree/master/HERWIG_PART/Documentation".

1.1 Installing Herwig-7

To install Herwig, please make sure you have a **proper** root installation (and source "`thisroot.sh`" if it is installed in non-standard location) as Herwig uses `libpyroot`. Download and install `Herwig` by running the script https://herwig.hepforge.org/herwig-bootstrap:

```
wget -c 'https://herwig.hepforge.org/herwig-bootstrap'
chmod +x './herwig-bootstrap'
'./herwig-bootstrap' './HerwigInstall'
```

This will install `Herwig` to the location '`./HerwigInstall`' along with all of it's dependencies (`boost`, `fastjet`, `HepMC`, etc). Full instructions for using this script is found in:
"https://herwig.hepforge.org/tutorials/installation/bootstrap.html".

2 Generating events:

2.1 The Partonic Level Events:

The quickest way I could find to generate events in `Herwig` was by generating parton level events in `MadGraph` and shower using `Herwig` (I also got suggestions to adopt similar method for `Pythia` as this nicely isolates matrix element generation from showering and our main aim is the study effect of different showering and hadronization techniques on our jet substructure algorithms).

```
wget -c 'https://launchpad.net/mg5amcnlo/2.0/2.6.x/+download/MG5_aMC_v2.6.1.tar.gz';
tar -xf "MG5_aMC_v2.6.1.tar.gz";
cd "MG5_aMC_v2_6_1/";
./bin/mg5_aMC
```

This will start madgraph, now you can generate LHE files:

```
generate p p > z j
output zj
exit
```

Once you are done with above steps, `MadGraph` exits, now you will need to edit some configuration files:

```
cd zj/Cards/
<editor> 'run_card.dat'
```

Where, `<editor>` stands for any text editor. You will need to change the following in the file:

```
0.0 = ptheavy !  minimum pt for at least one heavy final state
```

To the value desired, we will pick this to be 200 GeV.

```
200.0 = ptheavy !  minimum pt for at least one heavy final state
```

Next edit `madspin_card_default.dat` and change the line:

```
decay z > all all
```

to:

```
decay z > ta- ta+
```

now madgraph is set up and can be run, in the shell:

```
cd ../;
./bin/generate_events
```

Once you get the `MadGraph` prompt:

```
4
0
0
```

Now note the "4" is important, you will need to run with `MadSpin` (to force $Z \rightarrow \tau\bar{\tau}$ decays) once you are done, you will have the LHE files in:

```
./Events/run_01_decayed_1/unweighted_events.lhe.gz
```

you can extract this:

```
gzip -d "./Events/run_01_decayed_1/unweighted_events.lhe.gz"
```

The complete list of LHE files generated using the above methods can be downloaded from

"https://drive.google.com/file/d/1sVQSYUDPqSB0vgh84Y8IIOucBSMMr9rL/view?usp=sharing"

2.2 Showering:

Move the LHE file to another directory where you want to do the showering:

```
mkdir ~/shower;
cp "./Events/run_01_decayed_1/unweighted_events.lhe" ~/shower/1.lhe
```

now you will need to activate `Herwig` (note, `<HerwigInstall>` needs to be replaced by the correct directory):

```
source <HerwigInstall>/bin/activate
```

Once this is done, download the file

"https://github.com/aravindhv10/MUMBAIPUNETAUTAGGER/blob/master/HERWIG_PART/LHEWithISR.in" to the current directory "~/shower". In LHE.in, edit the line:

```
set LesHouchesReader:FileName unweighted_events.lhe
```

and change "`unweighted_events.lhe`" to the LHE file you want to shower. You can also edit the PDF choices if you want (note that you may need to download the appropriate pdf fits manually using `lhapdf` installed in the `<HerwigInstall>` directory).

note that the lines

```
read snippets/HepMC.in
set /Herwig/Analysis/HepMC:PrintEvent 100
```

is responsible for producing the `HepMC` file, you can then use `Delphes` on these files. We are done. Now run `Herwig`:

```
Herwig read LHE.in
Herwig run LHE.in
```

You can change underlying event, tunes, etc in the LHE.in file, explore

"https://herwig.hepforge.org/tutorials/faq/shower.html"

for details.

By default, `Herwig` does not force τ to decay hadronically. This can be forced, check the link:

https://herwig.hepforge.org/tutorials/faq/decay.html

to know how this can be done. Basically you would need:

```
set /Herwig/Particles/tau+/tau+->nu_taubar,nu_e,e+;:OnOff Off
set /Herwig/Particles/tau+/tau+->nu_taubar,nu_mu,mu+;:OnOff Off
set /Herwig/Particles/tau-/tau-->nu_tau,nu_ebar,e-;:OnOff Off
set /Herwig/Particles/tau-/tau-->nu_tau,nu_mubar,mu-;:OnOff Off
```

A sample run card:

- With MPI:

"https://github.com/aravindhv10/MUMBAIPUNETAUTAGGER/blob/master/HERWIG_PART/LHEWithISR.in"

- With out MPI:

"https://github.com/aravindhv10/MUMBAIPUNETAUTAGGER/blob/master/HERWIG_PART/LHENoISRMPI.in"

is available in the `GitHub` page.

3 Reading the root files:

Example for an extremely simple reader is available in:

"https://github.com/aravindhv10/MUMBAIPUNETAUTAGGER/tree/master/COMMON/DelphesReader".

4 Results:

We use the following color convention for graphs through out the document:

$$pp \to jZ, (Z \to \tau\bar{\tau}),\ p_T^Z \geq 200 \text{ GeV}$$
$$pp \to jZ, (Z \to \nu_\tau\bar{\nu}_\tau),\ p_T^Z \geq 200 \text{ GeV}$$
$$pp \to jZ, (Z \to b\bar{b}),\ p_T^Z \geq 200 \text{ GeV}$$
$$pp \to jZ, (Z \to \tau\bar{\tau}),\ p_T^Z \geq 0 \text{ GeV}$$

We present some simple results obtained using jet substructure variables on jets tagged using BDRS+Filtering methods (Note: we use the final 2 step filtered (BDRS+filtering) jet to evaluate variables and all of these results are for events with MPI enabled). Note that planar flow [Figure 5, Figure 6] seem to work extremely well.

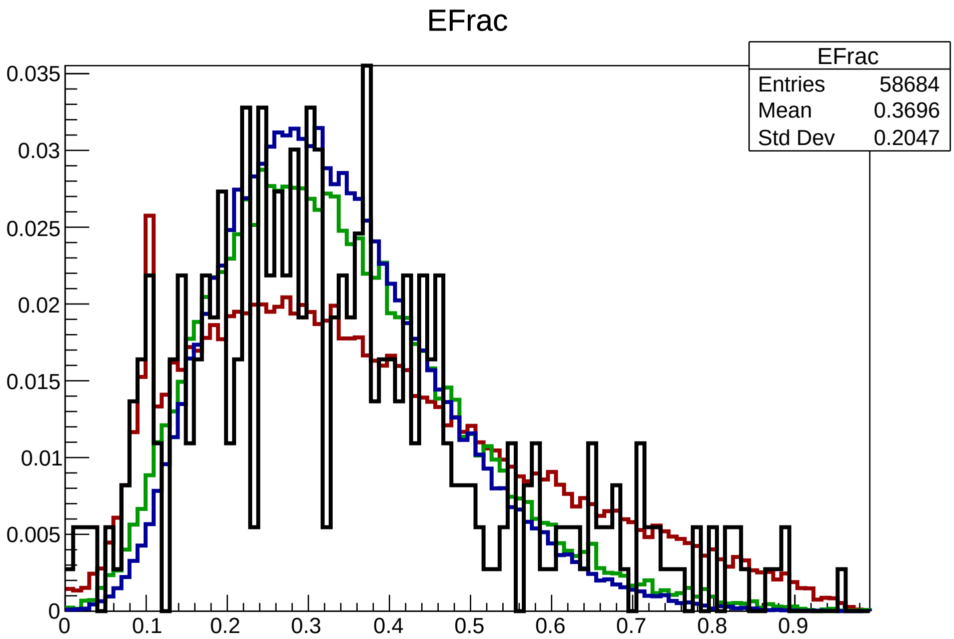

Figure 1: Electromagnetic energy fraction of the jet, normalized to unit area under the curve.

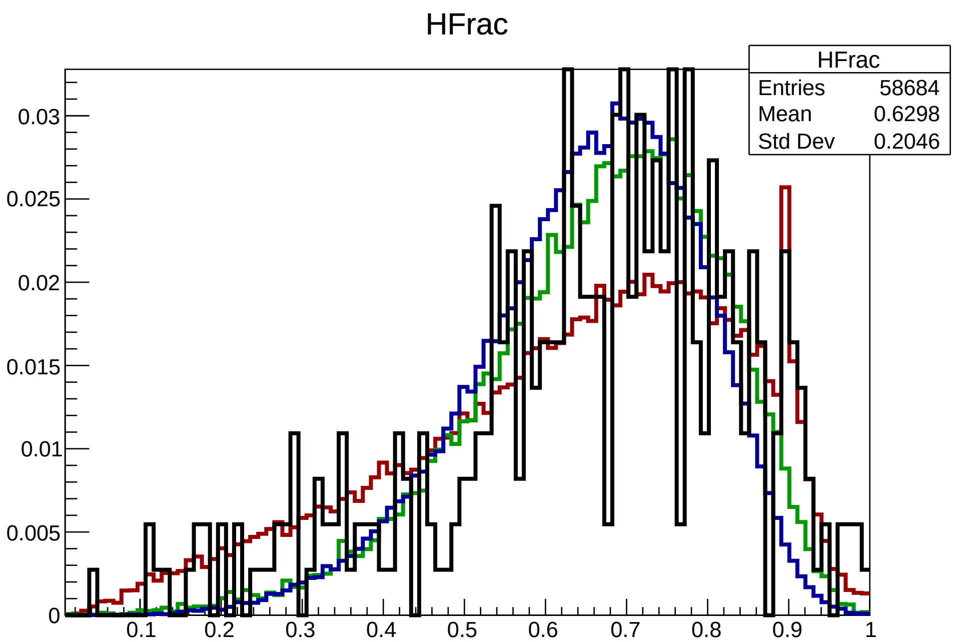

Figure 2: Hadronic energy fraction of the jet, normalized to unit area under the curve.

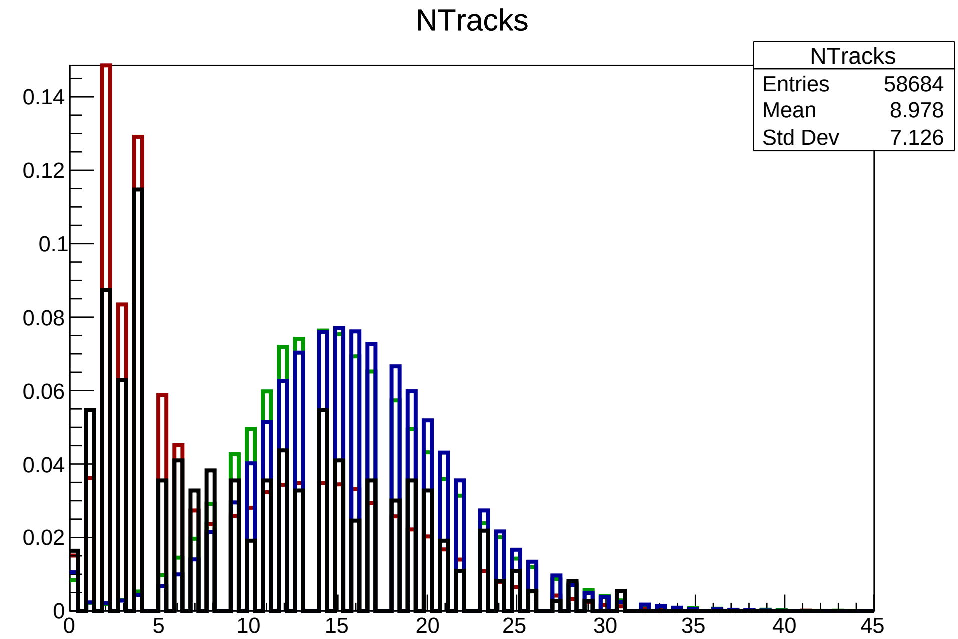

Figure 3: Number of tracks in the jet, normalized to unit area under the curve.

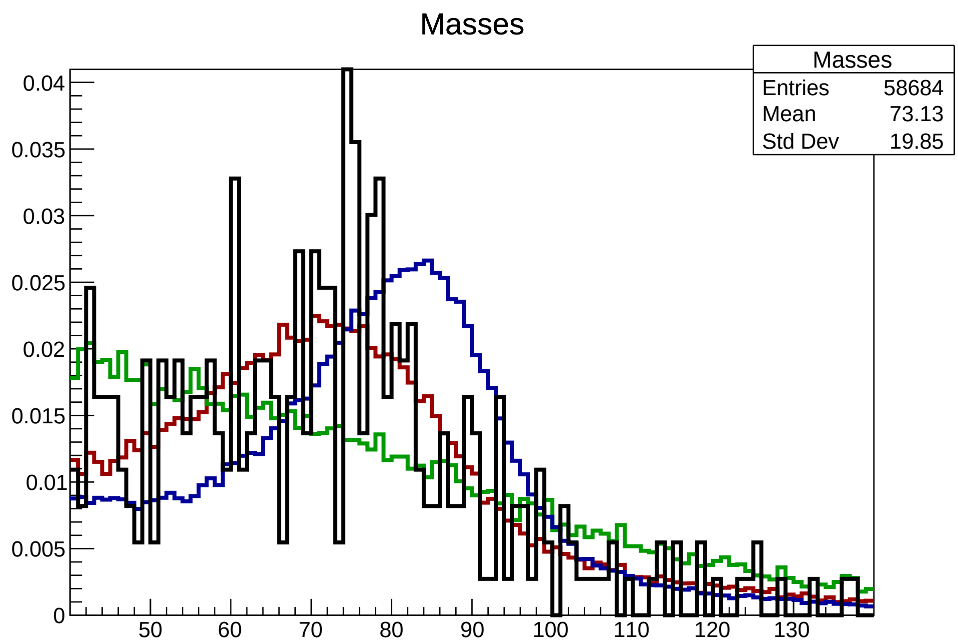

Figure 4: Masses of the jet after BDRS and filtering steps, normalized to unit area under the curve.

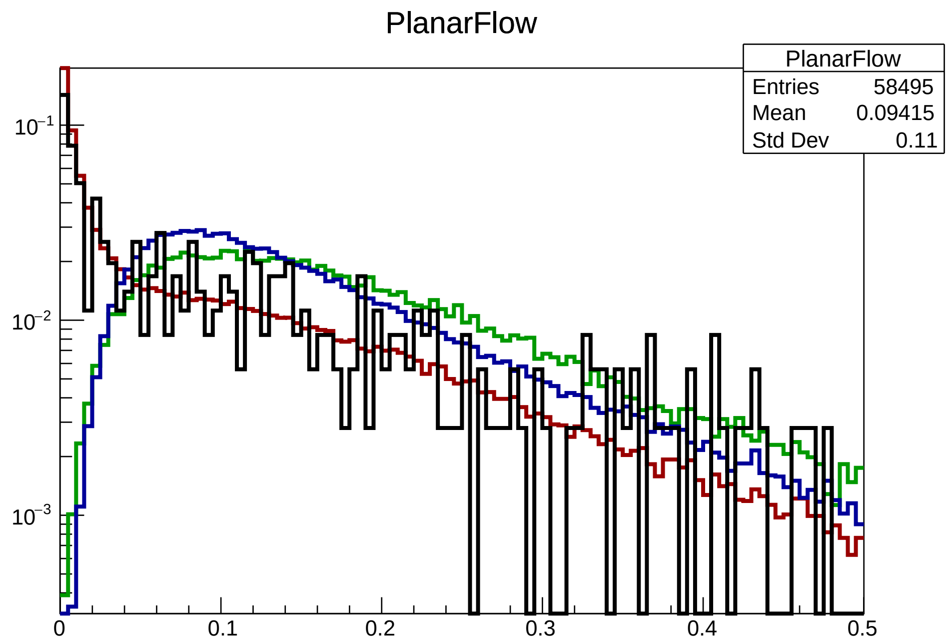

Figure 5: Planar Flow of the jet after BDRS and filtering steps, normalized to unit area under the curve.

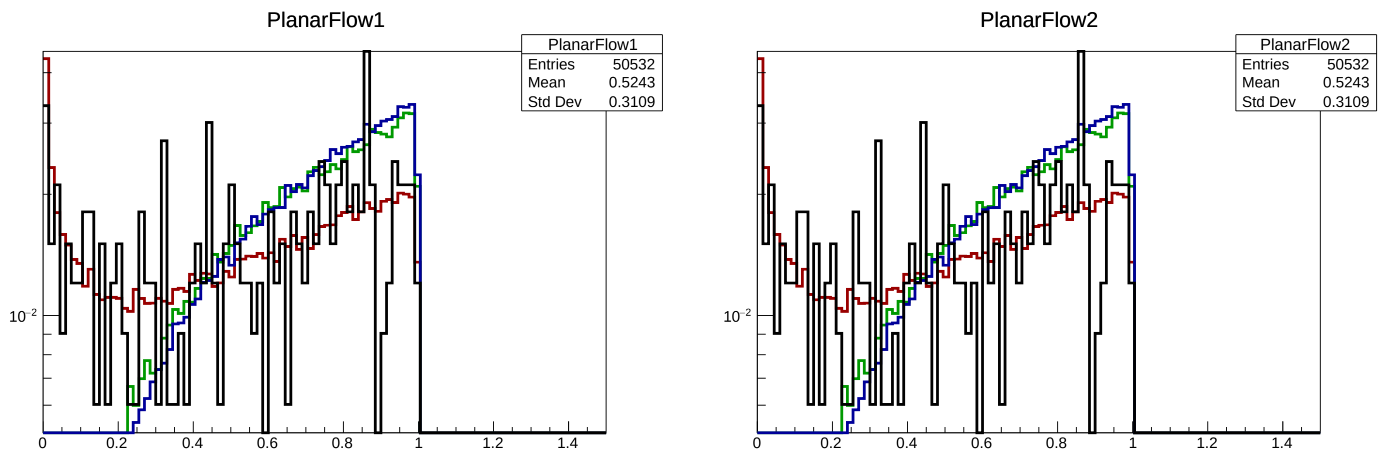

Figure 6: Planar Flow of the two subjets after BDRS and filtering steps, normalized to unit area under the curve.

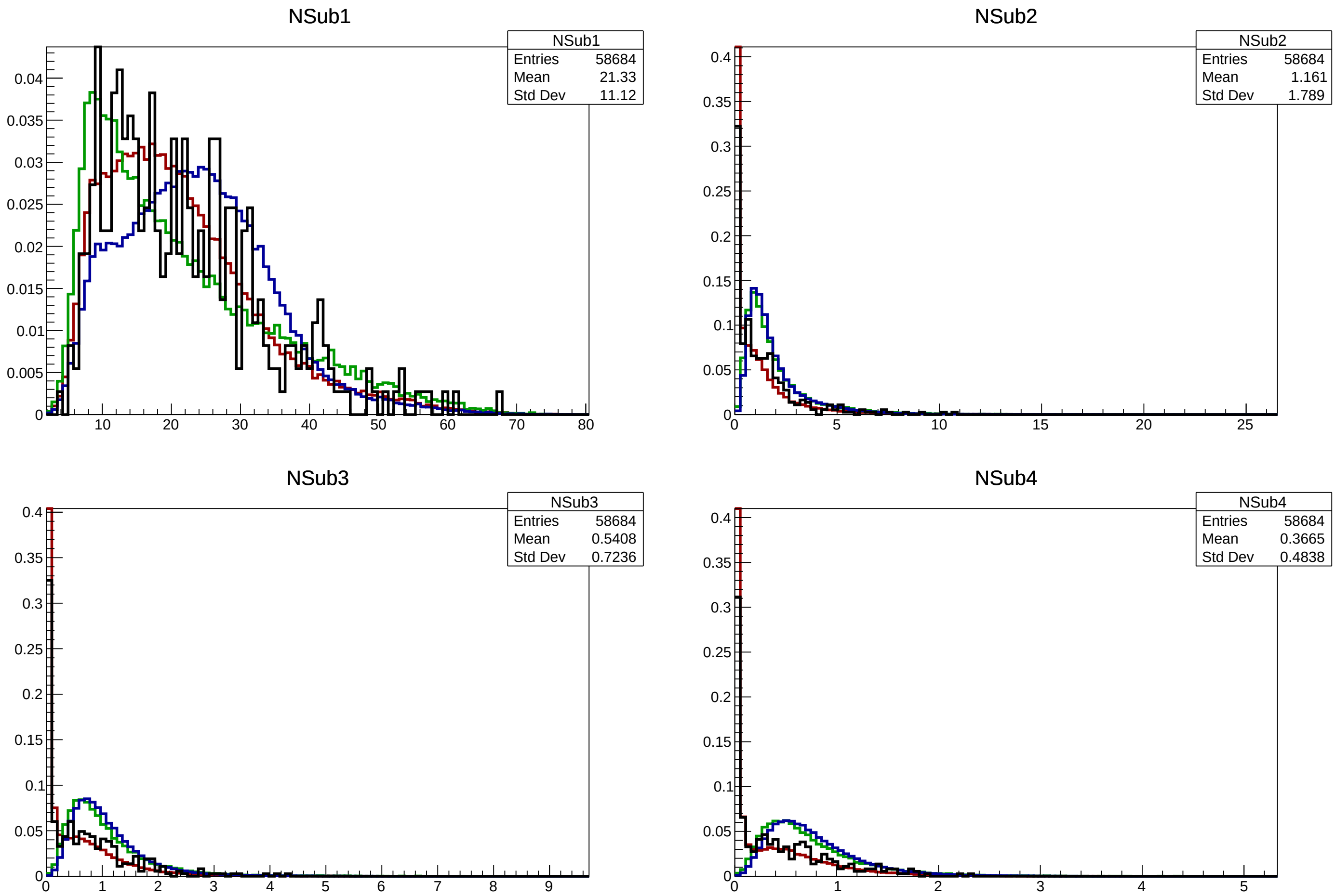

Figure 7: `NSubJettiness` observable, normalized to unit area under the curve.

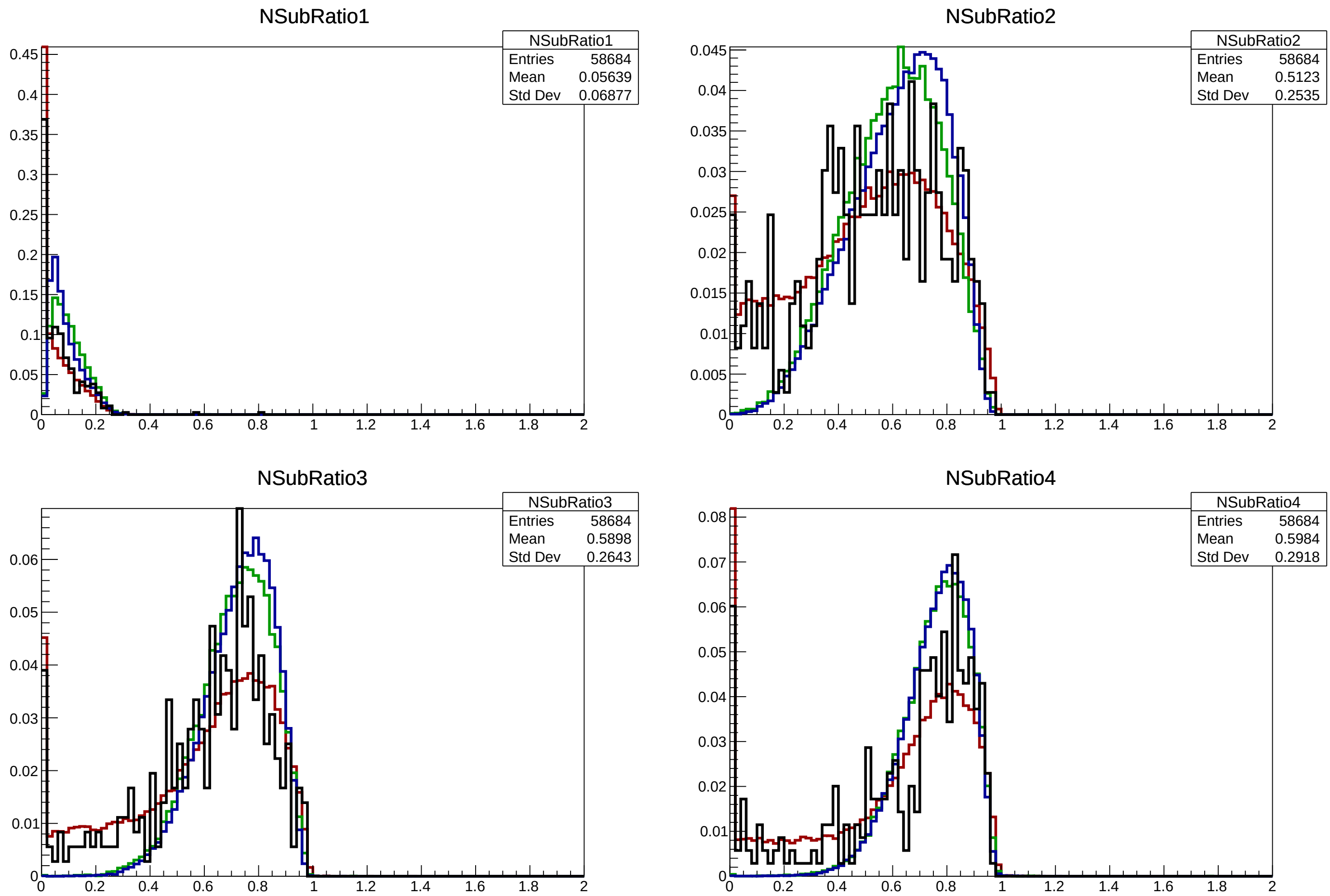

Figure 8: Ratio of `NSubJettiness` observable, normalized to unit area under the curve.