```
In [1]: # Load the Drive helper and mount
        from google.colab import drive
        drive.mount('/content/drive')
        Go to this URL in a browser: https://accounts.google.com/o/oauth2/auth?
        client id=947318989803-6bn6qk8qdgf4n4g3pfee6491hc0brc4i.apps.googleuser
        content.com&redirect uri=urn%3Aietf%3Awg%3Aoauth%3A2.0%3Aoob&scope=emai
        l%20https%3A%2F%2Fwww.googleapis.com%2Fauth%2Fdocs.test%20https%3A%2F%2
        Fwww.googleapis.com%2Fauth%2Fdrive%20https%3A%2F%2Fwww.googleapis.com%2
        Fauth%2Fdrive.photos.readonly%20https%3A%2F%2Fwww.googleapis.com%2Faut
        h%2Fpeopleapi.readonly&response type=code
        Enter your authorization code:
        Mounted at /content/drive
In [2]: cd drive/My Drive
        /content/drive/My Drive
In [3]: import sqlite3
        import pandas as pd
        con = sqlite3.connect('final.sqlite')
        final = pd.read sql query(""" SELECT * FROM Reviews WHERE Score != 3
         """, con)
        final.head()
Out[3]:
            index
                         ProductId
                                           Userld ProfileName HelpfulnessNumerator Helpfulne
```

	index	ld	ProductId	UserId	ProfileName	HelpfulnessNumerator	Helpfulne
0	138706	150524	0006641040	ACITT7DI6IDDL	shari zychinski	0	
1	138688	150506	0006641040	A2IW4PEEKO2R0U	Tracy	1	
2	138689	150507	0006641040	A1S4A3IQ2MU7V4	sally sue "sally sue"	1	
3	138690	150508	0006641040	AZGXZ2UUK6X	Catherine Hallberg " (Kate)"	1	
4	138691	150509	0006641040	A3CMRKGE0P909G	Teresa	3	
4							•
fiı	nal.sha	аре					

In [4]:

```
Out[4]: (364171, 12)
In [5]: import datetime as dt
        # Drop index column
        reviews df = final.drop(columns=['index'])
        reviews df['Time'] = reviews df[['Time']].applymap(lambda x: dt.datetim
        e.fromtimestamp(x))
        reviews df=reviews df.sample(50000)
        # Sort the data on the basis of time.
        reviews df = reviews df.sort values(by=['Time'])
        cleaned text = reviews df['CleanedText'].values
        print("Dataset Shape : \n", cleaned text.shape)
        Dataset Shape:
         (50000,)
In [6]: from collections import Counter
        from itertools import islice
        all words=[]
        for sentence in cleaned text:
            words = sentence.split()
            all words += words
        print("Shape of the data : ",cleaned text.shape)
        print("Number of sentences present in complete dataset : ",len(all word
        s))
        counts = Counter(all words)
        print("Number of unique words present in whole corpus: ",len(counts.mos
        t common()))
        vocab size = len(counts.most common()) + 1
        top words count = 5000
        sorted words = counts.most common(top words count)
```

```
word index lookup = dict()
        i = 1
        for word, frequency in sorted words:
            word index lookup[word] = i
            i += 1
        print()
        print("Top 25 words with their frequencies:")
        print(counts.most common(25))
        print()
        print("Top 25 words with their index:")
        print(list(islice(word index lookup.items(), 25)))
        Shape of the data: (50000,)
        Number of sentences present in complete dataset : 1915849
        Number of unique words present in whole corpus: 27416
        Top 25 words with their frequencies:
        [('like', 23669), ('tast', 22761), ('good', 17492), ('flavor', 17475),
        ('use', 16398), ('product', 16372), ('one', 16076), ('love', 15895),
        ('great', 15236), ('tri', 14402), ('tea', 13145), ('coffe', 13062), ('g
        et', 11766), ('make', 11720), ('food', 10639), ('would', 10046), ('bu
        v', 9378), ('time', 8872), ('realli', 8647), ('eat', 8432), ('order', 8
        188), ('amazon', 8085), ('dont', 8041), ('much', 7858), ('price', 764
        1)]
        Top 25 words with their index:
        [('like', 1), ('tast', 2), ('good', 3), ('flavor', 4), ('use', 5), ('pr
        oduct', 6), ('one', 7), ('love', 8), ('great', 9), ('tri', 10), ('tea',
        11), ('coffe', 12), ('get', 13), ('make', 14), ('food', 15), ('would',
        16), ('buy', 17), ('time', 18), ('realli', 19), ('eat', 20), ('order',
        21), ('amazon', 22), ('dont', 23), ('much', 24), ('price', 25)]
In [7]: def apply text index(row):
            holder = []
            for word in row['CleanedText'].split():
                if word in word index lookup:
                    holder.append(word index lookup[word])
```

else: holder.append(0) return holder reviews_df['CleanedText_Index'] = reviews_df.apply(lambda row: apply_te xt_index(row),axis=1) reviews_df.head(5)

Out[7]:

:		ld	ProductId	UserId	ProfileName	HelpfulnessNumerator	HelpfulnessDe
	242	1244	B00002Z754	A3B8RCEI0FXFI6	B G Chase	10	
	837	149770	B00004S1C5	A1KXONFPU2XQ5K	Stephanie Manley	8	
	868	149789	B00004S1C6	A1KXONFPU2XQ5K	Stephanie Manley	26	
	296	374408	B00004Cl84	A1GB1Q193DNFGR	Bruce Lee Pullen	5	
	1113	149697	B00006L2ZT	A2RSOEBCK1K70S	G. Preston	19	
	4						>

```
In [0]: from sklearn.model selection import train test split
         x train, x test, y train, y test = train test split(reviews df['Cleaned
         Text Index'].values,
                                                                      reviews df[
         'Score'l,
                                                                      test size=
         0.3,
                                                                      shuffle=Fal
         se,
                                                                      random stat
         e=0)
In [9]: print("Total number words present in first review:\n",len(x train[1]))
         print()
         print("List of word indexes present in first review:\n", x train[1])
         print()
         Total number words present in first review:
          23
         List of word indexes present in first review:
          [24, 660, 5, 0, 369, 290, 290, 2816, 4182, 1061, 1, 290, 668, 5, 14, 7]
         47, 715, 26, 46, 309, 335, 1777, 433]
In [10]: from keras.models import Sequential
         from keras.preprocessing import sequence
         max review length = 500
         x train = sequence.pad sequences(x train, maxlen=max review length)
         x test = sequence.pad sequences(x test, maxlen=max review length)
         print("Total number words present in first review after padding:\n",len
         (x train[1]))
         print()
         print("List of word indexes present in first review padding:\n", x trai
         n[1])
         print()
```

Using TensorFlow backend.

Total number words present in first review after padding: 500

				resent				•	_				
[0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Θ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

```
24 660 5 0 369 290 290 2816 4182 1061 1 290 668
               14 747 715 26 46 309 335 1777 4331
In [0]: # this function is used draw Binary Crossentropy Loss VS No. of epochs
         plot
        %matplotlib inline
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import numpy as np
        import time
        from keras.regularizers import L1L2
        # Bias regularizer value - we will use elasticnet
        reg = L1L2(0.01, 0.01)
        def plt dynamic(x, vy, ty):
          plt.figure(figsize=(10,5))
          plt.plot(x, vy, 'b', label="Validation Loss")
          plt.plot(x, ty, 'r', label="Train Loss")
          plt.xlabel('Epochs')
          plt.ylabel('Binary Crossentropy Loss')
          plt.title('\nBinary Crossentropy Loss VS Epochs')
          plt.legend()
          plt.grid()
          plt.show()
```

M1:1LSTM-LAYER

```
In [12]: from keras.models import Sequential from keras.layers import Dense from keras.layers import LSTM from keras.layers.embeddings import Embedding from keras.preprocessing import sequence
```

```
from keras.initializers import he normal
from keras.layers import BatchNormalization,Dropout
embedding vecor length = 32
model1 = Sequential()
model1.add(Embedding(vocab size, embedding vecor length, input length=m
ax review length))
model1.add(BatchNormalization())
model1.add(Dropout(0,2))
model1.add(LSTM(100))
model1.add(Dropout(0.2))
model1.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))
print(model1.summary())
model1.compile(loss='binary crossentropy', optimizer='adam', metrics=[
'accuracy'l)
history1 = model1.fit(x train, y train, nb epoch=9, batch size=512 ,ver
bose=1,validation data=(x test, y test))
```

WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/tensorflow/python/framework/op_def_library.py:263: colocate_with (from tensorflow.python.framework.ops) is deprecated and will be removed in a future version.

Instructions for updating:

Colocations handled automatically by placer.

WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/keras/backend/tensorflow_backend.py:3445: calling dropout (from tensorflow.pyth on.ops.nn_ops) with keep_prob is deprecated and will be removed in a future version.

Instructions for updating:

Please use `rate` instead of `keep_prob`. Rate should be set to `rate = 1 - keep_prob`.

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
embedding_1 (Embedding)	======================================	877344

batch_normalization_1 (Batch	(None, 500,	32)	128
dropout_1 (Dropout)	(None, 500,	32)	0
lstm_1 (LSTM)	(None, 100)		53200
dropout_2 (Dropout)	(None, 100)		0
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 1)		101

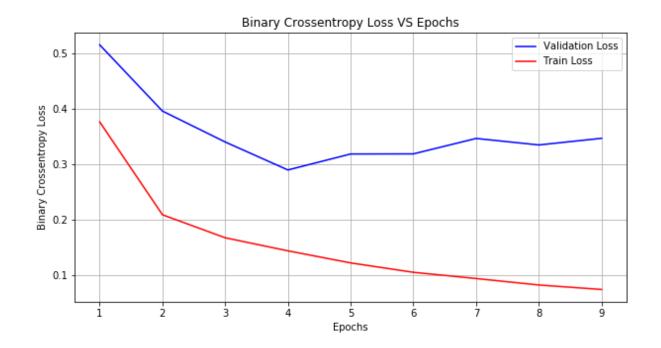
Total params: 930,773 Trainable params: 930,709 Non-trainable params: 64

None

WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/tensorflow/python/ops/math_ops.py:3066: to_int32 (from tensorflow.python.ops.math_ops) is deprecated and will be removed in a future version. Instructions for updating:
Use tf.cast instead.

/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:23: UserWarning: The `nb_epoch` argument in `fit` has been renamed `epochs`.

```
217 - acc: 0.9538 - val loss: 0.3180 - val acc: 0.9035
        Epoch 6/9
       048 - acc: 0.9615 - val loss: 0.3182 - val acc: 0.9038
        Epoch 7/9
        936 - acc: 0.9653 - val loss: 0.3460 - val acc: 0.9027
        Epoch 8/9
       35000/35000 [============= ] - 54s 2ms/step - loss: 0.0
       820 - acc: 0.9697 - val loss: 0.3343 - val acc: 0.9009
        Epoch 9/9
       35000/35000 [============= ] - 56s 2ms/step - loss: 0.0
       739 - acc: 0.9728 - val loss: 0.3463 - val acc: 0.8917
In [17]: # Final evaluation of the model
       scores = model1.evaluate(x test, y test, verbose=0)
       print("Accuracy: %.2f%" % (scores[1]*100))
        # Test and train accuracy of the model
       model1test = scores[1]
       model1train = max(history1.history['acc'])
       # Plotting Train and Test Loss VS no. of epochs
       # list of epoch numbers
       x = list(range(1,10))
        # Validation loss
        vy = history1.history['val loss']
        # Training loss
        ty = history1.history['loss']
       # Calling the function to draw the plot
        plt dynamic(x, vy, ty)
       Accuracy: 89.17%
```



M2: 2LSTM-LAYERS

```
In [18]: model2 = Sequential()
    model2.add(Embedding(vocab_size, embedding_vecor_length, input_length=m
    ax_review_length))
    model2.add(LSTM(100, return_sequences=True, dropout=0.4, recurrent_dropo
    ut=0.4))
    model2.add(LSTM(100, dropout=0.4, recurrent_dropout=0.4))
    model2.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))

    print(model2.summary())

model2.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy', optimizer='adam', metrics=[
    'accuracy'])
```

history2 = model2.fit(x_train, y_train, nb_epoch=10, batch_size=512 ,ve
rbose=1,validation_data=(x_test, y_test))

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
embedding_2 (Embedding)	(None, 500, 32)	877344
lstm_2 (LSTM)	(None, 500, 100)	53200
lstm_3 (LSTM)	(None, 100)	80400
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 1)	101

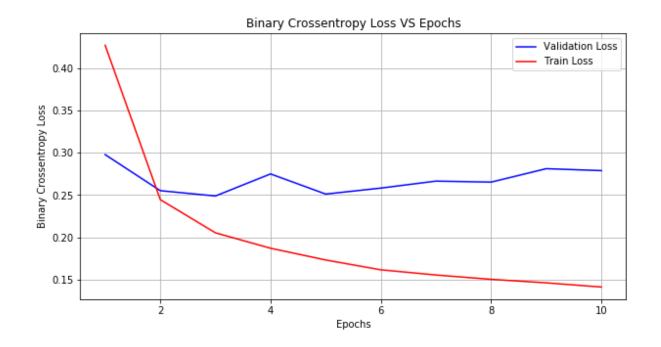
Total params: 1,011,045 Trainable params: 1,011,045 Non-trainable params: 0

None

/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:10: UserWa
rning: The `nb_epoch` argument in `fit` has been renamed `epochs`.
 # Remove the CWD from sys.path while we load stuff.

```
Train on 35000 samples, validate on 15000 samples
Epoch 1/10
35000/35000 [=============] - 126s 4ms/step - loss: 0.
4270 - acc: 0.8465 - val loss: 0.2978 - val acc: 0.8731
Epoch 2/10
35000/35000 [============== ] - 124s 4ms/step - loss: 0.
2445 - acc: 0.9024 - val loss: 0.2552 - val acc: 0.8949
Epoch 3/10
35000/35000 [============= ] - 123s 4ms/step - loss: 0.
2053 - acc: 0.9213 - val loss: 0.2489 - val acc: 0.9017
Epoch 4/10
1871 - acc: 0.9289 - val loss: 0.2749 - val acc: 0.9033
Epoch 5/10
1732 - acc: 0.9345 - val loss: 0.2511 - val acc: 0.9050
Fnoch 6/10
```

```
LPUCII U/ IU
       1616 - acc: 0.9413 - val loss: 0.2582 - val acc: 0.9040
       Epoch 7/10
       1555 - acc: 0.9412 - val loss: 0.2664 - val acc: 0.9060
       Epoch 8/10
       1504 - acc: 0.9447 - val loss: 0.2653 - val acc: 0.9025
       Epoch 9/10
       35000/35000 [============== ] - 122s 3ms/step - loss: 0.
       1462 - acc: 0.9469 - val loss: 0.2811 - val acc: 0.9025
       Epoch 10/10
       35000/35000 [============== ] - 123s 4ms/step - loss: 0.
       1413 - acc: 0.9481 - val loss: 0.2789 - val acc: 0.9012
In [19]: # Final evaluation of the model
       scores = model2.evaluate(x test, y test, verbose=0)
       print("Accuracy: %.2f%" % (scores[1]*100))
       # Test and train accuracy of the model
       model2test = scores[1]
       model2train = max(history2.history['acc'])
       # Plotting Train and Test Loss VS no. of epochs
       # list of epoch numbers
       x = list(range(1,11))
       # Validation loss
       vy = history2.history['val loss']
       # Training loss
       ty = history2.history['loss']
       # Calling the function to draw the plot
       plt dynamic(x, vy, ty)
       Accuracy: 90.12%
```



M3: 5LSTM-LAYERS

```
In [20]: from keras.models import Sequential
    from keras.layers import Dense
    from keras.layers import LSTM
    from keras.layers.embeddings import Embedding
    from keras.preprocessing import sequence
    from keras.initializers import he_normal
    from keras.layers import BatchNormalization,Dropout

embedding_vecor_length = 32
```

```
model3 = Sequential()
model3.add(Embedding(vocab size, embedding vecor_length, input_length=m
ax review length))
model3.add(BatchNormalization())
model3.add(Dropout(0.20))
model3.add(LSTM(100, return sequences=True, bias regularizer=reg))
model3.add(Dropout(0.20))
model3.add(LSTM(80,return sequences=True,bias regularizer=reg))
model3.add(Dropout(0.20))
model3.add(LSTM(60, return sequences=True, bias regularizer=reg))
model3.add(Dropout(0.30))
model3.add(LSTM(40, return sequences=True, bias regularizer=reg))
model3.add(BatchNormalization())
model3.add(Dropout(0.40))
model3.add(LSTM(20))
model3.add(Dropout(0.50))
model3.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))
print("Model Summary: \n")
model3.summary()
print()
print()
model3.compile(loss='binary crossentropy', optimizer='adam', metrics=[
'accuracv'l)
history3 = model3.fit(x train, y train, batch size = 512, epochs = 7, v
erbose=1, validation data=(x test, y test))
```

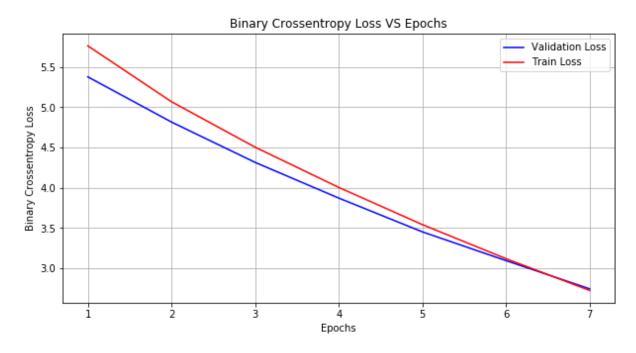
Model Summary:

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
embedding_3 (Embedding)	(None, 500, 32)	877344
batch_normalization_2 (Batch	(None, 500, 32)	128

dropout_3 (Dropout)	(None,	500,	32)	0
lstm_4 (LSTM)	(None,	500,	100)	53200
dropout_4 (Dropout)	(None,	500,	100)	0
lstm_5 (LSTM)	(None,	500,	80)	57920
dropout_5 (Dropout)	(None,	500,	80)	0
lstm_6 (LSTM)	(None,	500,	60)	33840
dropout_6 (Dropout)	(None,	500,	60)	0
lstm_7 (LSTM)	(None,	500,	40)	16160
<pre>batch_normalization_3 (Batch</pre>	(None,	500,	40)	160
dropout_7 (Dropout)	(None,	500,	40)	0
lstm_8 (LSTM)	(None,	20)		4880
dropout_8 (Dropout)	(None,	20)		0
dense_3 (Dense)	(None,	1)		21
Total params: 1,043,653	=====	====:		=======

Total params: 1,043,653 Trainable params: 1,043,509 Non-trainable params: 144

```
0687 - acc: 0.8877 - val loss: 4.8164 - val acc: 0.8867
       Epoch 3/7
       5043 - acc: 0.9156 - val loss: 4.3156 - val acc: 0.8970
       Epoch 4/7
       0049 - acc: 0.9294 - val loss: 3.8724 - val acc: 0.8984
       Epoch 5/7
       35000/35000 [=============] - 266s 8ms/step - loss: 3.
       5427 - acc: 0.9397 - val loss: 3.4530 - val acc: 0.9009
       Epoch 6/7
       35000/35000 [=============] - 262s 7ms/step - loss: 3.
       1200 - acc: 0.9478 - val loss: 3.0959 - val acc: 0.8959
       Epoch 7/7
       7257 - acc: 0.9565 - val loss: 2.7458 - val acc: 0.8998
In [22]: # Final evaluation of the model
       scores = model3.evaluate(x test, y test, verbose=0)
       print("Accuracy: %.2f%" % (scores[1]*100))
       # Test and train accuracy of the model
       model3test = scores[1]
       model3train = max(history3.history['acc'])
       # Plotting Train and Test Loss VS no. of epochs
       # list of epoch numbers
       x = list(range(1,8))
       # Validation loss
       vy = history3.history['val loss']
       # Training loss
       ty = history3.history['loss']
       # Calling the function to draw the plot
       plt dynamic(x, vy, ty)
       Accuracy: 89.98%
```



```
In [23]: # Creating table using PrettyTable library
    from prettytable import PrettyTable

# Names of models
    names = ['RNN With 1 LSTM Layer','RNN With 2 LSTM Layers','RNN With 5 L
    STM Layers']

# Training accuracies
    train_acc = [modelltrain,model2train,model3train]

# Test accuracies
    test_acc = [modelltest,model2test,model3test]

numbering = [1,2,3]

# Initializing prettytable
ptable = PrettyTable()
```

```
# Adding columns
ptable.add column("S.NO.", numbering)
ptable.add column("MODEL", names)
ptable.add column("Training Accuracy", train acc)
ptable.add column("Test Accuracy", test acc)
# Printing the Table
print(ptable)
| S.NO. | MODEL | Training Accuracy | Test Accuracy
1 | RNN With 1 LSTM Layer | 0.9727714285986764 | 0.8916666666348
775 l
     | RNN With 2 LSTM Layers | 0.9481142856052943 | 0.9012000000317
1 2
891 |
      | RNN With 5 LSTM Layers | 0.95648571434021 | 0.8997999999682
108 I
+-----
```