cnn on mnist dataset

```
In [0]: # Credits: https://github.com/keras-team/keras/blob/master/examples/mni
        st cnn.py
        from future import print function
        import keras
        from keras.datasets import mnist
        from keras.models import Sequential
        from keras.layers import Dense, Dropout, Flatten
        from keras.layers import Conv2D, MaxPooling2D
        from keras import backend as K
        batch size = 128
        num classes = 10
        epochs = 12
        # input image dimensions
        img rows, img cols = 28, 28
        # the data, split between train and test sets
        (x train, y train), (x test, y test) = mnist.load data()
        if K.image data format() == 'channels first':
            x_{train} = x_{train.reshape}(x_{train.shape}[0], 1, img rows, img cols)
            x \text{ test} = x \text{ test.reshape}(x \text{ test.shape}[0], 1, img rows, img cols)
            input shape = (1, img rows, img cols)
        else:
            x train = x train.reshape(x train.shape[0], img rows, img cols, 1)
            x test = x test.reshape(x test.shape[0], img rows, img cols, 1)
            input shape = (img rows, img cols, 1)
        x train = x train.astype('float32')
```

```
x test = x test.astype('float32')
x train /= 255
x test /= 255
print('x_train shape:', x_train.shape)
print(x train.shape[0], 'train samples')
print(x test.shape[0], 'test samples')
# convert class vectors to binary class matrices
y train = keras.utils.to categorical(y train, num classes)
y test = keras.utils.to categorical(y test, num classes)
model = Sequential()
model.add(Conv2D(32, kernel size=(5, 5),
                 activation='relu'.
                 input shape=input shape))
model.add(Conv2D(64, (5, 5), activation='relu'))
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=(2, 2)))
model.add(Dropout(0.25))
model.add(Flatten())
model.add(Dense(128, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dropout(0.5))
model.add(Dense(num classes, activation='softmax'))
model.compile(loss=keras.losses.categorical crossentropy,
              optimizer=keras.optimizers.Adadelta(),
              metrics=['accuracy'])
model.fit(x train, y train,
          batch size=batch size,
          epochs=epochs,
          verbose=1.
          validation data=(x test, y test))
score = model.evaluate(x test, y test, verbose=0)
print('Test loss:', score[0])
print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
Using TensorFlow backend.
Downloading data from https://s3.amazonaws.com/img-datasets/mnist.npz
```

```
x train shape: (60000, 28, 28, 1)
60000 train samples
10000 test samples
WARNING: tensorflow: From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/tensorfl
ow/python/framework/op def library.py:263: colocate with (from tensorfl
ow.python.framework.ops) is deprecated and will be removed in a future
version.
Instructions for updating:
Colocations handled automatically by placer.
WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/keras/ba
ckend/tensorflow backend.py:3445: calling dropout (from tensorflow.pyth
on.ops.nn ops) with keep prob is deprecated and will be removed in a fu
ture version.
Instructions for updating:
Please use `rate` instead of `keep prob`. Rate should be set to `rate =
1 - keep prob`.
WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/tensorfl
ow/python/ops/math ops.py:3066: to int32 (from tensorflow.python.ops.ma
th ops) is deprecated and will be removed in a future version.
Instructions for updating:
Use tf.cast instead.
Train on 60000 samples, validate on 10000 samples
Epoch 1/12
0.2330 - acc: 0.9267 - val loss: 0.0524 - val acc: 0.9839
Epoch 2/12
779 - acc: 0.9768 - val loss: 0.0435 - val acc: 0.9864
Epoch 3/12
600 - acc: 0.9822 - val loss: 0.0293 - val acc: 0.9899
Epoch 4/12
478 - acc: 0.9855 - val loss: 0.0248 - val acc: 0.9908
Epoch 5/12
409 - acc: 0.9876 - val loss: 0.0243 - val acc: 0.9916
Epoch 6/12
```

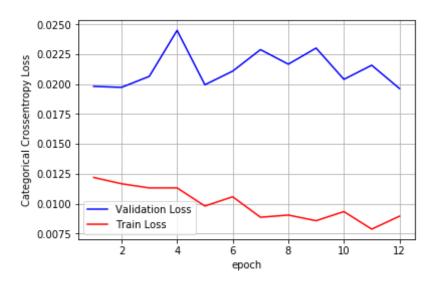
```
359 - acc: 0.9890 - val loss: 0.0259 - val acc: 0.9919
       Epoch 7/12
       330 - acc: 0.9903 - val loss: 0.0303 - val acc: 0.9896
       Epoch 8/12
       288 - acc: 0.9914 - val loss: 0.0238 - val acc: 0.9921
       Epoch 9/12
       60000/60000 [============== ] - 5s 79us/step - loss: 0.0
       272 - acc: 0.9919 - val loss: 0.0224 - val acc: 0.9928
       Epoch 10/12
       60000/60000 [============== ] - 5s 81us/step - loss: 0.0
       249 - acc: 0.9921 - val loss: 0.0213 - val acc: 0.9930
       Epoch 11/12
       60000/60000 [============] - 5s 81us/step - loss: 0.0
       230 - acc: 0.9930 - val loss: 0.0226 - val acc: 0.9931
       Epoch 12/12
       60000/60000 [===========] - 5s 78us/step - loss: 0.0
       213 - acc: 0.9935 - val loss: 0.0227 - val acc: 0.9927
       Test loss: 0.022691776645601566
       Test accuracy: 0.9927
In [0]: %matplotlib inline
       import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
       import numpy as np
       import time
       # https://gist.github.com/greydanus/f6eee59eaf1d90fcb3b534a25362cea4
       # https://stackoverflow.com/a/14434334
       # this function is used to update the plots for each epoch and error
       def plt dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax, colors=['b']):
          ax.plot(x, vy, 'b', label="Validation Loss")
          ax.plot(x, ty, 'r', label="Train Loss")
          plt.legend()
          plt.grid()
          fig.canvas.draw()
In [0]: history = model.fit(x train, y train, batch size=batch size, epochs=12,
        verbose=1, validation data=(x test, y test))
```

```
Train on 60000 samples, validate on 10000 samples
      Epoch 1/12
      122 - acc: 0.9962 - val loss: 0.0198 - val acc: 0.9953
      Epoch 2/12
      117 - acc: 0.9965 - val loss: 0.0197 - val acc: 0.9944
      Epoch 3/12
      60000/60000 [============== ] - 5s 78us/step - loss: 0.0
     113 - acc: 0.9962 - val loss: 0.0206 - val acc: 0.9945
      Epoch 4/12
      60000/60000 [============== ] - 5s 78us/step - loss: 0.0
     113 - acc: 0.9961 - val loss: 0.0245 - val acc: 0.9945
      Epoch 5/12
      60000/60000 [============== ] - 5s 78us/step - loss: 0.0
     098 - acc: 0.9968 - val loss: 0.0199 - val acc: 0.9948
      Epoch 6/12
      106 - acc: 0.9968 - val loss: 0.0211 - val acc: 0.9945
      Epoch 7/12
      089 - acc: 0.9969 - val loss: 0.0229 - val acc: 0.9940
      Epoch 8/12
      60000/60000 [=============] - 5s 80us/step - loss: 0.0
     090 - acc: 0.9971 - val loss: 0.0217 - val acc: 0.9954
      Epoch 9/12
      086 - acc: 0.9972 - val loss: 0.0230 - val acc: 0.9950
      Epoch 10/12
     60000/60000 [============] - 5s 77us/step - loss: 0.0
     093 - acc: 0.9971 - val loss: 0.0204 - val acc: 0.9953
      Epoch 11/12
      079 - acc: 0.9975 - val loss: 0.0216 - val acc: 0.9949
      Epoch 12/12
      60000/60000 [============== ] - 5s 77us/step - loss: 0.0
     089 - acc: 0.9972 - val loss: 0.0196 - val acc: 0.9953
In [0]: print('Test score:', score[0])
```

```
print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
fig,ax = plt.subplots(1,1)
ax.set xlabel('epoch'); ax.set ylabel('Categorical Crossentropy Loss')
# list of epoch numbers
x = list(range(1,13))
# print(history.history.keys())
# dict keys(['val loss', 'val acc', 'loss', 'acc'])
# history = model drop.fit(X train, Y train, batch size=batch size, epo
chs=nb epoch, verbose=1, validation data=(X test, Y test))
# we will get val loss and val acc only when you pass the paramter vali
dation data
# val loss : validation loss
# val acc : validation accuracy
# loss : training loss
# acc : train accuracy
# for each key in histrory.histrory we will have a list of length equal
to number of epochs
vy = history.history['val loss']
ty = history.history['loss']
plt dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax)
```

Test score: 0.022691776645601566

Test accuracy: 0.9927



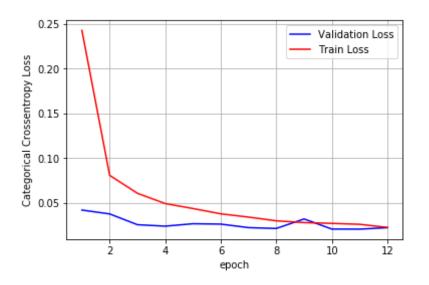
Three Diff convnets

M1:Three conv layers-(max-pool,batch-norm,drop-out)

| Layer (type) | Output | Shape | Param # |
|------------------------------|--------|-------------|---------|
| conv2d_51 (Conv2D) | (None, | 26, 26, 32) | 320 |
| max_pooling2d_27 (MaxPooling | (None, | 13, 13, 32) | 0 |
| conv2d_52 (Conv2D) | (None, | 11, 11, 64) | 18496 |
| conv2d_53 (Conv2D) | (None, | 9, 9, 32) | 18464 |
| max_pooling2d_28 (MaxPooling | (None, | 4, 4, 32) | 0 |
| dropout_18 (Dropout) | (None, | 4, 4, 32) | 0 |
| flatten_7 (Flatten) | (None, | 512) | 0 |
| dense_11 (Dense) | (None, | 128) | 65664 |
| batch_normalization_5 (Batch | (None, | 128) | 512 |
| dropout_19 (Dropout) | (None, | 128) | 0 |
| | | | |

```
(None, 10)
                                    1290
dense 12 (Dense)
______
Total params: 104,746
Trainable params: 104,490
Non-trainable params: 256
None
Train on 60000 samples, validate on 10000 samples
Epoch 1/12
426 - acc: 0.9259 - val loss: 0.0420 - val acc: 0.9864
Epoch 2/12
807 - acc: 0.9753 - val loss: 0.0377 - val acc: 0.9885
Epoch 3/12
607 - acc: 0.9815 - val loss: 0.0256 - val acc: 0.9911
Epoch 4/12
492 - acc: 0.9846 - val loss: 0.0240 - val acc: 0.9923
Epoch 5/12
437 - acc: 0.9864 - val loss: 0.0267 - val acc: 0.9903
Epoch 6/12
60000/60000 [=============] - 4s 64us/step - loss: 0.0
378 - acc: 0.9879 - val loss: 0.0263 - val acc: 0.9916
Epoch 7/12
341 - acc: 0.9890 - val loss: 0.0223 - val acc: 0.9934
Epoch 8/12
60000/60000 [============== ] - 4s 68us/step - loss: 0.0
300 - acc: 0.9909 - val loss: 0.0214 - val acc: 0.9940
Epoch 9/12
60000/60000 [============== ] - 4s 71us/step - loss: 0.0
279 - acc: 0.9914 - val loss: 0.0320 - val acc: 0.9911
Epoch 10/12
60000/60000 [=============] - 4s 68us/step - loss: 0.0
271 - acc: 0.9914 - val loss: 0.0207 - val acc: 0.9940
Epoch 11/12
```

```
261 - acc: 0.9917 - val loss: 0.0207 - val acc: 0.9935
       Epoch 12/12
       226 - acc: 0.9927 - val loss: 0.0223 - val acc: 0.9937
       Test loss: 0.022268649872068273
       Test accuracy: 0.9937
In [0]: print('Test score:', score[0])
       print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
       fig,ax = plt.subplots(1,1)
       ax.set xlabel('epoch') ; ax.set ylabel('Categorical Crossentropy Loss')
       # list of epoch numbers
       x = list(range(1,13))
       # print(history.history.keys())
       # dict keys(['val loss', 'val acc', 'loss', 'acc'])
       # history = model drop.fit(X train, Y train, batch size=batch size, epo
       chs=nb epoch, verbose=1, validation data=(X test, Y test))
       # we will get val loss and val acc only when you pass the paramter vali
       dation data
       # val loss : validation loss
       # val acc : validation accuracy
       # loss : training loss
       # acc : train accuracy
       # for each key in histrory.histrory we will have a list of length equal
        to number of epochs
       vy = history.history['val loss']
       ty = history.history['loss']
       plt dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax)
       Test score: 0.022268649872068273
       Test accuracy: 0.9937
```



M2:Five conv layers-(max-pool,drop-out,batch-norm)

```
In [0]: model2 = Sequential()
        model2.add(Conv2D(8, kernel_size=(5, 5),padding='same',activation='rel
        u',input shape=input shape))
        model2.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=(2, 2),padding='same'))
        model2.add(Conv2D(16, (5, 5),padding='same', activation='relu'))
        model2.add(Conv2D(32, (5, 5), activation='relu'))
        model2.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=(2, 2),padding='same'))
        model2.add(Dropout(0.25))
        model2.add(Conv2D(64, (5, 5), activation='relu',padding='same'))
        model2.add(Conv2D(64, (5, 5), activation='relu'))
        model2.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=(2, 2),padding='same'))
        model2.add(Dropout(0.25))
        model2.add(Flatten())
        model2.add(Dense(128, activation='relu'))
        model2.add(BatchNormalization())
        model2.add(Dropout(0.5))
        model2.add(Dense(num classes, activation='softmax'))
```

```
print(model2.summary())
model2.compile(loss=keras.losses.categorical_crossentropy,optimizer=ker
as.optimizers.Adadelta(),metrics=['accuracy'])
history=model2.fit(x_train, y_train,batch_size=batch_size,epochs=epochs
,verbose=1,validation_data=(x_test, y_test))
score = model2.evaluate(x_test, y_test, verbose=0)
print('Test loss:', score[0])
print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
```

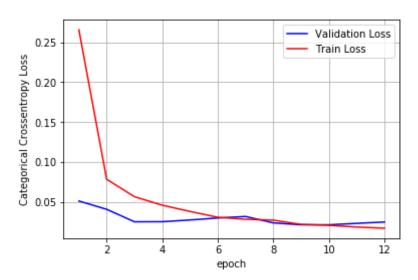
| Layer (type) | Output Shape | Param # |
|---|--------------------|---------|
| conv2d_54 (Conv2D) | (None, 28, 28, 8) | 208 |
| <pre>max_pooling2d_29 (MaxPooling</pre> | (None, 14, 14, 8) | 0 |
| conv2d_55 (Conv2D) | (None, 14, 14, 16) | 3216 |
| conv2d_56 (Conv2D) | (None, 10, 10, 32) | 12832 |
| <pre>max_pooling2d_30 (MaxPooling</pre> | (None, 5, 5, 32) | 0 |
| dropout_20 (Dropout) | (None, 5, 5, 32) | 0 |
| conv2d_57 (Conv2D) | (None, 5, 5, 64) | 51264 |
| conv2d_58 (Conv2D) | (None, 1, 1, 64) | 102464 |
| <pre>max_pooling2d_31 (MaxPooling</pre> | (None, 1, 1, 64) | 0 |
| dropout_21 (Dropout) | (None, 1, 1, 64) | 0 |
| flatten_8 (Flatten) | (None, 64) | 0 |
| dense_13 (Dense) | (None, 128) | 8320 |
| <pre>batch_normalization_6 (Batch</pre> | (None, 128) | 512 |

```
dropout 22 (Dropout)
                 (None, 128)
                                 0
dense_14 (Dense)
                 (None, 10)
                                 1290
Total params: 180,106
Trainable params: 179,850
Non-trainable params: 256
None
Train on 60000 samples, validate on 10000 samples
Epoch 1/12
60000/60000 [============== ] - 6s 99us/step - loss: 0.2
656 - acc: 0.9190 - val loss: 0.0511 - val acc: 0.9848
Epoch 2/12
784 - acc: 0.9787 - val loss: 0.0408 - val acc: 0.9878
Epoch 3/12
565 - acc: 0.9844 - val loss: 0.0251 - val acc: 0.9909
Epoch 4/12
459 - acc: 0.9875 - val loss: 0.0252 - val acc: 0.9923
Epoch 5/12
381 - acc: 0.9895 - val loss: 0.0274 - val acc: 0.9924
Epoch 6/12
308 - acc: 0.9914 - val loss: 0.0299 - val acc: 0.9909
Epoch 7/12
283 - acc: 0.9918 - val loss: 0.0318 - val acc: 0.9912
Epoch 8/12
272 - acc: 0.9927 - val loss: 0.0238 - val acc: 0.9926
Epoch 9/12
219 - acc: 0.9938 - val loss: 0.0214 - val acc: 0.9929
Epoch 10/12
```

```
207 - acc: 0.9942 - val loss: 0.0214 - val acc: 0.9938
       Epoch 11/12
       186 - acc: 0.9950 - val loss: 0.0232 - val acc: 0.9943
       Epoch 12/12
       171 - acc: 0.9952 - val loss: 0.0248 - val acc: 0.9932
       Test loss: 0.024832504260356155
       Test accuracy: 0.9932
In [0]: print('Test score:', score[0])
       print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
       fig,ax = plt.subplots(1,1)
       ax.set xlabel('epoch') ; ax.set_ylabel('Categorical Crossentropy Loss')
       # list of epoch numbers
       x = list(range(1,13))
       # print(history.history.keys())
       # dict keys(['val loss', 'val acc', 'loss', 'acc'])
       # history = model drop.fit(X train, Y train, batch size=batch size, epo
       chs=nb epoch, verbose=1, validation data=(X test, Y test))
       # we will get val loss and val acc only when you pass the paramter vali
       dation data
       # val loss : validation loss
       # val acc : validation accuracy
       # loss : training loss
       # acc : train accuracy
       # for each key in histrory.histrory we will have a list of length equal
       to number of epochs
       vy = history.history['val loss']
       ty = history.history['loss']
       plt dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax)
```

Test score: 0.024832504260356155

Test accuracy: 0.9932



M3:seven conv layers-(max-pool,drop-out,batch-norm) kernel 7*7

```
In [0]: model3 = Sequential()
    model3.add(Conv2D(32, kernel_size=(7, 7),padding='same',activation='rel
    u',input_shape=input_shape))
    model3.add(Conv2D(32, (7, 7), activation='relu',padding='same'))
    model3.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(3, 3),padding='same'))
    model3.add(Dropout(0.25))
    model3.add(Conv2D(64, (7, 7), activation='relu',padding='same'))
    model3.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2),padding='same'))
    model3.add(Conv2D(64, (7, 7), activation='relu',padding='same'))
    model3.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2),padding='same'))
    model3.add(Dropout(0.25))
    model3.add(Conv2D(128, (7, 7), activation='relu',padding='same'))
    model3.add(Conv2D(256, (7, 7), activation='relu',padding='same'))
    model3.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2),padding='same'))
    model3.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2),padding='same'))
```

```
model3.add(Dropout(0.25))
model3.add(Flatten())
model3.add(Dense(128, activation='relu'))
model3.add(BatchNormalization())
model3.add(Dropout(0.5))
model3.add(Dense(num_classes, activation='softmax'))

print(model3.summary())

model3.compile(loss=keras.losses.categorical_crossentropy,optimizer=ker as.optimizers.Adadelta(),metrics=['accuracy'])

history=model3.fit(x_train, y_train,batch_size=batch_size,epochs=epochs,verbose=1,validation_data=(x_test, y_test))
score = model3.evaluate(x_test, y_test, verbose=0)
print('Test loss:', score[0])
print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
```

| Layer (type) | Output Shape | Param # |
|---|--------------------|---------|
| conv2d_44 (Conv2D) | (None, 28, 28, 32) | 1600 |
| conv2d_45 (Conv2D) | (None, 28, 28, 32) | 50208 |
| max_pooling2d_23 (MaxPooling | (None, 10, 10, 32) | 0 |
| dropout_14 (Dropout) | (None, 10, 10, 32) | 0 |
| conv2d_46 (Conv2D) | (None, 10, 10, 64) | 100416 |
| max_pooling2d_24 (MaxPooling | (None, 5, 5, 64) | 0 |
| conv2d_47 (Conv2D) | (None, 5, 5, 64) | 200768 |
| conv2d_48 (Conv2D) | (None, 5, 5, 128) | 401536 |
| <pre>max_pooling2d_25 (MaxPooling</pre> | (None, 3, 3, 128) | 0 |

```
dropout 15 (Dropout)
                      (None, 3, 3, 128)
                                         0
conv2d 49 (Conv2D)
                      (None, 3, 3, 128)
                                         802944
conv2d 50 (Conv2D)
                      (None, 3, 3, 256)
                                         1605888
max pooling2d 26 (MaxPooling (None, 2, 2, 256)
                                         0
dropout 16 (Dropout)
                      (None, 2, 2, 256)
                                         0
flatten 6 (Flatten)
                      (None, 1024)
                                         0
dense 9 (Dense)
                                         131200
                      (None, 128)
batch normalization 4 (Batch (None, 128)
                                         512
dropout 17 (Dropout)
                      (None, 128)
                                         0
                                         1290
dense 10 (Dense)
                      (None, 10)
Total params: 3,296,362
Trainable params: 3,296,106
Non-trainable params: 256
None
Train on 60000 samples, validate on 10000 samples
Epoch 1/12
0.3705 - acc: 0.8747 - val loss: 0.0681 - val acc: 0.9814
Epoch 2/12
0.0589 - acc: 0.9842 - val loss: 0.0957 - val acc: 0.9729
Epoch 3/12
0.0415 - acc: 0.9886 - val loss: 0.0352 - val_acc: 0.9896
Epoch 4/12
0.0328 - acc: 0.9908 - val_loss: 0.0283 - val_acc: 0.9924
```

```
Epoch 5/12
     0.0251 - acc: 0.9931 - val loss: 0.0294 - val acc: 0.9923
     Epoch 6/12
     0.0210 - acc: 0.9942 - val loss: 0.0250 - val acc: 0.9925
     Epoch 7/12
     0.0183 - acc: 0.9950 - val loss: 0.0204 - val acc: 0.9942
     Epoch 8/12
     0.0147 - acc: 0.9958 - val loss: 0.0311 - val acc: 0.9921
     Epoch 9/12
     0.0126 - acc: 0.9966 - val loss: 0.0258 - val acc: 0.9939
     Epoch 10/12
     0.0123 - acc: 0.9966 - val loss: 0.0213 - val acc: 0.9933
     Epoch 11/12
     60000/60000 [============] - 15s 252us/step - loss:
     0.0093 - acc: 0.9974 - val loss: 0.0329 - val acc: 0.9933
     Epoch 12/12
     0.0095 - acc: 0.9976 - val loss: 0.0254 - val acc: 0.9940
     Test loss: 0.025376197105148914
     Test accuracy: 0.994
In [0]: |print('Test score:', score[0])
     print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
     fig,ax = plt.subplots(1,1)
     ax.set xlabel('epoch') ; ax.set ylabel('Categorical Crossentropy Loss')
     # list of epoch numbers
     x = list(range(1,13))
     # print(history.history.keys())
     # dict keys(['val loss', 'val acc', 'loss', 'acc'])
```

```
# history = model_drop.fit(X_train, Y_train, batch_size=batch_size, epo
chs=nb_epoch, verbose=1, validation_data=(X_test, Y_test))

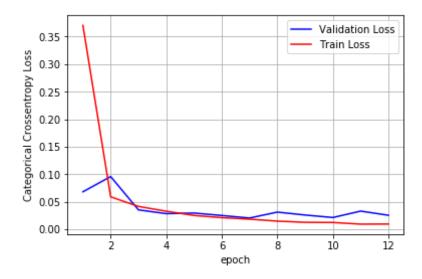
# we will get val_loss and val_acc only when you pass the paramter vali
dation_data
# val_loss : validation loss
# val_acc : validation accuracy

# loss : training loss
# acc : train accuracy
# for each key in histrory.histrory we will have a list of length equal
to number of epochs

vy = history.history['val_loss']
ty = history.history['loss']
plt_dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax)
```

Test score: 0.025376197105148914

Test accuracy: 0.994



procedure

1.Load MNIST dataset
2.Split the dataset into train and test
3.Normalize the train and test data
4.Convert class variable into categorical data vector
5.Implement Softmax classifier with 3, 5 and 7 conv layers .
6.Use kernel -size (3X3) , (5X5) and (7,7) .
7.Draw Categorical Crossentropy Loss VS No.of Epochs plot .

```
In [0]: # Creating table using PrettyTable library
        from prettytable import PrettyTable
        # Names of models
        names = ['CNN(3-Conv layers)] With Kernel-size = (3,3)', CNN(5-Conv laye)
        rs) With Kernel-size = (5,5)', 'CNN(7-Conv layers) With Kernel-size =
         (7,7)'
        # Training accuracies
        train acc = [0.9927, 0.9952, 0.9976]
        # Test accuracies
        test acc = [0.9937, 0.9932, 0.994]
        numbering = [1,2,3]
        # Initializing prettytable
        ptable = PrettyTable()
        # Adding columns
        ptable.add column("S.NO.", numbering)
        ptable.add column("MODEL", names)
        ptable.add column("Training Accuracy", train acc)
        ptable.add column("Test Accuracy", test acc)
```

```
# Printing the Table
print(ptable)
---+---+
                         MODEL
| S.NO. |
                                               | Training Accura
cy | Test Accuracy |
   1 | CNN(3-Conv layers) With Kernel-size = (3,3) |
                                                      0.9927
   0.9937
   2 | CNN(5-Conv layers) With Kernel-size = (5,5) |
                                                      0.9952
       0.9932
   3 | CNN(7-Conv layers) With Kernel-size = (7,7) |
                                                      0.9976
       0.994
```