Question-8.2.1

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Question: Find the area of the circle $4x^2 + 4y^2 = 9$, which is interior to the parabola $x^2 = 4y$

Solution:

Trapezoidal rule: It is a numerical method for approximating the definite integral of a function. The classic definition is as follows:

Given a function f(x) that is continuous in the interval [a,b], the trapezoidal rule approximates the integral by dividing the interval [a,b] into n sub intervals of equal width $h=\frac{b-a}{n}$. The x-values at the sub interval boundaries are:

$$x_0 = a, x_1 = a + h, x_2 = a + 2h, \dots, x_n = b.$$
 (0.1)

The trapezoidal rule then computes the integral as

$$\int_{a}^{b} f(x) dx \approx \frac{h}{2} (f(x_0) + 2f(x_1) + 2f(x_2) + \dots + 2f(x_{n-1}) + f(x_n))$$
 (0.2)

First we need to calculate the point of intersections of the two given curves

$$y = \frac{x^2}{4} \tag{0.3}$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = \frac{9}{4} \tag{0.4}$$

$$x^2 + \frac{x^4}{16} = \frac{9}{4} \tag{0.5}$$

$$16x^2 + x^4 = 36 ag{0.6}$$

on solving the equation we get x values as $\sqrt{2}$ and $-\sqrt{2}$ so the points of intersection of both curves are $(\pm \sqrt{2}, \frac{1}{2})$

The interval $\left[-\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{2}\right]$ is divided into 1000 sub intervals each of width $h = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{1000}$ then the points in the interval can be written as

$$x_i = -\sqrt{2} + i \cdot h \tag{0.7}$$

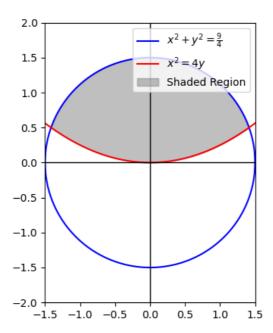
Area
$$\approx \frac{h}{2} \left[f(x_0) + 2 \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} f(x_i) + f(x_n) \right]$$
 (0.8)

$$f(x_i) = \sqrt{\frac{9}{4} - x_i^2} - \frac{x_i^2}{4}$$
 (0.9)

Using a c code to find the area using trapezoidal rule i got the area as

$$A \approx 3.005356$$
 (0.10)

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If the area is calculated directly using integration method the area would be around 3.063 which is so close to the one we found using trapezoidal rule