sac-format 0.6.0

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Introduction

sac-format is a single-header statically linked library designed to make working with binary SAC-files as easy as possible. Written in C++20, it follows a modern and easy to read programming-style while providing the high performance brought by C++.

sac-format's developed on GitHub!

Download sac-format from the GitHub release page.

Download an offline version of the documentation (PDF).

Get help from the community forum.

1.1 Why sac-format

sac-format is Free and Open Source Software (FOSS) released under the MIT license. Anyone can use it, for any purpose (including proprietary software), anywhere in the world. sac-format is operating system agnostic and confirmed working on Windows, macOS, and Linux systems.

1.1.1 Safe

sac-format is **safe** it conforms to a strict set of C++ programming guidelines, chosen to ensure safe code-execution. The guideline conformance list is in cpp-linter.yml and can be cross-referenced against this master list. Results of conformance checking are here.

Testing is an important part of software development; the sac-format library is extensively tested using the Catch2 testing framework. Everything from low-level binary conversions to high-level Trace reading/writing are tested and confirmed working. Check and run the tests yourself. See the Testing section for more information.

1.1.2 Fast

sac-format is **fast** it's written in C++, carefully optimized, and extensively benchmarked. You can run the benchmarks yourself to find out how sac-format performs on your system. See the Benchmarking section for more information.

2 Introduction

1.1.3 Easy

sac-format is **easy** single-header makes integration in any project simple. Installation is easy with our automatic installers. Building is a breeze with CMake, even on different platforms. Object-oriented design makes use easy and intuitive. See the Quickstart section to get up and running.

1.1.4 Small

sac-format is **small** in total (header + implementation; excluding comments) the library is under 2100* lines of code. Small size opens the door to using on any sort of hardware (old or new) and makes it easy to expand upon.

* This value includes only the library, excluding all testing/benchmarking and example codes. Including utests. \leftarrow cpp, benchmark.cpp, util.hpp, the example program (list_sac), and sac-format totals just over 5100 lines of code.

1.1.5 Documented

sac-format is extensively **documented** both online and in the code. Nothing's hidden, nothing's obscured. Curious how something works? Check the documentation and in-code comments.

1.1.6 Transparent

sac-format is transparent all analysis and coverage information is publicly available online.

- CodeFactor
- Codacy
- CodeCov
- Coverity Scan

1.1.7 Trace Class

sac-format includes the Trace class for seismic traces, providing high-level object-oriented abstraction to seismic data. With the Trace class, you don't need to worry about manually reading SAC-files word-by-word. It's compatible with v6 and v7 SAC-files and can automatically detect the version upon reading. File output defaults to v7 SAC-files and there is a legacy_write function for v6 output.

1.1.8 Low-Level I/O

If you want to roll your own SAC-file processing workflow you can use the low-level I/O functionality built into sacformat. All functions tested and confirmed working they're used to build the Trace class!

Installation

This section provides installation instructions.

The easiest way to use sac-format is to install it via the automatic installers. Installers for the latest release are located here. Be sure to check the sha512 checksum of the installer against its correspondingly named .sha512 file to ensure the file is safe (for example: sac-format.pkg.sha512).

2.1 Windows

sac-format provides a graphical installer on Windows (sac-format.exe).

Always check the sha512 checksum value of the installer (sac-format.exe; more info here) against sac-format.exe.sha512.

By default, Microsoft Defender will block the installer with a pop-up like that one below:



Figure 2.1 Windows Warning 1

To continue the install, click on the "More Info" link and then the "Run anyway" button as seen in the following image:

2.1 Windows 5

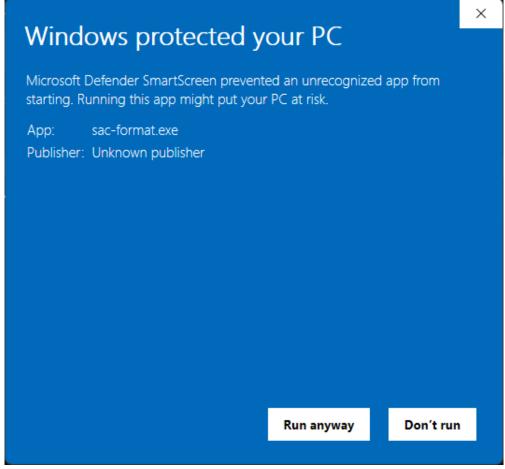


Figure 2.2 Windows Warning 2

Then the installer will open and present you with the welcome screen:

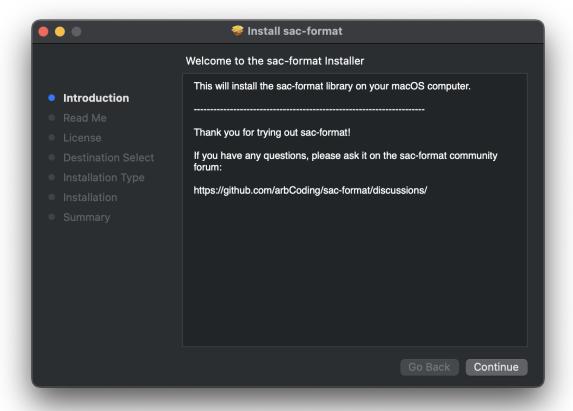


Figure 2.3 Windows Intro Install

By default, sac-format installs in C:/Program Files/sac-format as seen in the screen below:

2.1 Windows 7

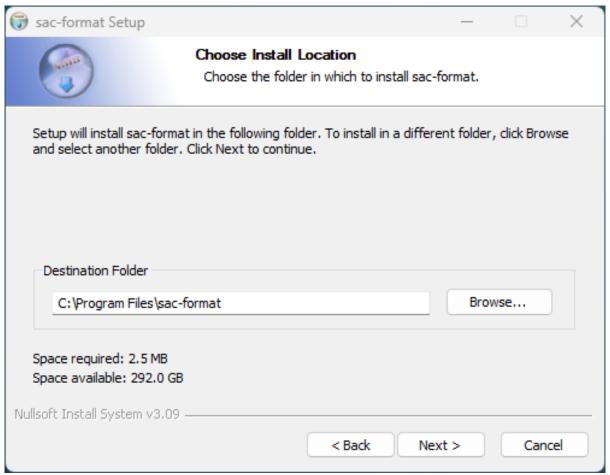


Figure 2.4 Windows Location Install

Because all programs in sac-format are command-line based feel free to disable Start Menu shortcuts:

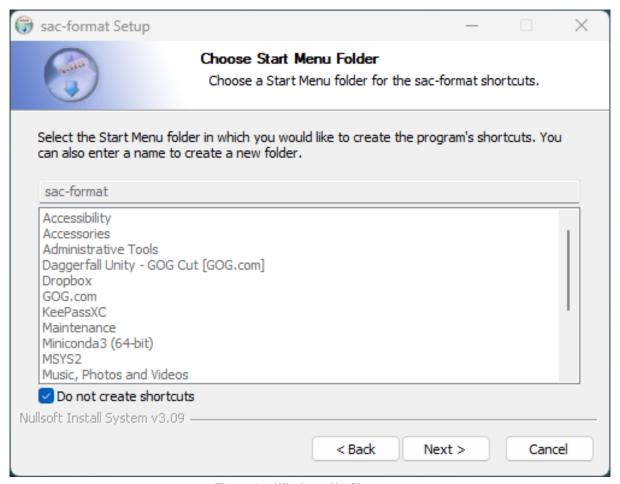


Figure 2.5 Windows No Shortcuts

Upon successful install of sac-format you will see this window:

2.2 macOS 9

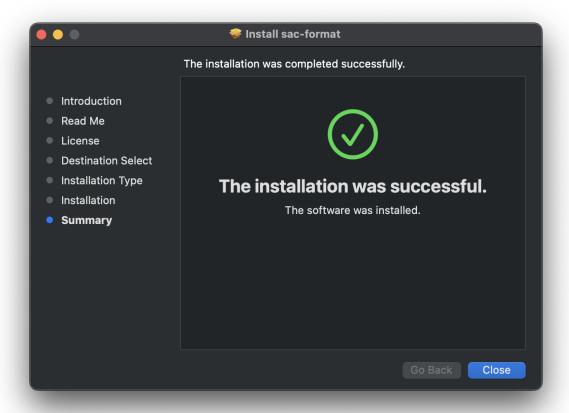


Figure 2.6 Windows Install Success

2.2 macOS

sac-format provides both command line and graphical installers on macOS.

2.2.1 Graphical

The graphical installer is sac-format.pkg and will walk you through the installation process. **NOTE**: the default installation location is /opt/sac-format.

By default, macOS will block the installer. To install, right-click on sac-format.pkg and select open. A warning will pop up that looks like:

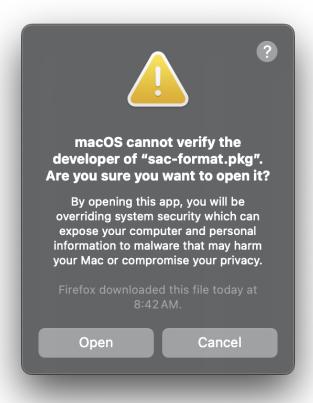


Figure 2.7 macOS Warning

Simply click "Open" and the installer will begin from the first screen:

2.2 macOS 11

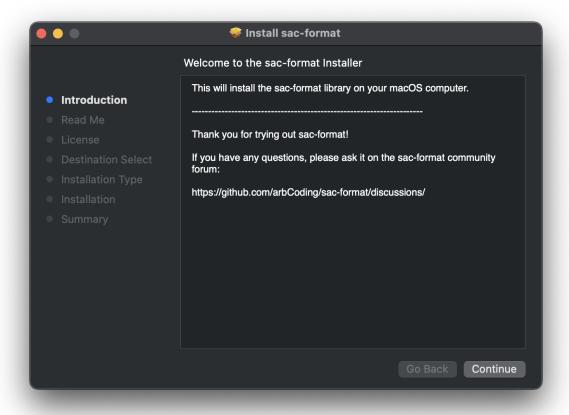


Figure 2.8 macOS Intro Install

Upon successful installation you will see:

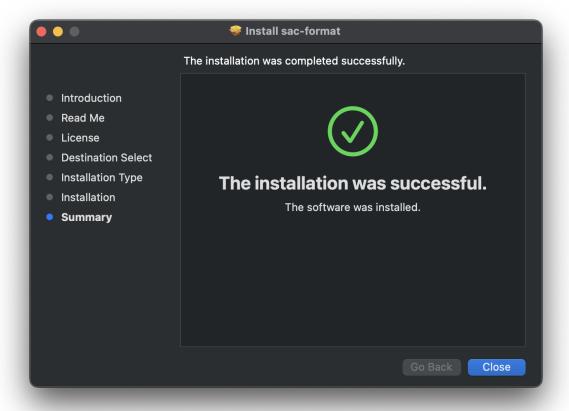


Figure 2.9 macOS Install Success

2.2.2 Command line

Command line installation is performed either using the self-extrating archive or by manually extracting the gzipped tar archive.

2.2.2.1 Self-Extracting Archive

```
# Check the sha512 checksum
sha512sum -c sac-format-<version>-Darwin-<arch>.sh.sha512
# Run self-extracting archive
bash sac-format-<version>-Darwin-<arch>.sh
```

Be sure to replace <version> and <arch> with the correct versions and architectures, respectively (for example: $sac-format-0.4.0-Darwin-x86_64.sh$).

2.2.2.2 Gzipped Tar Archive

```
# Check the sha512 checksum
sha512sum -c sac-format-<version>-Darwin-<arch>.tar.gz.sha512
# Extract Gzipped tar archive
tar -xzf sac-format-<version>-Darwin-<arch>.tar.gz
```

2.3 Linux 13

2.3 Linux

sac-format provides four different command line installation methods on Linux.

Debian based distributions (for example: Debian, Ubuntu, Linux Mint) can use the Debian Archive.

RedHat based distributions (for example: RedHat, Fedora, CentOS) can use the RPM Archive.

All distributions can use the Self-Extracting Archive.

All distributions can use the Gzipped Tar Archive.

2.3.1 Debian Archive

```
# Check the sha512 checksum
sha512sum -c sac-format.deb.sha512
# Install using apt
sudo apt install ./sac-format.deb
```

2.3.2 RPM Archive

```
# Check the sha512 checksum
sha512sum -c sac-format.rpm.sha512
# Install using rpm
sudo rpm -i sac-format.rpm
```

2.3.3 Self-Extrating Archive

```
# Check the sha512 checksum
sha512sum -c sac-format-<version>-Linux-<arch>.sh.sha512
# Run self-extrating archive
bash sac-format-<version>-Linux-<arch>.sh
```

2.3.4 Gzipped Tar Archive

```
# Check the sha512 checksum
sha512sum -c sac-format-<version>-Linux-<arch>.tar.gz.sha512
# Extract gzipped tar archive
tar -xzf sac-format-<version>-Linux-<arch>.tar.gz
```

Quickstart

This section provides information to incorporate into a project.

To use link to the library (libsac-format.a on Linux/macOS, sac-format.lib on Windows) and include sac_format.hpp.

3.1 Example Programs

3.1.1 list sac

list_sac is a command line program that takes a single SAC-file as its input argument. It reads the SAC-file and outputs the header/footer information, as well as the true size of the data1 and data2 vectors.

3.2 CMake Integration

To integrate sac-format into your CMake project, add it to your ${\tt CMakeLists.txt.}$

```
include(FetchContent)
set(FETCHCONTENT_UPDATES_DISCONNECTED TRUE)
FetchContent_Declare(sac-format
    GIT_REPOSITORY https://github.com/arbCoding/sac-format
    GIT_TAG vx.x.x)
FetchContent_MakeAvailable(sac-format)
include_directory(${sacformat_SOURCE_DIR/src})

project (your_project
    LANGUAGES CXX)

add_executable(your_executable
    your_sources
    sac_format.hpp)

target_link_libraries_library(your_executable
    PRIVATE sac-format)
```

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3.3 Example

3.3.1 Reading and Writing

```
#include <sac_format.hpp>
#include <filesystem>
#include <iostream>

using namespace sacfmt;
namespace fs = std::filesystem;

int main() {
    Trace tracel{};
    // Change header variable
    tracel.kstnm("Station1");
    fs::path file{"./test.SAC"};
    // Write
    tracel.write(file);
    // Read
    Trace trace2{file};
    // Confirm equality
    std::cout « (tracel == trace2) « '\n';
    fs::remove(file);
    return EXIT_SUCCESS;
}
```

Basic Documentation

This section provides a brief overview of functionality and usage.

4.1 Trace class

The Trace class provides easy access to SAC-files in C++. Each SAC-file is a Trace; therefore, each Trace object is a seismic trace (seismogram).

4.1.1 Reading SAC

SAC-files can be read in by using the parameterized constructor with a std::filesystem::path (<filesystem>) or a std::string(<string>) variable that corresponds to the location of the SAC-file.

For example:

```
#include <sac_foramt.hpp>
#include <filesystem>

int main() {
   std::filesystem::path my_file{"/home/user/data/ANMO.SAC"};
   sacfmt::Trace anmo{my_file};
   return EXIT_SUCCESS;
}
```

4.1.2 Writing SAC

Writing SAC files can be done using one of two write functions.

4.1.2.1 v7 files

Use write (for example trace.write (filename)).

4.1.2.2 v6 files

Use legacy_write (for example trace.legacy_write(filename)).

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4.1.3 Getters and Setters

Every SAC variable is accessed via getters and setters of the same name.

4.1.3.1 Example Getters

```
• trace.npts()
```

- trace.data1()
- trace.kstnm()

4.1.3.2 Example Setters

```
• trace.kevnm("Event 1")
```

- trace.evla(32.89)
- trace.mag(3.21)

4.1.3.3 Setter rules

Most of the setters are only constrained by the parameter type (single-precision, double-precision, boolean, etc.). **Some** setters are constrained by additional rules.

Required for sanity

Rules here are required because the sac-format library assumes them (not strictly required by the SAC format standard). For instance, the geometric functions assume certain bounds on latitudes and longitudes.

sac-format automatically imposes these rules.

stla(input)

Limited to [-90, 90] degrees, input that is outside that range is reduced using circular symmetry.

stlo(input)

Limited to [-180, 180] degrees, input that is outside that range is reduced using circular symmetry.

evla(input)

Limited to [-90, 90] degrees, input that is outside that range is reduced using circular symmetry.

4.1 Trace class

evlo(input)

Limited to [-180, 180] degrees, input that is outside that range is reduced using circular symmetry.

Required for safety

Rules here are required by the SAC format standard. sac-format automatically imposes these rules to prevent the creation of corrupt sac-files.

npts(input)

Because npts defines the size of the data vectors, changing this value will change the size of data1 and data2*. Increasing npts resizes the vectors (std::vector::resize) by placing zeros at the **end** of the vectors. Reducing npts resizes the vectors down to the **first npts** values.

Therefore, care must be taken to maintain separate copies of data1 and data2* if you plan to manipulate the original data after resizing.

* data2 has npts only if it is legal, otherwise it is of size 0.

leven(input)

Changing the value of leven potentially changes the legality of data2, it also potentially affects the value of iftype.

If iftype>1, then leven must be true (evenly sampled data). Therefore, if leven is made false in this scenario (unevenly sampled data) then iftype becomes unset*.

If changing leven makes data2 legal**, then data2 is qresized to have npts zeros.

- * The SAC format defines the unset values for all data-types. For integers (like iftype) it is the integer value -12345.
- ** If data2 was already legal, then it is unaffected.

iftype(input)

Changing the value of iftype poentially changes the legality of data2, it also potentially affects the value of leven.

If leven is false, then if type must be either 1 or unset. Therefore, changing if type to have a value >1 requires that leven becomes true (evenly sampled data).

If changing iftype makes data2 legal*, then data2 is resized to have npts zeros.

* If data2 was already legal, then it is unaffected.

data1(input)

If the size of data1 is changed, then npts must change to reflect the new size. If data2 is legal, this adjusts its size to match as well.

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data2(input)

If the size of data2 is changed to be larger than 0 and it is illegal, it is made legal by setting iftype (2) (spectral-data).

When the size of data2 changes, npts is updated to the new size and data1 is resized to match.

If data2 is made illegal, its size is reduced to 0 while npts and data1 are unaffected.

4.1.4 Convenience Methods

4.1.4.1 calc geometry

```
Calculate gcarc, dist, az, and baz assuming spherical Earth. trace.stla(45.3); trace.stla(34.5); trace.evla(18.5); trace.evlo(-34); trace.evlo(-34); trace.calc_geometry(); std::cout « "GcArc: " « trace.gcarc() « '\n'; std::cout « "Dist: " « trace.dist() « '\n'; std::cout « "Azimuth: " « trace.az() « '\n'; std::cout « "BAzimuth: " « trace.baz() « '\n';
```

4.1.4.2 frequency

```
Calculate frequency from delta.
double frequency(trace.frequency());
```

4.1.4.3 date

```
Return std::string formatted as YYYY-JJJ from nzyear and nzjday. std::string date{trace.date()};
```

4.1.4.4 time

```
Return std::string formatted as HH:MM:SS.xxx from nzhour, nzmin, nzsec, and nzmsec. std::string time{trace.time()};
```

4.1.5 Exceptions

sac-format throws exceptions of type sacfmt::io_error (inherits std::exception) in the event of a failure to read/write a SAC-file.

4.2 Convenience Functions

4.2.1 degrees to radians

```
Convert decimal degrees to radians.
```

double radians{sacfmt::degrees_to_radians(degrees)};

4.3 Low-Level I/O 21

4.2.2 radians_to_degrees

Convert radians to decimal degrees.

```
double degrees{sacfmt::radians_to_degrees(radians)};
```

4.2.3 gcarc

Calculate great-circle arc distance (spherical planet).

```
const point location1{coord{latitude1}, coord{longitude1}};
const point location2{coord{latitude2}, coord{longitude2}};
double gcarc{sacfmt::gcarc(location1, location2)};
```

4.2.4 azimuth

Calculate azimuth between two points (spherical planet).

```
const point location1{coord{latitude1}, coord(longitude1)};
const point location2{coord{latitude2}, coord(longitude2)};
double azimuth{sacfmt::azimuth(location2, location1)};
double back_azimuth{sacfmt::azimuth(location1, location2)};
```

4.2.5 limit_360

Take arbitrary value of degrees and unwrap to [0, 360].

```
double degrees_limited{sacfmt::limit_360(degrees)};
```

4.2.6 limit_180

Take arbitrary value of degrees and unwrap to [-180, 180]. Useful for longitude.

```
double degrees_limited{sacfmt::limit_180(degrees)};
```

4.2.7 limit 90

Take arbitrary value of degrees and unwrap to [-90, 90]. Useful for latitude.

```
double degrees_limited{sacfmt::limit_90(degrees)};
```

4.3 Low-Level I/O

Low-level I/O functions are discussed below.

4.3.1 Binary conversion

4.3.1.1 int_to_binary and binary_to_int

Conversion pair for binary representation of integer values.

```
const int input{10};
// sacfmt::word_one is alias for std::bitset<32> (one word)
sacfmt::word_one binary{sacfmt::int_to_binary(input)};
const int output{sacfmt::binary_to_int(binary)};
std::cout « (input == output) « '\n';
```

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4.3.1.2 float_to_binary and binary_to_float

Conversion pair for binary representation of floating-point values.

```
const float input{5F};
sacfmt::word_one binary{sacfmt::float_to_binary(input)};
const float output{sacfmt::binary_to_float(binary)};
std::cout « (input == output) « '\n';
```

4.3.1.3 double_to_binary and binary_to_double

Conversion pair for binary representation of double-precision values.

```
const double input{le5};
// sacfmt::word_two is alias for std::bitset<64> (two words)
sacfmt::word_two binary{sacfmt::double_to_binary(input)};
const double output{sacfmt::binary_to_double(binary)};
std::cout « (input == output) « '\n';
```

4.3.1.4 string_to_binary and binary_to_string

Conversion pair for binary representation of two-word (regular) string values.

```
const std::string input{"NmlStrng"};
sacfmt::word_two binary{sacfmt::string_to_binary(input)};
const std::string output{sacfmt::binary_to_string(binary)};
std::cout « (input == output) « '\n';
```

4.3.1.5 long_string_to_binary and binary_to_long_string

Conversion pair for binary representation of four-word (only kstnm string values.

```
const std::string input{"The Long String");
// sacfmt::word_four is alias for std::bitset<128> (four words)
sacfmt::word_four binary{sacfmt::long_string_to_binary(input));
const std::string output{sacfmt::binary_to_long_string(binary)};
std::cout « (input == output) « '\n';
```

4.3.2 Reading/Writing

NOTE that care must be taken when using them to ensure that safe input is provided; the Trace class ensures safe I/O, low-level I/O functions do not necessarily ensure safety.

4.3.2.1 read_word, read_two_words, read_four_words, and read_data

Functions to read one-, two-, and four-word variables (depending on the header) and an arbitrary amount of binary data (exclusive to data1 and data2).

4.3.2.2 convert_to_word, convert_to_words, and bool_to_word

Takes objects and converts them into std::vector<char> (convert_to_word and bool_to_word) or std::array<char, N> (convert_to_words, N = # of words).

4.3.2.3 write_words

Writes input words (as std::vector<char>) to a binary SAC-file.

4.4 Testing 23

4.3.3 Utility

4.3.3.1 concat_words

Concatenates words taking into account the system endianness.

4.3.3.2 bits_string and string_bits

Template function that performs conversion of binary strings of arbitrary length to an arbitrary number of words.

4.3.3.3 remove_leading_spaces and remove_trailing_spaces

Remove leading and trailing blank spaces from strings assuming ASCII convention (space character is integer 32, below that value are control characters that also appear as blank spaces).

4.3.3.4 string cleaning

Ensures string does not contain an internal termination character (\0) and removes it if present, then removes blank spaces.

4.3.3.5 prep_string

Performs string_cleaning followed by string truncation/padding to the necessary length.

4.3.3.6 equal_within_tolerance

Floating-point/double-precision equality within a provided tolerance (default is f_{eps} , defined in sac_{format} . \leftrightarrow hpp).

4.4 Testing

Unit- and integration-tests (using Catch2) are contained in the tests folder. They include:

- binary_conversions.cpp confirms that conversion to/from binary functions correctly.
- constants.cpp confirms constant values (e.g. SAC magic numbers) are correct.
- datetime.cpp confirms date and time functions work correctly.
- geometry.cpp confirms that geometric calculations are correct (azimuth, greater-circle arc-length, etc.).
- trace.cpp confirms that the trace class is functioning correctly (I/O, exceptions, bounded headers, etc.).

The tests compile to the following programs:

- basic_tests (binary conversions and constants).
- datetime_tests
- geometry_tests
- trace_tests

Test coverage details are visible on CodeCov.io and Codacy.com. All tests can be locally-run to ensure full functionality and compliance.

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4.4.1 Errors only

By default each test prints out a pass summary, without details unless an error is encountered.

4.4.2 Full output

By passing the --success flag you can see the full results of all tests.

4.4.3 Compact output

The full output is verbose, using the compact reporter will condense the test results (--reporter=compact).

4.4.4 Additional options

To see additional options, run -?.

4.4.5 Using ctest

If you have CMake install, you can run the tests using ctest.

4.5 Benchmarking

benchmark.cpp contains the benchmarks. Running it locally will provide information on how long each function takes; benchmarks start with the low-level I/O function and build up to Trace reading, writing, and equality comparison.

To view available optional flags, run becnhmark -?.

4.6 Source File List

4.6.1 Core

The two core files are split in the standard interface (hpp)/implementation (cpp) format.

4.6.1.1 sac_format.hpp

Interface: function declarations and constants.

4.6.1.2 sac_format.cpp

Implementation: function details.

4.6 Source File List 25

4.6.2 Testing and Benchmarking

4.6.2.1 util.hpp

Utility functions and constants exclusive to testing and benchmarking. Not split into interface/implementation.

- 4.6.2.2 utests.cpp
- 4.6.2.3 benchmark.cpp
- 4.6.3 Example programs
- 4.6.3.1 list_sac.cpp

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Chapter 5

SAC-file format

This section provides a centralized description of the SAC file format.

The official and up-to-date documentation for the SAC-file format is available from the EarthScope Consortium (formerly IRIS/UNAVCO) here. The following subsections constitute my notes on the format. Below is a quick guide: all credit for the creation of, and documentation for, the SAC file-format belongs to its developers and maintainers (details here).

5.1 Floating-point (39)

32-bit (1 word, 4 bytes)

5.1.1 depmin

Pre-data word 001.

Minimum value of the dependent variable (displacement/velocity/acceleration/volts/counts).

5.1.2 depmen

Pre-data word 057.

Mean value of the dependent variable.

5.1.3 depmax

Pre-data word 002.

Maximum value of the dependent variable.

5.1.4 odelta

Pre-data word 004.

Modified (observational) value of delta.

5.1.5 resp(0-9)

Pre-data words 021-030.

Instrument response parameters (poles, zeros, and a constant).

Not used by SAC they're free for other purposes.

5.1.6 stel

Pre-data word 033.

Station elevation in meters above sea level (m.a.s.l).

Not used by SAC free for other purposes.

5.1.7 stdp

Pre-data word 034.

Station depth in meters below surface (borehole/buried vault).

Not used by SAC free for other purposes.

5.1.8 evel

Pre-data word 037.

Event elevation m.a.s.l.

Not used by SAC free for other purposes.

5.1.9 evdp

Pre-data word 038.

Event depth in kilometers (previously meters) below surface.

5.1 Floating-point (39)

5.1.10 mag

Pre-data word 039.

Event magnitude.

5.1.11 user(0-9)

Pre-data words 040-049.

Storage for user-defined values.

5.1.12 dist

Pre-data word 050.

Station-Event distance in kilometers.

5.1.13 az

Pre-data word 051.

Azimuth (Event \rightarrow Station), decimal degrees from North.

5.1.14 baz

Pre-data word 052.

Back-azimuth (Station \rightarrow Event), decimal degrees from North.

5.1.15 gcarc

Pre-data word 053.

Station-Event great circle arc-length, decimal degrees.

5.1.16 cmpaz

Pre-data word 057.

Instrument measurement azimuth, decimal degrees from North.

Value	Direction
0°	North
90°	East
180°	South
270°	West
Other	1/2/3

Generated by Doxygen

5.1.17 cmpinc

Pre-data word 058.

Instrument measurement incident angle, decimal degrees from upward vertical (incident 0° = dip -90°).

Value	Direction
0°	Up
90°	Horizontal
180°	Down
270°	Horizontal

NOTE: SEED/MINISEED use dip angle, decimal degrees down from horizontal (dip 0° = incident 90°).

5.1.18 xminimum

Pre-data word 059.

Spectral-only equivalent of depmin (f_0 or ω_0).

5.1.19 xmaximum

Pre-data word 060.

Spectral-only equivalent of depmax (f_{max} or ω_{max}).

5.1.20 yminimum

Pre-data word 061.

Spectral-only equivalent of b.

5.1.21 ymaximum

Pre-data word 062.

Spectral-only equivalent of ${\tt e.}$

5.2 Double (22)

64-bit (2 words, 8 bytes)

NOTE: in the header section these are floats; they're doubles in the footer section of v7 SAC-files. In memory they're stored as doubles regardless of the SAC-file version.

5.2 Double (22) 31

5.2.1 delta

Pre-data word 000, post-data words 00-01.

Increment between evenly spaced samples (Δt for timeseries, Δf or $\Delta \omega$ for spectra).

5.2.2 b

Pre-data word 005, post-data words 02-03.

First value (*begin*) of independent variable (t_0).

5.2.3 e

Pre-data word 006, post-data words 04-05.

Final value (*end*) of independent variable (t_{max}).

5.2.4 o

Pre-data word 007, post-data words 06-07.

Event *origin* time, in seconds relative to the reference time.

5.2.5 a

Pre-data word 008, post-data words 08-09.

Event first *arrival* time, in seconds relative to the reference time.

5.2.6 t(0-9)

Pre-data words 010-019, post-data words 10-29.

User defined time values, in seconds relative to the reference time.

5.2.7 f

Pre-data word 020, post-data words 30-31.

Event end (fini) time, in seconds relative to the reference time.

5.2.8 stla

Pre-data word 031, post-data words 36-37.

Station latitude in decimal degrees, N/S - positive/negative.

sac-format automatically enforces $stla \in [-90, 90]$.

5.2.9 stlo

Pre-data word 032, post-data words 38-39.

Station longitude in decimal degrees, E/W - positive/negative.

sac-format automatically enforces $stlo \in [-180, 180]$.

5.2.10 evla

Pre-data word 035, post-data words 32-33.

Event latitude in decimal degrees, N/S - positive/negative.

sac-format automatically enforces evla $\in [-90, 90]$.

5.2.11 evlo

Pre-data word 036, post-data words 34-35.

Event longitude in decimal degrees, E/W - positive/negative.

sac-format automatically enforces evlo $\in [-180, 180]$.

5.2.12 sb

Pre-data word 054, post-data words 40-41.

Original (saved) b value.

5.2.13 sdelta

Pre-data word 055, post-data words 42-43.

Original (saved) delta value.

5.3 Integer (26)

32-bit (1 word, 4 bytes)

5.3 Integer (26) 33

5.3.1 nzyear

Pre-data word 070.

Reference time GMT year.

5.3.2 nzjday

Pre-data word 071.

Reference time GMT day-of-year (often called Julian Date) (1-366).

5.3.3 nzhour

Pre-data word 072.

Reference time GMT hour (0-23).

5.3.4 nzmin

Pre-data word 073.

Reference time GMT minute (0–59).

5.3.5 nzsec

Pre-data word 074.

Reference time GMT second (0-59).

5.3.6 nzmsec

Pre-data word 075.

Reference time GMT Millisecond (0-999).

5.3.7 nvhdr

Pre-data word 076.

SAC-file version.

Version	Description
v7	Footer (2020+, sac 102.0+)
v6	No footer (pre-2020, sac 101.6a-)

5.3.8 norid
Pre-data word 077.
Origin ID.
5.3.9 nevid
Pre-data word 078.
Event ID.
5.3.10 npts
Pre-data word 079.
Number of points in data.
Number of points in data. 5.3.11 nsnpts

5.3.12 nwfid

Pre-data word 081.

Waveform ID.

5.3.13 nxsize

Pre-data word 082.

Spectral-only equivalent of npts (length of spectrum).

5.3.14 nysize

Pre-data word 083.

Spectral-only, width of spectrum.

5.3.15 iftype

Pre-data word 085.

File type.

5.3 Integer (26) 35

Value	Type	Description
01	ITIME	Time-series
02	IRLIM	Spectral (real/imaginary)
03	IAMPH	Spectral (amplitude/phase)
04	IXY	General XY file
??	IXYZ*	General XYZ file

^{*}Value not listed in the standard.

5.3.16 idep

Pre-data word 086.

Dependent variable type.

Value	Type	Description
05	IUNKN	Unknown
06	IDISP	Displacement (nm)
07	IVEL	Velocity $\left(\frac{nm}{s}\right)$
08	IACC	Acceleration $\left(\frac{nm}{s^2}\right)$
50	IVOLTS	Velocity (volts)

5.3.17 iztype

Pre-data word 087.

Reference time equivalent.

Value	Type	Description
05	IUNKN	Unknown
09	IB	Recording start time
10	IDAY	Midnight reference GMT day
11	Ю	Event origin time
12	IA	First arrival time
13-22	IT(0-9)	User defined time (t) pick

5.3.18 iinst

Pre-data word 089.

Recording instrument type.

Not used by SAC: free for other purposes.

5.3.19 istreg

Pre-data word 090.

Station geographic region.

Not used by SAC: free for other purposes.

5.3.20 ievreg

Pre-data word 091.

Event geographic region.

Not used by SAC: free for other purposes.

5.3.21 ievtyp

Pre-data word 092.

Event type.

Value	Туре	Description
05	IUNKN	Unknown
11	Ю	Other source of known origin
37	INUCL	Nuclear
38	IPREN	Nuclear pre-shot
39	IPOSTN	Nuclear post-shot
40	IQUAKE	Earthquake
41	IPREQ	Foreshock
42	IPOSTQ	Aftershock
43	ICHEM	Chemical explosion
44	IOTHER	Other
72	IQB	Quarry/mine blast: confirmed by quarry/mine
73	IQB1	Quarry/mine blast: designed shot info-ripple fired
74	IQB2	Quarry/mine blast: observed shot info-ripple fired
75	IQBX	Quarry/mine blast: single shot
76	IQMT	Quarry/mining induced events: tremor and rockbursts
77	IEQ	Earthquake
78	IEQ1	Earthquake in a swarm or in an aftershock sequence
79	IEQ2	Felt earthquake
80	IME	Marine explosion
81	IEX	Other explosion
82	INU	Nuclear explosion
83	INC	Nuclear cavity collapse
85	IL	Local event of unknown origin
86	IR	Region event of unknown origin
87	IT	Teleseismic event of unknown origin
88	IU	Undetermined/conflicting information

5.3 Integer (26) 37

5.3.22 iqual

Pre-data word 093.

Quality of data.

Value	Туре	Description
44	IOTHER	Other
45	IGOOD	Good
46	IGLCH	Glitches
47	IDROP	Dropouts
48	ILOWSN	Low signal-to-noise ratio

Not used by SAC: free for other purposes.

5.3.23 isynth

Pre-data word 094.

Synthetic data flag.

Value	Type	Description
49	IRLDATA	Real data
XX	*	Synthetic

^{*}Values and types not listed in the standard.

5.3.24 imagtyp

Pre-data word 095.

Magnitude type.

Value	Туре	Description
52	IMB	Body-wave magnitude (M_b)
53	IMS	Surface-wave magnitude (M_s)
54	IML	Local magnitude (M_l)
55	IMW	Moment magnitude (M_w)
56	IMD	Duration magnitude (M_d)
57	IMX	User-defined magnitude (M_x)

5.3.25 imagsrc

Pre-data word 096.

Source of magnitude information.

Value	Туре	Description
58	INEIC	National Earthquake Information Center
61	IPDE	Preliminary Determination of Epicenter
62	IISC	Internation Seismological Centre
63	IREB	Reviewed Event Bulletin
64	IUSGS	U.S. Geological Survey
65	IBRK	UC Berkeley
66	ICALTECH	California Institute of Technology
67	ILLNL	Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory
68	IEVLOC	Event location (computer program)
69	IJSOP	Joint Seismic Observation Program
70	IUSER	The user
71	IUNKNOWN	Unknown

5.3.26 ibody

Pre-data word 097.

Body/spheroid definition used to calculate distances.

Value	Туре	Name	Semi-major axis (a [m])	Inverse Flattening (f)
-12345	UNDEF	Earth (<i>Historic</i>)	6378160.0	0.00335293
98	ISUN	Sun	696000000.0	8.189e-6
99	IMERCURY	Mercury	2439700.0	0.0
100	IVENUS	Venus	6051800.0	0.0
101	IEARTH	Earth (WGS84)	6378137.0	0.0033528106647474805
102	IMOON	Moon	1737400.0	0.0
103	IMARS	Mars	3396190.0	0.005886007555525457

5.4 Boolean (4)

Pre-data word 105.

32-bit (1 word, 4 bytes) in-file/8-bit (1 byte) in-memory

5.4.1 leven

Pre-data word 106.

REQUIRED Evenly-spaced data flag.

If true, then data is evenly spaced.

5.4.2 Ipspol

Pre-data word 107.

Station polarity flag.

If true, then station has positive-polarity; it follows the left-hand convention (for example, North-East-Up [NEZ]).

5.5 String (23) 39

5.4.3 lovrok

Pre-data word 108.

File overwrite flag.

If true, then it's okay to overwrite the file.

5.4.4 Icalda

Pre-data word 109.

Calculate geometry flag.

If true, then calculate dist, az, baz, and gcarc from stla, stlo, evla, and evlo.

5.5 String (23)

32/64-bit (2/4 words, 8/16 bytes, 8/16 characters)

5.5.1 kstnm

Pre-data words 110-111.

Station name.

5.5.2 kevnm

Pre-data words 112-115.

Event name.

*This is the **only** four word (16 character) string.

5.5.3 khole

Pre-data words 116-117.

Nuclear: Hole identifier.

Other: Location identifier (LOCID).

5.5.4 ko

Pre-data words 118-119.

Text for \circ .

5.5.5 ka

Pre-data words 120-121.

Text for a.

5.5.6 kt(0-9)

Pre-data words 112-141.

Text for t (0--9).

5.5.7 kf

Pre-data words 142-143.

Text for £.

5.5.8 kuser(0-2)

Pre-data words 144-149.

Text for the first three of user (0--9).

5.5.9 kcmpnm

Pre-data words 150-151.

Component name.

5.5.10 knetwk

Pre-data words 152-153.

Network name.

5.5.11 kdatrd

Pre-data words 154-155.

Date the data was read onto a computer.

5.6 Data (2) 41

5.5.12 kinst

Pre-data words 156-157.

Text for iinst.

5.6 Data (2)

32-bit (2 words, 8 bytes) in-file/64-bit (4 words, 16 bytes) in-memory

Stored as floating-point (32-bit) values in SAC-files; stored as double-precision in memory.

5.6.1 data1

Words 158-(158 + npts)

The first data vector—**always** present in a SAC-file and begins at word 158.

5.6.2 data2

Words (158 + 1 + npts) - (159 + (2 * npts))

The second data vector—**conditionally** present and begins after data1.

Required if leven is false, or if iftype is spectral/XY/XYZ.

Chapter 6

Build Instructions

This section provides instructions to build from source.

6.1 Dependencies

6.1.1 Automatic (CMake)

Xoshiro-cpp v1.12.0 (testing and benchmarking).

6.1.2 Manual

Catch2 v3.4.0 (testing and benchmarking). Note that this is automatic on Windows (not Linux nor macOS).

6.1.2.1 macOS and Linux

```
git clone https://github.com/catchorg/Catch2.git
cd Catch2
git checkout v3.5.2
cmake -Bbuild -S. -DBUILD_TESTING=OFF
sudo cmake --build ./build/ --target install
```

6.2 Building

Building is as easy as cloning the repository, running CMake for your preferred build tool, and then building.

6.2.1 GCC

```
git clone https://github.com/arbCoding/sac-format.git
cd sac-format
cmake --preset gcc-hard-release
cmake --build ./build/hard/release/gcc
```

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6.2.2 Clang

git clone https://github.com/arbCoding/sac-format.git cd sac-format cmake --preset clang-hard-release cmake --build ./build/hard/release/clang

6.2.3 MSVC

git clone https://github.com/arbCoding/sac-format.git cd sac-format
cmake -B ./build -DCMAKE_BUILD_TYPE=Release -DCMAKE_CXX_STANDARD=20 `
-DCMAKE_CXX_STANDARD_REQUIRED=ON -DCMAKE_CXX_EXTENSIONS=OFF `
-DCMAKE_CXX_FLAGS="/02 /EHsc /Gs /guard:cf"

Chapter 7

Namespace Index

7.1 Namespace List

Here is a list of all namespaces with brief descriptions:

sacfmt	
Sac-format namespace	
sacfmt::bitset_type	
Ritset tyne-safety namesnace	103

46 Namespace Index

Chapter 8

Hierarchical Index

8.1 Class Hierarchy

This inheritance list is sorted roughly, but not completely, alphabetically:

sacfmt::coord	05
sacfmt::io_error	08
sacfmt::point	10
sacfmt::read_spec	
sacfmt::Trace	12
sacfmt::bitset_type::uint< nbits >	49
sacfmt::bitset_type::uint< 4 *bits_per_byte >	49
$sacfmt:: bitset_type:: uint < bytes*bits_per_byte > \dots $:50
sacfmt::word pair < T >	50

48 Hierarchical Index

Chapter 9

Class Index

9.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

Sacinitcoord	
Defines a geographic coordinant (degrees/radians)	105
sacfmt::io_error	
Class for generic I/O exceptions	108
sacfmt::point	
Defines a geographic point (latitude, longitude)	110
sacfmt::read_spec	
Struct that specifies parameters for reading	112
sacfmt::Trace	
The Trace class	112
sacfmt::bitset_type::uint< nbits >	
Ensure type-safety for conversions between floats/doubles and bitsets	249
sacfmt::bitset_type::uint< 4 *bits_per_byte >	
One-word (floats)	249
sacfmt::bitset_type::uint< bytes *bits_per_byte >	
Two-words (doubles)	250
sacfmt::word_pair< T >	
Struct containing a pair of words	250

50 Class Index

Chapter 10

Namespace Documentation

10.1 sacfmt Namespace Reference

sac-format namespace

Namespaces

namespace bitset_type
 bitset type-safety namespace.

Classes

· class coord

Defines a geographic coordinant (degrees/radians)

class io_error

Class for generic I/O exceptions.

· struct point

Defines a geographic point (latitude, longitude)

· struct read spec

Struct that specifies parameters for reading.

· class Trace

The Trace class.

struct word_pair

Struct containing a pair of words.

Typedefs

```
using char_bit = std::bitset< bits_per_byte >
```

One binary character (useful for building strings).

using word_one = std::bitset< binary_word_size >

One binary word (useful for non-strings).

using word_two = std::bitset< static_cast< size_t >(2) *binary_word_size >

Two binary words (useful for strings).

using word_four = std::bitset< static_cast< size_t >(4) *binary_word_size >
 Four binary words (kEvNm only).

template < class T >

using unsigned_int = typename bitset_type::uint< sizeof(T) *bits_per_byte >::type

Convert variable to unsigned-integer using type-safe conversions.

Enumerations

```
• enum class name {
 depmin, depmax, odelta, resp0,
 resp1, resp2, resp3, resp4,
 resp5, resp6, resp7, resp8,
 resp9, stel, stdp, evel,
 evdp, mag, user0, user1,
 user2, user3, user4, user5,
 user6, user7, user8, user9,
 dist, az, baz, gcarc,
 depmen, cmpaz, cmpinc, xminimum,
 xmaximum, yminimum, ymaximum, delta,
 b,e,o,a,
 t0, t1, t2, t3,
 t4, t5, t6, t7,
 t8, t9, f, stla,
 stlo, evla, evlo, sb,
 sdelta, nzyear, nzjday, nzhour,
 nzmin, nzsec, nzmsec, nvhdr,
 norid, nevid, npts, nsnpts,
 nwfid, nxsize, nysize, iftype,
 idep, iztype, iinst, istreg,
 ievreg, ievtyp, iqual, isynth,
 imagtyp, imagsrc, ibody, leven,
 Ipspol, lovrok, lcalda, kstnm,
 kevnm, khole, ko, ka,
 kt0 . kt1 . kt2 . kt3 .
 kt4, kt5, kt6, kt7,
 kt8, kt9, kf, kuser0,
 kuser1, kuser2, kcmpnm, knetwk,
 kdatrd, kinst, data1, data2}
```

Enumeration of all SAC fields.

Functions

- std::streamoff word_position (const size_t word_number) noexcept
 - Calculates position of word in SAC-file.
- · word_one uint_to_binary (uint num) noexcept

Convert unsigned integer to 32-bit (one word) binary bitset.

· word_one int_to_binary (int num) noexcept

Convert integer to 32-bit (one word) binary bitset.

· int binary to int (word one bin) noexcept

Convert 32-bit (one word) binary bitset to integer.

word_one float_to_binary (const float num) noexcept

Convert floating-point value to 32-bit (one word) binary bitset.

float binary_to_float (const word_one &bin) noexcept

Convert 32-bit (one word) binary bitset to a floating-point value.

word_two double_to_binary (const double num) noexcept

Convert double-precision value to 64-bit (two words) binary bitset.

· double binary_to_double (const word_two &bin) noexcept

Convert 64-bit (two words) binary bitset to double-precision value.

void remove_leading_spaces (std::string *str) noexcept

Remove all leading spaces from a string.

void remove_trailing_spaces (std::string *str) noexcept

Remove all trailing spaces from a string.

std::string string cleaning (const std::string &str) noexcept

Remove leading/trailing spaces and control characters from a string.

void prep_string (std::string *str, const size_t str_size) noexcept

Cleans string and then truncates/pads as necessary.

template<typename T >

void string bits (T *bits, const std::string &str, const size t str size) noexcept

Template function to convert string into binary bitset.

template<typename T >

std::string bits_string (const T &bits, const size_t num_words) noexcept

Template function to convert binary bitset to string.

word_two string_to_binary (std::string str) noexcept

Convert string to a 64-bit (two word) binary bitset.

std::string binary_to_string (const word_two &str) noexcept

Convert a 64-bit (two word) binary bitset to a string.

word_four long_string_to_binary (std::string str) noexcept

Convert a string to a 128-bit (four word) binary bitset.

std::string binary_to_long_string (const word_four &str) noexcept

Convert a 128-bit (four word) binary bitset to a string.

word_one bool_to_binary (const bool flag) noexcept

Convert a boolean to a 32-bit (one word) binary bitset.

bool binary_to_bool (const word_one &flag) noexcept

Convert a 32-bit (one word) binary bitset to a boolean.

word two concat words (const word pair< word one > &pair words) noexcept

Concatenate two word_one binary strings into a single word_two string.

word four concat words (const word pair< word two > &pair words) noexcept

Concatenate two word_two binary strings into a single word_four string.

• bool nwords_after_current (std::ifstream *sac, const read_spec &spec) noexcept

Determine if the SAC-file has enough remaining data to read the requested amount of data.

void safe_to_read_header (std::ifstream *sac)

Determine if the SAC-file is large enough to contain a complete header.

void safe_to_read_footer (std::ifstream *sac)

Determines if the SAC-file has enough space remaining to contain a complete footer.

void safe_to_read_data (std::ifstream *sac, const size_t n_words, const bool data2)

Determines if the SAC-file has enough space remaining to contain a complete data vector.

void safe_to_finish_reading (std::ifstream *sac)

Determines if the SAC-file is finished.

word_one read_word (std::ifstream *sac)

Read one word (32 bits, useful for non-strings) from a binary SAC-File.

word two read two words (std::ifstream *sac)

Read two words (64 bits, useful for most strings) from a binary SAC-file.

word_four read_four_words (std::ifstream *sac)

Read four words (128 bits, kEvNm only) from a binary SAC-file.

std::vector< double > read data (std::ifstream *sac, const read spec &spec)

Reader arbitrary number of words (useful for vectors) from a binary SAC-file.

void write_words (std::ofstream *sac_file, const std::vector< char > &input)

Write arbitrary number of words (useful for vectors) to a binary SAC-file.

• template<typename T >

std::vector< char > convert_to_word (const T input) noexcept

Template function to convert input value into a std::vector<char> for writing.

• std::vector< char > convert to word (const double input) noexcept

Convert double value into a std::vector<char> for writing.

template<size t N>

std::array< char, N > convert to words (const std::string &str, const size t n words) noexcept

Template function to convert input string value into a std::array<char> for writing.

std::vector< char > bool_to_word (const bool flag) noexcept

Convert boolean to a word for writing.

• bool equal_within_tolerance (const std::vector< double > &vector1, const std::vector< double > &vector2, const double tolerance) noexcept

Check if two std::vector<double> are equal within a tolerance limit.

· bool equal_within_tolerance (const double val1, const double val2, const double tolerance) noexcept

Check if two double values are equal within a tolerance limit.

· double degrees_to_radians (const double degrees) noexcept

Convert decimal degrees to radians.

• double radians_to_degrees (const double radians) noexcept

Convert radians to decimal degrees.

double gcarc (const point location1, const point location2) noexcept

Calculate great circle arc distance in decimal degrees between two points.

· double azimuth (const point location1, const point location2) noexcept

Calculate azimuth between two points.

double limit_360 (const double degrees) noexcept

Takes a decimal degree value and constrains it to full circle using symmetry.

double limit_180 (const double degrees) noexcept

Takes a decimal degree value and constrains it to a half circle using symmetry.

double limit_90 (const double degrees) noexcept

Takes a decimal degree value and constrains it to a quarter circle using symmetry.

- template std::vector< char > convert_to_word (const float input) noexcept
- template std::vector< char > convert_to_word (const int x) noexcept
- template std::array< char, word_length > convert_to_words (const std::string &str, const size_t n_words)
 noexcept

Variables

constexpr size_t word_length {4}

Size (bytes) of fundamental data-chunk.

• constexpr size_t bits_per_byte {8}

Size (bits) of binary character.

constexpr size_t binary_word_size {word_length * bits_per_byte}

Size (bits) of funamental data-chunk.

constexpr std::streamoff data word {158}

First word of (first) data-section (stream offset).

constexpr int unset int {-12345}

Integer unset value (SAC Magic).

constexpr float unset_float {-12345.0F}

Float-point unset value (SAC Magic).

constexpr double unset_double {-12345.0}

Double-precision unset value (SAC Magic).

constexpr bool unset_bool {false}

Boolean unset value (SAC Magic).

const std::string unset_word {"-12345"}

String unset value (SAC Magic).

constexpr float f_eps {2.75e-6F}

Accuracy precision expected of SAC floating-point values.

constexpr int ascii_space {32}

ASCII-code of 'space' character.

constexpr int num_float {39}

Number of float-poing header values in SAC format.

constexpr int num_double {22}

Number of double-precision header values in SAC format.

constexpr int num_int {26}

Number of integer header values in SAC format.

• constexpr int num_bool {4}

Number of boolean header values in SAC format.

• constexpr int num_string {23}

Number of string header values in SAC format.

• constexpr int num_data {2}

Number of data arrays in SAC format.

• constexpr int num_footer {22}

Number of double-precision footer values in SAC format (version 7).

constexpr int modern_hdr_version {7}

nVHdr value for newest SAC format (2020+).

constexpr int old_hdr_version {6}

nVHdr value for historic SAC format (pre-2020).

constexpr int common_skip_num {7}

Extremely common number of 'internal use' headers in SAC format.

constexpr double rad_per_deg {std::numbers::pi_v<double> / 180.0}

Radians per degree.

constexpr double deg_per_rad {1.0 / rad_per_deg}

Degrees per radian.

• constexpr double circle_deg {360.0}

Degrees in a circle.

constexpr double earth_radius {6378.14}

Average radius of Earth (kilometers).

const std::unordered_map< name, const size_t > sac_map

Lookup table for variable locations.

10.1.1 Detailed Description

sac-format namespace

10.1.2 Typedef Documentation

10.1.2.1 char_bit

```
using sacfmt::char_bit = typedef std::bitset<bits_per_byte>
```

One binary character (useful for building strings).

10.1.2.2 unsigned_int

```
\label{template} $$ $$ template < class T > $$ using sacfmt::unsigned_int = typedef typename bitset_type::uint < size of (T) * bits_per_byte > $$$ :: type $$
```

Convert variable to unsigned-integer using type-safe conversions.

10.1.2.3 word_four

```
using sacfmt::word_four = typedef std::bitset<static_cast<size_t>(4) * binary_word_size>
```

Four binary words (kEvNm only).

10.1.2.4 word_one

```
using sacfmt::word_one = typedef std::bitset<binary_word_size>
```

One binary word (useful for non-strings).

10.1.2.5 word_two

```
using sacfmt::word_two = typedef std::bitset<static_cast<size_t>(2) * binary_word_size>
```

Two binary words (useful for strings).

10.1.3 Enumeration Type Documentation

10.1.3.1 name

```
enum class sacfmt::name [strong]
```

Enumeration of all SAC fields.

Additional information can be found at SAC-file format

depmin	Float, pre-data word 001. Minimum value of the dependent variable (displacement/velocity/acceleration/volts/counts).
depmax	Float, pre-data word 002. Maximum value of the dependent variable.
odelta	Float, pre-data word 004. Modified (observational) value of delta.
resp0	Float, pre-data word 021. Instrument response parameter (poles, zeros, and a constant). Not used by SAC - free for other purposes.
resp1	See resp0, pre-data word 022.
resp2	See resp0, pre-data word 023.

resp3	See resp0, pre-data word 024.			
resp4	See resp0, pre-data word 025.			
resp5	See resp0, pre-data word 026.			
resp6	See resp0, pre-data word 027.			
resp7	See resp0, pre-data word 028.			
resp8	See resp0, pre-data word 029.			
resp9	See resp0, pre-data word 030.			
stel	Float, pre-data word 033.			
	Station elevation in meters above sea level (m.a.s.l.). Not used by SAC - free for other purposes.			
stdp	Float, pre-data word 034.			
stup	Station depth in meters below surface (borehole/buried vault).			
	Not used by SAC - free for other purposes.			
evel	Float, pre-data word 037.			
	Event elevation m.a.s.l.			
	Not used by SAC - free for other purposes.			
evdp	Float, pre-data word 038.			
mag	Event depth in kilometers (previous meters) below surface. Float, pre-data word 039.			
mag	Event magnitude.			
user0	Float, pre-data word 040.			
	Storage for user-defined values.			
user1	See user0, pre-data word 041.			
user2	See user0, pre-data word 042.			
user3	See user0, pre-data word 043.			
user4	See user0, pre-data word 044.			
user5	See user0, pre-data word 045.			
user6	See user0, pre-data word 046. See user0, pre-data word 047.			
user7	See user0, pre-data word 047. See user0, pre-data word 048.			
user8	See user0, pre-data word 048. See user0, pre-data word 049.			
user9	·			
dist	Float, pre-data word 050.			
	Station-Event distance in kilometers.			
az	Float, pre-data word 051. Azimuth $Station \rightarrow Event$ in decimal degrees from North.			
baz	Float, pre-data word 052.			
baz	Back-Azimuth $Event o Station$ in decimal degrees from North.			
gcarc	Float, pre-data word 053.			
_	Great-circle arc-distance between station and event in decimal degrees.			
depmen	Float, pre-data word 056.			
	Mean value of dependent variable.			
cmpaz	Float, pre-data word 057.			
om:siss	Instrument measurement azimuth, decimal degrees from North.			
cmpinc	Float, pre-data word 058. Instrument measurement incidence angle, decimal degrees from upward vertical (incident 0 =			
	dip -90).			
	Note: SEED/MINISEED use dip angle, decimal degrees from horizontal (dip 0 = incident 90).			
xminimum	Float, pre-data word 059.			
	Spectral-only equivalent of depmin (f_0 or ω_0).			

xmaximum	Float, pre-data word 060. Spectral-only equivalent of depman (f_{max} or ω_{max}).					
yminimum	Float, pre-data word 061. Spectral-only equivalent of b.					
ymaximum	Float, pre-data word 062. Spectral-only equivalent of e.					
delta	Double, pre-data word 000; post-data words 00-01. Increment between evenly-spaced samples (Δt for timeseries, Δf or $\Delta \omega$ for spectral).					
b	Double, pre-data word 005; post-data words 02-03. First value (beginning) of independent variable (t_0).					
е	Double, pre-data word 006; post-data words 04-05. Final value (ending) of the independent variable (t_{max}).					
0	Double, pre-data word 007; post-data words 06-07. Event origin time, in seconds relative to the reference time.					
а	Double, pre-data word 008; post-data words 08-09. Event first arrival time, in seconds relative to the reference time.					
t0	Double, pre-data word 010; post-data words 10-11. User defined time value, in seconds relative to the reference time.					
t1	See t0, pre-data word 011; post-data words 12-13.					
t2	See t0, pre-data word 012; post-data words 14-15.					
t3	See t0, pre-data word 013; post-data words 16-17.					
t4	See t0, pre-data word 014; post-data words 18-19.					
t5	See t0, pre-data word 015; post-data words 20-21.					
t6	See t0, pre-data word 016; post-data words 22-23.					
t7	See t0, pre-data word 017; post-data words 24-25.					
t8	See t0, pre-data word 018; post-data words 26-27.					
t9	See t0, pre-data word 019; post-data words 28-29.					
f	Double, pre-data word 020; post-data words 30-31. Event end (fini) time, in seconds relative to the reference time.					
stla	Double, pre-data word 031; post-data words 36-37. Station latitude in decimal degrees, N/S is positive/negative. sac-format automatically enforces $\phi \in [-90, 90]$.					
stlo	Double, pre-data word 032; post-data words 38-39. Station longitude in decimal degrees, E/W is positive/negative. sac-format automaticall enforces $\lambda \in [-180, 180]$.					
evla	Double, pre-data word 035; post-data words 32-33. Event latitude in decimal degrees, N/S is positive/negative. sac-format automatically enforces $\phi \in [-90, 90]$.					
evlo	Double, pre-data word 036; post-data words 34-35. Event longitude in decimal degrees, E/W is positive/negative. sac-format automatically enforces $\lambda \in [-180, 180]$.					
sb	Double, pre-data word 054; post-data words 40-41. Original (saved) value of b (beginning).					
sdelta	Double, pre-data word 055; post-data words 42-43. Original (saved) value of delta (sample-spacing).					
nzyear	Integer, pre-data word 070. Reference time GMT year.					
nzjday	Integer, pre-data word 071. Reference time GMT day-of-year (often called Julian Date). 1-366 Not enforced.					

nzhour	Integer, pre-data word 072.
	Reference time GMT hour.
	00-23 Not enforced.
nzmin	Integer, pre-data word 073.
	Reference time GMT minute.
	00-59 Not enforced.
nzsec	Integer, pre-data word 074.
	Reference time GMT second.
	00-59 Not enforced.
nzmsec	Integer, pre-data word 075. Reference time GMT millisecond.
	0-999 not enforced.
nvhdr	Integer, pre-data word 076.
Tivilai	SAC-file version.
	7 = 2020+, sac 102.0+, has a Footer. 6 = pre-2020, sac 101.6a-, no Footer.
norid	Integer, pre-data word 077.
nona	Origin ID.
nevid	Integer, pre-data word 078.
Hevia	Event ID.
npts	Integer, pre-data word 079.
TIPLO	Number of points in data.
nsnpts	Integer, pre-data word 080.
Попріо	Original (saved) npts.
nwfid	Integer, pre-data word 081.
nwna	Waveform ID.
nxsize	Integer, pre-data word 082.
	Spectral-only equivalent of npts (length of spectrum).
nysize	Integer, pre-data word 083.
,	Spectral-only; width of spectrum.
iftype	Integer, pre-data word 085.
37-	File type.
idep	Integer, pre-data word 086.
•	Dependent variable type.
iztype	Integer, pre-data word 087.
7.	Reference time equivalent.
iinst	Integer, pre-data word 089.
	Recording instrument type.
	Not used by SAC - free for other purposes.
istreg	Integer, pre-data word 090.
	Station geographic region.
	Not used by SAC - free for other purposes.
ievreg	Integer, pre-data word 091.
-	Event geographic region.
	Not used by SAC - free for other purposes.
ievtyp	Integer, pre-data word 092.
	Event type.
	Not used by SAC - free for other purposes.
iqual	Integer, pre-data word 093.
	Quality of data.
	Not used by SAC - free for other purposes.
isynth	Integer, pre-data word 094.
	Synthetic data flag.
	Not used by SAC - free for other purposes.

imagtyp	Integer, pre-data word 095. Magnitude type.					
imagsrc	Integer, pre-data word 096. Magnitude information source.					
ibody	Integer, pre-data word 097. Body/spheroid definition used to calculate distances. Not currently-used by sac-format (SAC does used it).					
leven	Boolean, pre-data word 105. REQUIRED Evenly-spaced data flag. True = even.					
Ipspol	Boolean, pre-data word 106. Station polarity flag. True = positive (left-handed, e.g. North-East-Up).					
lovrok	Boolean, pre-data word 107. File overwrite flag. If true, okay to overwrite file. Not used by sac-format.					
lcalda	Boolean, pre-data word 108. Calculate geometry flag. Not used by sac-format.					
kstnm	String (2 words), pre-data words 110–111. Station name.					
kevnm	String (4 words), pre-data words 112–115. Event name.					
khole	String (2 words), pre-data words 116–117. Nuclear-Hole identifier. Other-Location identifier (LOCID).					
ko	String (2 words), pre-data words 118–119. Text for o.					
ka	String (2 words), pre-data words 120–121. Text for a.					
kt0	String (2 words), pre-data words 122–123. Text for t0					
kt1	See kt0, pre-data words 124–125.					
kt2	See kt0, pre-data words 126–127.					
kt3	See kt0, pre-data words 126–127. See kt0, pre-data words 128–129.					
kt4	See kt0, pre-data words 130–131.					
kt5	See kt0, pre-data words 132–133.					
kt6	See kt0, pre-data words 134–135.					
kt7	See kt0, pre-data words 136–137.					
kt8	See kt0, pre-data words 138–139.					
kt9	See kt0, pre-data words 140–141.					
kf	String (2 words), pre-data words 142–143. Text for f.					
kuser0	String (2 words), pre-data words 144–145. Text for user0.					
kuser1	Text for user0. See kuser0, pre-data words 146–147.					
kuser2	See kuser0, pre-data words 148–149.					
kcmpnm	String (2 words), pre-data words 150-151. Component name.					
knetwk	String (2 words), pre-data words 152-153. Network name.					

kdatrd	String (2 words), pre-data words 154-155. Date the data was read onto a computer.
kinst	String (2 words), pre-data words 156-157. Instrument name.
data1	std::vector <double>, words 158–(158 + npts) First data vector. ALWAYS present, ALWAYS begins at word 158.</double>
data2	std::vector <double>, words (158 + 1 + npts)–(159 + (2 * npts)) Second data vector. CONDITIONAL present. IF PRESENT, begins at end of data1. Required if leven is false (uneven sampling), or if iftype is spectral/XY/XYZ.</double>

```
00316
         // Floats
00317
00324
00330
         {\tt depmin,}
         depmax, odelta,
00336
00344
         resp0,
00346
         resp1,
00348
         resp2,
00350
00352
         resp3,
         resp4, resp5,
00354
00356
         resp6,
00358
         resp7,
00360
         resp8,
00362
00370
         resp9,
         stel,
00378
         stdp,
00386
         evel,
00392
         evdp,
00398
         mag,
0\,0\,4\,0\,4
         user0,
00406
         user1,
00408
         user2,
00410
         user3,
00412
         user4,
00414
         user5,
00416
         user6,
00418
         user7,
00420
         user8,
00422
         user9,
00428
         dist,
00435
00442
         baz,
00448
00454
         gcarc,
         depmen,
00460
         cmpaz,
00470
         cmpinc,
00477
         xminimum,
00484
         xmaximum,
00490
         yminimum,
         ymaximum,
// Doubles
00496
00497
00506
         delta,
00512
         b,
00519
         e,
00525
00531
00537
         a,
t0,
00539
         t1,
00541
00543
         t3,
00545
         t4,
00547
00549
         t5,
         t6,
t7,
t8,
00551
00553
00555
         t9,
00561
00569
00577
         f,
stla,
         stlo,
evla,
00585
00593
         evlo,
00599
         sb,
00605
         sdelta,
00606
00612
         // Ints
         nzyear,
nzjday,
00620
00628
         nzhour,
00636
         nzmin,
```

```
00644
        nzsec,
00652
        nzmsec,
00661
        nvhdr,
00667
        norid,
00673
        nevid,
00679
        nots.
00685
        nsnpts,
00691
        nwfid,
00697
        nxsize,
00703
        nysize,
00709
        iftype,
00715
        idep,
00721
         iztype,
00729
00737
         istreg,
00745
00753
         ievreg,
         ievtyp,
00761
        iqual,
00769
         isynth,
00775
         imagtyp,
00781
00789
00790
        ibody,
        // Bools
00798
        leven,
00806
        lpspol,
00816
         lovrok,
00824
         lcalda,
00825
         // Strings
00831
         kstnm,
00837
        kevnm,
00845
        khole.
00851
         ko.
00857
         ka,
00863
         kt0,
00865
         kt1,
00867
         kt2,
00869
         kt3,
00871
00873
00875
00877
         kt7,
00879
        kt8,
00881
        kt9,
00887
         kf,
00893
         kuser0,
00895
         kuser1,
00897
        kuser2,
00903
        kempnm,
00909
        knetwk.
00915
        kdatrd,
00921
        kinst,
00922
         // Data
00928
        data1,
00937
        data2
00938 };
```

10.1.4 Function Documentation

10.1.4.1 azimuth()

Calculate azimuth between two points.

Assumes spherical Earth (in future may update to solve on a more general body).

 ϕ is latitude. λ is longitude. θ is azimuth.

$$\theta = tan^{-1} \left(\frac{sin(\delta\lambda)cos(\phi_2)}{cos(\phi_1)sin(\phi_2) - sin(\phi_1)cos(\phi_2)cos(\delta\lambda)} \right)$$

Parameters

in	location1	point of first location.
in	location2	point of second location.

Returns

double The azimuth from the first location to the second location.

```
00767
        const double numerator{
00768
            std::sin(location2.longitude.radians() - location1.longitude.radians()) *
            std::cos(location2.latitude.radians());
00769
00770
        const double denominator{(std::cos(location1.latitude.radians()) *
00771
                                    std::sin(location2.latitude.radians())) -
00772
                                   (std::sin(location1.latitude.radians()) *
00773
                                    std::cos(location2.latitude.radians()) *
00774
                                    std::cos(location2.longitude.radians() -
00775
                                             location1.longitude.radians()));
00776
        double result{radians_to_degrees(std::atan2(numerator, denominator))};
while (result < 0.0) {</pre>
00777
00778
          result += circle_deg;
00779
00780
        return result;
00781 }
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



10.1.4.2 binary_to_bool()

Convert a 32-bit (one word) binary bitset to a boolean.

Parameters

in	flag	word_one binary bitset to be converted (takes zeroth element).	
----	------	----------------------------------------------------------------	--

Returns

boolean Converted boolean value.

```
00357 { return flag[0]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



10.1.4.3 binary_to_double()

Convert 64-bit (two words) binary bitset to double-precision value.

Converts bitset to unsigned long long then to double.

Parameters

```
in bin word two Binary value to be converted.
```

Returns

double Converted value.

```
00159
00160 const auto val = bin.to_ullong();
00161 double result{};
00162 // flawfinder: ignore
00163 memcpy(&result, &val, sizeof(double));
00164 return result;
00165 }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



10.1.4.4 binary_to_float()

```
float sacfmt::binary_to_float (
                const word_one & bin ) [noexcept]
```

Convert 32-bit (one word) binary bitset to a floating-point value.

Converts bitset to unsigned long then to float.

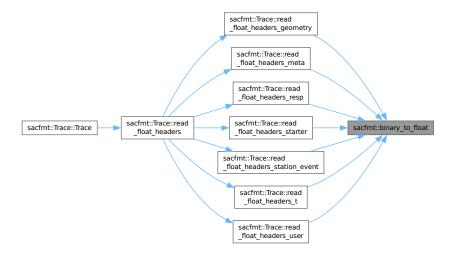
Parameters

in	bin	word_one Binary value to be converted.
----	-----	----------------------------------------

Returns

float Converted value.

Here is the caller graph for this function:



10.1.4.5 binary_to_int()

```
int sacfmt::binary_to_int (
          word_one bin ) [noexcept]
```

Convert 32-bit (one word) binary bitset to integer.

Uses two's complement to convert a binary value into an integer.

Parameters

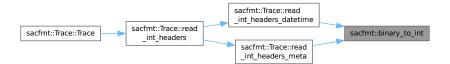
in bin Binary value to be converted.

Returns

int Converted value.

```
00088
00089
         int result{};
         if (bin.test(binary_word_size - 1)) {
   // Complement
00090
00091
         bin.flip();
00092
          result = static_cast<int>(bin.to_ulong());
result += 1;
00093
00094
           // Change sign to make it negative
result *= -1;
00095
00096
00097
00098
           result = static_cast<int>(bin.to_ulong());
00099
00100
         return result;
00101 }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



10.1.4.6 binary_to_long_string()

Convert a 128-bit (four word) binary bitset to a string.

Exclusively used to work with the kEvNm header.

Parameters

```
in str word_four to be converted to a string.
```

Returns

std::string Converted string.

```
00332
00333 std::string result{bits_string(str, 4)};
00334 return string_cleaning(result);
00335 }
```



Here is the caller graph for this function:



10.1.4.7 binary_to_string()

Convert a 64-bit (two word) binary bitset to a string.

Parameters

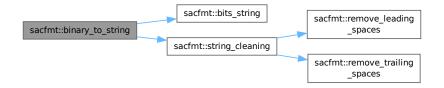
```
in str word_two to be converted to a string.
```

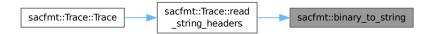
Returns

std::string Converted string.

```
00298
00299    std::string result{bits_string(str, 2)};
00300    return string_cleaning(result);
00301 }
```

Here is the call graph for this function:





10.1.4.8 bits_string()

Template function to convert binary bitset to string.

Parameters

in	bits	Source bitset for the string.
in	num_words	Length of string in words (4 chars = 1 word)

Returns

std::string String converted from bitset.

```
00258
00259
          std::string result{};
00260
          result.reserve(num_words * word_length);
00261
          constexpr size_t char_size{bits_per_byte};
00262
          char_bit byte{};
          for (size_t i{0}; i < num_words * binary_word_size; i += char_size) {
  for (size_t j{0}; j < char_size; ++j) [[likely]] {
    byte[j] = bits[i + j];</pre>
00263
00264
00265
00266
00267
            result.push_back(static_cast<char>(byte.to_ulong()));
00268
00269
          return result;
00270 }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



10.1.4.9 bool_to_binary()

Convert a boolean to a 32-bit (one word) binary bitset.

Parameters

in	flag	Boolean value to be converted to a bitset (sets zeroth element).	
----	------	------------------------------------------------------------------	--

Returns

word_one Converted binary bitset.

10.1.4.10 bool_to_word()

Convert boolean to a word for writing.

Parameters

	in	flag	Boolean to be converted.	
--	----	------	--------------------------	--

Returns

std::vector<char> Prepared value for writing.

```
00598
00599     std::vector<char> result;
00600     result.resize(word_length);
00601     std::fill(result.begin() + 1, result.end(), 0);
00602     result[0] = static_cast<char>(flag ? 1 : 0);
00603     return result;
00604 }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



10.1.4.11 concat_words() [1/2]

Concatenate two word_one binary strings into a single word_two string.

Useful for reading strings from SAC-files.

Parameters

in p	pair_words	word_pair Words to be concatenated.
------	------------	-------------------------------------

Returns

word two Concatenated words.

Here is the caller graph for this function:



10.1.4.12 concat_words() [2/2]

Concatenate two word_two binary strings into a single word_four string.

Exclusively used to read kEvNm header from SAC-file.

Parameters

in	pair_words	word_pair Words to be concatenated.
----	------------	-------------------------------------

Returns

word_four Concatenated words.

10.1.4.13 convert_to_word() [1/4]

Convert double value into a std::vector<char> for writing.

Parameters

```
in input Input value to convert (double).
```

Returns

std::vector<char> Prepared for writing to binary SAC-file.

```
00549
00550
        constexpr size_t n_words{static_cast<size_t>(2) * word_length};
00551
        std::array<char, n_words> tmp{};
       // Copy bytes from input into the tmp array
// flawfinder: ignore
00552
00553
00554
        std::memcpy(tmp.data(), &input, n_words);
00555
        std::vector<char> word{};
00556
        word.reserve(n_words);
00557
       std::for_each(tmp.begin(), tmp.end(),
00558
                       [&word](const char &character) { word.push_back(character); });
00559
       return word;
00560 }
```

10.1.4.14 convert_to_word() [2/4]

10.1.4.15 convert_to_word() [3/4]

10.1.4.16 convert_to_word() [4/4]

Template function to convert input value into a std::vector<char> for writing.

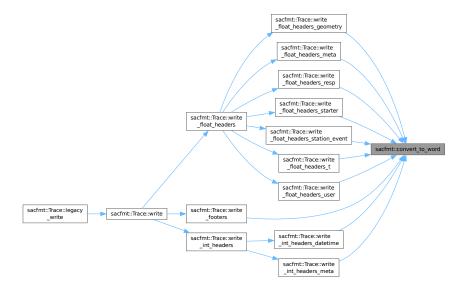
Parameters

```
in input Input value (float or int) to convert.
```

Returns

std::vector<char> Prepared for writing to binary SAC-file.

```
00527
       std::array<char, word_length> tmp{};
// Copy bytes from input into the tmp array
// flawfinder: ignore
00528
00529
00530
00531
       std::memcpy(tmp.data(), &input, word_length);
00532
       std::vector<char> word{};
00533
       word.reserve(word_length);
00534
      00535
00536
       return word;
00537 }
```



10.1.4.17 convert_to_words() [1/2]

```
template <size_t N> template std::array < char, 4 *word_length > sacfmt::convert_to_words ( const std::string & str, size_t n\_words) [noexcept]
```

Template function to convert input string value into a std::array<char> for writing.

Parameters

in	str	Input string to convert.
in	n_words	Number of words

Returns

std::array<char, N> Prepared for writing to a binary SAC-file.

10.1.4.18 convert_to_words() [2/2]

10.1.4.19 degrees_to_radians()

Convert decimal degrees to radians.

$$r = d \cdot \frac{\pi}{180^{\circ}}$$

Parameters

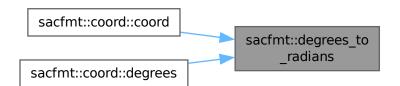
	in	degrees	Angle in decimal degrees to be converted.	
--	----	---------	-------------------------------------------	--

Returns

double Angle in radians.

```
00659
00660    return rad_per_deg * degrees;
00661 }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



10.1.4.20 double_to_binary()

Convert double-precision value to 64-bit (two words) binary bitset.

Converts double to unsigned-integer of same size for storage in bitset.

in	num	Double value to be converted.
----	-----	-------------------------------

word_two Converted value.

```
00143
00144 unsigned_int<double> num_as_uint{0};
00145 // flawfinder: ignore
00146 std::memcpy(&num_as_uint, &num, sizeof(double));
00147 word_two result{num_as_uint};
00148 return result;
00149 }
```

10.1.4.21 equal_within_tolerance() [1/2]

Check if two double values are equal within a tolerance limit.

Default tolerance is f_eps.

Parameters

in	val1	First double in comparison.
in	val2	Second double in comparison.
in	tolerance	Numerical equality tolerance (default f_eps).

Returns

bool Boolean equality value.

```
00645

00646 return std::abs(val1 - val2) < tolerance;

00647 }
```

10.1.4.22 equal_within_tolerance() [2/2]

Check if two std::vector<double> are equal within a tolerance limit.

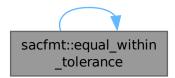
Default tolerance is f_eps.

in	vector1	First data vector in comparison.
in	vector2	Second data vector in comparison.
in	tolerance	Numerical equality tolerance (default f_eps).

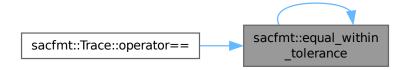
bool Boolean equality value.

```
00622
00623
           if (vector1.size() != vector2.size()) {
00624
            return false;
00625
          for (size_t i{0}; i < vector1.size(); ++i) [[likely]] {
   if (!equal_within_tolerance(vector1[i], vector2[i], tolerance)) {
    return false;</pre>
00626
00627
00628
               return false;
00629
00630
00631
          return true;
00632 }
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



10.1.4.23 float_to_binary()

Convert floating-point value to 32-bit (one word) binary bitset.

Converts float to unsigned-integer of same size for storage in bitset.

word_one Converted value.

```
00111
00112 unsigned_int<float> num_as_uint{0};
00113 // flawfinder: ignore
00114 std::memcpy(&num_as_uint, &num, sizeof(float));
00115 word_one result{num_as_uint};
00116 return result;
00117 }
```

10.1.4.24 gcarc()

Calculate great circle arc distance in decimal degrees between two points.

Assumes spherical Earth (in future will include flatenning and adjustable radius for other bodies/greater accuracy).

 ϕ is latitude. λ is longitude. Δ is great circle arc distance (gcarc).

$$\Delta = \cos^{-1}\left(\sin(\phi_1)\sin(\phi_2) + \cos(\phi_1)\cos(\phi_2)\cos(\lambda_2 - \lambda_1)\right)$$

Parameters

in	location1	point of first location.
in	location2	point of second location

Returns

double The great circle arc distance in decimal degrees.

```
00735
00736
00737
coturn radians_to_degrees(
00737
std::acos(std::sin(location1.latitude.radians()) *
00738
00739
std::cos(location1.latitude.radians()) *
00740
00741
std::cos(location2.latitude.radians()) *
00742
00742
00743
}
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



10.1.4.25 int_to_binary()

Convert integer to 32-bit (one word) binary bitset.

Uses two's complement to convert an integer into a binary value.

Parameters

in	num	Number to be converted.
T11	Hulli	Mulliber to be convented.

Returns

word_one Converted value.

```
00067
00068
         word_one bits{};
         if (num >= 0) {
00070
           bits = uint_to_binary(static_cast<uint>(num));
00071
         } else {
        bits = uint_to_binary(stati
// Complement
bits.flip();
bits = bits.to_ulong() + 1;
}
         bits = uint_to_binary(static_cast<uint>(-num));
00072
00073
00074
00075
00076
00077
         return bits;
00078 }
```

Here is the call graph for this function:

```
sacfmt::int_to_binary sacfmt::uint_to_binary
```

10.1.4.26 limit_180()

Takes a decimal degree value and constrains it to a half circle using symmetry.

$$[-\infty, \infty] \to (-180, 180]$$

in	degrees	Decimal degrees to be constrained.
----	---------	------------------------------------

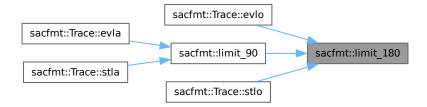
double Value within limits.

```
00820
00821     double result{limit_360(degrees)};
00822     constexpr double hemi{180.0};
00823     if (result > hemi) {
        result = result - circle_deg;
00825     }
00826     return result;
00827 }
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



10.1.4.27 limit_360()

Takes a decimal degree value and constrains it to full circle using symmetry.

$$[-\infty,\infty] \to [0,360]$$

in	degrees	Decimal degrees to be constrained.
----	---------	------------------------------------

double Value within limits.

```
00794
        double result{degrees};
while (std::abs(result) > circle_deg) {
00795
00796
00797
          if (result > circle_deg) {
00798
            result -= circle_deg;
00799
          } else {
00800
             result += circle_deg;
00801
00802
00803
        if (result < 0) {
        result += circle_deg;
}
00804
00805
00806
        return result;
00807 }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



10.1.4.28 limit_90()

Takes a decimal degree value and constrains it to a quarter circle using symmetry.

$$[-\infty, \infty] \rightarrow [-90, 90]$$

Parameters

iı	ı d	legrees	Decimal degrees to be constrained.
----	-----	---------	------------------------------------

Returns

double Value within limits.

```
00840

00841 double result{limit_180(degrees)};

00842 constexpr double quarter{90.0};

00843 if (result > quarter) {

00844 result = (2 * quarter) - result;

00845 } else if (result < -quarter) {

00846 result = (-2 * quarter) - result;

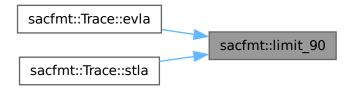
00847 }

00848 return result;

00849 }
```



Here is the caller graph for this function:



10.1.4.29 long_string_to_binary()

Convert a string to a 128-bit (four word) binary bitset.

If the string is longer than 16 characters, then only the first 16 characters are kept. If the string is less than 16 characters long, it is right-padded with spaces.

Exclusively used to work with the kEvNm header.

Parameters

```
in str String to be converted to a bitset.
```

Returns

word_four Converted binary bitset.

```
00315
00316    constexpr size_t string_size{4 * word_length};
00317    prep_string(&str, string_size);
00318    // Four words (16 characters)
00319    word_four bits{};
00320    string_bits(&bits, str, string_size);
00321    return bits;
00322 }
```



10.1.4.30 nwords_after_current()

Determine if the SAC-file has enough remaining data to read the requested amount of data.

Parameters

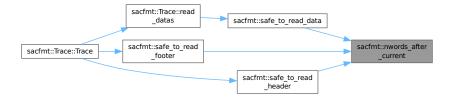
in	sac	std::ifstream* SAC-file to read.
in	spec	read_spec reading specification.

Returns

bool Truth value (true = safe to read).

```
01669
           bool result{false};
01671
           if (sac->good()) {
01672
              sac->seekg(0, std::ios::end);
01673
              const std::size_t final_pos{static_cast<size_t>(sac->tellg())};
01674
              // Doesn't like size_t since it wants to allow
// the possibility of negative offsets (not how I use it)
sac->seekg(static_cast<std::streamoff>(spec.start_word));
01675
01676
              const std::size_t diff{final_pos - spec.start_word);
result = (diff >= (spec.num_words * word_length));
01677
01678
01679
01680
           return result;
01681 }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



10.1.4.31 prep_string()

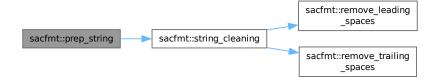
Cleans string and then truncates/pads as necessary.

This edits the string in-place.

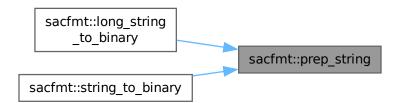
Parameters

in,out	str	std::string* String to be prepared.
in	str_size	Desired string length.

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



10.1.4.32 radians_to_degrees()

Convert radians to decimal degrees.

$$d = r \cdot \frac{180^{\circ}}{\pi}$$

Parameters

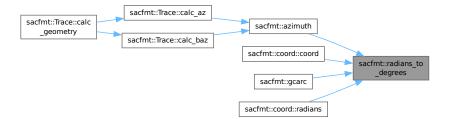
	in	radians	Angle in radians to be converted.
--	----	---------	-----------------------------------

Returns

double Angle in decimal degrees.

```
00673
00674    return deg_per_rad * radians;
00675 }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



10.1.4.33 read_data()

Reader arbitrary number of words (useful for vectors) from a binary SAC-file.

Note that this modifies the position of the reader within the stream (to the end of the read words).

Parameters

in,c	ut	sac	std::ifstream* Input binary SAC-file.
in		spec	read_spec Reading specification.

Returns

std::vector<double> Data vector read in.

```
00487
00488 sac->seekg(word_position(spec.start_word));
```

```
00489    std::vector<double> result{};
00490    result.resize(spec.num_words);
00491    std::for_each(result.begin(), result.end(), [&sac](double &value) {
00492         value = static_cast<double>(binary_to_float(read_word(sac)));
00493    });
00494    return result;
00495 }
```



Here is the caller graph for this function:



10.1.4.34 read_four_words()

Read four words (128 bits, kEvNm only) from a binary SAC-file.

Note that this modifies the position of the reader within the stream (to the end of the read words).

Parameters

```
in, out | sac | std::ifstream* Input binary SAC-file.
```

Returns

word_four Binary bitset representation of four words.

```
00462
        const word_two first_words{read_two_words(sac)};
00463
00464
        const word_two second_words{read_two_words(sac)};
00465
        word_pair<word_two> pair_words{};
00466
        if constexpr (std::endian::native == std::endian::little) {
         pair_words.first = first_words;
pair_words.second = second_words;
00467
00468
00469
00470
          pair_words.first = second_words;
00471
          pair_words.second = first_words;
```

```
00472  }
00473    return concat_words(pair_words);
00474 }
```



Here is the caller graph for this function:



10.1.4.35 read_two_words()

Read two words (64 bits, useful for most strings) from a binary SAC-file.

Note that this modifies the position of the reader within the stream (to the end of the read words).

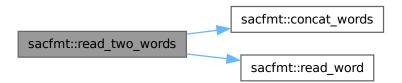
Parameters

```
in, out sac std::ifstream* Input binary SAC-file.
```

Returns

word_two Binary bitset representation of two words.

```
00439
        const word_one first_word{read_word(sac)};
00441
        const word_one second_word{read_word(sac)};
00442
        word_pair<word_one> pair_words{};
00443
        if constexpr (std::endian::native == std::endian::little) {
          pair_words.first = first_word;
pair_words.second = second_word;
00444
00445
00446
        } else {
00447
          pair_words.first = second_word;
          pair_words.second = first_word;
00448
00449
00450
        return concat_words(pair_words);
00451 }
```



Here is the caller graph for this function:



10.1.4.36 read_word()

Read one word (32 bits, useful for non-strings) from a binary SAC-File.

Note that this modifies the position of the reader within the stream (to the end of the read word).

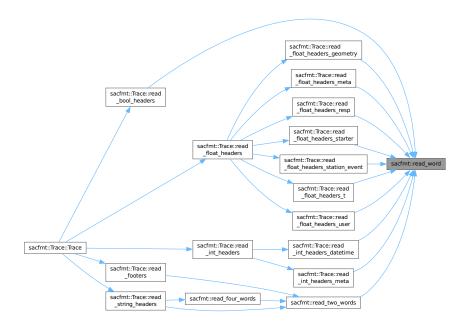
Parameters

```
in, out sac std::ifstream* Input binary SAC-file.
```

Returns

word_one Binary bitset representation of single word.

```
00407
00408
         word_one bits{};
00409
         constexpr size_t char_size{bits_per_byte};
         // Where we will store the characters
std::array<char, word_length> word{};
00410
00411
         // Read to our character array
00412
00413
         // This can always hold the source due to careful typing/sizing
00414
         // flawfinder: ignore
00415
         if (sac->read(word.data(), word_length)) {
00416
           // Take each character
           for (size_t i(0); i < word_length; ++i) [[likely]] {
  uint character{static_cast<uint>(word[i])};
00417
00418
00419
              char_bit byte{character};
00420
              // bit-by-bit
00421
              for (size_t j{0}; j < char_size; ++j) [[likely]] {</pre>
```

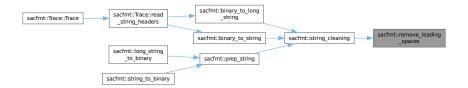


10.1.4.37 remove_leading_spaces()

Remove all leading spaces from a string.

This edits the string in-place.

```
in, out | str | std::string* String to have spaces removed.
```



10.1.4.38 remove_trailing_spaces()

Remove all trailing spaces from a string.

This edits the string in-place.

str

Parameters

in, out

```
00187
00188    while ((static_cast<int>(str->back()) <= ascii_space) && (!str->empty())) {
00189         str->pop_back();
00190    }
00190 }
```

std::string* String to have spaces removed.

Here is the caller graph for this function:



10.1.4.39 safe_to_finish_reading()

Determines if the SAC-file is finished.

This must run after reading the header, data vector(s), and footer (if applicable). This checks to ensure there is no additional data in the SAC-file (there shouldn't be, and out of safety it throws an io_error to inform the user if there are shenanigans).

Parameters

```
in sac std::ifstream* SAC-file to be checked.
```

If the file is not finished.

Exceptions

io_error

01763 01764 }

```
01749
         const std::streamoff current_pos{sac->tellg()};
01751
         sac->seekg(0, std::ios::end);
01752
         const std::streamoff end_pos{sac->tellg()};
01753
01754
         sac->seekg(current_pos, std::ios::beg);
// How far are we from the end of the file?
         const std::streamoff diff{end_pos - current_pos};
// If there is more, something weird happened...
01755
01756
01757
         if (diff != 0) {
01758
          std::ostringstream oss{};
01759
           oss « "Filesize exceeds data specification with ";
           oss « diff; oss « " bytes excess. Data corruption suspected.";
01760
01761
01762
            throw io_error(oss.str());
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

```
sacfmt::Trace::Trace sacfmt::safe_to_finish _reading
```

10.1.4.40 safe_to_read_data()

Determines if the SAC-file has enough space remaining to contain a complete data vector.

This must be run after reading the header (and first data vector if applicable) and before the footer (if applicable).

Parameters

in	sac	std::ifstream* SAC-file to read.
in	n_words	Number of values in data vector.
in	data2	bool True if reading data2, false (default) if reading data1.

Exceptions

io_error If unsafe to read	١.
----------------------------	----



Here is the caller graph for this function:



10.1.4.41 safe_to_read_footer()

Determines if the SAC-file has enough space remaining to contain a complete footer.

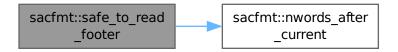
This must be run after reading the header and data vector(s), not before.

Parameters

```
in sac std::ifstream* SAC-file to read.
```

Exceptions

```
io_error If unsafe to read.
```



Here is the caller graph for this function:



10.1.4.42 safe_to_read_header()

```
void sacfmt::safe_to_read_header (
    std::ifstream * sac )
```

Determine if the SAC-file is large enough to contain a complete header.

This must be run prior to reading the data vector(s) and footer (if applicable), not after.

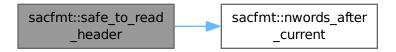
Parameters

```
in sac std::ifstream* SAC-file to read.
```

If unsafe to read.

io_error

01697 }



Here is the caller graph for this function:



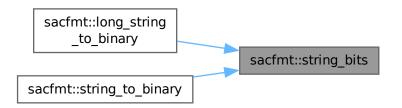
10.1.4.43 string_bits()

Template function to convert string into binary bitset.

Note that this edits the bitset in place.

Parameters

out	bits	Destintation bitset for the string (result).
in	str	String to undergo conversion.
in	str_size	Desired string size in words (4 chars = 1 word).



10.1.4.44 string cleaning()

Remove leading/trailing spaces and control characters from a string.

Parameters

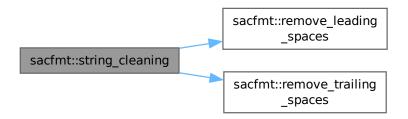
in	str	std::string String to be cleaned.
----	-----	-----------------------------------

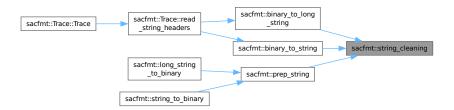
Returns

std::string Cleaned string.

```
00199
00200 std::string result{str};
00201 size_t null_position{str.find('\0')};
00202 if (null_position != std::string::npos) {
    result.erase(null_position);
00204 }
00205 remove_leading_spaces(&result);
    remove_trailing_spaces(&result);
    return result;
00208 }
```

Here is the call graph for this function:





10.1.4.45 string_to_binary()

Convert string to a 64-bit (two word) binary bitset.

If the string is longer than 8 characters, then only the first 8 characters are kept. If the string is less than 8 characters long, it is right-padded with spaces.

Parameters

in	str	String to be converted to a bitset.
----	-----	-------------------------------------

Returns

word_two Converted binary bitset.

```
00282
00283    constexpr size_t string_size{2 * word_length};
00284    // 1 byte per character
00285    prep_string(&str, string_size);
00286    // Two words (8 characters)
00287    word_two bits{};
00288    string_bits(&bits, str, string_size);
00289    return bits;
00290 }
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



10.1.4.46 uint_to_binary()

Convert unsigned integer to 32-bit (one word) binary bitset.

This sets the current bit using bitwise and, updates the bit to manipulate and performs a right-shift (division by 2) until the number is zero.

Parameters

in	num	Number to be converted.
----	-----	-------------------------

Returns

word_one Converted value.

```
00044
00045
        word_one bits{};
        for (size_t pos{0}; pos < bits.size(); ++pos) {
   if (num > 0) {
00046
00048
             // Bitwise and to set flag.
            bits.set(pos, static_cast<bool>(num & 1));
00049
00050
            // Right-shift bits by 1, same as division by 2
          num »= 1;
} else {
00051
00052
00053
            break;
00054
00055
00056
        return bits;
00057 }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

```
sacfmt::int_to_binary sacfmt::uint_to_binary
```

10.1.4.47 word position()

Calculates position of word in SAC-file.

Multiplies given word number by the word-length in bytes (defined by the SAC format.)

Parameters

in	word_number	Number of desired word in file stream.

Returns

std::streamoff Position in SAC-file of desired word (in bytes).

00031

```
00032    return static_cast<std::streamoff>(word_number * word_length);
00033 }
```



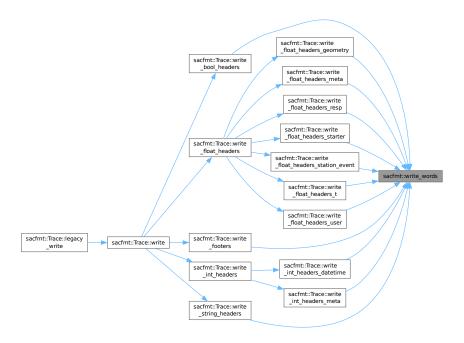
10.1.4.48 write_words()

Write arbitrary number of words (useful for vectors) to a binary SAC-file.

Note that this modifies the position of the writer within the stream (to the end of the written words).

Parameters

in, out	sac_file	std::ofstream* Output binary SAC-file.
in	input	std::vector <char> Character vector representation of data for writing.</char>



10.1.5 Variable Documentation

10.1.5.1 ascii_space

```
constexpr int sacfmt::ascii_space {32} [constexpr]
ASCII-code of 'space' character.
00090 {32};
```

10.1.5.2 binary_word_size

```
constexpr size_t sacfmt::binary_word_size {word_length * bits_per_byte} [constexpr]
Size (bits) of funamental data-chunk.
00066 {word_length * bits_per_byte};
```

10.1.5.3 bits_per_byte

```
constexpr size_t sacfmt::bits_per_byte {8} [constexpr]
Size (bits) of binary character.
00064 {8};
```

10.1.5.4 circle_deg

```
constexpr double sacfmt::circle_deg {360.0} [constexpr]
```

Degrees in a circle. 00116 {360.0};

```
10.1.5.5 common_skip_num

constexpr int sacfmt::common_skip_num {7} [constexpr]

Extremely common number of 'internal use' headers in SAC format.
00110 {7};

10.1.5.6 data_word

constexpr std::streamoff sacfmt::data_word {158} [constexpr]

First word of (first) data-section (stream offset).
00068 {158};

10.1.5.7 deg_per_rad

constexpr double sacfmt::deg_per_rad {1.0 / rad_per_deg} [constexpr]

Degrees per radian.
00114 {1.0 / rad_per_deg};

10.1.5.8 earth_radius

constexpr double sacfmt::earth_radius {6378.14} [constexpr]
```

```
constexpr double sacrime::earth_radius {6376.14} [constexpr]
```

Average radius of Earth (kilometers). 00118 {6378.14};

10.1.5.9 f_eps

```
constexpr float sacfmt::f_eps {2.75e-6F} [constexpr]
```

Accuracy precision expected of SAC floating-point values. 00080 $\{2.75e-6F\}$;

10.1.5.10 modern_hdr_version

```
constexpr int sacfmt::modern_hdr_version {7} [constexpr]

nVHdr value for newest SAC format (2020+).
00106 {7};
```

10.1.5.11 num_bool

```
constexpr int sacfmt::num_bool {4} [constexpr]
```

Number of boolean header values in SAC format.

00098 {4};

10.1.5.12 num_data

```
constexpr int sacfmt::num_data {2} [constexpr]
```

Number of data arrays in SAC format.

00102 {2};

10.1.5.13 num double

```
constexpr int sacfmt::num_double {22} [constexpr]
```

Number of double-precision header values in SAC format. 00094 {22};

10.1.5.14 num_float

```
constexpr int sacfmt::num_float {39} [constexpr]
```

Number of float-poing header values in SAC format. 00092 $\{39\}$;

10.1.5.15 num footer

```
constexpr int sacfmt::num_footer {22} [constexpr]
```

Number of double-precision footer values in SAC format (version 7). $00104-\{22\}$;

10.1.5.16 num_int

```
constexpr int sacfmt::num_int {26} [constexpr]
```

Number of integer header values in SAC format. 00096 $\{26\}$;

10.1.5.17 num_string

```
constexpr int sacfmt::num_string {23} [constexpr]
```

Number of string header values in SAC format. 00100 {23};

10.1.5.18 old_hdr_version

```
constexpr int sacfmt::old_hdr_version {6} [constexpr]
```

nVHdr value for historic SAC format (pre-2020). $00108 \{6\}$;

10.1.5.19 rad_per_deg

```
constexpr double sacfmt::rad_per_deg {std::numbers::pi_v<double> / 180.0} [constexpr]

Radians per degree.
00112 {std::numbers::pi_v<double> / 180.0};

10.1.5.20 sac_map

const std::unordered map<name, const size t> sacfmt::sac map
```

Lookup table for variable locations.

Maps SAC variables (headers and data) to their internal locations in the Trace class.

```
00947
          // Floats
00948
          {name::depmin, 0},
00949
          {name::depmax, 1},
00950
          {name::odelta, 2},
00951
          {name::resp0, 3},
00952
          {name::resp1,
00953
          {name::resp2,
00954
          {name::resp3,
00955
          {name::resp4,
00956
          {name::resp5,
                         8},
00957
          {name::resp6, 9},
00958
          {name::resp7, 10},
          {name::resp8, 11},
00960
          {name::resp9, 12},
00961
          {name::stel, 13},
00962
          {name::stdp, 14},
00963
          {name::evel, 15},
00964
          {name::evdp, 16},
00965
          {name::mag, 17},
00966
          {name::user0, 18},
00967
          {name::user1, 19},
00968
          {name::user2, 20},
00969
          {name::user3, 21},
00970
          {name::user4, 22},
00971
          {name::user5, 23},
00972
          {name::user6, 24},
00973
          {name::user7, 25},
00974
          {name::user8, 26},
00975
          {name::user9, 27},
00976
          {name::dist, 28},
          {name::az, 29},
00977
00978
          {name::baz, 30},
00979
          {name::gcarc, 31},
00980
          {name::depmen, 32},
00981
          {name::cmpaz, 33},
00982
          {name::cmpinc, 34},
00983
          {name::xminimum, 35},
00984
          {name::xmaximum, 36},
00985
          {name::yminimum, 37},
00986
          {name::ymaximum, 38},
00987
          // Doubles
00988
          {name::delta, 0},
          {name::b, 1},
00989
          {name::e, 2},
00991
          {name::o, 3},
00992
          {name::a, 4},
00993
          {name::t0, 5},
00994
          {name::t1, 6},
00995
          {name::t2, 7},
00996
          {name::t3, 8},
00997
          {name::t4, 9},
00998
          {name::t5, 10},
00999
          {name::t6, 11},
01000
          {name::t7, 12},
01001
          {name::t8, 13},
01002
          {name::t9, 14},
01003
          {name::f, 15},
01004
          {name::stla, 16},
01005
          {name::stlo, 17},
01006
          {name::evla, 18},
01007
          {name::evlo, 19},
01008
          {name::sb, 20},
          {name::sdelta, 21},
```

```
01010
           // Ints
01011
           {name::nzyear, 0},
01012
            {name::nzjday, 1},
01013
           {name::nzhour, 2},
           {name::nzmin, 3},
{name::nzsec, 4},
01014
01015
01016
           {name::nzmsec, 5},
01017
            {name::nvhdr, 6},
01018
            {name::norid, 7},
           {name::nevid, 8},
{name::nevid, 8},
{name::npts, 9},
{name::nsnpts, 10},
{name::nwfid, 11},
01019
01020
01021
01022
01023
            {name::nxsize, 12},
01024
            {name::nysize, 13},
           {name::iftype, 14}, {name::idep, 15},
01025
01026
01027
            {name::iztype, 16},
           {name::iinst, 17},
01028
           {name::istreg, 18},
01030
            {name::ievreg, 19},
01031
            {name::ievtyp, 20},
01032
           {name::iqual, 21},
01033
           {name::isynth, 22},
01034
           {name::imagtyp, 23},
01035
           {name::imagsrc, 24},
01036
           {name::ibody, 25},
01037
           // Bools
01038
           {name::leven, 0},
           {name::lpspol, 1},
01039
01040
           {name::lovrok, 2},
01041
           {name::lcalda, 3},
01042
           // Strings
01043
           {name::kstnm, 0},
01044
           {name::kevnm, 1},
           {name::khole, 2},
01045
01046
           {name::ko, 3},
           {name::ka, 4},
01048
           {name::kt0, 5},
01049
           {name::kt1, 6},
01050
           {name::kt2,
01051
           {name::kt3, 8},
01052
           {name::kt4, 9},
01053
           {name::kt5, 10},
01054
           {name::kt6, 11},
01055
            {name::kt7, 12},
01056
           {name::kt8, 13},
           {name::kt9, 14},
{name::kf, 15},
01057
01058
01059
           {name::kuser0, 16},
01060
           {name::kuser1, 17},
01061
           {name::kuser2, 18},
01062
            {name::kcmpnm, 19},
01063
           {name::knetwk, 20},
01064
            {name::kdatrd, 21},
01065
           {name::kinst, 22},
           // Data
01067
           {name::data1, 0},
01068
           {name::data2, 1}};
```

10.1.5.21 unset_bool

```
constexpr bool sacfmt::unset_bool {false} [constexpr]
Boolean unset value (SAC Magic).
```

10.1.5.22 unset double

00076 {false};

```
constexpr double sacfmt::unset_double {-12345.0} [constexpr]
```

Double-precision unset value (SAC Magic).

10.1.5.23 unset_float

```
Float-point unset value (SAC Magic).
00072 {-12345.0F};

10.1.5.24 unset_int

constexpr int sacfmt::unset_int {-12345} [constexpr]

Integer unset value (SAC Magic).
00070 {-12345};

10.1.5.25 unset_word

const std::string sacfmt::unset_word {"-12345"}

String unset value (SAC Magic).
00078 {"-12345"};

10.1.5.26 word_length

constexpr size_t sacfmt::word_length {4} [constexpr]

Size (bytes) of fundamental data-chunk.
```

10.2 sacfmt::bitset_type Namespace Reference

bitset type-safety namespace.

Classes

00062 {4};

struct uint

Ensure type-safety for conversions between floats/doubles and bitsets.

struct uint< 4 *bits_per_byte >

One-word (floats).

struct uint< bytes *bits_per_byte >

Two-words (doubles)

Variables

• constexpr int bytes {8}

10.2.1 Detailed Description

bitset type-safety namespace.

10.2.2 Variable Documentation

10.2.2.1 bytes

```
constexpr int sacfmt::bitset_type::bytes {8} [constexpr]
00138 {8};
```

Chapter 11

Class Documentation

11.1 sacfmt::coord Class Reference

Defines a geographic coordinant (degrees/radians)

```
#include <sac_format.hpp>
```

Public Member Functions

· coord () noexcept

Default coordinate constructor.

• coord (double value, bool degrees=true) noexcept

Coordinate constructor.

• double degrees () const noexcept

Get coordinate value in decimal degrees.

• double radians () const noexcept

Get coordinate value in radians.

· void degrees (double value) noexcept

Set coordinate value using decimal degrees.

· void radians (double value) noexcept

Set coordainate value using radians.

Private Attributes

double deg {}

coordinate value in decimal degrees.

• double rad {}

coordinate value in radians.

11.1.1 Detailed Description

Defines a geographic coordinant (degrees/radians)

11.1.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

11.1.2.1 coord() [1/2]

```
sacfmt::coord::coord ( ) [noexcept]
```

Default coordinate constructor.

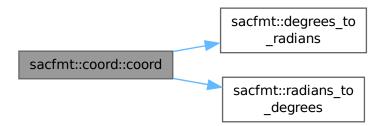
11.1.2.2 coord() [2/2]

Coordinate constructor.

Parameters

	in	value	Double value of coordinate
ſ	in	degrees	Boolean value, true if degrees (false = radians).

Here is the call graph for this function:



11.1.3 Member Function Documentation

11.1.3.1 degrees() [1/2]

```
double sacfmt::coord::degrees ( ) const [inline], [noexcept]
```

Get coordinate value in decimal degrees.

```
00269 { return deg; };
```

11.1.3.2 degrees() [2/2]

Set coordinate value using decimal degrees.

Parameters

in	value	double coordinate in decimal degrees.
00698 00699 00700 00701 }	deg = v rad = d	alue; egrees_to_radians(value);

Here is the call graph for this function:



11.1.3.3 radians() [1/2]

```
double sacfmt::coord::radians ( ) const [inline], [noexcept]
```

Get coordinate value in radians.

```
00271 { return rad; };
```

11.1.3.4 radians() [2/2]

Set coordainate value using radians.

Parameters in v

00708		{
00709	<pre>rad = value;</pre>	
00710	<pre>deg = radians_to_degrees(value);</pre>	
00711 }	}	

value double coordinate in radians.

Here is the call graph for this function:



11.1.4 Member Data Documentation

11.1.4.1 deg

```
double sacfmt::coord::deg {} [private]
coordinate value in decimal degrees.
```

11.1.4.2 rad

```
double sacfmt::coord::rad {} [private]
```

coordinate value in radians.

00280 {};

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

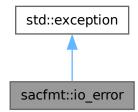
- include/sac-format/sac_format.hpp
- · src/sac_format.cpp

11.2 sacfmt::io_error Class Reference

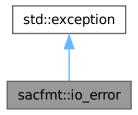
Class for generic I/O exceptions.

```
#include <sac_format.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for sacfmt::io_error:



Collaboration diagram for sacfmt::io_error:



Public Member Functions

```
• io error (std::string msg)
```

io_error Constructor

• const char * what () const noexcept override

Error message delivery.

Private Attributes

• const std::string message {} Error message.

11.2.1 Detailed Description

Class for generic I/O exceptions.

These errors occur due to bad path, bad permissions, or otherwise corrupt SAC-files.

I/O operations may raise other exceptions (disk failure, out of space, etc.), but those are difficult to emulate for testing purposes (therefore I am unable to reliably cover them); they also arise due to conditions that would render how sac-format handles them moot.

11.2.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

11.2.2.1 io_error()

io_error Constructor

Parameters

```
in msg std::string Error message.
```

```
01435 : message(std::move(msg)) {}
```

11.2.3 Member Function Documentation

11.2.3.1 what()

```
const char * sacfmt::io_error::what ( ) const [inline], [override], [noexcept]
```

Error message delivery.

Returns

what char* Error message.

```
01441
01442     return message.c_str();
01443 }
```

11.2.4 Member Data Documentation

11.2.4.1 message

```
const std::string sacfmt::io_error::message {} [private]
Error message.
01427 {};
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

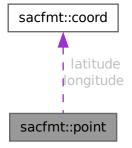
include/sac-format/sac format.hpp

11.3 sacfmt::point Struct Reference

Defines a geographic point (latitude, longitude)

```
#include <sac_format.hpp>
```

Collaboration diagram for sacfmt::point:



Public Member Functions

· point (coord lat, coord lon) noexcept

Construct point from latitude and longitude.

Public Attributes

```
coord latitude {}
```

Latitude of point.

coord longitude {}

Longitude of point.

11.3.1 Detailed Description

Defines a geographic point (latitude, longitude)

11.3.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

11.3.2.1 point()

Construct point from latitude and longitude.

Parameters

in	lat	coord latitude of point.
in	lon	coord longitude of point.

```
00295 : latitude(lat), longitude(lon) {}
```

11.3.3 Member Data Documentation

11.3.3.1 latitude

```
coord sacfmt::point::latitude {}
Latitude of point.
00286 {};
```

11.3.3.2 longitude

```
coord sacfmt::point::longitude {}
Longitude of point.
00287 {}:
```

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

include/sac-format/sac_format.hpp

11.4 sacfmt::read_spec Struct Reference

Struct that specifies parameters for reading.

```
#include <sac_format.hpp>
```

Public Attributes

```
size_t num_words {}
```

Number of words to read.

size_t start_word {}

Word to start reading from.

11.4.1 Detailed Description

Struct that specifies parameters for reading.

Prevents bug-prone number-swapping in functions that use a reading specification.

11.4.2 Member Data Documentation

11.4.2.1 num_words

```
size_t sacfmt::read_spec::num_words {}
```

Number of words to read.

00211 {};

11.4.2.2 start_word

```
size_t sacfmt::read_spec::start_word {}
```

Word to start reading from.

00213 {};

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/sac-format/sac_format.hpp

11.5 sacfmt::Trace Class Reference

The Trace class.

```
#include <sac_format.hpp>
```

Public Member Functions

· Trace () noexcept

Trace default constructor.

Trace (const std::filesystem::path &path)

Binary SAC-file reader.

· void write (const std::filesystem::path &path, bool legacy=false) const

Binary SAC-file writer.

void legacy_write (const std::filesystem::path &path) const

Binary SAC-file legacy-write convenience function.

• bool operator== (const Trace &other) const noexcept

Trace equality operator.

• void calc_geometry () noexcept

Calculates gcarc, dist, az, and baz from stla, stlo, evla, and evlo.

· double frequency () const noexcept

Calculate frequency from delta.

std::string date () const noexcept

Get date string.

std::string time () const noexcept

Get time string.

- · float depmin () const noexcept
- · float depmax () const noexcept
- · float odelta () const noexcept
- float resp0 () const noexcept
- float resp1 () const noexcept
- float resp2 () const noexcept
- float resp3 () const noexcept
- float resp4 () const noexcept
- float resp5 () const noexcept
- fluid CO () dense needeep
- float resp6 () const noexceptfloat resp7 () const noexcept
- float resp8 () const noexcept
- float resp9 () const noexcept
- float stel () const noexcept
- float stdp () const noexcept
- · float evel () const noexcept
- float evdp () const noexcept
- float mag () const noexcept
- float user0 () const noexcept
- float user1 () const noexcept
- float user2 () const noexcept
- float user3 () const noexcept
- float user4 () const noexcept
- float user5 () const noexceptfloat user6 () const noexcept
- float user7 () const noexcept
- float user8 () const noexcept
- float user9 () const noexcept
- float dist () const noexcept
- float az () const noexcept
- float baz () const noexcept
- · float gcarc () const noexcept
- · float depmen () const noexcept

- float cmpaz () const noexcept
- · float cmpinc () const noexcept
- · float xminimum () const noexcept
- · float xmaximum () const noexcept
- · float yminimum () const noexcept
- · float ymaximum () const noexcept
- · double delta () const noexcept
- double b () const noexcept
- · double e () const noexcept
- · double o () const noexcept
- · double a () const noexcept
- · double t0 () const noexcept
- · double t1 () const noexcept
- double t2 () const noexcept
- double t3 () const noexceptdouble t4 () const noexcept
- double t5 () const noexcept
- double t6 () const noexcept
- double t7 () const noexcept
- double t8 () const noexcept
- double t9 () const noexcept
- double f () const noexcept
- · double stla () const noexcept
- · double stlo () const noexcept
- · double evla () const noexcept
- · double evlo () const noexcept
- · double sb () const noexcept
- · double sdelta () const noexcept
- int nzyear () const noexcept
- · int nzjday () const noexcept
- int nzhour () const noexcept
- · int nzmin () const noexcept
- int nzsec () const noexcept
- · int nzmsec () const noexcept
- · int nvhdr () const noexcept
- · int norid () const noexcept
- int nevid () const noexcept
- int npts () const noexcept
- int nsnpts () const noexcept
- · int nwfid () const noexcept
- · int nxsize () const noexcept
- · int nysize () const noexcept
- · int iftype () const noexcept
- int idep () const noexcept
- int iztype () const noexcept
- int iinst () const noexcept
- int istreg () const noexcept
- int ievreg () const noexcept
- int ievtyp () const noexcept
- int iqual () const noexceptint isynth () const noexcept
- introduction () constructions
- · int imagtyp () const noexcept
- int imagsrc () const noexcept
- int ibody () const noexcept
- · bool leven () const noexcept

- bool lpspol () const noexcept
- · bool lovrok () const noexcept
- · bool lcalda () const noexcept
- · std::string kstnm () const noexcept
- · std::string kevnm () const noexcept
- · std::string khole () const noexcept
- std::string ko () const noexcept
- · std::string ka () const noexcept
- · std::string kt0 () const noexcept
- std::string kt1 () const noexcept
- · std::string kt2 () const noexcept
- std::string kt3 () const noexcept
- std::string kt4 () const noexcept
- std::string kt5 () const noexcept
- std::string kt6 () const noexcept
- std::string kt7 () const noexcept
- std::string kt8 () const noexcept
- std::string kt9 () const noexcept
- std::string kf () const noexcept
- std::string kuser0 () const noexcept
- · std::string kuser1 () const noexcept
- std::string kuser2 () const noexcept
- std::string kcmpnm () const noexcept
- · std::string knetwk () const noexcept
- · std::string kdatrd () const noexcept
- std::string kinst () const noexcept
- std::vector< double > data1 () const noexcept
- std::vector< double > data2 () const noexcept
- · void depmin (float input) noexcept
- · void depmax (float input) noexcept
- void odelta (float input) noexcept
- · void resp0 (float input) noexcept
- · void resp1 (float input) noexcept
- · void resp2 (float input) noexcept
- void resp3 (float input) noexcept
- void resp4 (float input) noexcept
- void resp5 (float input) noexcept
- · void resp6 (float input) noexcept
- · void resp7 (float input) noexcept
- void resp8 (float input) noexcept
- void resp9 (float input) noexcept
- void stel (float input) noexcept
- · void stdp (float input) noexcept
- · void evel (float input) noexcept
- · void evdp (float input) noexcept
- · void mag (float input) noexcept
- void user0 (float input) noexcept
- void user1 (float input) noexcept
- · void user2 (float input) noexcept
- void user3 (float input) noexcept
- · void user4 (float input) noexcept
- void user5 (float input) noexcept
- · void user6 (float input) noexcept
- void user7 (float input) noexcept
- void user8 (float input) noexcept

- · void user9 (float input) noexcept
- · void dist (float input) noexcept
- · void az (float input) noexcept
- · void baz (float input) noexcept
- · void gcarc (float input) noexcept
- · void depmen (float input) noexcept
- · void cmpaz (float input) noexcept
- · void cmpinc (float input) noexcept
- · void xminimum (float input) noexcept
- · void xmaximum (float input) noexcept
- · void yminimum (float input) noexcept
- · void ymaximum (float input) noexcept
- · void delta (double input) noexcept
- void b (double input) noexcept
- · void e (double input) noexcept
- · void o (double input) noexcept
- · void a (double input) noexcept
- void t0 (double input) noexcept
- void t1 (double input) noexcept
- void t2 (double input) noexcept
- · void t3 (double input) noexcept
- void t4 (double input) noexcept
- · void t5 (double input) noexcept
- void t6 (double input) noexcept
- · void t7 (double input) noexcept
- void t8 (double input) noexcept
- · void t9 (double input) noexcept
- void f (double input) noexcept
- void stla (double input) noexcept
- void stlo (double input) noexcept
- void evla (double input) noexcept
- · void evlo (double input) noexcept
- · void sb (double input) noexcept
- · void sdelta (double input) noexcept
- · void nzyear (int input) noexcept
- · void nzjday (int input) noexcept
- · void nzhour (int input) noexcept
- void nzmin (int input) noexcept
- void nzsec (int input) noexcept
- · void nzmsec (int input) noexcept
- · void nvhdr (int input) noexcept
- · void norid (int input) noexcept
- · void nevid (int input) noexcept
- · void npts (int input) noexcept
- · void nsnpts (int input) noexcept
- · void nwfid (int input) noexcept
- void nxsize (int input) noexceptvoid nysize (int input) noexcept
- void iftype (int input) noexcept
- void idep (int input) noexcept
- void iztype (int input) noexcept
- void iinst (int input) noexcept
- void istreg (int input) noexcept
- · void ievreg (int input) noexcept
- · void ievtyp (int input) noexcept

- · void iqual (int input) noexcept
- · void isynth (int input) noexcept
- · void imagtyp (int input) noexcept
- · void imagsrc (int input) noexcept
- · void ibody (int input) noexcept
- void leven (bool input) noexcept
- · void lpspol (bool input) noexcept
- · void lovrok (bool input) noexcept
- · void Icalda (bool input) noexcept
- · void kstnm (const std::string &input) noexcept
- · void kevnm (const std::string &input) noexcept
- · void khole (const std::string &input) noexcept
- void ko (const std::string &input) noexcept
- void ka (const std::string &input) noexcept
- void kt0 (const std::string &input) noexcept
- · void kt1 (const std::string &input) noexcept
- void kt2 (const std::string &input) noexcept
- · void kt3 (const std::string &input) noexcept
- · void kt4 (const std::string &input) noexcept
- · void kt5 (const std::string &input) noexcept
- void kt6 (const std::string &input) noexcept
- void kt7 (const std::string &input) noexcept
- void kt8 (const std::string &input) noexcept
- void kt9 (const std::string &input) noexcept
- void kf (const std::string &input) noexcept
- · void kuser0 (const std::string &input) noexcept
- · void kuser1 (const std::string &input) noexcept
- · void kuser2 (const std::string &input) noexcept
- void kcmpnm (const std::string &input) noexcept
- void knetwk (const std::string &input) noexcept
- void kdatrd (const std::string &input) noexcept
- void kinst (const std::string &input) noexcept
- void data1 (const std::vector< double > &input) noexcept
- void data2 (const std::vector< double > &input) noexcept

Static Public Member Functions

static void write_data (std::ofstream *sac_file, const std::vector< double > &data_vec)

Writes data vectors

Private Member Functions

· void calc gcarc () noexcept

Calculate great-circle arc-distance (gcarc).

void calc_dist () noexcept

Calculate distance (using gcarc).

• void calc_az () noexcept

Calculate azimuth.

void calc_baz () noexcept

Calculate back-azimuth.

void read_float_headers_starter (std::ifstream *sac_file)

Reads SAC-headers from words 000-009.

```
    void read_float_headers_t (std::ifstream *sac_file)

      Reads SAC-headers from words 010-020.

    void read float headers resp (std::ifstream *sac file)

     Reads SAC-headers from words 021-030.

    void read_float_headers_station_event (std::ifstream *sac_file)

     Reads SAC-headers from words 031-039.

    void read float headers user (std::ifstream *sac file)

     Reads SAC-headers from words 040-049.

    void read_float_headers_geometry (std::ifstream *sac_file)

     Reads SAC-headers from words 050-053.

    void read float headers meta (std::ifstream *sac file)

     Reads SAC-headers from words 054-069.

    void read_float_headers (std::ifstream *sac_file)

     Reads SAC-headers from words 000-069.

    void read int headers datetime (std::ifstream *sac file)

     Reads SAC-headers from words 070-075.

    void read_int_headers_meta (std::ifstream *sac_file)

     Reads SAC-headers from words 076-104.

    void read int headers (std::ifstream *sac file)

     Reads SAC-headers from words 070-104.

    void read bool headers (std::ifstream *sac file)

     Reads SAC-headers from words 105-109.

    void read string headers (std::ifstream *sac file)

     Reads SAC-headers from words 110-157.

    void read_datas (std::ifstream *sac_file)

     Reads data vectors.

    void read footers (std::ifstream *sac file)

     Reads SAC-footers (post-data words 00-43).

    void write_float_headers_starter (std::ofstream *sac_file) const

      Writes SAC-headers from words 000-009.

    void write_float_headers_t (std::ofstream *sac_file) const

      Writes SAC-headers from words 010-020.

    void write_float_headers_resp (std::ofstream *sac_file) const

      Writes SAC-headers from words 021-030.

    void write float headers station event (std::ofstream *sac file) const

      Writes SAC-headers from words 031-039.

    void write float headers user (std::ofstream *sac file) const

      Writes SAC-headers from words 040-049.

    void write_float_headers_geometry (std::ofstream *sac_file) const

      Writes SAC-headers from words 050-053.

    void write float headers meta (std::ofstream *sac file) const

      Writes SAC-headers from words 054-069.

    void write_float_headers (std::ofstream *sac_file) const

      Writes SAC-headers from words 000-069.

    void write int headers datetime (std::ofstream *sac file) const

      Writes SAC-headers from words 070-075.

    void write_int_headers_meta (std::ofstream *sac_file, int hdr_ver) const

      Writes SAC-headers from words 076-104.

    void write int headers (std::ofstream *sac file, int hdr ver) const

      Writes SAC-headers from words 070-104.

    void write_bool_headers (std::ofstream *sac_file) const
```

Writes SAC-headers from words 105-109.

void write_string_headers (std::ofstream *sac_file) const

Writes SAC-headers from words 110-157.

void write_footers (std::ofstream *sac_file) const

Writes SAC-footers (post-data words 00-43).

• bool geometry_set () const noexcept

Determine if locations are set for geometry calculation.

• point station_location () const noexcept

Return station location as a point.

point event_location () const noexcept

Return even location as a point.

- · void resize_data1 (size_t size) noexcept
- void resize_data2 (size_t size) noexcept
- void resize_data (size_t size) noexcept

Resize data vectors (only if eligible).

Private Attributes

```
std::array< float, num_float > floats {}
```

Float storage array.

std::array< double, num_double > doubles {}

Double storage array.

std::array< int, num_int > ints {}

Integer storage array.

std::array< bool, num_bool > bools {}

Boolean storage array.

std::array< std::string, num_string > strings {}

String storage array.

• std::array< std::vector< double >, num_data > data {}

std::vector<double> storage array.

11.5.1 Detailed Description

The Trace class.

This class is the recommended way for reading/writing SAC-files.

It safely reads all data, provides automatic write support based upon the nVHdr header value (determine if a footer should be included or not).

It provides getters and setters for all SAC headers and the data.

11.5.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

11.5.2.1 Trace() [1/2]

```
sacfmt::Trace::Trace ( ) [noexcept]
```

Trace default constructor.

Fills all values with their default (unset) values. Data vectors are of size zero.

Returns

Default created Trace object.

```
00861
00862 std::fill(floats.begin(), floats.end(), unset_float);
00863 std::fill(doubles.begin(), doubles.end(), unset_double);
00864 std::fill(ints.begin(), ints.end(), unset_int);
00865 std::fill(bools.begin(), bools.end(), unset_bool);
00866 std::fill(strings.begin(), strings.end(), unset_word);
00867 }
```

11.5.2.2 Trace() [2/2]

Binary SAC-file reader.

Parameters

in	path	std::filesystem::path SAC-file to be read.
----	------	--------------------------------------------

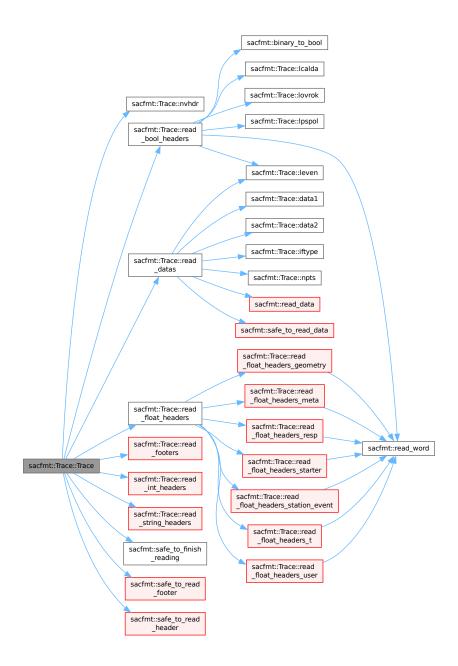
Returns

Trace read in-file.

Exceptions

io_error	If the file is not safe to read for whatever reason.
std::exception	(disk failure).

```
02186
02187
        std::ifstream file(path, std::ifstream::binary);
02188
        if (!file) {
02189
         throw io_error(path.string() + " cannot be opened to read.");
02190
02191
        safe_to_read_header(&file); // throws io_error if not safe
02192
       read_float_headers(&file);
       read_int_headers(&file);
read_bool_headers(&file);
02193
02194
02195
        read_string_headers(&file);
02196
        read_datas(&file);
02197
        if (nvhdr() == modern_hdr_version) {
        safe_to_read_footer(&file); // throws io_error if not safe
02198
02199
          read_footers(&file);
02200
02201
        safe_to_finish_reading(&file); // throws io_error if the file isn't finished
02202
        file.close();
02203 }
```

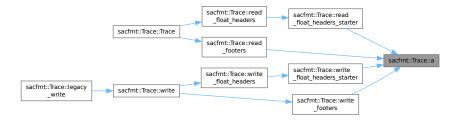


11.5.3 Member Function Documentation

11.5.3.1 a() [1/2]

```
double sacfmt::Trace::a ( ) const [noexcept]
01091 { return doubles[sac_map.at(name::a)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

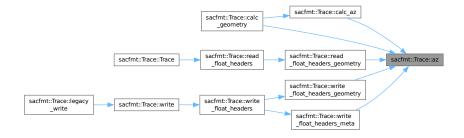


11.5.3.2 a() [2/2]

11.5.3.3 az() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::az ( ) const [noexcept]
01062 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::az)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

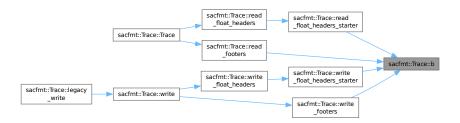


11.5.3.4 az() [2/2]

11.5.3.5 b() [1/2]

```
double sacfmt::Trace::b ( ) const [noexcept]
01088 { return doubles[sac_map.at(name::b)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

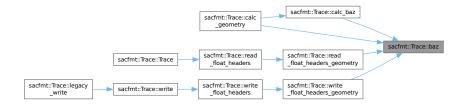


11.5.3.6 b() [2/2]

11.5.3.7 baz() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::baz ( ) const [noexcept]
01063 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::baz)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.8 baz() [2/2]

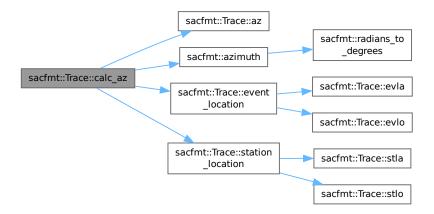
11.5.3.9 calc_az()

```
void sacfmt::Trace::calc_az ( ) [private], [noexcept]
```

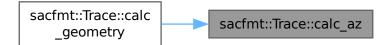
Calculate azimuth.

$Station \rightarrow Event$

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:

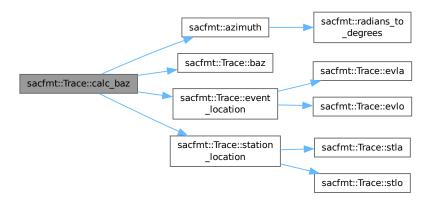


11.5.3.10 calc_baz()

```
void sacfmt::Trace::calc_baz ( ) [private], [noexcept]
```

Calculate back-azimuth.

```
00982
00983 baz(static_cast<float>(azimuth(station_location(), event_location())));
00984 }
```



Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.11 calc_dist()

```
void sacfmt::Trace::calc_dist ( ) [private], [noexcept]
```

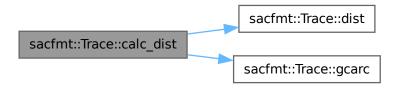
Calculate distance (using gcarc).

Assumes spherical Earth (in future may update to include flattening and different planteray bodies).

```
d = r_E \cdot \Delta
```

```
00960
00961    dist(static_cast<float>(earth_radius * rad_per_deg * gcarc()));
00962 }
```

Here is the call graph for this function:

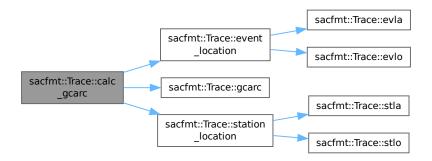


Here is the caller graph for this function:

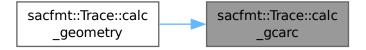


11.5.3.12 calc_gcarc()

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:

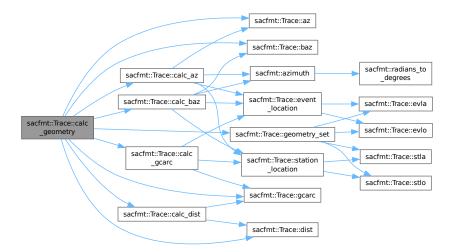


11.5.3.13 calc_geometry()

```
void sacfmt::Trace::calc_geometry ( ) [noexcept]
```

Calculates gcarc, dist, az, and baz from stla, stlo, evla, and evlo.

```
if (geometry_set()) {
  calc_gcarc();
  calc_dist();
  calc_az();
  calc_baz();
00902
00903
00904
00905
00906
00907
           } else {
00908
            gcarc(unset_double);
00909
              dist(unset_double);
              az(unset_double);
baz(unset_double);
00910
00911
00912
00913 }
```



11.5.3.14 cmpaz() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::cmpaz ( ) const [noexcept]
01068 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::cmpaz)]; }
```

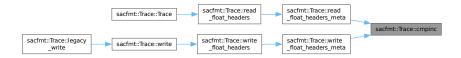
Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.15 cmpaz() [2/2]

11.5.3.16 cmpinc() [1/2]

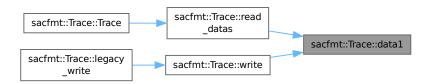
Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.17 cmpinc() [2/2]

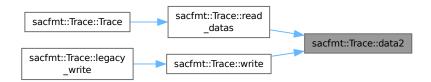
11.5.3.18 data1() [1/2]

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.19 data1() [2/2]

11.5.3.20 data2() [1/2]



11.5.3.21 data2() [2/2]

```
void sacfmt::Trace::data2 (
                  const std::vector< double > & input ) [noexcept]
01606
          data[sac_map.at(name::data2)] = input;
01607
01608
          // Proagate change as needed
01609
          int size{static_cast<int>(data2().size())};
         size = (((size == 0) && (npts() == unset_int)) ? unset_int : size);
// Need to make sure this is legal
// If positive size and not-legal, make spectral
01611
01612
          if (size > 0) {
01613
          // If not legal, make spectral
if (leven() && (iftype() <= 1)) {
01614
01615
01616
              iftype(2);
01617
           // If legal and different from npts, update npts
if ((!leven() || (iftype() > 1)) && (size != npts())) {
01618
01619
              npts(size);
01620
01621
01622
01623 }
```

11.5.3.22 date()

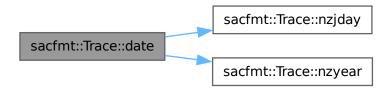
```
std::string sacfmt::Trace::date ( ) const [noexcept]
```

Get date string.

Returns

std::string Date (YYYY-JJJ).

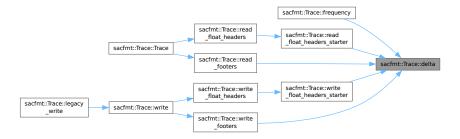
```
00991
00992
        // Require all to be set
        if ((nzyear() == unset_int) || (nzjday() == unset_int)) {
00993
        return unset_word;
}
00994
00995
00996
       std::ostringstream oss{};
00997 oss « nzyear();
00998 oss « '-';
00999
        oss « nzjday();
01000
        return oss.str();
01001 }
```



11.5.3.23 delta() [1/2]

```
double sacfmt::Trace::delta ( ) const [noexcept]
01085
01086    return doubles[sac_map.at(name::delta)];
01087 }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.24 delta() [2/2]

11.5.3.25 depmax() [1/2]

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.26 depmax() [2/2]

11.5.3.27 depmen() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::depmen ( ) const [noexcept]
01065
01066    return floats[sac_map.at(name::depmen)];
01067 }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.28 depmen() [2/2]

11.5.3.29 depmin() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::depmin ( ) const [noexcept]
01027
01028     return floats[sac_map.at(name::depmin)];
01029 }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

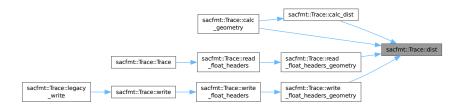


11.5.3.30 depmin() [2/2]

11.5.3.31 dist() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::dist ( ) const [noexcept]
01061 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::dist)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

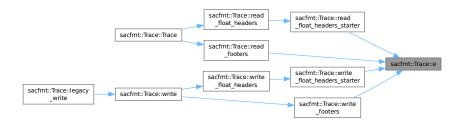


11.5.3.32 dist() [2/2]

11.5.3.33 e() [1/2]

```
double sacfmt::Trace::e ( ) const [noexcept]
01089 { return doubles[sac_map.at(name::e)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.34 e() [2/2]

11.5.3.35 evdp() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::evdp ( ) const [noexcept]
01049 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::evdp)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.36 evdp() [2/2]

11.5.3.37 evel() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::evel ( ) const [noexcept]
01048 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::evel)]; }
```

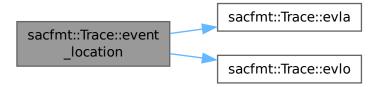
Here is the caller graph for this function:



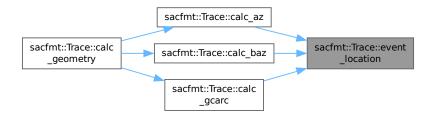
11.5.3.38 evel() [2/2]

11.5.3.39 event_location()

Here is the call graph for this function:



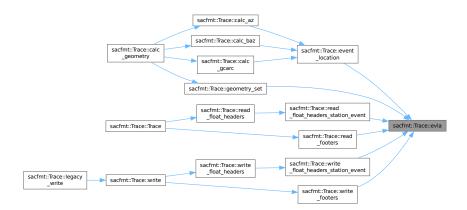
Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.40 evla() [1/2]

```
double sacfmt::Trace::evla ( ) const [noexcept]
01105 { return doubles[sac_map.at(name::evla)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.41 evla() [2/2]

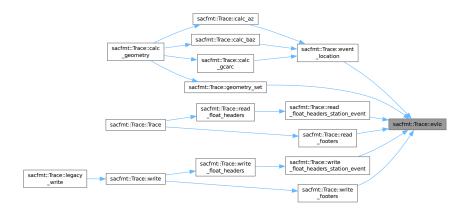
Here is the call graph for this function:



11.5.3.42 evlo() [1/2]

```
double sacfmt::Trace::evlo ( ) const [noexcept]
01106 { return doubles[sac_map.at(name::evlo)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



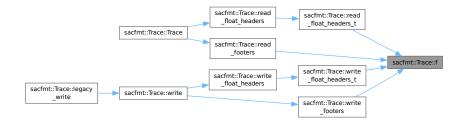
11.5.3.43 evlo() [2/2]

Here is the call graph for this function:



11.5.3.44 f() [1/2]

```
double sacfmt::Trace::f ( ) const [noexcept]
01102 { return doubles[sac_map.at(name::f)]; }
```



11.5.3.45 f() [2/2]

11.5.3.46 frequency()

```
double sacfmt::Trace::frequency ( ) const [noexcept]
```

Calculate frequency from delta.

$$f = \frac{1}{\delta}$$

Returns

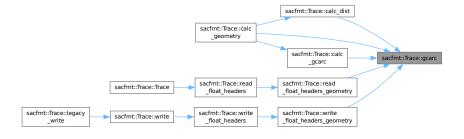
double Frequency.

Here is the call graph for this function:

```
sacfmt::Trace::delta
```

11.5.3.47 gcarc() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::gcarc ( ) const [noexcept]
01064 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::gcarc)]; }
```



11.5.3.48 gcarc() [2/2]

11.5.3.49 geometry_set()

```
bool sacfmt::Trace::geometry_set ( ) const [private], [noexcept]
```

Determine if locations are set for geometry calculation.

Returns

bool True if able to calculate geometry.

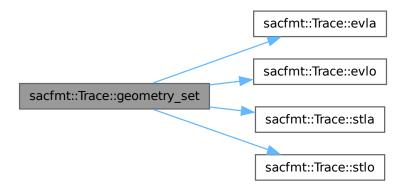
```
00937

00938 return (stla() != unset_double) && (stlo() != unset_double) && (overlay);

00939 (evla() != unset_double) && (evlo() != unset_double);

00940 }
```

Here is the call graph for this function:





11.5.3.50 ibody() [1/2]

```
int sacfmt::Trace::ibody ( ) const [noexcept]
01137 { return ints[sac_map.at(name::ibody)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.51 ibody() [2/2]

11.5.3.52 idep() [1/2]

```
int sacfmt::Trace::idep ( ) const [noexcept]
01127 { return ints[sac_map.at(name::idep)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.53 idep() [2/2]

11.5.3.54 ievreg() [1/2]

```
int sacfmt::Trace::ievreg ( ) const [noexcept]
01131 { return ints[sac_map.at(name::ievreg)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.55 ievreg() [2/2]

11.5.3.56 ievtyp() [1/2]

```
int sacfmt::Trace::ievtyp ( ) const [noexcept]
01132 { return ints[sac_map.at(name::ievtyp)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

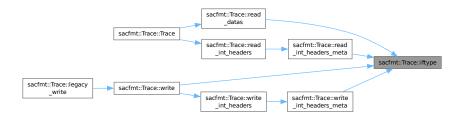


11.5.3.57 ievtyp() [2/2]

11.5.3.58 iftype() [1/2]

```
int sacfmt::Trace::iftype ( ) const [noexcept]
01126 { return ints[sac_map.at(name::iftype)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.59 iftype() [2/2]

11.5.3.60 iinst() [1/2]

```
int sacfmt::Trace::iinst ( ) const [noexcept]
01129 { return ints[sac_map.at(name::iinst)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.61 iinst() [2/2]

11.5.3.62 imagsrc() [1/2]

```
int sacfmt::Trace::imagsrc ( ) const [noexcept]
01136 { return ints[sac_map.at(name::imagsrc)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.63 imagsrc() [2/2]

11.5.3.64 imagtyp() [1/2]

```
int sacfmt::Trace::imagtyp ( ) const [noexcept]
01135 { return ints[sac_map.at(name::imagtyp)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.65 imagtyp() [2/2]

11.5.3.66 iqual() [1/2]

```
int sacfmt::Trace::iqual ( ) const [noexcept]
01133 { return ints[sac_map.at(name::iqual)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.67 iqual() [2/2]

11.5.3.68 istreg() [1/2]

```
int sacfmt::Trace::istreg ( ) const [noexcept]
01130 { return ints[sac_map.at(name::istreg)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.69 istreg() [2/2]

11.5.3.70 isynth() [1/2]

```
int sacfmt::Trace::isynth ( ) const [noexcept]
01134 { return ints[sac_map.at(name::isynth)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.71 isynth() [2/2]

11.5.3.72 iztype() [1/2]

```
int sacfmt::Trace::iztype ( ) const [noexcept]
01128 { return ints[sac_map.at(name::iztype)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.73 iztype() [2/2]

11.5.3.74 ka() [1/2]

```
std::string sacfmt::Trace::ka ( ) const [noexcept]
01154 { return strings[sac_map.at(name::ka)]; }
```

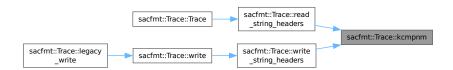
Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.75 ka() [2/2]

11.5.3.76 kcmpnm() [1/2]

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.77 kcmpnm() [2/2]

11.5.3.78 kdatrd() [1/2]

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.79 kdatrd() [2/2]

11.5.3.80 kevnm() [1/2]

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.81 kevnm() [2/2]

11.5.3.82 kf() [1/2]

```
std::string sacfmt::Trace::kf ( ) const [noexcept]
01185 { return strings[sac_map.at(name::kf)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.83 kf() [2/2]

11.5.3.84 khole() [1/2]

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.85 khole() [2/2]

11.5.3.86 kinst() [1/2]

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.87 kinst() [2/2]

11.5.3.88 knetwk() [1/2]

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.89 knetwk() [2/2]

11.5.3.90 ko() [1/2]

```
std::string sacfmt::Trace::ko ( ) const [noexcept]
01153 { return strings[sac_map.at(name::ko)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.91 ko() [2/2]

11.5.3.92 kstnm() [1/2]

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.93 kstnm() [2/2]

11.5.3.94 kt0() [1/2]

```
std::string sacfmt::Trace::kt0 ( ) const [noexcept]
01155
01156    return strings[sac_map.at(name::kt0)];
01157 }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.95 kt0() [2/2]

11.5.3.96 kt1() [1/2]

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.97 kt1() [2/2]

11.5.3.98 kt2() [1/2]

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.99 kt2() [2/2]

11.5.3.100 kt3() [1/2]

```
std::string sacfmt::Trace::kt3 ( ) const [noexcept]
01164
01165    return strings[sac_map.at(name::kt3)];
01166 }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.101 kt3() [2/2]

11.5.3.102 kt4() [1/2]

```
std::string sacfmt::Trace::kt4 ( ) const [noexcept]
01167
01168    return strings[sac_map.at(name::kt4)];
01169 }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.103 kt4() [2/2]

11.5.3.104 kt5() [1/2]

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.105 kt5() [2/2]

11.5.3.106 kt6() [1/2]

```
std::string sacfmt::Trace::kt6 ( ) const [noexcept]
01173
01174    return strings[sac_map.at(name::kt6)];
01175 }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.107 kt6() [2/2]

11.5.3.108 kt7() [1/2]

```
std::string sacfmt::Trace::kt7 ( ) const [noexcept]
01176
01177    return strings[sac_map.at(name::kt7)];
01178 }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.109 kt7() [2/2]

11.5.3.110 kt8() [1/2]

```
std::string sacfmt::Trace::kt8 ( ) const [noexcept]
01179
01180    return strings[sac_map.at(name::kt8)];
01181 }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.111 kt8() [2/2]

11.5.3.112 kt9() [1/2]

```
std::string sacfmt::Trace::kt9 ( ) const [noexcept]
01182
01183    return strings[sac_map.at(name::kt9)];
01184 }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.113 kt9() [2/2]

11.5.3.114 kuser0() [1/2]

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.115 kuser0() [2/2]

11.5.3.116 kuser1() [1/2]

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.117 kuser1() [2/2]

11.5.3.118 kuser2() [1/2]

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.119 kuser2() [2/2]

11.5.3.120 lcalda() [1/2]

```
bool sacfmt::Trace::lcalda ( ) const [noexcept]
01142 { return bools[sac_map.at(name::lcalda)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.121 lcalda() [2/2]

11.5.3.122 legacy_write()

Binary SAC-file legacy-write convenience function.

Parameters

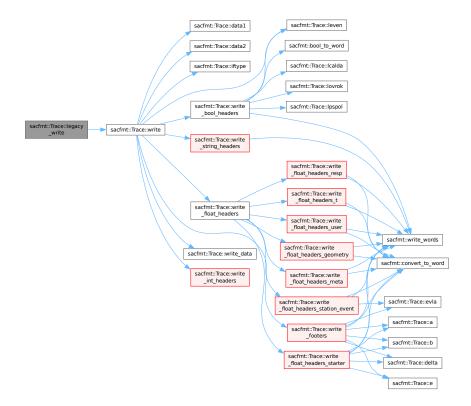
in	path	std::filesystem::path SAC-file to be written.]
----	------	-----------------------------------------------	---

Exceptions

io_error	If the file cannot be written (bad path or bad permissions).
std::execption	Other unwritable issues (not enough space, disk failure, etc.).

```
02718
02719 write(path, true);
02720 }
```

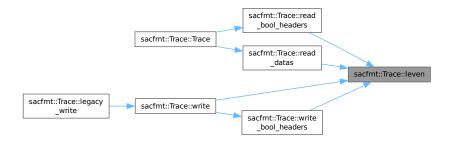
Here is the call graph for this function:



11.5.3.123 leven() [1/2]

```
bool sacfmt::Trace::leven ( ) const [noexcept]
01139 { return bools[sac_map.at(name::leven)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.124 leven() [2/2]

11.5.3.125 lovrok() [1/2]

```
bool sacfmt::Trace::lovrok ( ) const [noexcept]
01141 { return bools[sac_map.at(name::lovrok)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.126 lovrok() [2/2]

11.5.3.127 | ipspoi() [1/2]

```
bool sacfmt::Trace::lpspol ( ) const [noexcept]
01140 { return bools[sac_map.at(name::lpspol)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

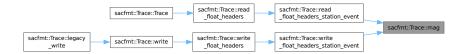


11.5.3.128 | lpspol() [2/2]

11.5.3.129 mag() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::mag ( ) const [noexcept]
01050 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::mag)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.130 mag() [2/2]

11.5.3.131 nevid() [1/2]

```
int sacfmt::Trace::nevid ( ) const [noexcept]
01120 { return ints[sac_map.at(name::nevid)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.132 nevid() [2/2]

11.5.3.133 norid() [1/2]

```
int sacfmt::Trace::norid ( ) const [noexcept]
01119 { return ints[sac_map.at(name::norid)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.134 norid() [2/2]

11.5.3.135 npts() [1/2]

```
int sacfmt::Trace::npts ( ) const [noexcept]
01121 { return ints[sac_map.at(name::npts)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.136 npts() [2/2]

11.5.3.137 nsnpts() [1/2]

```
int sacfmt::Trace::nsnpts ( ) const [noexcept]
01122 { return ints[sac_map.at(name::nsnpts)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.138 nsnpts() [2/2]

11.5.3.139 nvhdr() [1/2]

```
int sacfmt::Trace::nvhdr ( ) const [noexcept]
01118 { return ints[sac_map.at(name::nvhdr)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.140 nvhdr() [2/2]

11.5.3.141 nwfid() [1/2]

```
int sacfmt::Trace::nwfid ( ) const [noexcept]
01123 { return ints[sac_map.at(name::nwfid)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.142 nwfid() [2/2]

11.5.3.143 nxsize() [1/2]

```
int sacfmt::Trace::nxsize ( ) const [noexcept]
01124 { return ints[sac_map.at(name::nxsize)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.144 nxsize() [2/2]

11.5.3.145 nysize() [1/2]

```
int sacfmt::Trace::nysize ( ) const [noexcept]
01125 { return ints[sac_map.at(name::nysize)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.146 nysize() [2/2]

11.5.3.147 nzhour() [1/2]

```
int sacfmt::Trace::nzhour ( ) const [noexcept]
01114 { return ints[sac_map.at(name::nzhour)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.148 nzhour() [2/2]

11.5.3.149 nzjday() [1/2]

```
int sacfmt::Trace::nzjday ( ) const [noexcept]
01113 { return ints[sac_map.at(name::nzjday)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.150 nzjday() [2/2]

11.5.3.151 nzmin() [1/2]

```
int sacfmt::Trace::nzmin ( ) const [noexcept]
01115 { return ints[sac_map.at(name::nzmin)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

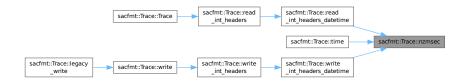


11.5.3.152 nzmin() [2/2]

11.5.3.153 nzmsec() [1/2]

```
int sacfmt::Trace::nzmsec ( ) const [noexcept]
01117 { return ints[sac_map.at(name::nzmsec)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.154 nzmsec() [2/2]

11.5.3.155 nzsec() [1/2]

```
int sacfmt::Trace::nzsec ( ) const [noexcept]
01116 { return ints[sac_map.at(name::nzsec)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.156 nzsec() [2/2]

11.5.3.157 nzyear() [1/2]

```
int sacfmt::Trace::nzyear ( ) const [noexcept]
01112 { return ints[sac_map.at(name::nzyear)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

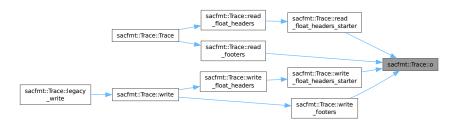


11.5.3.158 nzyear() [2/2]

11.5.3.159 o() [1/2]

```
double sacfmt::Trace::o ( ) const [noexcept]
01090 { return doubles[sac_map.at(name::o)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.160 o() [2/2]

11.5.3.161 odelta() [1/2]

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.162 odelta() [2/2]

11.5.3.163 operator==()

Trace equality operator.

Parameters

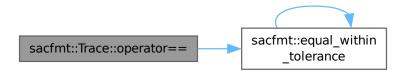
in	this	First Trace in comparison (LHS).
in	other	Second Trace in comparison (RHS).

Returns

bool Truth value of equality.

```
00876
        if (floats != other.floats) {
00878
         return false;
00879
00880
       if (doubles != other.doubles) {
       return false;
00881
00882
00883
        if (ints != other.ints) {
00884
         return false;
00885
        if (strings != other.strings) {
00886
00887
         return false;
00888
00889
        if (!equal_within_tolerance(data[0], other.data[0])) {
00890
00891
00892
       ..equal_with
return false;
}
        if (!equal_within_tolerance(data[1], other.data[1])) {
00893
00894
00895
        return true;
00896 }
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



11.5.3.164 read_bool_headers()

Reads SAC-headers from words 105–109.

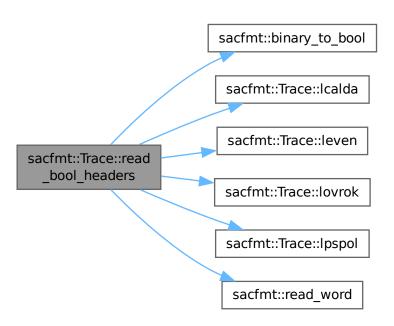
Note that this expects the position of the reader to be the beginning of word 105.

Note that this modifies the position of the reader to the end of word 109.

Loads all boolean headers.

in,out	sac_file	std::ifstream* SAC-file to be read.

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.165 read_datas()

Reads data vectors.

Note that this modifies the position of the reader to the end of the data section(s).

For data1 reads words 158–(158 + npts).

sac file

For data2 reads words (158 + 1 + npts) - (159 + (2 * npts))

Parameters

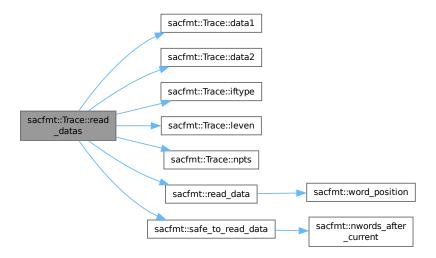
02142 02143 }

in,out

```
02125
02126
        const bool is_data{npts() != unset_int};
02127
         // data1
02128
        const size_t n_words{static_cast<size_t>(npts())};
02129
        if (is_data) {
02130
          // false flags for data1
02131
          safe_to_read_data(sac_file, n_words, false); // throws io_error if unsafe
          const read_spec spec{n_words, data_word};
// Originally floats, read as doubles
datal(read_data(sac_file, spec));
02132
02133
02134
02135
02136
        // data2 (uneven or spectral data)
02137
        if (is_data && (!leven() || (iftype() > 1))) {
02138
         // true flags for data2
          safe_to_read_data(sac_file, n_words, true); // throws io_error if unsafe
02139
02140
          const read_spec spec{n_words, data_word + static_cast<size_t>(npts())};
02141
          data2(read_data(sac_file, spec));
```

std::ifstream* SAC-file to be read.

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.166 read_float_headers()

Reads SAC-headers from words 000-069.

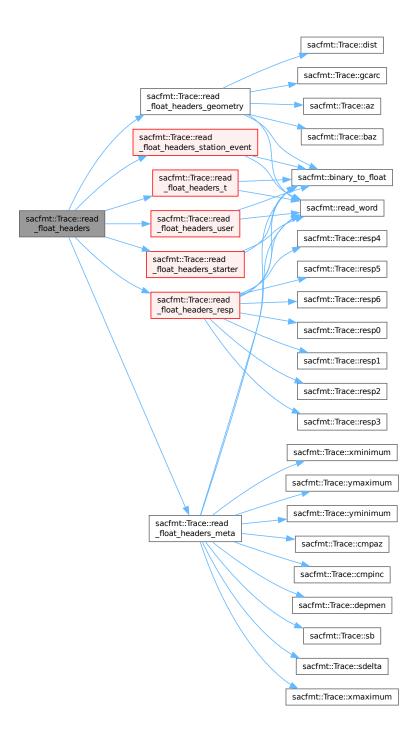
Note that this expects the position of the reader to be the beginning of word 000.

Note that this modifies the position of the reader to the end of word 069.

Loads all the float headers.

in,out	sac_file	std::ifstream* SAC-file to be read.
--------	----------	-------------------------------------

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.167 read_float_headers_geometry()

```
void sacfmt::Trace::read_float_headers_geometry ( std::ifstream * sac\_file \ ) \quad [private] \\
```

Reads SAC-headers from words 050-053.

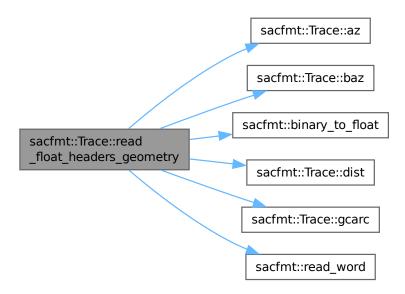
Note that this expects the position of the reader to be the beginning of word 050.

Note that this modifies the position of the reader to the end of word 053.

Headers loaded: dist, az, baz, and gcarc.

```
in, out | sac_file | std::ifstream* SAC-file to be read.
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.168 read_float_headers_meta()

Reads SAC-headers from words 054-069.

Note that this expects the position of the reader to be the beginning of word 054.

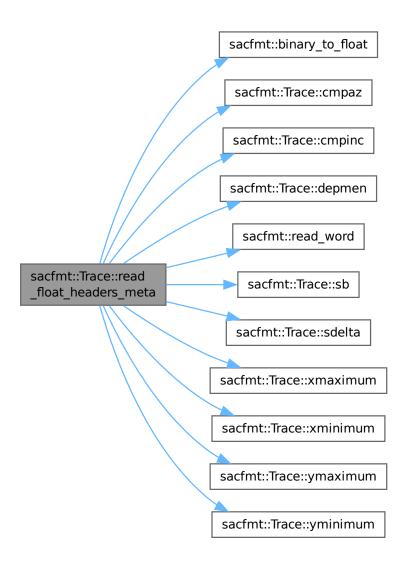
Note that this modifies the position of the reader to the end of word 069.

Headers loaded: sb, sdelta, depmen, cmpaz, cmpinc, xminimum, xmaximum, yminimum, and ymaximum.

in,out	sac_file	std::ifstream* SAC-file to be read.
--------	----------	-------------------------------------

```
// 054
// 055
// 056
// 057
01930
            sb(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file)));
             sdelta(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file)));
01931
            depmen(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file)));
cmpaz(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file)));
cmpinc(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file)));
xminimum(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file)));
01932
01933
01934
                                                                                             // 058
01935
01936
            xmaximum(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file)));
                                                                                            // 061
// 062
01937
            yminimum(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file)));
            ymaximum(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file))); // 062
// Skip 'unused' (xcommon_skip_num)
for (int i{0}; i < common_skip_num; ++i) { // 063--069</pre>
01938
01939
01940
               read_word(sac_file);
01941
01942
01943 }
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.169 read_float_headers_resp()

Reads SAC-headers from words 021-030.

Note that this expects the position of the reader to be the beginning of word 021.

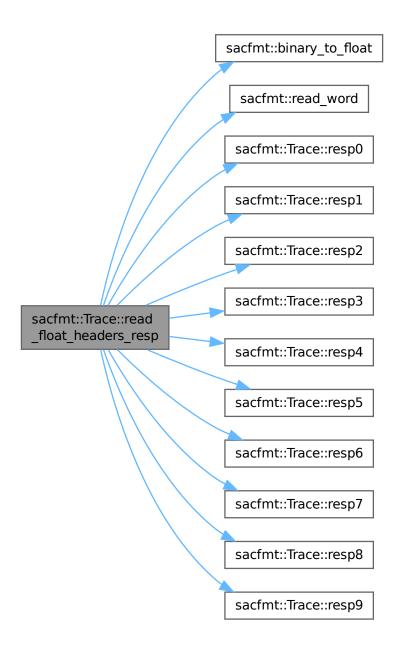
Note that this modifies the position of the reader to the end of word 030.

Headers loaded: resp0, resp1, resp2, resp3, resp4, resp5, resp6, resp7, resp8, and resp9.

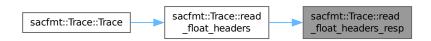
```
in, out | sac_file | std::ifstream* SAC-file to be read.
```

```
01832
01833
         resp0(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file)));
                                                                 // 021
         resp1(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file)));
resp2(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file)));
01834
                                                                 // 022
01835
         resp3(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file)));
01836
01837
         resp4(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file)));
01838
         resp5(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file)));
                                                                    026
         resp6(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file)));
01839
                                                                 // 027
         resp7(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file)));
resp8(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file)));
01840
                                                                 // 028
                                                                 // 029
01841
01842
         resp9(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file)));
01843 }
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.170 read_float_headers_starter()

Reads SAC-headers from words 000-009.

Note that this expects the position of the reader to be the beginning of word 000.

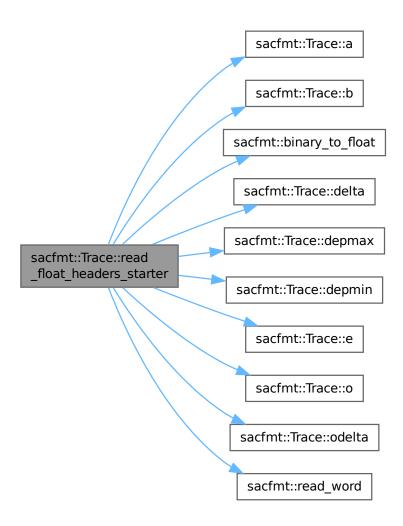
Note that this modifies the position of the reader to the end of word 009.

Headers loaded: delta, depmin, depmax, odelta, b, e, o, and a.

```
in, out | sac_file | std::ifstream* SAC-file to be read.
```

```
01778
01779
             delta(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file)));
                                                                                          // 000
            depmin(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file)));
depmax(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file)));
01780
01781
            // Skip 'unused'
read_word(sac_file);
01782
01783
01784
            odelta(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file)));
b(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file)));
e(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file)));
                                                                                          // 004
                                                                                          // 005
// 006
// 007
01785
01786
01787
             o(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file)));
            a(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file)));
// Skip 'internal'
read_word(sac_file); // 009
01788
01789
01790
01791 }
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.171 read_float_headers_station_event()

Reads SAC-headers from words 031-039.

Note that this expects the position of the reader to be the beginning of word 031.

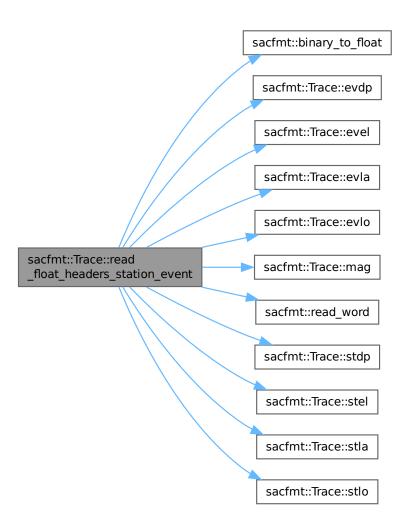
Note that this modifies the position of the reader to the end of word 039.

Headers loaded: stla, stlo, stel, stdp, evla, evlo, evel, evdp, and mag.

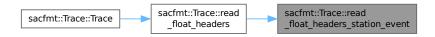
```
in, out sac_file std::ifstream* SAC-file to be read.
```

```
01858
              // Station headers
              stla(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file))); // 031
01859
             stlo(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file))); // 032
stel(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file))); // 033
stdp(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file))); // 034
01860
01861
01862
01863
              // Event headers
01864
              evla(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file))); // 035
             evlo(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file))); // 036
evel(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file))); // 037
evdp(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file))); // 038
mag(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file))); // 039
01865
01866
01867
01868
01869 }
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.172 read_float_headers_t()

Reads SAC-headers from words 010-020.

Note that this expects the position of the reader to be the beginning of word 010.

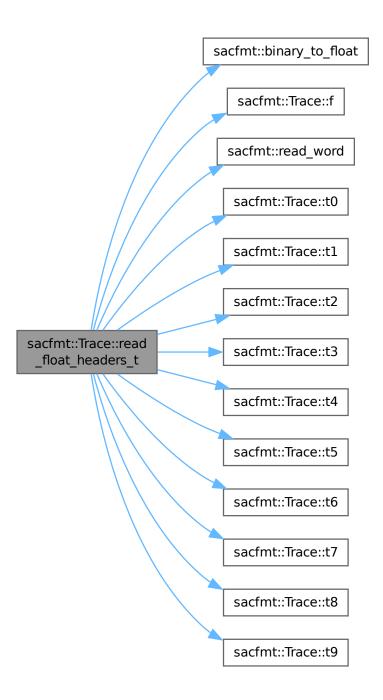
Note that this modifies the position of the reader to the end of word 020.

Headers loaded: t0, t1, t2, t3, t4, t5, t6, t7, t8, t9, and f.

```
in, out | sac_file | std::ifstream* SAC-file to be read.
```

```
01806
           t0(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file)));
                                                                          // 010
                                                                          // 011
// 012
           t1(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file)));
t2(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file)));
t3(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file)));
01807
01808
01809
           t4(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file)));
01811
           t5(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file)));
01812
           t6(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file)));
01813
           t7(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file)));
                                                                           // 017
                                                                          // 018
// 019
           t8(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file)));
t9(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file)));
f(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file)));
01814
01815
01816
01817 }
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.173 read_float_headers_user()

Reads SAC-headers from words 040-049.

Note that this expects the position of the reader to be the beginning of word 040.

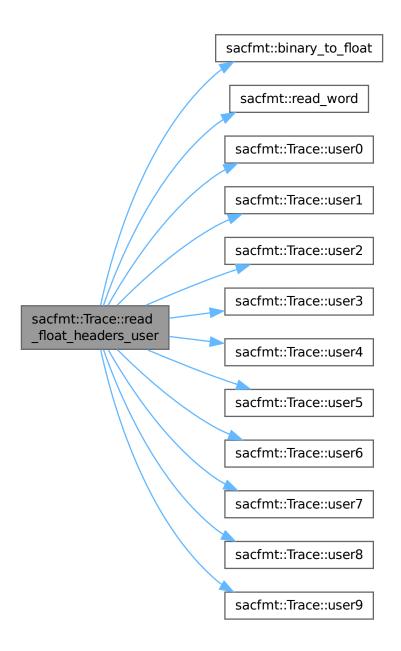
Note that this modifies the position of the reader to the end of word 049.

Headers loaded: user0, user1, user2, user3, user4, user5, user6, user7, user8, and user9.

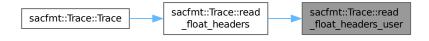
```
in, out sac_file std::ifstream* SAC-file to be read.
```

```
01885
         user0(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file)));
                                                            // 040
01886
         user1(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file)));
                                                            // 041
01887
         user2(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file)));
                                                               042
        user3(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file)));
user4(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file)));
01888
                                                               043
01889
01890
         user5(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file)));
01891
         user6(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file)));
                                                            // 047
// 048
01892
         user7(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file)));
01893
         user8(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file)));
01894
         user9(binary_to_float(read_word(sac_file)));
                                                            // 049
01895 }
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.174 read_footers()

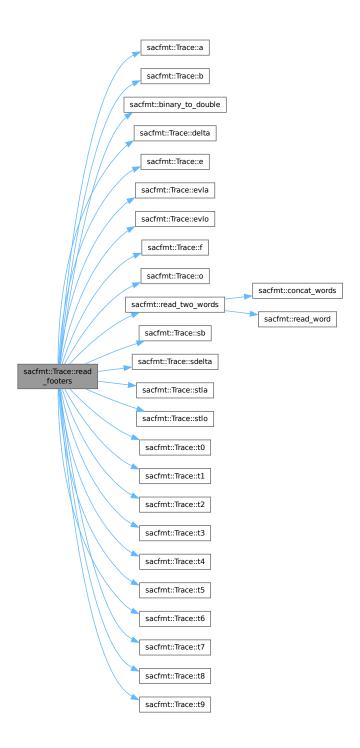
Reads SAC-footers (post-data words 00-43).

Note that this modifies the position of the reader to the end of the footer section.

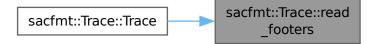
```
in, out | sac_file | std::ifstream* SAC-file to be read.
```

```
02153
02154
        delta(binary_to_double(read_two_words(sac_file)));
                                                                   // 00-01
                                                                   // 02-03
02155
        b(binary_to_double(read_two_words(sac_file)));
e(binary_to_double(read_two_words(sac_file)));
                                                                   // 04-05
02156
02157
        o(binary_to_double(read_two_words(sac_file)));
02158
        a(binary_to_double(read_two_words(sac_file)));
02159
        t0(binary_to_double(read_two_words(sac_file)));
                                                                   // 10-11
                                                                   // 12-13
// 14-15
02160
        t1(binary_to_double(read_two_words(sac_file)));
02161
        t2(binary_to_double(read_two_words(sac_file)));
        t3(binary_to_double(read_two_words(sac_file)));
t4(binary_to_double(read_two_words(sac_file)));
                                                                   // 16-17
02162
02163
                                                                   // 18-19
        t5(binary_to_double(read_two_words(sac_file)));
02165
        t6(binary_to_double(read_two_words(sac_file)));
                                                                   // 22-23
02166
        t7(binary_to_double(read_two_words(sac_file)));
                                                                   // 24-25
02167
        t8(binary_to_double(read_two_words(sac_file)));
                                                                   // 26-27
02168
        t9(binary_to_double(read_two_words(sac_file)));
                                                                   // 28-29
02169
        f(binary_to_double(read_two_words(sac_file)));
                                                                   // 30-31
02170
        evlo(binary_to_double(read_two_words(sac_file)));
02171
        evla(binary_to_double(read_two_words(sac_file)));
                                                                   // 36-37
02172
        stlo(binary_to_double(read_two_words(sac_file)));
                                                                   // 38-39
02173
        stla(binary_to_double(read_two_words(sac_file)));
                                                                   // 40-41
02174
        sb(binary_to_double(read_two_words(sac_file)));
02175
        sdelta(binary_to_double(read_two_words(sac_file)));
02176 }
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.175 read_int_headers()

Reads SAC-headers from words 070-104.

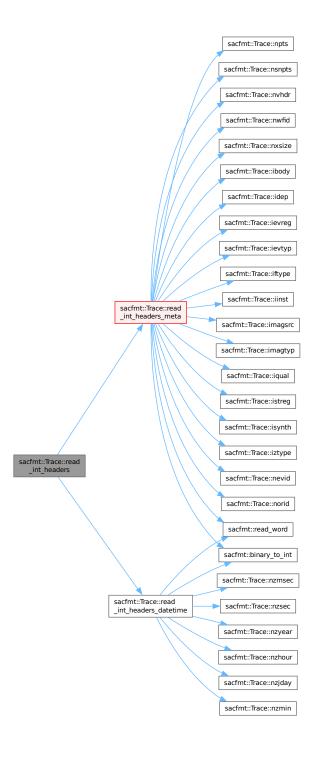
Note that this expects the position of the reader to be the beginning of word 070.

Note that this modifies the position of the reader to the end of word 104.

Loads all integer headers.

```
in, out | sac_file | std::ifstream* SAC-file to be read.
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.176 read_int_headers_datetime()

Reads SAC-headers from words 070-075.

sac_file

Note that this expects the position of the reader to be the beginning of word 070.

std::ifstream* SAC-file to be read.

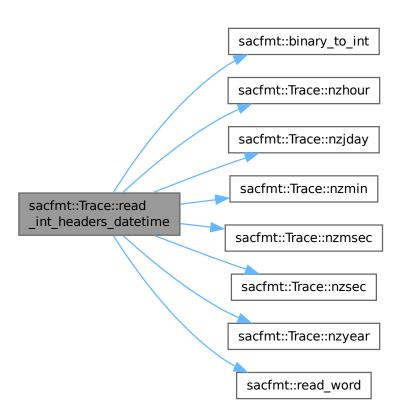
Note that this modifies the position of the reader to the end of word 075.

Headers loaded: nzyear, nzjday, nzhour, nzmin, nzsec, and nzmsec.

Parameters

in, out

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.177 read_int_headers_meta()

Reads SAC-headers from words 076-104.

Note that this expects the position of the reader to be the beginning of word 076.

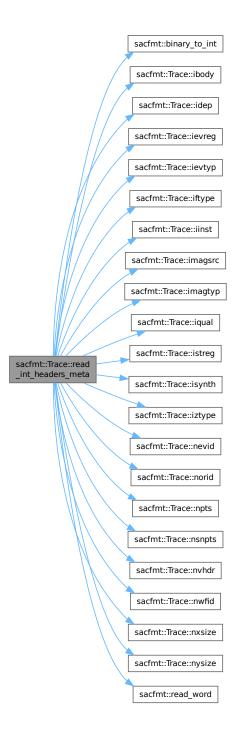
Note that this modifies the position of the reader to the end of word 104.

Headers loaded: nvhdr, norid, nevid, npts, nsnpts, nwfid, nxsize, nysize, iftype, idep, iztype, iinst, istreg, ievreg, ievtyp, iqual, isynth, imagtyp, imagsrc, and ibody.

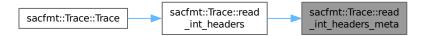
```
in, out | sac_file | std::ifstream* SAC-file to be read.
```

```
02003
          nvhdr(binary_to_int(read_word(sac_file)));
                                                                      // 076
          norid(binary_to_int(read_word(sac_file)));
nevid(binary_to_int(read_word(sac_file)));
                                                                      // 077
// 078
02004
02005
          npts(binary_to_int(read_word(sac_file)));
nsnpts(binary_to_int(read_word(sac_file)));
                                                                      // 079
02006
02007
                                                                      // 080
02008
          nwfid(binary_to_int(read_word(sac_file)));
02009
          nxsize(binary_to_int(read_word(sac_file)));
02010
          nysize(binary_to_int(read_word(sac_file)));
                                                                      // 083
          // Skip 'unused'
read_word(sac_file);
02011
02012
                                                                      // 084
02013
          iftype(binary_to_int(read_word(sac_file)));
                                                                      // 085
02014
          idep(binary_to_int(read_word(sac_file)));
02015
          iztype(binary_to_int(read_word(sac_file)));
          // Skip 'unused'
02016
          read_word(sac_file);
02017
                                                                        // 088
          iinst(binary_to_int(read_word(sac_file)));
istreg(binary_to_int(read_word(sac_file)));
                                                                       // 089
// 090
// 091
02018
02019
02020
          ievreg(binary_to_int(read_word(sac_file)));
02021
          ievtyp(binary_to_int(read_word(sac_file)));
                                                                        // 092
02022
          iqual(binary_to_int(read_word(sac_file)));
                                                                        // 093
                                                                       // 094
// 095
02023
          isynth(binary_to_int(read_word(sac_file)));
02024
          imagtyp(binary_to_int(read_word(sac_file)));
          imagsrc(binary_to_int(read_word(sac_file))); // 096
ibody(binary_to_int(read_word(sac_file))); // 097
// Skip 'unused' (xcommon_skip_num)
for (int i{0}; i < common_skip_num; ++i) { // 098--104</pre>
                                                                       // 096
02025
02026
02027
02028
02029
             read_word(sac_file);
02030
02031 }
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.178 read_string_headers()

Reads SAC-headers from words 110-157.

Note that this expects the position of the reader to be the beginning of word 110.

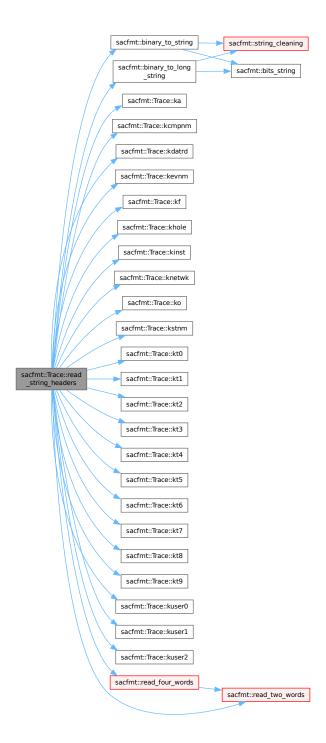
Note that this modifies the position of the reader to the end of word 157.

Loads all string headers.

```
in, out sac_file std::ifstream* SAC-file to be read.
```

```
02084
02085
        // KSTNM is 2 words (normal)
02086
        kstnm(binary_to_string(read_two_words(sac_file))); // 110-111
02087
        // KEVNM is 4 words long (unique!)
02088
        kevnm(binary_to_long_string(read_four_words(sac_file))); // 112-115
// All other 'K' headers are 2 words
02089
02090
        khole(binary_to_string(read_two_words(sac_file)));
                                                               // 116-117
02091
        ko(binary_to_string(read_two_words(sac_file)));
                                                               // 118-119
02092
        ka(binary_to_string(read_two_words(sac_file)));
02093
        kt0(binary_to_string(read_two_words(sac_file)));
                                                                // 122-123
                                                               // 124-125
02094
        kt1(binary_to_string(read_two_words(sac_file)));
02095
        kt2(binary_to_string(read_two_words(sac_file)));
                                                               // 126-127
                                                               // 128-129
02096
        kt3(binary_to_string(read_two_words(sac_file)));
        kt4(binary_to_string(read_two_words(sac_file)));
02097
                                                                // 130-131
        kt5(binary_to_string(read_two_words(sac_file)));
02098
                                                                // 132-133
02099
        kt6(binary_to_string(read_two_words(sac_file)));
                                                                // 134-135
02100
        kt7(binary_to_string(read_two_words(sac_file)));
                                                                // 136-137
                                                                // 138-139
02101
        kt8(binary_to_string(read_two_words(sac_file)));
02102
        kt9(binary_to_string(read_two_words(sac_file)));
                                                                // 140-141
        kf(binary_to_string(read_two_words(sac_file)));
02103
                                                                // 142-143
02104
        kuser0(binary_to_string(read_two_words(sac_file)));
02105
        kuser1(binary_to_string(read_two_words(sac_file)));
                                                                // 146-147
02106
        kuser2(binary_to_string(read_two_words(sac_file)));
                                                                // 148-149
02107
        kcmpnm(binary_to_string(read_two_words(sac_file)));
                                                               // 150-151
02108
                                                               // 152-153
        knetwk(binary_to_string(read_two_words(sac_file)));
02109
        kdatrd(binary_to_string(read_two_words(sac_file)));
                                                                  154-155
02110
        kinst(binary_to_string(read_two_words(sac_file)));
02111
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.179 resize_data()

Resize data vectors (only if eligible).

Will always resize data1, data2 only resizes if it can have non-zero size.

```
01654

01655 resize_datal(size);

01656 resize_data2(size);

01657 }
```

11.5.3.180 resize_data1()

11.5.3.181 resize_data2()

```
void sacfmt::Trace::resize_data2 (
                 size_t size ) [private], [noexcept]
         // Data2 is legal
        if (!leven() || (iftype() > 1)) {
   if (size != data2().size()) {
01635
01636
            std::vector<double> new_data2{data2()};
new_data2.resize(size, 0.0);
01637
01638
01639
             data2 (new_data2);
01640
01641
         } else {
         if (!data2().empty()) {
   std::vector<double> new_data2{};
01642
01643
01644
              data2 (new_data2);
01645
01646 }
01647 }
```

11.5.3.182 resp0() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::resp0 ( ) const [noexcept]
01036 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::resp0)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.183 resp0() [2/2]

11.5.3.184 resp1() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::resp1 ( ) const [noexcept]
01037 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::resp1)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.185 resp1() [2/2]

11.5.3.186 resp2() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::resp2 ( ) const [noexcept]
01038 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::resp2)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.187 resp2() [2/2]

11.5.3.188 resp3() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::resp3 ( ) const [noexcept]
01039 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::resp3)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.189 resp3() [2/2]

11.5.3.190 resp4() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::resp4 ( ) const [noexcept]
01040 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::resp4)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.191 resp4() [2/2]

11.5.3.192 resp5() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::resp5 ( ) const [noexcept]
01041 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::resp5)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.193 resp5() [2/2]

11.5.3.194 resp6() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::resp6 ( ) const [noexcept]
01042 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::resp6)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.195 resp6() [2/2]

11.5.3.196 resp7() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::resp7 ( ) const [noexcept]
01043 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::resp7)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.197 resp7() [2/2]

11.5.3.198 resp8() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::resp8 ( ) const [noexcept]
01044 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::resp8)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.199 resp8() [2/2]

11.5.3.200 resp9() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::resp9 ( ) const [noexcept]
01045 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::resp9)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

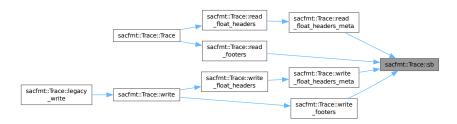


11.5.3.201 resp9() [2/2]

11.5.3.202 sb() [1/2]

```
double sacfmt::Trace::sb ( ) const [noexcept]
01107 { return doubles[sac_map.at(name::sb)]; }
```

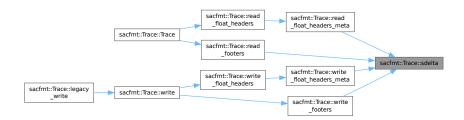
Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.203 sb() [2/2]

11.5.3.204 sdelta() [1/2]

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.205 sdelta() [2/2]

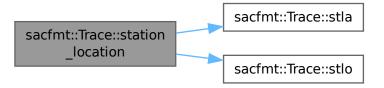
11.5.3.206 station_location()

```
point sacfmt::Trace::station_location ( ) const [inline], [private], [noexcept]
```

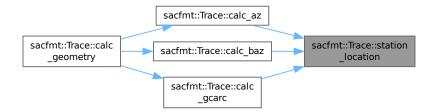
Return station location as a point.

```
01388
01389    return point{coord{stla(), true}, coord{stlo(), true}};
01390 }
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.207 stdp() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::stdp ( ) const [noexcept]
01047 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::stdp)]; }
```



11.5.3.208 stdp() [2/2]

11.5.3.209 stel() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::stel ( ) const [noexcept]
01046 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::stel)]; }
```

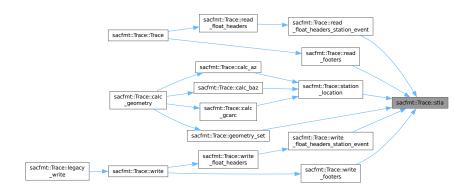
Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.210 stel() [2/2]

11.5.3.211 stla() [1/2]

```
double sacfmt::Trace::stla ( ) const [noexcept]
01103 { return doubles[sac_map.at(name::stla)]; }
```



11.5.3.212 stla() [2/2]

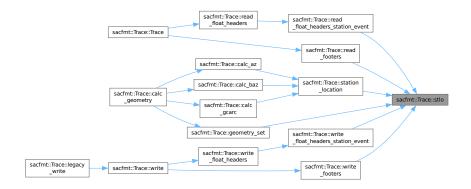
Here is the call graph for this function:



11.5.3.213 stlo() [1/2]

```
double sacfmt::Trace::stlo ( ) const [noexcept]
01104 { return doubles[sac_map.at(name::stlo)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.214 stlo() [2/2]

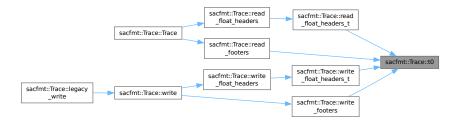
Here is the call graph for this function:



11.5.3.215 t0() [1/2]

```
double sacfmt::Trace::t0 ( ) const [noexcept]
01092 { return doubles[sac_map.at(name::t0)]; }
```

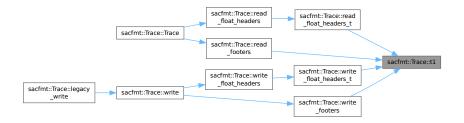
Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.216 t0() [2/2]

11.5.3.217 t1() [1/2]

```
double sacfmt::Trace::t1 ( ) const [noexcept]
01093 { return doubles[sac_map.at(name::t1)]; }
```



11.5.3.218 t1() [2/2]

11.5.3.219 t2() [1/2]

```
double sacfmt::Trace::t2 ( ) const [noexcept]
01094 { return doubles[sac_map.at(name::t2)]; }
```

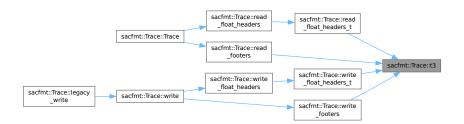
Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.220 t2() [2/2]

11.5.3.221 t3() [1/2]

```
double sacfmt::Trace::t3 ( ) const [noexcept]
01095 { return doubles[sac_map.at(name::t3)]; }
```



11.5.3.222 t3() [2/2]

11.5.3.223 t4() [1/2]

```
double sacfmt::Trace::t4 ( ) const [noexcept]
01096 { return doubles[sac_map.at(name::t4)]; }
```

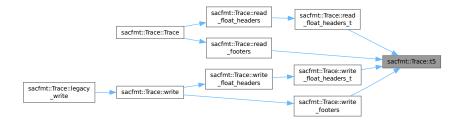
Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.224 t4() [2/2]

11.5.3.225 t5() [1/2]

```
double sacfmt::Trace::t5 ( ) const [noexcept]
01097 { return doubles[sac_map.at(name::t5)]; }
```



11.5.3.226 t5() [2/2]

11.5.3.227 t6() [1/2]

```
double sacfmt::Trace::t6 ( ) const [noexcept]
01098 { return doubles[sac_map.at(name::t6)]; }
```

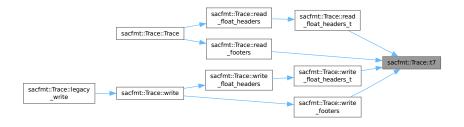
Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.228 t6() [2/2]

11.5.3.229 t7() [1/2]

```
double sacfmt::Trace::t7 ( ) const [noexcept]
01099 { return doubles[sac_map.at(name::t7)]; }
```



11.5.3.230 t7() [2/2]

11.5.3.231 t8() [1/2]

```
double sacfmt::Trace::t8 ( ) const [noexcept]
01100 { return doubles[sac_map.at(name::t8)]; }
```

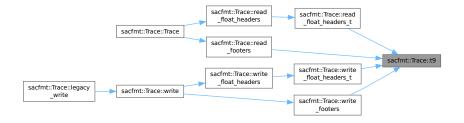
Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.232 t8() [2/2]

11.5.3.233 t9() [1/2]

```
double sacfmt::Trace::t9 ( ) const [noexcept]
01101 { return doubles[sac_map.at(name::t9)]; }
```



11.5.3.234 t9() [2/2]

11.5.3.235 time()

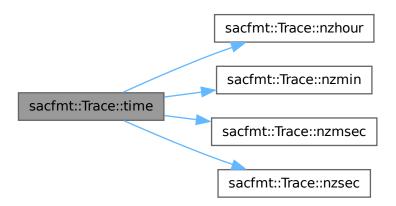
```
std::string sacfmt::Trace::time ( ) const [noexcept]
```

Get time string.

Returns

sstd::string Time (HH::MM:SS.sss).

```
01008
01009
     // Require all to be set
     01010
01011
     return unset_word;
01012
oss « nzmin();
oss « ':';
01017
01018
01019
     oss « nzsec();
01020
     oss « '.';
01021
     oss « nzmsec();
    return oss.str();
01022
01023 }
```



11.5.3.236 user0() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::user0 ( ) const [noexcept]
01051 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::user0)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.237 user0() [2/2]

11.5.3.238 user1() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::user1 ( ) const [noexcept]
01052 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::user1)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.239 user1() [2/2]

11.5.3.240 user2() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::user2 ( ) const [noexcept]
01053 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::user2)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.241 user2() [2/2]

11.5.3.242 user3() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::user3 ( ) const [noexcept]
01054 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::user3)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.243 user3() [2/2]

11.5.3.244 user4() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::user4 ( ) const [noexcept]
01055 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::user4)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.245 user4() [2/2]

11.5.3.246 user5() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::user5 ( ) const [noexcept]
01056 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::user5)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.247 user5() [2/2]

11.5.3.248 user6() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::user6 ( ) const [noexcept]
01057 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::user6)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.249 user6() [2/2]

11.5.3.250 user7() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::user7 ( ) const [noexcept]
01058 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::user7)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.251 user7() [2/2]

11.5.3.252 user8() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::user8 ( ) const [noexcept]
01059 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::user8)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.253 user8() [2/2]

11.5.3.254 user9() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::user9 ( ) const [noexcept]
01060 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::user9)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.255 user9() [2/2]

11.5.3.256 write()

Binary SAC-file writer.

Parameters

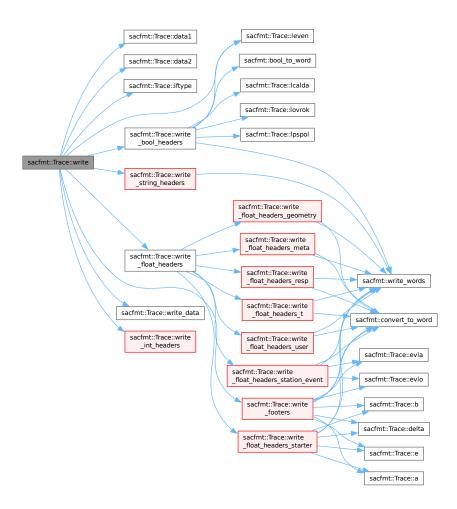
	in	path	std::filesystem::path SAC-file to write.
in legacy bool Legacy-write flag (c		legacy	bool Legacy-write flag (default false = v7, true = v6).

Exceptions

io_error	If the file cannot be written (bad path or bad permissions).
std::exception	Other unwritable issues (not enough space, disk failure, etc.).

```
02686
02687
            std::ofstream file(path, std::ios::binary | std::ios::out | std::ios::trunc);
           if (!file) {
   throw io_error(path.string() + " cannot be opened to write.");
02688
02689
02690
02691
02692
           const int header_version{legacy ? old_hdr_version : modern_hdr_version};
write_float_headers(&file);
write_int_headers(&file, header_version);
02693
02694
            write_bool_headers(&file);
02695
            write_string_headers(&file);
02696
            // Data
           r/ bata
std::vector<double> tmp{datal()};
write_data(&file, tmp);
if (!leven() || (iftype() > 1)) {
  tmp = data2();
  write_data(&file, tmp);
02697
02698
02699
02700
02701
02702
           if (header_version == modern_hdr_version) {
   // Write footer
   write_footers(&file);
02703
02704
02705
02706
02707
           file.close();
02708 }
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.257 write_bool_headers()

Writes SAC-headers from words 105-109.

Note that this expects the position of the writer to be the beginning of word 105.

Note that this modifies the position of the writer to the end of word 109.

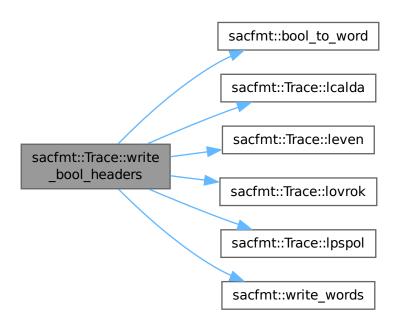
Writes all boolean headers.

Parameters

```
in, out sac_file std::ofstream* SAC-file to be written.

02526
02527 write_words(sac_file, bool_to_word(leven())); // 105
02528 write_words(sac_file, bool_to_word(lpspol())); // 106
02529 write_words(sac_file, bool_to_word(lovrok())); // 107
02530 write_words(sac_file, bool_to_word(lovrok())); // 108
02531 // Fill 'unused'
02532 write_words(sac_file, bool_to_word(lcalda())); // 109
02533 }
```

Here is the call graph for this function:





11.5.3.258 write_data()

Writes data vectors.

Note that this modifies the position of the writer to the end of the data section wriitten.

For data1 writes words 158-(158 + npts).

For data2 writess words (158 + 1 + npts)–(159 + (2 * npts))

Parameters

in,out	sac_file	std::ofstream* SAC-file to be written.
in	data_vec	std::vector <double> Data-vector to write.</double>

Here is the caller graph for this function:



// 031-030

11.5.3.259 write_float_headers()

Writes SAC-headers from words 000-069.

Note that this expects the position of the writer to be the beginning of word 000.

Note that this modifies the position of the writer to the end of word 069.

Writes all the float headers.

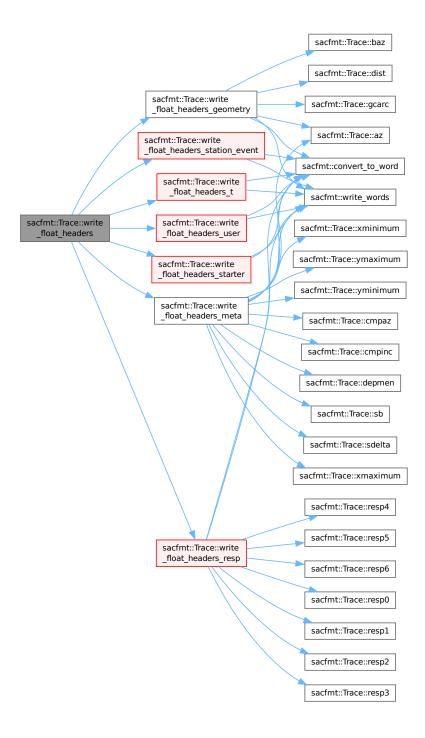
Parameters

02420

```
in, out | sac_file | std::ofstream* SAC-file to be written.
```

write_float_headers_resp(sac_file);

```
02421 write_float_headers_station_event(sac_file); // 031-039
02422 write_float_headers_user(sac_file); // 040-049
02423 write_float_headers_geometry(sac_file); // 050-053
02424 write_float_headers_meta(sac_file); // 054-069
02425 }
```



Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.260 write_float_headers_geometry()

Writes SAC-headers from words 050-053.

Note that this expects the position of the writer to be the beginning of word 050.

Note that this modifies the position of the writer to the end of word 053.

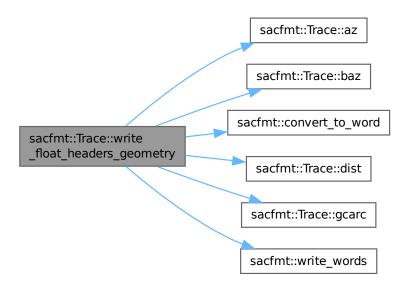
Headers written: dist, az, baz, and gcarc.

Parameters

```
in, out sac_file std::ofstream* SAC-file to be written.
```

```
02369
02370 write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(dist())); // 050
02371 write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(az())); // 051
02372 write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(baz())); // 052
02373 write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(gcarc())); // 053
02374 }
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.261 write_float_headers_meta()

Writes SAC-headers from words 054-069.

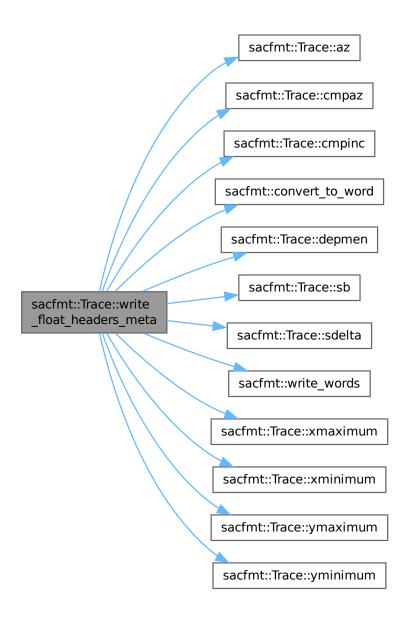
Note that this expects the position of the writer to be the beginning of word 054.

Note that this modifies the position of the writer to the end of word 069.

Headers written: sb, sdelta, depmen, cmpaz, cmpinc, xminimum, xmaximum, yminimum, and ymaximum.

Parameters

```
write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(depmen()));
                                                                                                                            // 056
// 057
// 058
// 059
// 060
// 061
            write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(cmpaz()));
write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(cmpinc()));
02393
02394
            write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(xminimum()));
02395
           write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(xmaximum()));
write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(yminimum()));
write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(ymaximum()));
02396
02397
           // Fill 'unused' (xcommon_skip_num)
for (int i{0}; i < common_skip_num; ++i) { // 063-069
02399
02400
           write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(az()));
}
02401
02402
02403 }
```



Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.262 write float headers resp()

Writes SAC-headers from words 021-030.

sac file

Note that this expects the position of the writer to be the beginning of word 021.

Note that this modifies the position of the writer to the end of word 030.

Headers written: resp0, resp1, resp2, resp3, resp4, resp5, resp6, resp7, resp8, and resp9.

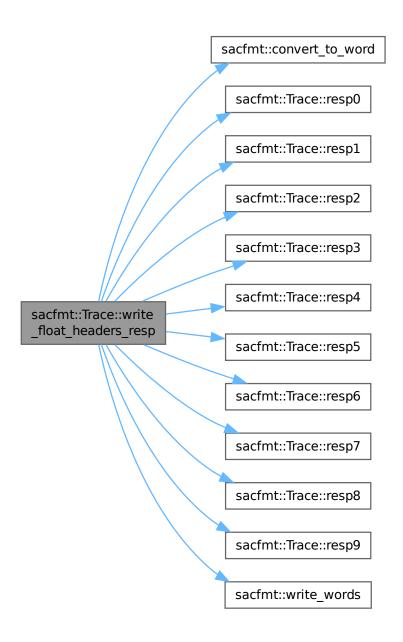
std::ofstream* SAC-file to be written.

Parameters

in, out

```
02294
          write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(resp0()));
write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(resp1()));
write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(resp2()));
02295
                                                                               // 022
02296
02297
02298
          write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(resp3()));
02299
          write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(resp4()));
02300
          write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(resp5()));
02301
          write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(resp6()));
          write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(resp7()));
write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(resp8()));
                                                                              // 028
// 029
02302
02303
02304
          write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(resp9()));
02305 }
```

Here is the call graph for this function:





11.5.3.263 write_float_headers_starter()

Writes SAC-headers from words 000-009.

Note that this expects the position of the writer to be the beginning of word 000.

Note that this modifies the position of the writer to the end of word 009.

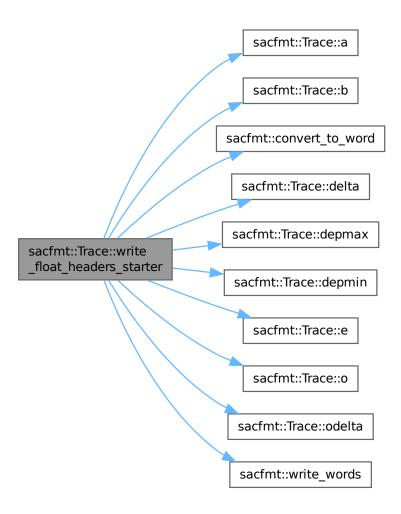
Headers written: delta, depmin, depmax, odelta, b, e, o, and a.

Parameters

```
in, out sac_file std::ofstream* SAC-file to be written.
```

```
02240
        write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(static_cast<float>(delta())));
write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(depmin()));
02241
02242
02243
        write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(depmax()));
02244
         // Fill 'unused'
02245
        write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(depmax()));
                                                                                        // 003
                                                                                        // 004
02246
        write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(odelta()));
        write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(static_cast<float>(b())));
write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(static_cast<float>(e())));
                                                                                        // 005
02247
02248
                                                                                        // 006
02249
        write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(static_cast<float>(o())));
02250
        write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(static_cast<float>(a())));
02251
         // Fill 'internal'
02252
        write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(depmin())); // 009
02253 }
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.264 write_float_headers_station_event()

Writes SAC-headers from words 031-039.

Note that this expects the position of the writer to be the beginning of word 031.

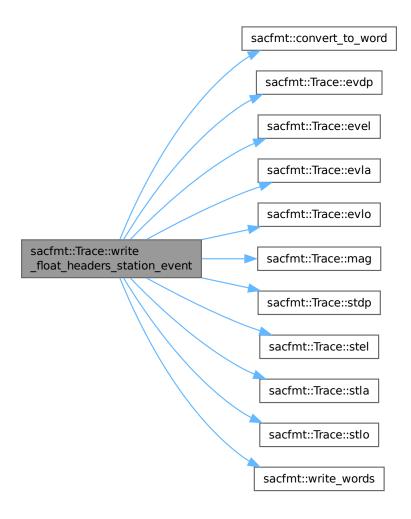
Note that this modifies the position of the writer to the end of word 039.

Headers written: stla, stlo, stel, stdp, evla, evlo, evel, evdp, and mag.

Parameters

```
in, out | sac_file | std::ofstream* SAC-file to be written.
```

```
02319
        write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(static_cast<float>(stla())));
02321
        write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(static_cast<float>(stlo())));
                                                                                       // 033
02322
        write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(stel()));
                                                                                       // 034
02323
        write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(stdp()));
        write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(static_cast<float>(evla())));
write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(static_cast<float>(evlo())));
                                                                                       // 035
02324
02325
                                                                                       // 036
02326
        write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(evel()));
        write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(evdp()));
02328
        write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(mag()));
02329 }
```



Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.265 write_float_headers_t()

Writes SAC-headers from words 010-020.

Note that this expects the position of the writer to be the beginning of word 010.

Note that this modifies the position of the writer to the end of word 020.

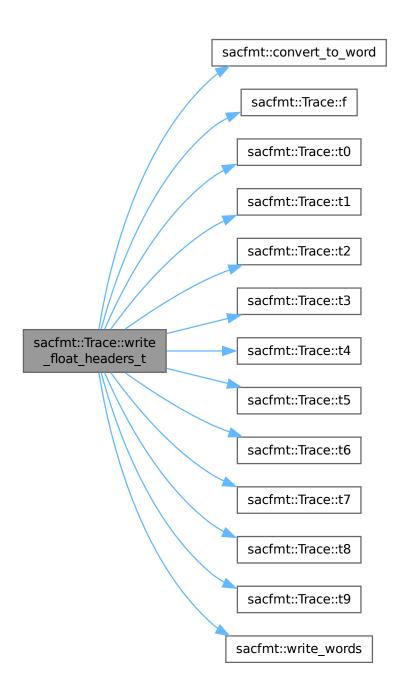
Headers written: t0, t1, t2, t3, t4, t5, t6, t7, t8, t9, and f.

Parameters

```
in, out | sac_file | std::ofstream* SAC-file to be written.
```

```
02267
02268
       write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(static_cast<float>(t0())));
02269
       write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(static_cast<float>(t1())));
02270
       write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(static_cast<float>(t2())));
02271
       write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(static_cast<float>(t3())));
                                                                           // 013
02272
                                                                           // 014
       write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(static_cast<float>(t4())));
02273
       write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(static_cast<float>(t5())));
                                                                           // 015
       write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(static_cast<float>(t6())));
02275
       write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(static_cast<float>(t7())));
02276
       write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(static_cast<float>(t8())));
                                                                           // 018
02277
       write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(static_cast<float>(t9())));
                                                                           // 019
02278
       write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(static_cast<float>(f())));
02279 }
```

Here is the call graph for this function:





11.5.3.266 write_float_headers_user()

Writes SAC-headers from words 040-049.

sac file

Note that this expects the position of the writer to be the beginning of word 040.

Note that this modifies the position of the writer to the end of word 049.

Headers written: user0, user1, user2, user3, user4, user5, user6, user7, user8, and user9.

std::ofstream* SAC-file to be written.

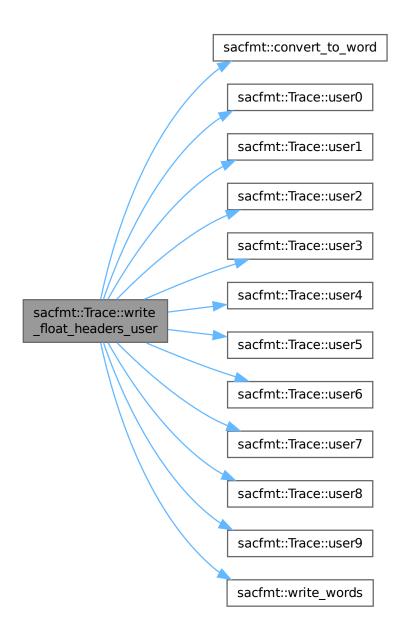
Parameters

02355 }

in,out

```
02344
02345
         write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(user0())); // 040
         write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(user1()));
02347
         write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(user2()));
02348
         write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(user3()));
        write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(user4()));
write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(user5()));
write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(user6()));
02349
02350
02351
02352
         write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(user7()));
02353
         write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(user8())); // 048
02354
         write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(user9()));
```

Here is the call graph for this function:





11.5.3.267 write_footers()

Writes SAC-footers (post-data words 00-43).

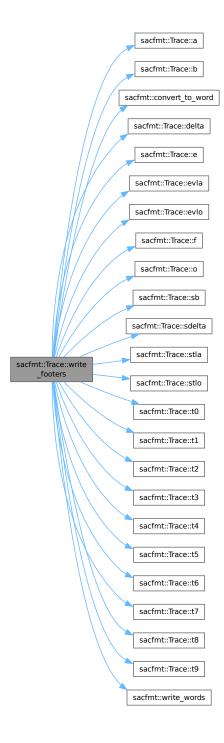
Note that this modifies the position of the writer to the end of the footer section.

Parameters

```
in, out | sac_file | std::ofstream* SAC-file to be written.
```

```
02652
                                                                // 00-01
02653
        write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(delta()));
                                                                // 02-03
        write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(b()));
write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(e()));
02654
                                                                // 04-05
02655
                                                                // 06-07
02656
        write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(o()));
02657
        write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(a()));
                                                                // 08-09
02658
        write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(t0()));
                                                                // 10-11
                                                                // 12-13
// 14-15
02659
        write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(t1()));
02660
        write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(t2()));
        write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(t3()));
write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(t4()));
                                                                // 16-17
02661
02662
                                                                // 18-19
        write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(t5()));
02664
        write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(t6()));
                                                                // 22-23
02665
        write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(t7()));
                                                                // 24-25
02666
        write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(t8()));
                                                                // 26-27
02667
        write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(t9()));
                                                                // 28-29
        write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(f()));
                                                                // 30-31
02668
        write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(evlo()));
                                                                // 32-33
02669
02670
        write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(evla()));
02671
        write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(stlo()));
                                                                // 36-37
                                                                // 38-39
02672
        write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(stla()));
                                                                // 40-41
02673
        write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(sb()));
02674
        write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(sdelta()));
                                                                // 42-43
02675 }
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.268 write_int_headers()

Writes SAC-headers from words 070-104.

Note that this expects the position of the writer to be the beginning of word 070.

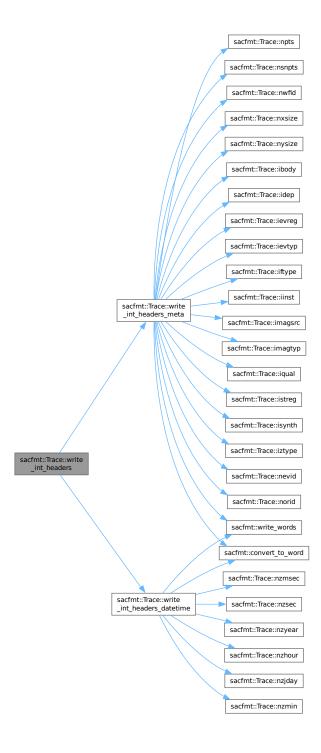
Note that this modifies the position of the writer to the end of word 104.

Writes all integer headers.

Parameters

in,out	sac_file	std::ofstream* SAC-file to be written.
in	hdr_ver	Integer header version to be written.

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.269 write_int_headers_datetime()

Writes SAC-headers from words 070-075.

Note that this expects the position of the writer to be the beginning of word 070.

Note that this modifies the position of the writer to the end of word 075.

Headers written: nzyear, nzjday, nzhour, nzmin, nzsec, and nzmsec.

Parameters

```
in, out sac_file std::ofstream* SAC-file to be written.
```

```
02439

02440 write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(nzyear())); // 070

02441 write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(nzjday())); // 071

02442 write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(nzhour())); // 072

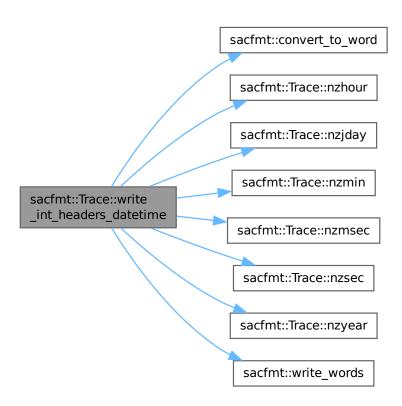
02443 write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(nzmin())); // 073

02444 write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(nzsec())); // 074

02445 write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(nzsec())); // 075

02446 }
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.270 write_int_headers_meta()

Writes SAC-headers from words 076-104.

Note that this expects the position of the writer to be the beginning of word 076.

Note that this modifies the position of the writer to the end of word 104.

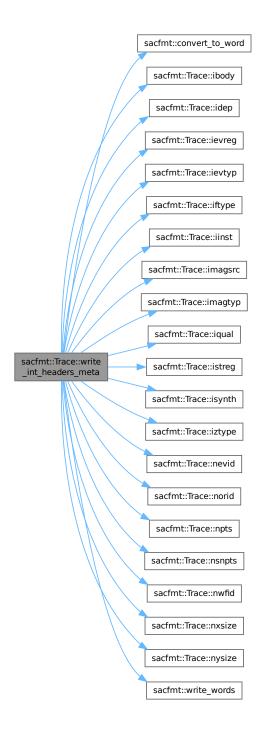
Headers written: nvhdr, norid, nevid, npts, nsnpts, nwfid, nxsize, nysize, iftype, idep, iztype, iinst, istreg, ievreg, ievtyp, iqual, isynth, imagtyp, imagsrc, and ibody.

Parameters

in,out	sac_file	std::ofstream* SAC-file to be written.
in	hdr_ver	Integer header version to be written.

```
02464
02465
         write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(hdr_ver));
                                                                          // 076
                                                                          // 077
// 078
// 079
02466
          write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(norid()));
02467
         write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(nevid()));
02468
         write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(npts()));
02469
         write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(nsnpts()));
                                                                          // 080
02470
         write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(nwfid()));
                                                                          // 081
02471
          write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(nxsize()));
02472
         write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(nysize()));
02473
         // Fill 'unused'
         write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(nysize()));
02474
                                                                          // 084
02475
         write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(iftype()));
write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(idep()));
                                                                          // 085
02476
                                                                          // 086
02477
         write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(iztype()));
02478
          // Fill 'unused'
                                                                            // 088
02479
         write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(iztype()));
                                                                            // 089
02480
         write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(iinst()));
                                                                           // 090
02481
         write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(istreg()));
write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(ievreg()));
write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(ievtyp()));
02482
                                                                           // 091
02483
                                                                           // 092
02484
         write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(iqual()));
                                                                            // 093
02485
          write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(isynth()));
                                                                            // 094
                                                                          // 095
// 096
02486
         write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(imagtyp()));
         write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(imagtyp())), //
write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(ibody())); //
// Fill 'unused' (xcommon_skip_num)
for (int i{0}; i < common_skip_num; ++i) { // 098-104</pre>
02487
02488
                                                                           // 097
02489
02490
02491
            write_words(sac_file, convert_to_word(ibody()));
02492
02493 }
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.271 write_string_headers()

```
void sacfmt::Trace::write_string_headers (
            std::ofstream * sac_file ) const [private]
```

Writes SAC-headers from words 110-157.

sac file

Note that this expects the position of the writer to be the beginning of word 110.

std::ofstream* SAC-file to be written.

Note that this modifies the position of the writer to the end of word 157.

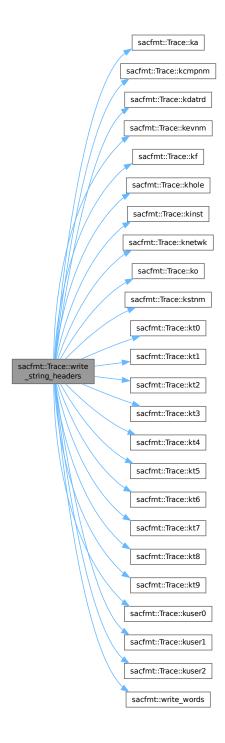
Writes all string headers.

Parameters

```
in,out
02547
02548
        // Strings are special
02549
        std::array<char, static_cast<size_t>(2) * word_length> two_words{
02550
           convert_to_words<sizeof(two_words)>(kstnm(), 2));
02551
        write_words(sac_file, std::vector<char>(two_words.begin(),
                                                 two_words.end())); // 110-111
02552
02553
02554
       std::array<char, static_cast<size_t>(4) * word_length> four_words{
           convert_to_words<sizeof(four_words)>(kevnm(), 4)};
02555
       write_words(sac_file, std::vector<char>(four_words.begin(),
02556
02557
                                                 four_words.end()));
02558
02559
        two_words = convert_to_words<sizeof(two_words)>(khole(), 2);
02560
       write_words(sac_file, std::vector<char>(two_words.begin(),
                                                two_words.end())); // 116-117
02561
02562
02563
        two_words = convert_to_words<sizeof(two_words)>(ko(), 2);
02564
        write_words(sac_file, std::vector<char>(two_words.begin(),
02565
                                                two_words.end()));
                                                                   // 118-119
02566
02567
        two words = convert to words<sizeof(two words)>(ka(), 2);
02568
        write words (sac file, std::vector<char>(two words.begin(),
02569
                                                two_words.end())); // 120-121
02570
02571
        two_words = convert_to_words<sizeof(two_words)>(kt0(), 2);
02572
        write_words(sac_file, std::vector<char>(two_words.begin(),
02573
                                                two_words.end())); // 122-123
02574
02575
        two_words = convert_to_words<sizeof(two_words)>(kt1(), 2);
02576
        write_words(sac_file, std::vector<char>(two_words.begin())
02577
                                                                    // 124-125
02578
02579
        two_words = convert_to_words<sizeof(two_words)>(kt2(), 2);
02580
        write_words(sac_file, std::vector<char>(two_words.begin())
02581
                                                two_words.end())); // 126-127
02582
        two_words = convert_to_words<sizeof(two_words)>(kt3(), 2);
02583
02584
        write_words(sac_file, std::vector<char>(two_words.begin(),
02585
                                                two_words.end()));
                                                                    // 128-129
02586
02587
        two_words = convert_to_words<sizeof(two_words)>(kt4(), 2);
02588
        write_words(sac_file, std::vector<char>(two_words.begin(),
02589
                                                                     // 130-131
02590
02591
        two_words = convert_to_words<sizeof(two_words)>(kt5(), 2);
02592
        write_words(sac_file, std::vector<char>(two_words.begin(),
02593
                                                two words.end())); // 132-133
02594
02595
        two_words = convert_to_words<sizeof(two_words)>(kt6(), 2);
02596
        write_words(sac_file, std::vector<char>(two_words.begin(),
02597
                                                 two_words.end())); // 134-135
02598
02599
        two words = convert to words<sizeof(two words)>(kt7(), 2);
02600
        write_words(sac_file, std::vector<char>(two_words.begin())
02601
02602
02603
        two_words = convert_to_words<sizeof(two_words)>(kt8(), 2);
02604
        write_words(sac_file, std::vector<char>(two_words.begin())
02605
                                                                    // 138-139
                                                two words.end()));
02606
02607
       two_words = convert_to_words<sizeof(two_words)>(kt9(), 2);
```

```
write_words(sac_file, std::vector<char>(two_words.begin(),
02609
                                                two_words.end())); // 140-141
02610
02611
       two_words = convert_to_words<sizeof(two_words)>(kf(), 2);
02612
       write_words(sac_file, std::vector<char>(two_words.begin(),
02613
                                                two_words.end())); // 142-143
02614
02615
        two_words = convert_to_words<sizeof(two_words)>(kuser0(), 2);
02616
        write_words(sac_file, std::vector<char>(two_words.begin(),
                                                two_words.end())); // 144-145
02617
02618
02619
       two_words = convert_to_words<sizeof(two_words)>(kuser1(), 2);
02620
       write_words(sac_file, std::vector<char>(two_words.begin(),
02621
                                                two_words.end())); // 146-147
02622
02623
       two_words = convert_to_words<sizeof(two_words)>(kuser2(), 2);
02624
       write_words(sac_file, std::vector<char>(two_words.begin(),
02625
                                                two words.end())); // 148-149
02626
02627
        two_words = convert_to_words<sizeof(two_words)>(kcmpnm(), 2);
02628
       write_words(sac_file, std::vector<char>(two_words.begin(),
02629
                                                two_words.end()));
                                                                    // 150-151
02630
02631
       two_words = convert_to_words<sizeof(two_words)>(knetwk(), 2);
02632
       write_words(sac_file, std::vector<char>(two_words.begin(),
02633
                                                two_words.end())); // 152-153
02634
02635
       two_words = convert_to_words<sizeof(two_words)>(kdatrd(), 2);
02636
       write_words(sac_file, std::vector<char>(two_words.begin(),
                                                two_words.end())); // 154-155
02637
02638
02639
        two_words = convert_to_words<sizeof(two_words)>(kinst(), 2);
02640
        write_words(sac_file, std::vector<char>(two_words.begin(),
02641
                                                two_words.end())); // 156-157
02642 }
```

Here is the call graph for this function:

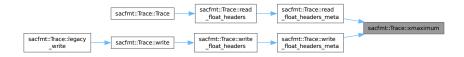


Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.272 xmaximum() [1/2]

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.273 xmaximum() [2/2]

11.5.3.274 xminimum() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::xminimum ( ) const [noexcept]
01072
01073     return floats[sac_map.at(name::xminimum)];
01074 }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.275 xminimum() [2/2]

11.5.3.276 ymaximum() [1/2]

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.277 ymaximum() [2/2]

11.5.3.278 yminimum() [1/2]

Here is the caller graph for this function:



11.5.3.279 yminimum() [2/2]

11.5.4 Member Data Documentation

```
11.5.4.1 bools
std::array<bool, num_bool> sacfmt::Trace::bools {} [private]
Boolean storage array.
01406 {};
11.5.4.2 data
std::array<std::vector<double>, num_data> sacfmt::Trace::data {} [private]
std::vector<double> storage array.
01411 {};
11.5.4.3 doubles
std::array<double, num_double> sacfmt::Trace::doubles {} [private]
Double storage array.
01402 {};
11.5.4.4 floats
std::array<float, num_float> sacfmt::Trace::floats {} [private]
Float storage array.
01400 {};
11.5.4.5 ints
std::array<int, num_int> sacfmt::Trace::ints {} [private]
Integer storage array.
01404 {};
11.5.4.6 strings
std::array<std::string, num_string> sacfmt::Trace::strings {} [private]
String storage array.
01408 {};
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/sac-format/sac_format.hpp
- src/sac_format.cpp

11.6 sacfmt::bitset type::uint< nbits > Struct Template Reference

Ensure type-safety for conversions between floats/doubles and bitsets.

```
#include <sac_format.hpp>
```

11.6.1 Detailed Description

```
template<unsigned nbits>
struct sacfmt::bitset_type::uint< nbits >
```

Ensure type-safety for conversions between floats/doubles and bitsets.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· include/sac-format/sac format.hpp

11.7 sacfmt::bitset_type::uint< 4 *bits_per_byte > Struct Reference

One-word (floats).

```
#include <sac_format.hpp>
```

Public Types

• using type = uint32_t

11.7.1 Detailed Description

One-word (floats).

11.7.2 Member Typedef Documentation

11.7.2.1 type

```
using sacfmt::bitset_type::uint< 4 *bits_per_byte >::type = uint32_t
```

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

include/sac-format/sac_format.hpp

11.8 sacfmt::bitset_type::uint< bytes *bits_per_byte > Struct Reference

Two-words (doubles)

```
#include <sac_format.hpp>
```

Public Types

• using type = uint64_t

11.8.1 Detailed Description

Two-words (doubles)

11.8.2 Member Typedef Documentation

11.8.2.1 type

```
using sacfmt::bitset_type::uint< bytes *bits_per_byte >::type = uint64_t
```

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

include/sac-format/sac_format.hpp

11.9 sacfmt::word pair < T > Struct Template Reference

Struct containing a pair of words.

```
#include <sac_format.hpp>
```

Public Attributes

T first {}

First 'word' in the pair.

T second {}

Second 'word' in the pair.

11.9.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename T> struct sacfmt::word_pair< T>
```

Struct containing a pair of words.

Prevents bug-prone word-swapping in functions that use a pair of words.

These are not necessarily single words, it could be a pair of word_one or a pair of word_two.

11.9.2 Member Data Documentation

11.9.2.1 first

```
template<typename T >
T sacfmt::word_pair< T >::first {}

First 'word' in the pair.
00192 {};

11.9.2.2 second

template<typename T >
T sacfmt::word_pair< T >::second {}

Second 'word' in the pair.
00193 {};
```

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/sac-format/sac_format.hpp

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