sac-format 0.6.0

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## **Chapter 1**

## Introduction

sac-format is a single-header statically linked library designed to make working with binary SAC-files as easy as possible. Written in C++20, it follows a modern and easy to read programming-style while providing the high performance brought by C++.

sac-format's developed on GitHub!

Download sac-format from the GitHub release page.

Download an offline version of the documentation (PDF).

Get help from the community forum.

## 1.1 Why sac-format

sac-format is Free and Open Source Software (FOSS) released under the MIT license. Anyone can use it, for any purpose (including proprietary software), anywhere in the world. sac-format is operating system agnostic and confirmed working on Windows, macOS, and Linux systems.

### 1.1.1 Safe

sac-format is **safe** it conforms to a strict set of C++ programming guidelines, chosen to ensure safe code-execution. The guideline conformance list is in cpp-linter.yml and can be cross-referenced against this master list. Results of conformance checking are here.

Testing is an important part of software development; the sac-format library is extensively tested using the Catch2 testing framework. Everything from low-level binary conversions to high-level Trace reading/writing are tested and confirmed working. Check and run the tests yourself. See the Testing section for more information.

#### 1.1.2 Fast

sac-format is **fast** it's written in C++, carefully optimized, and extensively benchmarked. You can run the benchmarks yourself to find out how sac-format performs on your system. See the Benchmarking section for more information.

2 Introduction

## 1.1.3 Easy

sac-format is **easy** single-header makes integration in any project simple. Installation is easy with our automatic installers. Building is a breeze with CMake, even on different platforms. Object-oriented design makes use easy and intuitive. See the Quickstart section to get up and running.

#### 1.1.4 Small

sac-format is **small** in total (header + implementation; excluding comments) the library is under 2100\* lines of code. Small size opens the door to using on any sort of hardware (old or new) and makes it easy to expand upon.

\* This value includes only the library, excluding all testing/benchmarking and example codes. Including utests.  $\leftarrow$  cpp, benchmark.cpp, util.hpp, the example program (list\_sac), and sac-format totals just over 5100 lines of code.

#### 1.1.5 Documented

sac-format is extensively **documented** both online and in the code. Nothing's hidden, nothing's obscured. Curious how something works? Check the documentation and in-code comments.

## 1.1.6 Transparent

sac-format is transparent all analysis and coverage information is publicly available online.

- CodeFactor
- Codacy
- CodeCov
- Coverity Scan

### 1.1.7 Trace Class

sac-format includes the Trace class for seismic traces, providing high-level object-oriented abstraction to seismic data. With the Trace class, you don't need to worry about manually reading SAC-files word-by-word. It's compatible with v6 and v7 SAC-files and can automatically detect the version upon reading. File output defaults to v7 SAC-files and there is a  $legacy_write$  function for v6 output.

### 1.1.8 Low-Level I/O

If you want to roll your own SAC-file processing workflow you can use the low-level I/O functionality built into sacformat. All functions tested and confirmed working they're used to build the Trace class!

# **Chapter 2**

# Installation

The easiest way to use sac-format is to install it via the automatic installers. Installers for the latest release are located here. Be sure to check the sha512 checksum of the installer against its correspondingly named .sha512 file to ensure the file is safe (for example: sac-format.pkg.sha512).

## 2.1 Windows

sac-format provides a graphical installer on Windows (sac-format.exe).

Always check the sha512 checksum value of the installer (sac-format.exe; more info here) against sac-format.exe.sha512.

By default, Microsoft Defender will block the installer with a pop-up like that one below:



Figure 2.1 Windows Warning 1

To continue the install, click on the "More Info" link and then the "Run anyway" button as seen in the following image:

2.1 Windows 5

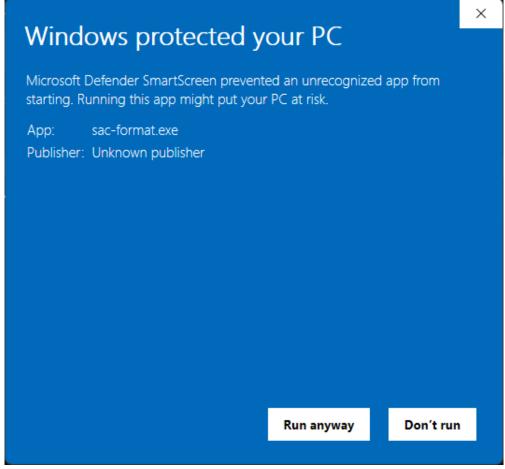


Figure 2.2 Windows Warning 2

Then the installer will open and present you with the welcome screen:

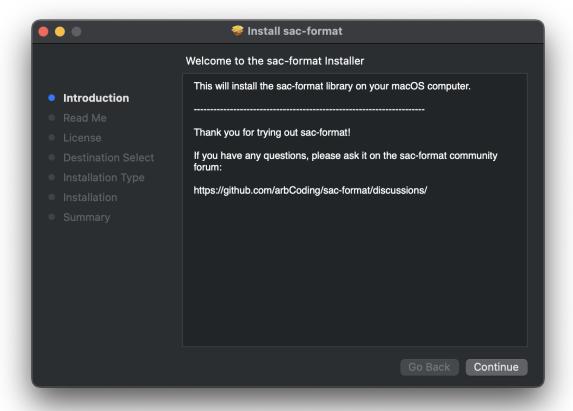


Figure 2.3 Windows Intro Install

By default, sac-format installs in C:/Program Files/sac-format as seen in the screen below:

2.1 Windows 7

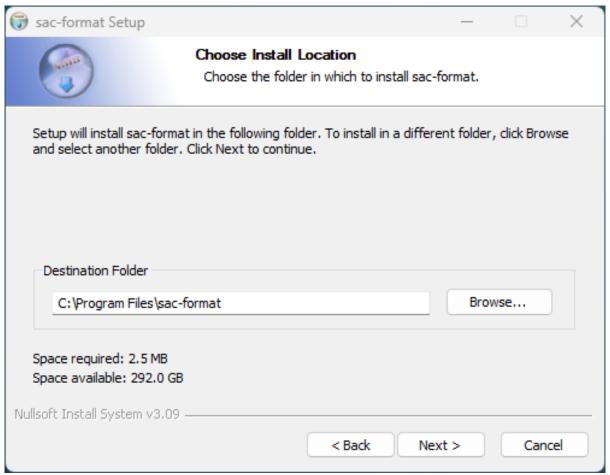


Figure 2.4 Windows Location Install

Because all programs in sac-format are command-line based feel free to disable Start Menu shortcuts:

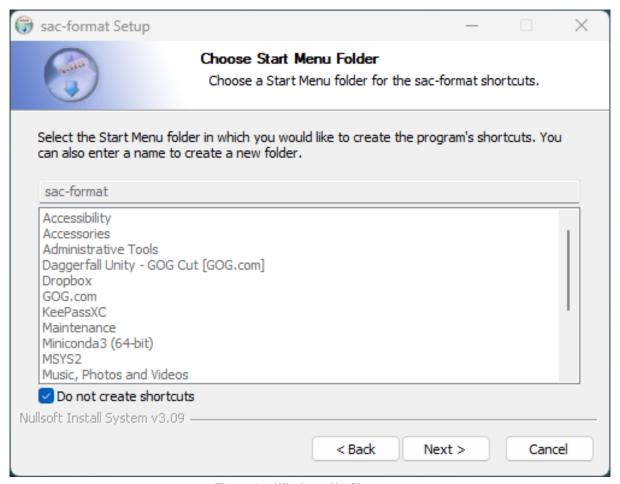


Figure 2.5 Windows No Shortcuts

Upon successful install of sac-format you will see this window:

2.2 macOS 9

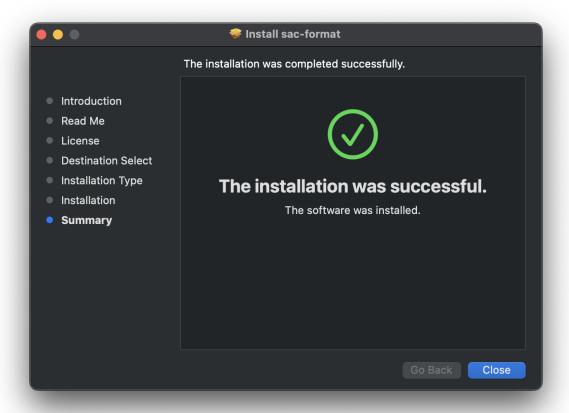


Figure 2.6 Windows Install Success

## 2.2 macOS

sac-format provides both command line and graphical installers on macOS.

## 2.2.1 Graphical

The graphical installer is sac-format.pkg and will walk you through the installation process. **NOTE**: the default installation location is /opt/sac-format.

By default, macOS will block the installer. To install, right-click on sac-format.pkg and select open. A warning will pop up that looks like:

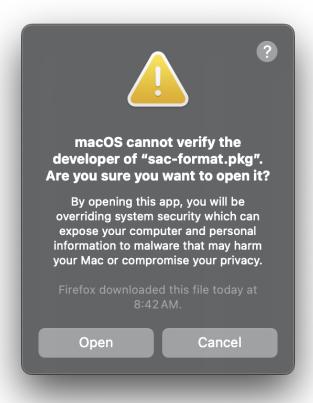


Figure 2.7 macOS Warning

Simply click "Open" and the installer will begin from the first screen:

2.2 macOS 11

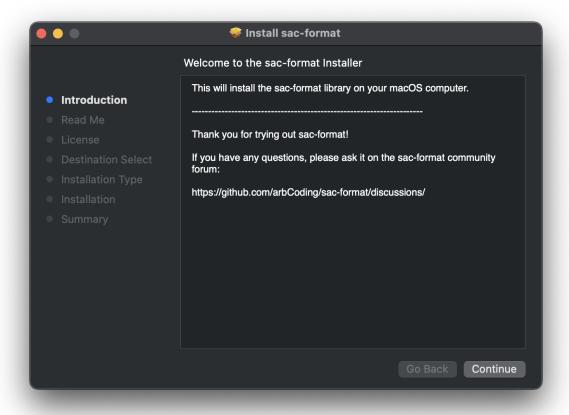


Figure 2.8 macOS Intro Install

Upon successful installation you will see:

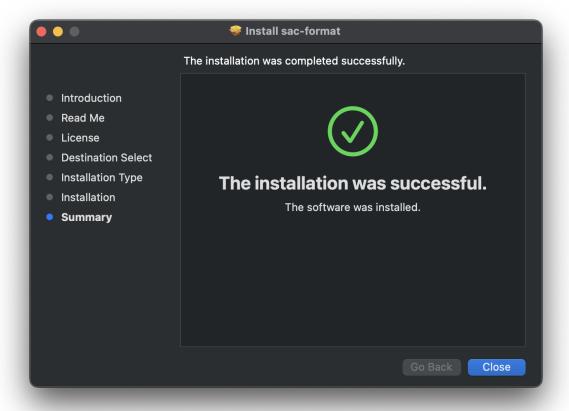


Figure 2.9 macOS Install Success

## 2.2.2 Command line

Command line installation is performed either using the self-extrating archive or by manually extracting the gzipped tar archive.

## 2.2.2.1 Self-Extracting Archive

```
# Check the sha512 checksum
sha512sum -c sac-format-<version>-Darwin-<arch>.sh.sha512
# Run self-extracting archive
bash sac-format-<version>-Darwin-<arch>.sh
```

Be sure to replace <version> and <arch> with the correct versions and architectures, respectively (for example:  $sac-format-0.4.0-Darwin-x86_64.sh$ ).

### 2.2.2.2 Gzipped Tar Archive

```
# Check the sha512 checksum
sha512sum -c sac-format-<version>-Darwin-<arch>.tar.gz.sha512
# Extract Gzipped tar archive
tar -xzf sac-format-<version>-Darwin-<arch>.tar.gz
```

2.3 Linux 13

## 2.3 Linux

sac-format provides four different command line installation methods on Linux.

Debian based distributions (for example: Debian, Ubuntu, Linux Mint) can use the Debian Archive.

RedHat based distributions (for example: RedHat, Fedora, CentOS) can use the RPM Archive.

All distributions can use the Self-Extracting Archive.

All distributions can use the Gzipped Tar Archive.

### 2.3.1 Debian Archive

```
# Check the sha512 checksum
sha512sum -c sac-format.deb.sha512
# Install using apt
sudo apt install ./sac-format.deb
```

### 2.3.2 RPM Archive

```
# Check the sha512 checksum
sha512sum -c sac-format.rpm.sha512
# Install using rpm
sudo rpm -i sac-format.rpm
```

## 2.3.3 Self-Extrating Archive

```
# Check the sha512 checksum
sha512sum -c sac-format-<version>-Linux-<arch>.sh.sha512
# Run self-extrating archive
bash sac-format-<version>-Linux-<arch>.sh
```

## 2.3.4 Gzipped Tar Archive

```
# Check the sha512 checksum
sha512sum -c sac-format-<version>-Linux-<arch>.tar.gz.sha512
# Extract gzipped tar archive
tar -xzf sac-format-<version>-Linux-<arch>.tar.gz
```

# **Chapter 3**

## Quickstart

To use link to the library (libsac-format.a on Linux/macOS, sac-format.lib on Windows) and include sac\_format.hpp.

## 3.1 Example Programs

### 3.1.1 list sac

 $list\_sac$  is a command line program that takes a single SAC-file as its input argument. It reads the SAC-file and outputs the header/footer information, as well as the true size of the data1 and data2 vectors.

## 3.2 CMake Integration

To integrate sac-format into your CMake project, add it to your CMakeLists.txt.

```
include(FetchContent)
set(FETCHCONTENT_UPDATES_DISCONNECTED TRUE)
FetchContent_Declare(sac-format
    GIT_REPOSITORY https://github.com/arbCoding/sac-format
    GIT_TAG vX.X.X)
FetchContent_MakeAvailable(sac-format)
include_directory(${sacformat_SOURCE_DIR/src})

project (your_project
    LANGUAGES CXX)

add_executable(your_executable
    your_sources
    sac_format.hpp)

target_link_libraries_library(your_executable
    PRIVATE sac-format)
```

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## 3.3 Example

## 3.3.1 Reading and Writing

```
#include <sac_format.hpp>
#include <filesystem>
#include <iostream>

using namespace sacfmt;
namespace fs = std::filesystem;

int main() {
    Trace tracel{};
    // Change header variable
    tracel.kstnm("Station1");
    fs::path file{"./test.SAC"};
    // Write
    tracel.write(file);
    // Read
    Trace trace2{file};
    // Confirm equality
    std::cout « (tracel == trace2) « '\n';
    fs::remove(file);
    return EXIT_SUCCESS;
}
```

# **Chapter 4**

# **Basic Documentation**

## 4.1 Trace class

The Trace class provides easy access to SAC-files in C++. Each SAC-file is a Trace; therefore, each Trace object is a seismic trace (seismogram).

## 4.1.1 Reading SAC

SAC-files can be read in by using the parameterized constructor with a std::filesystem::path ( <filesystem>) or a std::string( <string>) variable that corresponds to the location of the SAC-file.

#### For example:

```
#include <sac_foramt.hpp>
#include <filesystem>
int main() {
   std::filesystem::path my_file{"/home/user/data/ANMO.SAC"};
   sacfmt::Trace anmo{my_file};
   return EXIT_SUCCESS;
}
```

## 4.1.2 Writing SAC

Writing SAC files can be done using one of two write functions.

#### 4.1.2.1 v7 files

Use write (for example  ${\tt trace.write}$  (filename)).

### 4.1.2.2 v6 files

Use legacy\_write (for example trace.legacy\_write(filename)).

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## 4.1.3 Getters and Setters

Every SAC variable is accessed via getters and setters of the same name.

## 4.1.3.1 Example Getters

```
• trace.npts()
```

- trace.data1()
- trace.kstnm()

#### 4.1.3.2 Example Setters

```
• trace.kevnm("Event 1")
```

- trace.evla(32.89)
- trace.mag(3.21)

#### 4.1.3.3 Setter rules

Most of the setters are only constrained by the parameter type (single-precision, double-precision, boolean, etc.). **Some** setters are constrained by additional rules.

### Required for sanity

Rules here are required because the sac-format library assumes them (not strictly required by the SAC format standard). For instance, the geometric functions assume certain bounds on latitudes and longitudes.

sac-format automatically imposes these rules.

#### stla(input)

Limited to [-90, 90] degrees, input that is outside that range is reduced using circular symmetry.

#### stlo(input)

Limited to [-180, 180] degrees, input that is outside that range is reduced using circular symmetry.

#### evla(input)

Limited to [-90, 90] degrees, input that is outside that range is reduced using circular symmetry.

4.1 Trace class

#### evlo(input)

Limited to [-180, 180] degrees, input that is outside that range is reduced using circular symmetry.

#### Required for safety

Rules here are required by the SAC format standard. sac-format automatically imposes these rules to prevent the creation of corrupt sac-files.

#### npts(input)

Because npts defines the size of the data vectors, changing this value will change the size of data1 and data2\*. Increasing npts resizes the vectors ( std::vector::resize) by placing zeros at the **end** of the vectors. Reducing npts resizes the vectors down to the **first npts** values.

Therefore, care must be taken to maintain separate copies of data1 and data2\* if you plan to manipulate the original data after resizing.

\* data2 has npts only if it is legal, otherwise it is of size 0.

#### leven(input)

Changing the value of leven potentially changes the legality of data2, it also potentially affects the value of iftype.

If iftype>1, then leven must be true (evenly sampled data). Therefore, if leven is made false in this scenario (unevenly sampled data) then iftype becomes unset\*.

If changing leven makes data2 legal\*\*, then data2 is qresized to have npts zeros.

- \* The SAC format defines the unset values for all data-types. For integers (like iftype) it is the integer value -12345.
- \*\* If data2 was already legal, then it is unaffected.

### iftype(input)

Changing the value of iftype poentially changes the legality of data2, it also potentially affects the value of leven.

If leven is false, then if type must be either 1 or unset. Therefore, changing if type to have a value >1 requires that leven becomes true (evenly sampled data).

If changing iftype makes data2 legal\*, then data2 is resized to have npts zeros.

\* If data2 was already legal, then it is unaffected.

## data1(input)

If the size of data1 is changed, then npts must change to reflect the new size. If data2 is legal, this adjusts its size to match as well.

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#### data2(input)

If the size of data2 is changed to be larger than 0 and it is illegal, it is made legal by setting iftype (2) (spectral-data).

When the size of data2 changes, npts is updated to the new size and data1 is resized to match.

If data2 is made illegal, its size is reduced to 0 while npts and data1 are unaffected.

#### 4.1.4 Convenience Methods

#### 4.1.4.1 calc geometry

```
Calculate gcarc, dist, az, and baz assuming spherical Earth. trace.stla(45.3); trace.stla(34.5); trace.evla(18.5); trace.evlo(-34); trace.evlo(-34); trace.calc_geometry(); std::cout « "GcArc: " « trace.gcarc() « '\n'; std::cout « "Dist: " « trace.dist() « '\n'; std::cout « "Azimuth: " « trace.az() « '\n'; std::cout « "BAzimuth: " « trace.baz() « '\n';
```

### 4.1.4.2 frequency

```
Calculate frequency from delta.
double frequency(trace.frequency());
```

#### 4.1.4.3 date

```
Return std::string formatted as YYYY-JJJ from nzyear and nzjday. std::string date{trace.date()};
```

#### 4.1.4.4 time

```
Return std::string formatted as HH:MM:SS.xxx from nzhour, nzmin, nzsec, and nzmsec. std::string time{trace.time()};
```

## 4.1.5 Exceptions

sac-format throws exceptions of type sacfmt::io\_error (inherits std::exception) in the event of a
failure to read/write a SAC-file.

## 4.2 Convenience Functions

## 4.2.1 degrees\_to\_radians

```
Convert decimal degrees to radians.
```

double radians{sacfmt::degrees\_to\_radians(degrees)};

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#### 4.2.2 radians\_to\_degrees

```
Convert radians to decimal degrees.
```

```
double degrees{sacfmt::radians_to_degrees(radians)};
```

#### 4.2.3 gcarc

Calculate great-circle arc distance (spherical planet).

```
double gcarc{sacfmt::gcarc(latitude1, longitude1, latitude2, longitude2)};
```

#### 4.2.4 azimuth

Calculate azimuth between two points (spherical planet).

```
double azimuth{sacfmt::azimuth(latitude2, longitude2, latitude1, longitude1)};
double back_azimuth{sacfmt::azimuth(latitude1, longitude1, latitude2, longitude2)};
```

#### 4.2.5 limit\_360

Take arbitrary value of degrees and unwrap to [0, 360].

```
double degrees_limited{sacfmt::limit_360(degrees)};
```

#### 4.2.6 limit 180

Take arbitrary value of degrees and unwrap to [-180, 180]. Useful for longitude.

```
double degrees_limited{sacfmt::limit_180(degrees)};
```

#### 4.2.7 limit\_90

Take arbitrary value of degrees and unwrap to [-90, 90]. Useful for latitude.

```
double degrees_limited{sacfmt::limit_90(degrees)};
```

#### 4.3 Low-Level I/O

Low-level I/O functions are discussed below.

#### 4.3.1 Binary conversion

#### 4.3.1.1 int\_to\_binary and binary\_to\_int

Conversion pair for binary representation of integer values.

```
const int input{10};
// sacfmt::word_one is alias for std::bitset<32> (one word)
sacfmt::word_one binary{sacfmt::int_to_binary(input)};
const int output{sacfmt::binary_to_int(binary)};
std::cout « (input == output) « '\n';
```

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#### 4.3.1.2 float\_to\_binary and binary\_to\_float

Conversion pair for binary representation of floating-point values.

```
const float input{5F};
sacfmt::word_one binary{sacfmt::float_to_binary(input)};
const float output{sacfmt::binary_to_float(binary)};
std::cout « (input == output) « '\n';
```

#### 4.3.1.3 double\_to\_binary and binary\_to\_double

Conversion pair for binary representation of double-precision values.

```
const double input{le5};
// sacfmt::word_two is alias for std::bitset<64> (two words)
sacfmt::word_two binary{sacfmt::double_to_binary(input)};
const double output{sacfmt::binary_to_double(binary)};
std::cout « (input == output) « '\n';
```

#### 4.3.1.4 string\_to\_binary and binary\_to\_string

Conversion pair for binary representation of two-word (regular) string values.

```
const std::string input{"NmlStrng"};
sacfmt::word_two binary{sacfmt::string_to_binary(input)};
const std::string output{sacfmt::binary_to_string(binary)};
std::cout « (input == output) « '\n';
```

#### 4.3.1.5 long\_string\_to\_binary and binary\_to\_long\_string

Conversion pair for binary representation of four-word (only kstnm string values.

```
const std::string input{"The Long String");
// sacfmt::word_four is alias for std::bitset<128> (four words)
sacfmt::word_four binary{sacfmt::long_string_to_binary(input));
const std::string output{sacfmt::binary_to_long_string(binary)};
std::cout « (input == output) « '\n';
```

#### 4.3.2 Reading/Writing

**NOTE** that care must be taken when using them to ensure that safe input is provided; the Trace class ensures safe I/O, low-level I/O functions do not necessarily ensure safety.

#### 4.3.2.1 read\_word, read\_two\_words, read\_four\_words, and read\_data

Functions to read one-, two-, and four-word variables (depending on the header) and an arbitrary amount of binary data (exclusive to data1 and data2).

#### 4.3.2.2 convert\_to\_word, convert\_to\_words, and bool\_to\_word

Takes objects and converts them into std::vector<char> (convert\_to\_word and bool\_to\_word) or std::array<char, N> (convert\_to\_words, N = # of words).

#### 4.3.2.3 write\_words

Writes input words (as std::vector<char>) to a binary SAC-file.

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#### 4.3.3 Utility

#### 4.3.3.1 concat\_words

Concatenates words taking into account the system endianness.

#### 4.3.3.2 bits\_string and string\_bits

Template function that performs conversion of binary strings of arbitrary length to an arbitrary number of words.

#### 4.3.3.3 remove\_leading\_spaces and remove\_trailing\_spaces

Remove leading and trailing blank spaces from strings assuming ASCII convention (space character is integer 32, below that value are control characters that also appear as blank spaces).

#### 4.3.3.4 string cleaning

Ensures string does not contain an internal termination character (\0) and removes it if present, then removes blank spaces.

#### 4.3.3.5 prep\_string

Performs string\_cleaning followed by string truncation/padding to the necessary length.

#### 4.3.3.6 equal\_within\_tolerance

Floating-point/double-precision equality within a provided tolerance (default is  $f_{eps}$ , defined in  $sac_{format}$ .  $\leftrightarrow$  hpp).

#### 4.4 Testing

Unit- and integration-tests (using Catch2) are contained in the tests folder. They include:

- binary\_conversions.cpp confirms that conversion to/from binary functions correctly.
- constants.cpp confirms constant values (e.g. SAC magic numbers) are correct.
- datetime.cpp confirms date and time functions work correctly.
- geometry.cpp confirms that geometric calculations are correct (azimuth, greater-circle arc-length, etc.).
- trace.cpp confirms that the trace class is functioning correctly (I/O, exceptions, bounded headers, etc.).

The tests compile to the following programs:

- basic\_tests (binary conversions and constants).
- datetime\_tests
- geometry\_tests
- trace\_tests

Test coverage details are visible on CodeCov.io and Codacy.com. All tests can be locally-run to ensure full functionality and compliance.

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#### 4.4.1 Errors only

By default each test prints out a pass summary, without details unless an error is encountered.

#### 4.4.2 Full output

By passing the --success flag you can see the full results of all tests.

#### 4.4.3 Compact output

The full output is verbose, using the compact reporter will condense the test results (--reporter=compact).

#### 4.4.4 Additional options

To see additional options, run -?.

#### 4.4.5 Using ctest

If you have CMake install, you can run the tests using ctest.

## 4.5 Benchmarking

benchmark.cpp contains the benchmarks. Running it locally will provide information on how long each function takes; benchmarks start with the low-level I/O function and build up to Trace reading, writing, and equality comparison.

To view available optional flags, run becnhmark -?.

#### 4.6 Source File List

#### 4.6.1 Core

The two core files are split in the standard interface (hpp)/implementation (cpp) format.

#### 4.6.1.1 sac\_format.hpp

Interface: function declarations and constants.

#### 4.6.1.2 sac\_format.cpp

Implementation: function details.

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## 4.6.2 Testing and Benchmarking

#### 4.6.2.1 util.hpp

Utility functions and constants exclusive to testing and benchmarking. Not split into interface/implementation.

- 4.6.2.2 utests.cpp
- 4.6.2.3 benchmark.cpp
- 4.6.3 Example programs
- 4.6.3.1 list\_sac.cpp

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## **Chapter 5**

## **SAC-file format**

The official and up-to-date documentation for the SAC-file format is available from the EarthScope Consortium (formerly IRIS/UNAVCO) here. The following subsections constitute my notes on the format. Below is a quick guide: all credit for the creation of, and documentation for, the SAC file-format belongs to its developers and maintainers (details here).

## 5.1 Floating-point (39)

32-bit (1 word, 4 bytes)

#### **5.1.1** depmin

Minimum value of the dependent variable (displacement/velocity/acceleration/volts/counts).

#### 5.1.2 depmen

Mean value of the dependent variable.

#### **5.1.3** depmax

Maximum value of the dependent variable.

#### 5.1.4 odelta

Modified (observational) value of delta.

#### 5.1.5 resp(0-9)

Instrument response parameters (poles, zeros, and a constant).

Not used by SAC they're free for other purposes.

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#### 5.1.6 stel

Station elevation in meters above sea level (*m.a.s.l*).

Not used by SAC free for other purposes.

#### 5.1.7 stdp

Station depth in meters below surface (borehole/buried vault).

Not used by SAC free for other purposes.

#### 5.1.8 evel

Event elevation m.a.s.l.

Not used by SAC free for other purposes.

#### 5.1.9 evdp

Event depth in kilometers (previously meters) below surface.

#### 5.1.10 mag

Event magnitude.

#### 5.1.11 user(0-9)

Storage for user-defined values.

#### 5.1.12 dist

Station-Event distance in kilometers.

#### 5.1.13 az

Azimuth (Event  $\rightarrow$  Station), decimal degrees from North.

#### 5.1.14 baz

Back-azimuth (Station  $\rightarrow$  Event), decimal degrees from North.

#### 5.1.15 gcarc

Station-Event great circle arc-length, decimal degrees.

#### 5.1.16 cmpaz

Instrument measurement azimuth, decimal degrees from North.

5.2 Double (22) 29

Value	Direction	
0°	North	
90°	East	
180°	South	
270°	West	
Other	1/2/3	

#### 5.1.17 cmpinc

Instrument measurement incident angle, decimal degrees from upward vertical (incident 0° = dip -90°).

Value	Direction	
0°	Up	
90°	Horizontal	
180°	Down	
270°	Horizontal	

**NOTE:** SEED/MINISEED use dip angle, decimal degrees down from horizontal (dip 0° = incident 90°).

#### 5.1.18 xminimum

Spectral-only equivalent of depmin (  $f_0$  or  $\omega_0$ ).

#### 5.1.19 xmaximum

Spectral-only equivalent of depmax (  $f_{max}$  or  $\omega_{max}$ ).

#### 5.1.20 yminimum

Spectral-only equivalent of b.

#### 5.1.21 ymaximum

Spectral-only equivalent of e.

## 5.2 Double (22)

64-bit (2 words, 8 bytes)

**NOTE:** in the header section these are floats; they're doubles in the footer section of v7 SAC-files. In memory they're stored as doubles regardless of the SAC-file version.

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#### 5.2.1 delta

Increment between evenly spaced samples ( $\Delta t$  for timeseries,  $\Delta f$  or  $\Delta \omega$  for spectra).

#### 5.2.2 b

First value (*begin*) of independent variable ( $t_0$ ).

#### 5.2.3 e

Final value (*end*) of independent variable ( $t_{max}$ ).

#### 5.2.4 o

Event *origin* time, in seconds relative to the reference time.

#### 5.2.5 a

Event first arrival time, in seconds relative to the reference time.

#### 5.2.6 t(0-9)

User defined time values, in seconds relative to the reference time.

#### 5.2.7 f

Event end (fini) time, in seconds relative to the reference time.

#### 5.2.8 stla

Station latitude in decimal degrees, N/S - positive/negative.

sac-format automatically enforces  $stla \in [-90, 90]$ .

#### 5.2.9 stlo

Station longitude in decimal degrees, E/W - positive/negative.

sac-format automatically enforces  $stlo \in [-180, 180]$ .

5.3 Integer (26) 31

#### 5.2.10 evla

Event latitude in decimal degrees, N/S - positive/negative. sac-format automatically enforces  $evla \in [-90, 90]$ .

#### 5.2.11 evlo

Event longitude in decimal degrees, E/W - positive/negative. sac-format automatically enforces  $evlo \in [-180, 180]$ .

#### 5.2.12 sb

Original (saved) b value.

#### 5.2.13 sdelta

Original (saved) delta value.

## 5.3 Integer (26)

32-bit (1 word, 4 bytes)

#### 5.3.1 nzyear

Reference time GMT year.

#### 5.3.2 nzjday

Reference time GMT day-of-year (often called Julian Date) (1-366).

#### **5.3.3** nzhour

Reference time GMT hour (0-23).

#### 5.3.4 nzmin

Reference time GMT minute (0-59).

#### 5.3.5 nzsec

Reference time GMT second (0-59).

#### 5.3.6 nzmsec

Reference time GMT Millisecond (0–999).

#### 5.3.7 nvhdr

SAC-file version.

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Version	Description		
v7	Footer (2020+, sac 102.0+)		
v6	No footer (pre-2020, sac 101.6a-)		

#### 5.3.8 norid

Origin ID.

#### 5.3.9 nevid

Event ID.

#### 5.3.10 npts

Number of points in data.

#### 5.3.11 nsnpts

Original (saved) npts.

#### 5.3.12 nwfid

Waveform ID.

#### 5.3.13 nxsize

Spectral-only equivalent of npts (length of spectrum).

#### 5.3.14 nysize

Spectral-only, width of spectrum.

## 5.3.15 iftype

File type.

Value	Туре	Description	
01	ITIME	Time-series	
02	IRLIM	Spectral (real/imaginary)	
03	IAMPH	Spectral (amplitude/phase)	
04	IXY	General XY file	
??	IXYZ*	General XYZ file	

5.3 Integer (26) 33

\*Value not listed in the standard.

#### 5.3.16 idep

Dependent variable type.

Value	Туре	Description	
05	IUNKN	Unknown	
06	IDISP	Displacement (nm)	
07	IVEL	Velocity $\left(\frac{nm}{s}\right)$	
08	IACC	Acceleration $\left(\frac{\mathrm{nm}}{\mathrm{s}^2}\right)$	
50	IVOLTS	Velocity (volts)	

#### 5.3.17 iztype

Reference time equivalent.

Value	Type	Description	
05	IUNKN	Unknown	
09	IB	Recording start time	
10	IDAY	Midnight reference GMT day	
11	Ю	Event origin time	
12	IA	First arrival time	
13-22	IT(0-9)	User defined time (t) pick	

#### 5.3.18 iinst

Recording instrument type.

Not used by SAC: free for other purposes.

#### 5.3.19 istreg

Station geographic region.

Not used by SAC: free for other purposes.

#### 5.3.20 ievreg

Event geographic region.

Not used by SAC: free for other purposes.

#### 5.3.21 ievtyp

Event type.

SAC-file format

Value	Type	Description	
05	IUNKN	Unknown	
11	Ю	Other source of known origin	
37	INUCL	Nuclear	
38	IPREN	Nuclear pre-shot	
39	IPOSTN	Nuclear post-shot	
40	IQUAKE	Earthquake	
41	IPREQ	Foreshock	
42	IPOSTQ	Aftershock	
43	ICHEM	Chemical explosion	
44	IOTHER	Other	
72	IQB	Quarry/mine blast: confirmed by quarry/mine	
73	IQB1	Quarry/mine blast: designed shot info-ripple fired	
74	IQB2	Quarry/mine blast: observed shot info-ripple fired	
75	IQBX	Quarry/mine blast: single shot	
76	IQMT	Quarry/mining induced events: tremor and rockbursts	
77	IEQ	Earthquake	
78	IEQ1	Earthquake in a swarm or in an aftershock sequence	
79	IEQ2	Felt earthquake	
80	IME	Marine explosion	
81	IEX	Other explosion	
82	INU	Nuclear explosion	
83	INC	Nuclear cavity collapse	
85	IL	Local event of unknown origin	
86	IR	Region event of unknown origin	
87	IT	Teleseismic event of unknown origin	
88	IU	Undetermined/conflicting information	

## 5.3.22 iqual

Quality of data.

Value	Туре	Description	
44	IOTHER	Other	
45	IGOOD	Good	
46	IGLCH	Glitches	
47	IDROP	Dropouts	
48	ILOWSN	Low signal-to-noise ratio	

Not used by SAC: free for other purposes.

## 5.3.23 isynth

Synthetic data flag.

Value	ue Type Descriptio	
49	IRLDATA	Real data
XX	*	Synthetic

5.3 Integer (26) 35

\*Values and types not listed in the standard.

## 5.3.24 imagtyp

Magnitude type.

Value	Type	Description	
52	IMB	Body-wave magnitude ( $M_b$ )	
53	IMS	Surface-wave magnitude ( $M_s$ )	
54	IML	Local magnitude ( $M_l$ )	
55	IMW	Moment magnitude ( $M_w$ )	
56	IMD	Duration magnitude ( $M_d$ )	
57	IMX	User-defined magnitude ( $M_x$ )	

## 5.3.25 imagsrc

Source of magnitude information.

Value	Туре	Description	
58	INEIC	National Earthquake Information Center	
61	IPDE	Preliminary Determination of Epicenter	
62	IISC	Internation Seismological Centre	
63	IREB	Reviewed Event Bulletin	
64	IUSGS	U.S. Geological Survey	
65	IBRK	UC Berkeley	
66	ICALTECH	California Institute of Technology	
67	ILLNL	Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory	
68	IEVLOC	Event location (computer program)	
69	IJSOP	Joint Seismic Observation Program	
70	IUSER	The user	
71	IUNKNOWN	Unknown	

## 5.3.26 ibody

Body/spheroid definition used to calculate distances.

Value	Туре	Name	Semi-major axis (a [m])	Inverse Flattening (f)
-12345	UNDEF	Earth ( <i>Historic</i> )	6378160.0	0.00335293
98	ISUN	Sun	696000000.0	8.189e-6
99	IMERCURY	Mercury	2439700.0	0.0
100	IVENUS	Venus	6051800.0	0.0
101	IEARTH	Earth (WGS84)	6378137.0	0.0033528106647474805
102	IMOON	Moon	1737400.0	0.0
103	IMARS	Mars	3396190.0	0.005886007555525457

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## 5.4 Boolean (4)

32-bit (1 word, 4 bytes) in-file/8-bit (1 byte) in-memory

#### 5.4.1 leven

**REQUIRED** Evenly-spaced data flag.

If true, then data is evenly spaced.

#### 5.4.2 Ipspol

Station polarity flag.

If true, then station has positive-polarity; it follows the left-hand convention (for example, North-East-Up [NEZ]).

#### **5.4.3** lovrok

File overwrite flag.

If true, then it's okay to overwrite the file.

#### 5.4.4 **Icalda**

Calculate geometry flag.

If true, then calculate dist, az, baz, and gcarc from stla, stlo, evla, and evlo.

## 5.5 String (23)

32/64-bit (2/4 words, 8/16 bytes, 8/16 characters)

#### 5.5.1 kstnm

Station name.

#### 5.5.2 kevnm

Event name.

\*This is the only four word (16 character) string.

5.6 Data (2) 37

#### 5.5.3 khole

Nuclear: Hole identifier.

Other: Location identifier (LOCID).

#### 5.5.4 ko

Text for ○.

#### 5.5.5 ka

Text for a.

#### 5.5.6 kt(0-9)

Text for t (0--9).

#### 5.5.7 kf

Text for f.

### 5.5.8 kuser(0-2)

Text for the first three of user (0--9).

#### 5.5.9 kdatrd

Date the data was read onto a computer.

#### 5.5.10 kinst

Text for iinst.

## 5.6 Data (2)

32-bit (2 words, 8 bytes) in-file/64-bit (4 words, 16 bytes) in-memory

Stored as floating-point (32-bit) values in SAC-files; stored as double-precision in memory.

#### 5.6.1 data1

The first data vector—\*\*always\*\* present in a SAC-file and begins at word 158.

#### 5.6.2 data2

The second data vector—\*\*conditionally\*\* present and begins after data1.

**Required** if leven is false, or if iftype is spectral/XY/XYZ.

SAC-file format

# **Chapter 6**

## **Build Instructions**

## 6.1 Dependencies

#### 6.1.1 Automatic (CMake)

Xoshiro-cpp v1.12.0 (testing and benchmarking).

#### 6.1.2 Manual

Catch2 v3.4.0 (testing and benchmarking). Note that this is automatic on Windows (not Linux nor macOS).

## 6.2 Building

Building is as easy as cloning the repository, running CMake for your preferred build tool, and then building.

#### 6.2.1 GCC

git clone https://github.com/arbCoding/sac-format.git
cmake --preset gcc-hard-release
cmake --build ./build/release/gcc

#### 6.2.2 Clang

git clone https://github.com/arbCoding/sac-format.git
cmake --preset clang-hard-release
cmake --build ./build/release/clang

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# **Chapter 7**

# **Namespace Index**

## 7.1 Namespace List

Here is a list of all namespaces with brief descriptions:

sactmt	
Sac-format namespace	. 47
sacfmt::bitset_type	
Ritset type-safety namespace	99

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# **Chapter 8**

# **Hierarchical Index**

## 8.1 Class Hierarchy

This inheritance list is sorted roughly, but not completely, alphabetically:

std::exception	
sacfmt::io_error	1
sacfmt::read_spec	3
sacfmt::Trace	4
sacfmt::bitset_type::uint< nbits >	8
sacfmt::bitset_type::uint< 2 *bits_per_byte >	8
sacfmt::bitset_type::uint< 4 *bits_per_byte >	
sacfmt::bitset_type::uint< bits_per_byte >	9
sacfmt::bitset_type::uint< bytes *bits_per_byte >	0
sacfmt::word pair $\langle T \rangle$	0

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# **Chapter 9**

# **Class Index**

## 9.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

sacimumo_error	
Class for generic I/O exceptions	01
sacfmt::read_spec	
Struct that specifies parameters for reading	03
sacfmt::Trace	
The Trace class	04
sacfmt::bitset_type::uint< nbits >	
Ensure type-safety for conversions between floats/doubles and bitsets	88
sacfmt::bitset_type::uint< 2 *bits_per_byte >	
Two-word type-safety (strings)	88
sacfmt::bitset_type::uint< 4 *bits_per_byte >	
Four-word type-safety (kEvNm)	89
sacfmt::bitset_type::uint< bits_per_byte >	
Single-word type-safety (non-strings)	89
sacfmt::bitset_type::uint< bytes *bits_per_byte >	90
sacfmt::word_pair< T >	
Struct containing a pair of words	90

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## **Chapter 10**

# **Namespace Documentation**

## 10.1 sacfmt Namespace Reference

sac-format namespace

#### **Namespaces**

namespace bitset\_type
 bitset type-safety namespace.

#### Classes

· class io\_error

Class for generic I/O exceptions.

• struct read\_spec

Struct that specifies parameters for reading.

class Trace

The Trace class.

• struct word\_pair

Struct containing a pair of words.

### **Typedefs**

```
using char_bit = std::bitset< bits_per_byte >
```

One binary character (useful for building strings).

using word\_one = std::bitset< binary\_word\_size >

One binary word (useful for non-strings).

using word\_two = std::bitset< static\_cast< size\_t >(2) \*binary\_word\_size >

Two binary words (useful for strings).

using word\_four = std::bitset< static\_cast< size\_t >(4) \*binary\_word\_size >
 Four binary words (kEvNm only).

template < class T >

using unsigned\_int = typename bitset\_type::uint< sizeof(T) \*bits\_per\_byte >::type

Convert variable to unsigned-integer using type-safe conversions.

#### **Enumerations**

```
• enum class name {
 depmin, depmax, odelta, resp0,
 resp1, resp2, resp3, resp4,
 resp5, resp6, resp7, resp8,
 resp9, stel, stdp, evel,
 evdp, mag, user0, user1,
 user2, user3, user4, user5,
 user6, user7, user8, user9,
 dist, az, baz, gcarc,
 depmen, cmpaz, cmpinc, xminimum,
 xmaximum, yminimum, ymaximum, delta,
 b,e,o,a,
 t0, t1, t2, t3,
 t4, t5, t6, t7,
 t8, t9, f, stla,
 stlo, evla, evlo, sb,
 sdelta, nzyear, nzjday, nzhour,
 nzmin, nzsec, nzmsec, nvhdr,
 norid, nevid, npts, nsnpts,
 nwfid, nxsize, nysize, iftype,
 idep, iztype, iinst, istreg,
 ievreg, ievtyp, iqual, isynth,
 imagtyp, imagsrc, ibody, leven,
 Ipspol, lovrok, lcalda, kstnm,
 kevnm, khole, ko, ka,
 kt0 . kt1 . kt2 . kt3 .
 kt4, kt5, kt6, kt7,
 kt8, kt9, kf, kuser0,
 kuser1, kuser2, kcmpnm, knetwk,
 kdatrd, kinst, data1, data2}
```

Enumeration of all SAC fields.

#### **Functions**

- std::streamoff word\_position (const size\_t word\_number) noexcept
  - Calculates position of word in SAC-file.
- · word\_one uint\_to\_binary (uint num) noexcept

Convert unsigned integer to 32-bit (one word) binary bitset.

· word\_one int\_to\_binary (int num) noexcept

Convert integer to 32-bit (one word) binary bitset.

· int binary to int (word one bin) noexcept

Convert 32-bit (one word) binary bitset to integer.

• word\_one float\_to\_binary (const float num) noexcept

Convert floating-point value to 32-bit (one word) binary bitset.

float binary\_to\_float (const word\_one &bin) noexcept

Convert 32-bit (one word) binary bitset to a floating-point value.

· word two double to binary (const double num) noexcept

Convert double-precision value to 64-bit (two words) binary bitset.

· double binary\_to\_double (const word\_two &bin) noexcept

Convert 64-bit (two words) binary bitset to double-precision value.

void remove\_leading\_spaces (std::string \*str) noexcept

Remove all leading spaces from a string.

void remove\_trailing\_spaces (std::string \*str) noexcept

Remove all trailing spaces from a string.

std::string string cleaning (const std::string &str) noexcept

Remove leading/trailing spaces and control characters from a string.

void prep\_string (std::string \*str, const size\_t str\_size) noexcept

Cleans string and then truncates/pads as necessary.

template<typename T >

void string\_bits (T \*bits, const std::string &str, const size\_t str\_size) noexcept

Template function to convert string into binary bitset.

• template<typename T >

std::string bits\_string (const T &bits, const size\_t num\_words) noexcept

Template function to convert binary bitset to string.

word\_two string\_to\_binary (std::string str) noexcept

Convert string to a 64-bit (two word) binary bitset.

std::string binary\_to\_string (const word\_two &str) noexcept

Convert a 64-bit (two word) binary bitset to a string.

word\_four long\_string\_to\_binary (std::string str) noexcept

Convert a string to a 128-bit (four word) binary bitset.

• std::string binary\_to\_long\_string (const word\_four &str) noexcept

Convert a 128-bit (four word) binary bitset to a string.

word\_one bool\_to\_binary (const bool flag) noexcept

Convert a boolean to a 32-bit (one word) binary bitset.

bool binary to bool (const word one &flag) noexcept

Convert a 32-bit (one word) binary bitset to a boolean.

word two concat words (const word pair< word one > &pair words) noexcept

Concatenate two word\_one binary strings into a single word\_two string.

word four concat words (const word pair< word two > &pair words) noexcept

Concatenate two word two binary strings into a single word four string.

• bool nwords\_after\_current (std::ifstream \*sac, const read\_spec &spec) noexcept

Determine if the SAC-file has enough remaining data to read the requested amount of data.

void safe\_to\_read\_header (std::ifstream \*sac)

Determine if the SAC-file is large enough to contain a complete header.

void safe\_to\_read\_footer (std::ifstream \*sac)

Determines if the SAC-file has enough space remaining to contain a complete footer.

void safe\_to\_read\_data (std::ifstream \*sac, const size\_t n\_words, const bool data2)

Determines if the SAC-file has enough space remaining to contain a complete data vector.

void safe\_to\_finish\_reading (std::ifstream \*sac)

Determines if the SAC-file is finished.

word\_one read\_word (std::ifstream \*sac)

Read one word (32 bits, useful for non-strings) from a binary SAC-File.

word two read two words (std::ifstream \*sac)

Read two words (64 bits, useful for most strings) from a binary SAC-file.

word\_four read\_four\_words (std::ifstream \*sac)

Read four words (128 bits, kEvNm only) from a binary SAC-file.

std::vector< double > read data (std::ifstream \*sac, const read spec &spec)

Reader arbitrary number of words (useful for vectors) from a binary SAC-file.

void write\_words (std::ofstream \*sac\_file, const std::vector< char > &input)

Write arbitrary number of words (useful for vectors) to a binary SAC-file.

• template<typename T >

std::vector< char > convert to word (const T input) noexcept

Template function to convert input value into a std::vector<char> for writing.

std::vector< char > convert\_to\_word (const double input) noexcept

Convert double value into a std::vector<char> for writing.

• template<size\_t N>

std::array< char, N > convert to words (const std::string &str, int n words) noexcept

Template function to convert input string value into a std::array<char> for writing.

std::vector< char > bool\_to\_word (const bool flag) noexcept

Convert boolean to a word for writing.

bool equal\_within\_tolerance (const std::vector< double > &vector1, const std::vector< double > &vector2, const double tolerance) noexcept

Check if two std::vector<double> are equal within a tolerance limit.

· bool equal\_within\_tolerance (const double val1, const double val2, const double tolerance) noexcept

Check if two double values are equal within a tolerance limit.

· double degrees\_to\_radians (const double degrees) noexcept

Convert decimal degrees to radians.

• double radians\_to\_degrees (const double radians) noexcept

Convert radians to decimal degrees.

double gcarc (const double latitude1, const double longitude1, const double latitude2, const double longitude2) noexcept

Calculate great circle arc distance in decimal degrees between two points.

• double azimuth (const double latitude1, const double longitude1, const double latitude2, const double longitude2) noexcept

Calculate azimuth between two points.

• double limit\_360 (const double degrees) noexcept

Takes a decimal degree value and constrains it to full circle using symmetry.

· double limit\_180 (const double degrees) noexcept

Takes a decimal degree value and constrains it to a half circle using symmetry.

double limit\_90 (const double degrees) noexcept

Takes a decimal degree value and constrains it to a quarter circle using symmetry.

- template std::vector< char > convert to word (const float input) noexcept
- template std::vector< char > convert to word (const int x) noexcept
- template std::array< char, word\_length > convert\_to\_words (const std::string &str, const int n\_words)
  noexcept

#### **Variables**

constexpr size\_t word\_length {4}

Size (bytes) of fundamental data-chunk.

constexpr size\_t bits\_per\_byte {8}

Size (bits) of binary character.

constexpr size\_t binary\_word\_size {word\_length \* bits\_per\_byte}

Size (bits) of funamental data-chunk.

• constexpr std::streamoff data\_word {158}

First word of (first) data-section (stream offset).

constexpr int unset int {-12345}

Integer unset value (SAC Magic).

constexpr float unset\_float {-12345.0F}

Float-point unset value (SAC Magic).

constexpr double unset double {-12345.0}

Double-precision unset value (SAC Magic).

constexpr bool unset\_bool {false}

Boolean unset value (SAC Magic).

const std::string unset\_word {"-12345"}

String unset value (SAC Magic).

constexpr float f\_eps {2.75e-6F}

Accuracy precision expected of SAC floating-point values.

constexpr int ascii\_space {32}

ASCII-code of 'space' character.

constexpr int num\_float {39}

Number of float-poing header values in SAC format.

constexpr int num\_double {22}

Number of double-precision header values in SAC format.

• constexpr int num\_int {26}

Number of integer header values in SAC format.

• constexpr int num\_bool {4}

Number of boolean header values in SAC format.

constexpr int num\_string {23}

Number of string header values in SAC format.

• constexpr int num\_data {2}

Number of data arrays in SAC format.

constexpr int num\_footer {22}

Number of double-precision footer values in SAC format (version 7).

constexpr int modern\_hdr\_version {7}

nVHdr value for newest SAC format (2020+).

constexpr int old\_hdr\_version {6}

nVHdr value for historic SAC format (pre-2020).

constexpr int common\_skip\_num {7}

Extremely common number of 'internal use' headers in SAC format.

• constexpr double rad\_per\_deg {std::numbers::pi\_v<double> / 180.0}

Radians per degree.

constexpr double deg\_per\_rad {1.0 / rad\_per\_deg}

Degrees per radian.

constexpr double circle\_deg {360.0}

Degrees in a circle.

• constexpr double earth\_radius {6378.14}

Average radius of Earth (kilometers).

const std::unordered\_map< name, const size\_t > sac\_map

Lookup table for variable locations.

### 10.1.1 Detailed Description

sac-format namespace

#### 10.1.2 Typedef Documentation

#### 10.1.2.1 char\_bit

```
using sacfmt::char_bit = typedef std::bitset<bits_per_byte>
```

One binary character (useful for building strings).

#### 10.1.2.2 unsigned\_int

```
\label{template} $$ $$ template < class T > $$ using sacfmt::unsigned_int = typedef typename bitset_type::uint < size of (T) * bits_per_byte > $$$ :: type $$
```

Convert variable to unsigned-integer using type-safe conversions.

#### 10.1.2.3 word\_four

```
using sacfmt::word_four = typedef std::bitset<static_cast<size_t>(4) * binary_word_size>
```

Four binary words (kEvNm only).

#### 10.1.2.4 word\_one

```
using sacfmt::word_one = typedef std::bitset<binary_word_size>
```

One binary word (useful for non-strings).

#### 10.1.2.5 word\_two

```
using sacfmt::word_two = typedef std::bitset<static_cast<size_t>(2) * binary_word_size>
```

Two binary words (useful for strings).

#### 10.1.3 Enumeration Type Documentation

#### 10.1.3.1 name

```
enum class sacfmt::name [strong]
```

Enumeration of all SAC fields.

Additional information can be found at SAC-file format

depmin	Float
	Minimum value of the dependent variable (displacement/velocity/acceleration/volts/counts).
depmax	Float
	Maximum value of the dependent variable.
odelta	Float
	Modified (observational) value of delta.
resp0	Float
	Instrument response parameter (poles, zeros, and a constant).
	Not used by SAC - free for other purposes.
resp1	See resp0.
resp2	See resp0.

resp3	See resp0.
resp4	See resp0.
resp5	See resp0.
resp6	See resp0.
resp7	See resp0.
resp8	See resp0.
resp9	See resp0.
stel	Float
	Station elevation in meters above sea level (m.a.s.l.).
	Not used by SAC - free for other purposes.
stdp	Float
	Station depth in meters below surface (borehole/buried vault).
	Not used by SAC - free for other purposes.
evel	Float
	Event elevation m.a.s.l.  Not used by SAC - free for other purposes.
evdp	Float
evup	Event depth in kilometers (previous meters) below surface.
mag	Float
mag	Event magnitude.
user0	Float
	Storage for user-defined values.
user1	See user0.
user2	See user0.
user3	See user0.
user4	See user0.
user5	See user0.
user6	See user0.
user7	See user0.
user8	See user0.
user9	See user0.
dist	Float
	Station-Event distance in kilometers.
az	Float
L	Azimuth $Station  o Event$ in decimal degrees from North.
baz	Float  Back-Azimuth $Event \rightarrow Station$ in decimal degrees from North.
2222	7
gcarc	Float Great-circle arc-distance between station and event in decimal degrees.
depmen	Float
чершен	Mean value of dependent variable.
cmpaz	Float
3	Instrument measurement azimuth, decimal degrees from North.
cmpinc	Float
-	Instrument measurement incidence angle, decimal degrees from upward vertical (incident 0 =
	dip -90).
	Note: SEED/MINISEED use dip angle, decimal degrees from horizontal (dip 0 = incident 90).
xminimum	Float
	Spectral-only equivalent of depmin ( $f_0$ or $\omega_0$ ).
xmaximum	Float
	Spectral-only equivalent of depman ( $f_{max}$ or $\omega_{max}$ ).

yminimum	Float Spectral-only equivalent of b.
ymaximum	Float
	Spectral-only equivalent of e.
delta	Double
	Increment between evenly-spaced samples ( $\Delta t$ for timeseries, $\Delta f$ or $\Delta \omega$ for spectral).
b	Double
	First value (beginning) of independent variable ( $t_0$ ).
е	Double
	Final value (ending) of the independent variable ( $t_{max}$ ).
0	Double
	Event origin time, in seconds relative to the reference time.
а	Double
	Event first arrival time, in seconds relative to the reference time.
t0	Double User defined time value, in seconds relative to the reference time.
+1	See to.
t1 t2	See to.
t3	See to.
t3	See to.
t5	See to.
t6	See to.
t7	See to.
t8	See to.
t9	See to.
f	Double
	Event end (fini) time, in seconds relative to the reference time.
stla	Double
	Station latitude in decimal degrees, N/S is positive/negative.
	sac-format automatically enforces $\phi \in [-90, 90]$ .
stlo	Double
	Station longitude in decimal degrees, E/W is positive/negative.
	sac-format automaticall enforces $\lambda \in [-180, 180]$ .
evla	Double
	Event latitude in decimal degrees, N/S is positive/negative.
	sac-format automatically enforces $\phi \in [-90, 90]$ .
evlo	Double
	Event longitude in decimal degrees, E/W is positive/negative. sac-format automatically enforces $\lambda \in [-180, 180]$ .
ah	E La Company and the Company a
sb	Double Original (saved) value of b (beginning).
sdelta	Double
Sucita	Original (saved) value of delta (sample-spacing).
nzyear	Integer
1123001	Reference time GMT year.
nzjday	Integer
	Reference time GMT day-of-year (often called Julian Date).
	1-366 Not enforced.
nzhour	Integer
	Reference time GMT hour.
	00-23 Not enforced.

nzmin	Integer Reference time GMT minute.
	00-59 Not enforced.
nzsec	Integer
	Reference time GMT second.  00-59 Not enforced.
nzmsec	Integer
	Reference time GMT millisecond.
nvhdr	0-999 not enforced.  Integer
Tivital	SAC-file version.
	7 = 2020+, sac 102.0+, has a Footer. 6 = pre-2020, sac 101.6a-, no Footer.
norid	Integer
	Origin ID.
nevid	Integer
nnto	Event ID. Integer
npts	Number of points in data.
nsnpts	Integer
	Original (saved) npts.
nwfid	Integer
nxsize	Waveform ID.  Integer
TIXSIZE	Spectral-only equivalent of npts (length of spectrum).
nysize	Integer
	Spectral-only; width of spectrum.
iftype	Integer File type.
idep	Integer
	Dependent variable type.
iztype	Integer
	Reference time equivalent.
iinst	Integer
	Recording instrument type.  Not used by SAC - free for other purposes.
istreg	Integer
lonog	Station geographic region.
	Not used by SAC - free for other purposes.
ievreg	Integer
	Event geographic region.  Not used by SAC - free for other purposes.
ievtyp	Integer
levtyp	Event type.
	Not used by SAC - free for other purposes.
iqual	Integer
	Quality of data.
icynth	Not used by SAC - free for other purposes.
isynth	Integer Synthetic data flag.
	Not used by SAC - free for other purposes.
imagtyp	Integer
	Magnitude type.

imagsrc	Integer Magnitude information source.
ibody	Integer Body/spheroid definition used to calculate distances. Not currently-used by sac-format (SAC does used it).
leven	Boolean REQUIRED Evenly-spaced data flag. True = even.
lpspol	Boolean Station polarity flag. True = positive (left-handed, e.g. North-East-Up).
lovrok	Boolean File overwrite flag. If true, okay to overwrite file. Not used by sac-format.
lcalda	Boolean Calculate geometry flag. Not used by sac-format.
kstnm	String (2 words) Station name.
kevnm	String (4 words) Event name.
khole	String (2 words) Nuclear-Hole identifier. Other-Location identifier (LOCID).
ko	String (2 words) Text for o.
ka	String (2 words) Text for a.
kt0	String (2 words) Text for t0
kt1	See kt0.
kt2	See kt0.
kt3	See kt0.
kt4	See kt0.
kt5	See kt0.
kt6	See kt0.
kt7	See kt0.
kt8	See kt0.
kt9	See kt0.
kf	String (2 words) Text for f.
kuser0	String (2 words)
	Text for user0.
kuser1	See kuser0.
kuser2	See kuser0.
kcmpnm	String (2 words) Component name.
knetwk	String (2 words) Network name.
kdatrd	String (2 words) Date the data was read onto a computer.

#### Enumerator

kinst	String (2 words)	
	Instrument name.	
data1	data1 std::vector <double></double>	
	First data vector. ALWAYS present, ALWAYS begins at word 158.	
data2	std::vector <double></double>	
	Second data vector. CONDITIONAL present. IF PRESENT, begins at end of data1. Required if leven is false (uneven sampling), or if iftype is spectral/XY/XYZ.	

```
00289
         // Floats
00296
         depmin,
         depmax, odelta,
00302
00308
00316
         resp0,
00318
         resp1,
00320
         resp2,
00322
         resp3,
00324
         resp4,
00326
         resp5,
00328
         resp6,
00330
         resp7,
00332
         resp8,
00334
         resp9,
00342
00350
         stel,
         stdp,
00358
         evel.
00364
         evdp,
00370
         mag,
         user0,
00376
00378
00380
         user1,
         user2,
00382
         user3,
00384
         user4,
00386
         user5,
00388
         user6,
00390
         user7,
00392
00394
         user8,
         user9,
00400
         dist,
00407
         az,
00414
00420
         gcarc,
00426
         depmen,
00432
         cmpaz, cmpinc,
00442
00449
         xminimum,
00456
         xmaximum,
00462
         yminimum,
00468
00469
         ymaximum,
// Doubles
delta,
00478
00484
         b,
00491
         e,
00497
         ٥,
00503
00509
         a,
t0,
00511
         t1,
00513
         t2,
00515
         t3,
00517
         t4,
00519
         t5,
         t6,
t7,
00521
00523
00525
         t8,
00527
         t9,
         f,
stla,
00533
00541
00549
00557
         stlo,
         evla,
00565
         evlo,
         sb,
sdelta,
00571
00577
         // Ints
00578
00584
00592
         nzyear,
         nzjday,
00600
         nzhour,
00608
         nzmin,
00616
         nzsec,
00624
         nzmsec,
00633
         nvhdr,
```

```
00639
        norid,
00645
        nevid,
00651
        npts,
00657
        nsnpts,
00663
        nwfid,
00669
        nxsize.
00675
        nysize,
00681
         iftype,
00687
        idep,
00693
        iztype,
00701
        iinst,
00709
        istreq,
00717
        ievreg,
00725
        ievtyp,
00733
        iqual,
00741
00747
        isynth,
        imagtyp,
00753
        imagsrc,
00761
        ibody,
00762
        // Bools
00770
         leven,
00778
        lpspol,
00788
        lovrok,
00796
        lcalda,
00797
         // Strings
00803
        kstnm,
        kevnm,
00809
00817
        khole,
00823
        ko,
00829
        ka,
00835
        kt0,
00837
        kt1,
00839
        kt2,
00841
         kt3,
00843
        kt4,
00845
        kt5,
00847
        kt6,
00849
00851
        kt8,
00853
        kt9,
00859
        kf,
        kuser0,
00865
00867
        kuser1,
00869
        kuser2,
00875
        kcmpnm,
                  // missing in org documentation
00881
        knetwk,
                  // missing in org documentation
00887
        kdatrd,
00893
        kinst,
00894
        // Data
data1,
00900
00909
        data2
00910 };
```

# 10.1.4 Function Documentation

# 10.1.4.1 azimuth()

Calculate azimuth between two points.

Assumes spherical Earth (in future may update to solve on a more general body).

 $\phi$  is latitude.  $\lambda$  is longitude.  $\theta$  is azimuth.

$$\theta = tan^{-1} \left( \frac{sin(\delta\lambda)cos(\phi_2)}{cos(\phi_1)sin(\phi_2) - sin(\phi_1)cos(\phi_2)cos(\delta\lambda)} \right)$$

#### **Parameters**

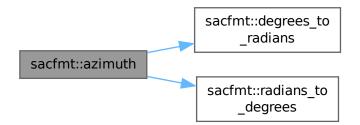
in	latitude1	Latitude of first location in decimal degrees.
in	longitude1	Longitude of first location in decimal degrees.
in	latitude2	Latitude of second location in decimal degrees.
in	longitude2	Longitude of second location in decimal degrees.

#### Returns

double The azimuth from the first location to the second location.

```
00739
           const double lat1{degrees_to_radians(latitude1)};
const double lon1{degrees_to_radians(longitude1)};
const double lat2{degrees_to_radians(latitude2)};
const double lon2{degrees_to_radians(longitude2)};
const double dlon{lon2 - lon1};
00740
00741
00742
00743
00744
00745
00746
           const double numerator{std::sin(dlon) * std::cos(lat2)};
           00747
00748
          double result{radians_to_degrees(std::atan2(numerator, denominator))};
while (result < 0.0) {
  result += circle_deg;</pre>
00749
00750
00751
00752
           return result;
00753 }
```

Here is the call graph for this function:





# 10.1.4.2 binary\_to\_bool()

Convert a 32-bit (one word) binary bitset to a boolean.

#### **Parameters**

ary bitset to be converted (takes zeroth element).	flag	in
--	------	----

# Returns

boolean Converted boolean value.

```
00357 { return flag[0]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 10.1.4.3 binary\_to\_double()

Convert 64-bit (two words) binary bitset to double-precision value.

Converts bitset to unsigned long long then to double.

## **Parameters**

	in	bin	word_two Binary value to be converted.
--	----	-----	--

#### Returns

double Converted value.

```
00159
00160    const auto val = bin.to_ullong();
00161    double result{};
00162    // flawfinder: ignore
00163    memcpy(&result, &val, sizeof(double));
00164    return result;
00165 }
```



# 10.1.4.4 binary\_to\_float()

Convert 32-bit (one word) binary bitset to a floating-point value.

Converts bitset to unsigned long then to float.

#### **Parameters**

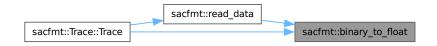
	in	bin	word_one Binary value to be converted.
--	----	-----	--

# Returns

float Converted value.

```
00127
00128    const auto val = bin.to_ulong();
00129    float result{};
00130    // flawfinder: ignore
00131    memcpy(&result, &val, sizeof(float));
00132    return result;
00133 }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 10.1.4.5 binary\_to\_int()

Convert 32-bit (one word) binary bitset to integer.

Uses two's complement to convert a binary value into an integer.

#### **Parameters**

in bin Binary value to be converted.	
--------------------------------------	--

# Returns

int Converted value.

```
00088
00089
         int result{};
         if (bin.test(binary_word_size - 1)) {
   // Complement
   bin.flip();
00090
00091
00092
         result = static_cast<int>(bin.to_ulong());
result += 1;
00093
00094
          // Change sign to make it negative
result *= -1;
00095
00096
        result = static_cast<int>(bin.to_ulong());
}
00097
00098
00099
00100
         return result;
00101 }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



#### 10.1.4.6 binary\_to\_long\_string()

Convert a 128-bit (four word) binary bitset to a string.

Exclusively used to work with the kEvNm header.

#### **Parameters**

```
in str word_four to be converted to a string.
```

#### Returns

std::string Converted string.

```
00332
00333 std::string result{bits_string(str, 4)};
00334 return string_cleaning(result);
00335 }
```



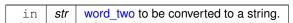
Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 10.1.4.7 binary\_to\_string()

Convert a 64-bit (two word) binary bitset to a string.

# **Parameters**



#### Returns

std::string Converted string.

```
00298
00299 std::string result{bits_string(str, 2)};
00300 return string_cleaning(result);
00301 }
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:

```
sacfmt::Trace::Trace sacfmt::binary_to_string
```

# 10.1.4.8 bits\_string()

Template function to convert binary bitset to string.

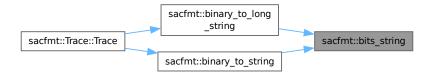
#### **Parameters**

in	bits	Source bitset for the string.
in	num_words	Length of string in words (4 chars = 1 word)

# Returns

std::string String converted from bitset.

```
00258
00259 std::string result{};
00260 result.reserve(num_words * word_length);
00261 constexpr size_t char_size{bits_per_byte};
```



## 10.1.4.9 bool to binary()

Convert a boolean to a 32-bit (one word) binary bitset.

# **Parameters**

	in	flag	Boolean value to be converted to a bitset (sets zeroth element).	
--	----	------	--	--

#### Returns

word\_one Converted binary bitset.

# 10.1.4.10 bool\_to\_word()

Convert boolean to a word for writing.

## **Parameters**

in	flag	Boolean to be converted.

#### Returns

std::vector<char> Prepared value for writing.

Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 10.1.4.11 concat\_words() [1/2]

Concatenate two word one binary strings into a single word two string.

Useful for reading strings from SAC-files.

#### **Parameters**

in /	pair_words	word_pair Words to be concatenated.
------	------------	-------------------------------------

# Returns

word\_two Concatenated words.

```
00368
00369     word_two result{};
00370     for (size_t i{0}; i < binary_word_size; ++i) [[likely]] {
00371         result[i] = pair_words.first[i];
00372         result[i + binary_word_size] = pair_words.second[i];
00373     }
00374     return result;
00375 }</pre>
```



#### 10.1.4.12 concat\_words() [2/2]

Concatenate two word\_two binary strings into a single word\_four string.

Exclusively used to read kEvNm header from SAC-file.

#### **Parameters**

,			
	in	pair_words	word_pair Words to be concatenated.

#### **Returns**

word four Concatenated words.

```
00386
00387     word_four result{};
00388     constexpr size_t two_words{2 * binary_word_size};
00389     for (size_t i{0}; i < two_words; ++i) [[likely]] {
00390         result[i] = pair_words.first[i];
00391         result[i + two_words] = pair_words.second[i];
00392     }
00393     return result;</pre>
```

#### 10.1.4.13 convert\_to\_word() [1/4]

Convert double value into a std::vector<char> for writing.

## **Parameters**

in	input	Input value to convert (double).
----	-------	----------------------------------

# Returns

std::vector<char> Prepared for writing to binary SAC-file.

```
00550
00551
        std::array<char, static_cast<size_t>(2) * word_length> tmp{};
        // Copy bytes from input into the tmp array // flawfinder: ignore
00552
00553
00554
        std::memcpy(tmp.data(), &input, static_cast<size_t>(2) * word_length);
00555
        std::vector<char> word{};
        word.resize(static_cast<size_t>(2) * word_length);
00557
        for (size_t i{0}; i < 2 * word_length; ++i) {</pre>
00558
         word[i] = tmp[i];
00559
00560
       return word;
00561 }
```

# 10.1.4.14 convert\_to\_word() [2/4]

#### 10.1.4.15 convert\_to\_word() [3/4]

# 10.1.4.16 convert\_to\_word() [4/4]

Template function to convert input value into a std::vector<char> for writing.

#### **Parameters**

```
in input Input value (float or int) to convert.
```

#### Returns

std::vector<char> Prepared for writing to binary SAC-file.

```
00528
        std::array<char, word_length> tmp{};
        // Copy bytes from input into the tmp array
// flawfinder: ignore
00529
00530
00531
        std::memcpy(tmp.data(), &input, word_length);
00532
        std::vector<char> word{};
00533
        word.resize(word_length);
        for (size_t i{0}; i < word_length; ++i) [[likely]] {</pre>
00535
          word[i] = tmp[i];
00536
00537
        return word;
00538 }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 10.1.4.17 convert\_to\_words() [1/2]

# 10.1.4.18 convert\_to\_words() [2/2]

Template function to convert input string value into a std::array<char> for writing.

#### **Parameters**

in	str	Input string to convert.
in	n_words	Number of words

#### Returns

std::array<char, N> Prepared for writing to a binary SAC-file.

# 10.1.4.19 degrees\_to\_radians()

Convert decimal degrees to radians.

$$r = d \cdot \frac{\pi}{180^{\circ}}$$

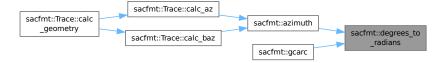
# **Parameters**

in	degrees	Angle in decimal degrees to be converted.

# Returns

double Angle in radians.

```
00661
00662    return rad_per_deg * degrees;
00663 }
```



# 10.1.4.20 double\_to\_binary()

Convert double-precision value to 64-bit (two words) binary bitset.

Converts double to unsigned-integer of same size for storage in bitset.

#### **Parameters**

in	num	Double value to be converted.

#### Returns

word\_two Converted value.

```
00143
00144 unsigned_int<double> num_as_uint{0};
00145 // flawfinder: ignore
00146 std::memcpy(&num_as_uint, &num, sizeof(double));
00147 word_two result{num_as_uint};
00148 return result;
00149 }
```

# 10.1.4.21 equal\_within\_tolerance() [1/2]

Check if two double values are equal within a tolerance limit.

Default tolerance is f\_eps.

## **Parameters**

	in	val1	First double in comparison.
	in	val2	Second double in comparison.
ľ	in	tolerance	Numerical equality tolerance (default f_eps).

#### Returns

bool Boolean equality value.

## 10.1.4.22 equal\_within\_tolerance() [2/2]

```
const std::vector< double > & vector2,
const double tolerance ) [noexcept]
```

Check if two std::vector<double> are equal within a tolerance limit.

Default tolerance is f\_eps.

#### **Parameters**

in	vector1	First data vector in comparison.
in	vector2	Second data vector in comparison.
in	tolerance	Numerical equality tolerance (default f_eps).

#### Returns

bool Boolean equality value.

```
00624
00625
          return false;
}
           if (vector1.size() != vector2.size()) {
00626
00627
          for (size_t i{0}; i < vector1.size(); ++i) [[likely]] {
   if (!equal_within_tolerance(vector1[i], vector2[i], tolerance)) {
        vectoral follows:</pre>
00628
00629
00630
                return false;
            }
00631
00632
00633
          return true;
00634 }
```

Here is the call graph for this function:





# 10.1.4.23 float\_to\_binary()

Convert floating-point value to 32-bit (one word) binary bitset.

Converts float to unsigned-integer of same size for storage in bitset.

#### **Parameters**

in	num	Float value to be converted.

#### Returns

word\_one Converted value.

```
00111
00112 unsigned_int<float> num_as_uint{0};
00113 // flawfinder: ignore
00114 std::memcpy(&num_as_uint, &num, sizeof(float));
00115 word_one result{num_as_uint};
00116 return result;
00117 }
```

# 10.1.4.24 gcarc()

Calculate great circle arc distance in decimal degrees between two points.

Assumes spherical Earth (in future will include flatenning and adjustable radius for other bodies/greater accuracy).

 $\phi$  is latitude.  $\lambda$  is longitude.  $\Delta$  is great circle arc distance (gcarc).

$$\Delta = \cos^{-1}\left(\sin(\phi_1)\sin(\phi_2) + \cos(\phi_1)\cos(\phi_2)\cos(\lambda_2 - \lambda_1)\right)$$

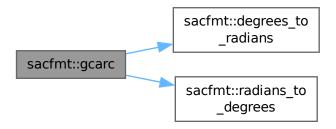
#### **Parameters**

in	latitude1	Latitude of first location in decimal degrees.
in	longitude1	Longitude of first location in decimal degrees.
in	latitude2	Latitude of second location in decimal degrees.
in	longitude2	Longitude of second location in decimal degrees.

# Returns

double The great circle arc distance in decimal degrees.

```
00704
00705
       const double lat1{degrees_to_radians(latitude1)};
00706
       const double lon1{degrees_to_radians(longitude1)};
00707
      const double lat2{degrees_to_radians(latitude2)};
00708
      const double lon2{degrees_to_radians(longitude2)};
double result{radians_to_degrees(
00709
          00710
00711
00712
       return result;
00713 }
```



# 10.1.4.25 int\_to\_binary()

Convert integer to 32-bit (one word) binary bitset.

Uses two's complement to convert an integer into a binary value.

#### **Parameters**

ı			
ſ	in	num	Number to be converted.

## Returns

word\_one Converted value.

```
00067
00068
        word_one bits{};
00069
        if (num >= 0) {
00070
00071
          bits = uint_to_binary(static_cast<uint>(num));
        } else {
00072
          bits = uint_to_binary(static_cast<uint>(-num));
00073
          // Complement
00074
          bits.flip();
00075
         bits = bits.to_ulong() + 1;
00076
00077
        return bits;
00078 }
```



# 10.1.4.26 limit\_180()

Takes a decimal degree value and constrains it to a half circle using symmetry.

$$[-\infty, \infty] \to (-180, 180]$$

#### **Parameters**

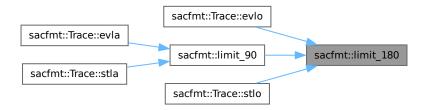
	in	degrees	Decimal degrees to be constrained.
--	----	---------	------------------------------------

## Returns

double Value within limits.

```
00792
00793     double result{limit_360(degrees)};
00794     constexpr double hemi{180.0};
00795     if (result > hemi) {
00796         result = result - circle_deg;
00797     }
00798     return result;
00799 }
```

```
sacfmt::limit_180 sacfmt::limit_360
```



# 10.1.4.27 limit\_360()

Takes a decimal degree value and constrains it to full circle using symmetry.

$$[-\infty, \infty] \to [0, 360]$$

#### **Parameters**

in	degrees	Decimal degrees to be constrained.
----	---------	------------------------------------

#### Returns

double Value within limits.

```
00766
         double result{degrees};
while (std::abs(result) > circle_deg) {
00767
00769
          if (result > circle_deg) {
00770
00771
             result -= circle_deg;
          } else {
00772
             result += circle_deg;
00773
00774
00775
        if (result < 0) {
        result += circle_deg;
}
00776
00777
00778
        return result;
00779 }
```



## 10.1.4.28 limit\_90()

Takes a decimal degree value and constrains it to a quarter circle using symmetry.

$$[-\infty,\infty] \to [-90,90]$$

#### **Parameters**

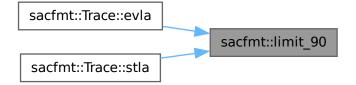
	in	degrees	Decimal degrees to be constrained.	
--	----	---------	------------------------------------	--

#### Returns

double Value within limits.

Here is the call graph for this function:





## 10.1.4.29 long\_string\_to\_binary()

Convert a string to a 128-bit (four word) binary bitset.

If the string is longer than 16 characters, then only the first 16 characters are kept. If the string is less than 16 characters long, it is right-padded with spaces.

Exclusively used to work with the kEvNm header.

#### **Parameters**

in	str	String to be converted to a bitset.
----	-----	-------------------------------------

#### Returns

word\_four Converted binary bitset.

```
00315
00316 constexpr size_t string_size{4 * word_length};
00317 prep_string(&str, string_size);
00318  // Four words (16 characters)
00319 word_four bits{};
00320 string_bits(&bits, str, string_size);
00321 return bits;
00322 }
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



# 10.1.4.30 nwords\_after\_current()

Determine if the SAC-file has enough remaining data to read the requested amount of data.

#### **Parameters**

in	sac	std::ifstream* SAC-file to read.
in	spec	read_spec reading specification.

#### Returns

bool Truth value (true = safe to read).

```
01637
01638
             bool result{false};
             if (sac->good()) {
01639
01640
                sac->seekg(0, std::ios::end);
01641
                const std::size_t final_pos{static_cast<size_t>(sac->tellg())};
               // Doesn't like size_t since it wants to allow
// the possibility of negative offsets (not how I use it)
sac->seekg(static_cast<std::streamoff>(spec.start_word));
const std::size_t diff{final_pos - spec.start_word};
result = (diff >= (spec.num_words * word_length));
01642
01643
01644
01645
01646
01647
01648 return result;
01649 }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 10.1.4.31 prep\_string()

Cleans string and then truncates/pads as necessary.

This edits the string in-place.

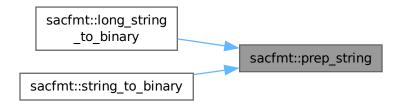
#### **Parameters**

in,out	str	std::string* String to be prepared.
in	str_size	Desired string length.

```
00218
00219  *str = string_cleaning(*str);
00220  if (str->length() > str_size) {
00221    str->resize(str_size);
00222  } else if (str->length() < str_size) {
00223    *str = str->append(str_size - str->length(), ' ');
00224  }
00225 }
```



Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 10.1.4.32 radians\_to\_degrees()

Convert radians to decimal degrees.

$$d = r \cdot \frac{180^{\circ}}{\pi}$$

# **Parameters**

in	radians	Angle in radians to be converted.

## Returns

double Angle in decimal degrees.

```
00675
00676    return deg_per_rad * radians;
00677 }
```



#### 10.1.4.33 read\_data()

Reader arbitrary number of words (useful for vectors) from a binary SAC-file.

Note that this modifies the position of the reader within the stream (to the end of the read words).

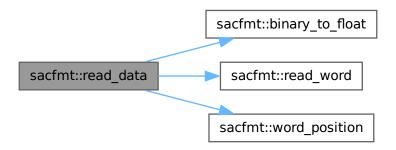
#### **Parameters**

in,out	sac	std::ifstream* Input binary SAC-file.
in	spec	read_spec Reading specification.

#### Returns

std::vector<double> Data vector read in.

```
00487
00488 sac->seekg(word_position(spec.start_word));
00489 std::vector<double> result{};
00490 result.resize(spec.num_words);
00491 for (size_t i{0}; i < spec.num_words; ++i) [[likely]] {
00492 result[i] = static_cast<double>(binary_to_float(read_word(sac)));
00493 }
00494 return result;
00495 }
```





#### 10.1.4.34 read four words()

Read four words (128 bits, kEvNm only) from a binary SAC-file.

Note that this modifies the position of the reader within the stream (to the end of the read words).

#### **Parameters**

```
in, out sac std::ifstream* Input binary SAC-file.
```

# Returns

word\_four Binary bitset representation of four words.

```
00462
00463
        const word_two first_words{read_two_words(sac)};
00464
        const word_two second_words{read_two_words(sac)};
00465
        word_pair<word_two> pair_words{};
        if constexpr (std::endian::native == std::endian::little) {
  pair_words.first = first_words;
00466
00467
          pair_words.second = second_words;
00468
00469
00470
          pair_words.first = second_words;
00471
         pair_words.second = first_words;
00472
00473
        return concat_words(pair_words);
```





## 10.1.4.35 read\_two\_words()

Read two words (64 bits, useful for most strings) from a binary SAC-file.

Note that this modifies the position of the reader within the stream (to the end of the read words).

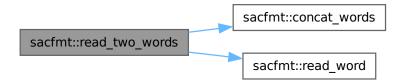
#### **Parameters**

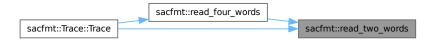
```
in, out | sac | std::ifstream* Input binary SAC-file.
```

# Returns

word\_two Binary bitset representation of two words.

```
00439
00440
        const word_one first_word{read_word(sac)};
00441
        const word_one second_word{read_word(sac)};
         word_pair<word_one> pair_words{};
00443
        if constexpr (std::endian::native == std::endian::little) {
         pair_words.first = first_word;
pair_words.second = second_word;
00444
00445
00446
        } else {
         pair_words.first = second_word;
pair_words.second = first_word;
00447
00449
00450
         return concat_words(pair_words);
00451 }
```





#### 10.1.4.36 read word()

Read one word (32 bits, useful for non-strings) from a binary SAC-File.

Note that this modifies the position of the reader within the stream (to the end of the read word).

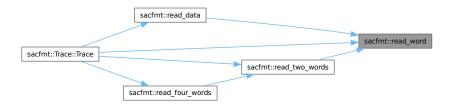
#### **Parameters**

	in,out	sac	std::ifstream* Input binary SAC-file.	
--	--------	-----	---------------------------------------	--

#### Returns

word\_one Binary bitset representation of single word.

```
00407
00408
         word_one bits{};
00409
         constexpr size_t char_size{bits_per_byte};
00410
         // Where we will store the characters
00411
         std::array<char, word_length> word{};
         // Read to our character array
// This can always hold the source due to careful typing/sizing
00412
00413
         // flawfinder: ignore
00414
00415
         if (sac->read(word.data(), word_length)) {
00416
           // Take each character
00417
           for (size_t i{0}; i < word_length; ++i) [[likely]] {</pre>
00418
             uint character{static_cast<uint>(word[i])};
00419
             char_bit byte{character};
00420
             // bit-by-bit
             for (size_t j{0}; j < char_size; ++j) [[likely]] {
  bits[(i * char_size) + j] = byte[j];</pre>
00421
00422
00423
00424
           }
00425
00426
         return bits;
00427 }
```



## 10.1.4.37 remove\_leading\_spaces()

Remove all leading spaces from a string.

This edits the string in-place.

#### **Parameters**

in,out	str	std::string* String to have spaces removed.
--------	-----	---

Here is the caller graph for this function:



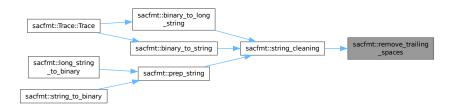
# 10.1.4.38 remove\_trailing\_spaces()

Remove all trailing spaces from a string.

This edits the string in-place.

## **Parameters**

```
in, out str std::string* String to have spaces removed.
```



# 10.1.4.39 safe\_to\_finish\_reading()

Determines if the SAC-file is finished.

This must run after reading the header, data vector(s), and footer (if applicable). This checks to ensure there is no additional data in the SAC-file (there shouldn't be, and out of safety it throws an io\_error to inform the user if there are shenanigans).

#### **Parameters**

```
in sac std::ifstream* SAC-file to be checked.
```

# **Exceptions**

```
io_error If the file is not finished.
```

```
01718
         const std::streamoff current_pos{sac->tellg()};
01719
         sac->seekg(0, std::ios::end);
         const std::streamoff end_pos{sac->tellg()};
01720
01721
         sac->seekg(current_pos, std::ios::beg);
// How far are we from the end of the file?
01722
01723
         const std::streamoff diff{end_pos - current_pos};
01724
         // If there is more, something weird happened...
01725
         if (diff != 0) {
01726
           std::ostringstream oss{};
           oss « "Filesize exceeds data specification with ";
01727
01728
           oss « diff; oss « " bytes excess. Data corruption suspected.";
01729
01730
           throw io_error(oss.str());
01731
01732 }
```



# 10.1.4.40 safe\_to\_read\_data()

Determines if the SAC-file has enough space remaining to contain a complete data vector.

This must be run after reading the header (and first data vector if applicable) and before the footer (if applicable).

#### **Parameters**

	in	sac	std::ifstream* SAC-file to read.
	in <i>n_words</i> No		Number of values in data vector.
in data2 bool True if reading data2, false (default) if		bool True if reading data2, false (default) if reading data1.	

# **Exceptions**

```
io_error If unsafe to read.
```





# 10.1.4.41 safe\_to\_read\_footer()

Determines if the SAC-file has enough space remaining to contain a complete footer.

This must be run after reading the header and data vector(s), not before.

#### **Parameters**

```
in sac std::ifstream* SAC-file to read.
```

If unsafe to read.

# io error





# 10.1.4.42 safe\_to\_read\_header()

Determine if the SAC-file is large enough to contain a complete header.

This must be run prior to reading the data vector(s) and footer (if applicable), not after.

#### **Parameters**

```
in sac std::ifstream* SAC-file to read.
```

If unsafe to read.

# io\_error

```
01660
01661 const read_spec spec{data_word, 0};
01662 if (!nwords_after_current(sac, spec)) {
    throw io_error("Insufficient filesize for header.");
01664 }
01665 }
```





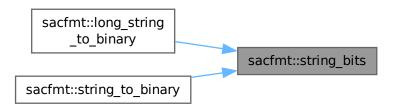
# 10.1.4.43 string\_bits()

Template function to convert string into binary bitset.

Note that this edits the bitset in place.

#### **Parameters**

out	bits	Destintation bitset for the string (result).
in	str	String to undergo conversion.
in	str_size	Desired string size in words (4 chars = 1 word).



# 10.1.4.44 string\_cleaning()

Remove leading/trailing spaces and control characters from a string.

# **Parameters**

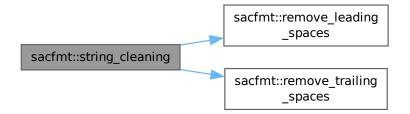
in	str	std::string String to be cleaned.
----	-----	-----------------------------------

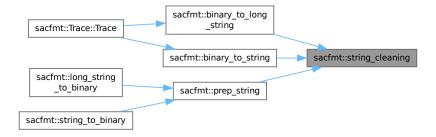
#### Returns

std::string Cleaned string.

```
00199
00200 std::string result{str};
00201 size_t null_position{str.find('\0')};
00202 if (null_position != std::string::npos) {
    result.erase(null_position);
00204 }
00205 remove_leading_spaces(&result);
00206 remove_trailing_spaces(&result);
00207 return result;
00208 }
```

Here is the call graph for this function:





## 10.1.4.45 string\_to\_binary()

Convert string to a 64-bit (two word) binary bitset.

If the string is longer than 8 characters, the only the first 8 characters are kept. If the string is less than 8 characters long, it is right-padded with spaces.

#### **Parameters**

	in	str	String to be converted to a bitset.
--	----	-----	-------------------------------------

#### Returns

word\_two Converted binary bitset.

```
00282
00283    constexpr size_t string_size{2 * word_length};
00284    // 1 byte per character
00285    prep_string(&str, string_size);
00286    // Two words (8 characters)
00287    word_two bits{};
00288    string_bits(&bits, str, string_size);
00289    return bits;
00290 }
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



# 10.1.4.46 uint\_to\_binary()

Convert unsigned integer to 32-bit (one word) binary bitset.

This sets the current bit using bitwise and, updates the bit to manipulate and performs a right-shift (division by 2) until the number is zero.

## **Parameters**

in	num	Number to be converted.
----	-----	-------------------------

#### Returns

word\_one Converted value.

```
00044
00045
       word one bits{};
00046
       for (size_t pos{0}; pos < bits.size(); ++pos) {</pre>
00047
        if (num > 0) {
            // Bitwise and to set flag.
00048
00049
           bits.set(pos, static_cast<bool>(num & 1));
           // Right-shift bits by 1, same as division by 2
00050
         num »= 1;
} else {
00051
00052
00053
           break;
        }
00054
00055
00056
        return bits;
00057 }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

```
sacfmt::int_to_binary sacfmt::uint_to_binary
```

# 10.1.4.47 word\_position()

Calculates position of word in SAC-file.

Multiplies given word number by the word-length in bytes (defined by the SAC format.)

#### **Parameters**

```
in word_number Number of desired word in file stream.
```

# Returns

std::streamoff Position in SAC-file of desired word (in bytes).

```
00031
00032    return static_cast<std::streamoff>(word_number * word_length);
00033 }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



#### 10.1.4.48 write\_words()

Write arbitrary number of words (useful for vectors) to a binary SAC-file.

Note that this modifies the position of the writer within the stream (to the end of the written words).

#### **Parameters**

in,out	sac_file	std::ofstream* Output binary SAC-file.
in	input	std::vector <char> Character vector representation of data for writing.</char>

```
00510
00511    std::ofstream &sac = *sac_file;
00512    if (sac.is_open()) {
00513         for (char character : input) [[likely]] {
00514             sac.write(&character, sizeof(char));
00515     }
00516    }
00517 }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



#### 10.1.5 Variable Documentation

# 10.1.5.1 ascii\_space

```
constexpr int sacfmt::ascii_space {32} [constexpr]
```

ASCII-code of 'space' character.

00090 {32};

# 10.1.5.2 binary\_word\_size

```
constexpr size_t sacfmt::binary_word_size {word_length * bits_per_byte} [constexpr]
Size (bits) of funamental data-chunk.
00066 {word_length * bits_per_byte};
```

# 10.1.5.3 bits\_per\_byte

```
constexpr size_t sacfmt::bits_per_byte {8} [constexpr]
```

#### Size (bits) of binary character.

00064 {8};

#### 10.1.5.4 circle\_deg

```
constexpr double sacfmt::circle_deg {360.0} [constexpr]
Degrees in a circle.
00116 {360.0};
10.1.5.5 common skip num
constexpr int sacfmt::common_skip_num {7} [constexpr]
Extremely common number of 'internal use' headers in SAC format.
00110 {7};
10.1.5.6 data_word
constexpr std::streamoff sacfmt::data_word {158} [constexpr]
First word of (first) data-section (stream offset).
00068 {158};
10.1.5.7 deg_per_rad
constexpr double sacfmt::deg_per_rad {1.0 / rad_per_deg} [constexpr]
Degrees per radian.
00114 {1.0 / rad_per_deg};
10.1.5.8 earth_radius
constexpr double sacfmt::earth_radius {6378.14} [constexpr]
Average radius of Earth (kilometers).
00118 {6378.14};
10.1.5.9 f_eps
constexpr float sacfmt::f_eps {2.75e-6F} [constexpr]
Accuracy precision expected of SAC floating-point values.
00080 {2.75e-6F};
10.1.5.10 modern_hdr_version
constexpr int sacfmt::modern_hdr_version {7} [constexpr]
```

00106 {7};

nVHdr value for newest SAC format (2020+).

#### 10.1.5.11 num\_bool

```
constexpr int sacfmt::num_bool {4} [constexpr]
```

Number of boolean header values in SAC format.

#### 10.1.5.12 num data

```
constexpr int sacfmt::num_data {2} [constexpr]
```

Number of data arrays in SAC format.

00102 {2};

#### 10.1.5.13 num\_double

```
constexpr int sacfmt::num_double {22} [constexpr]
```

Number of double-precision header values in SAC format.  $00094 \{22\}$ ;

# 10.1.5.14 num\_float

```
constexpr int sacfmt::num_float {39} [constexpr]
```

Number of float-poing header values in SAC format.  $00092 \{39\}$ ;

# 10.1.5.15 num\_footer

```
constexpr int sacfmt::num_footer {22} [constexpr]
```

Number of double-precision footer values in SAC format (version 7).  $00104-\{22\}$  ;

# 10.1.5.16 num\_int

```
constexpr int sacfmt::num_int {26} [constexpr]
```

Number of integer header values in SAC format.  $00096 \{26\}$ ;

#### 10.1.5.17 num\_string

```
constexpr int sacfmt::num_string {23} [constexpr]
```

Number of string header values in SAC format.

00100 {23};

#### 10.1.5.18 old\_hdr\_version

```
nVHdr value for historic SAC format (pre-2020).
00108 {6};

10.1.5.19 rad_per_deg

constexpr double sacfmt::rad_per_deg {std::numbers::pi_v<double> / 180.0} [constexpr]

Radians per degree.
00112 {std::numbers::pi_v<double> / 180.0};

10.1.5.20 sac_map
```

Lookup table for variable locations.

Maps SAC variables (headers and data) to their internal locations in the Trace class.

const std::unordered\_map<name, const size\_t> sacfmt::sac\_map

```
00919
           // Floats
00920
           {name::depmin, 0},
00921
           {name::depmax, 1},
           {name::odelta, 2},
00922
00923
           {name::resp0, 3},
00924
           {name::resp1,
00925
           {name::resp2,
00926
           {name::resp3,
                           6},
00927
           {name::resp4,
           {name::resp5, 8},
00928
00929
                           91.
           {name::resp6.
00930
           {name::resp7, 10},
00931
           {name::resp8, 11},
00932
           {name::resp9, 12},
00933
           {name::stel, 13},
00934
           {name::stdp, 14},
00935
           {name::evel, 15},
           {name::evdp, 16}, {name::mag, 17},
00936
00937
00938
           {name::user0, 18},
00939
           {name::user1, 19},
00940
           {name::user2, 20},
00941
           {name::user3, 21},
00942
           {name::user4, 22},
00943
           {name::user5, 23},
00944
           {name::user6, 24},
00945
           {name::user7, 25},
00946
           {name::user8, 26},
00947
           {name::user9, 27},
           {name::dist, 28},
00948
           {name::az, 29},
00950
           {name::baz, 30},
00951
           {name::gcarc, 31},
           {name::depmen, 32},
{name::cmpaz, 33},
{name::cmpinc, 34},
00952
00953
00954
           {name::xminimum, 35}, {name::xmaximum, 36},
00955
00956
00957
           {name::yminimum, 37},
00958
           {name::ymaximum, 38},
00959
           // Doubles
00960
           {name::delta, 0},
00961
           {name::b, 1},
00962
           {name::e, 2},
00963
           {name::o, 3},
00964
           {name::a, 4},
00965
           {name::t0, 5},
00966
           {name::t1, 6},
00967
           {name::t2, 7},
00968
           {name::t3, 8},
```

```
00969
            {name::t4, 9},
00970
            {name::t5, 10},
00971
            {name::t6, 11},
00972
            {name::t7, 12},
00973
            {name::t8, 13}, {name::t9, 14},
00974
00975
            {name::f, 15},
00976
            {name::stla, 16},
00977
            {name::stlo, 17},
00978
            {name::evla, 18},
           {name::evlo, 19}, {name::sb, 20},
00979
00980
            {name::sdelta, 21},
00981
00982
            // Ints
00983
            {name::nzyear, 0},
00984
            {name::nzjday, 1},
00985
            {name::nzhour, 2},
00986
            {name::nzmin, 3},
            {name::nzsec, 4},
00988
            {name::nzmsec, 5},
00989
            {name::nvhdr, 6},
00990
            {name::norid, 7},
00991
            {name::nevid, 8},
00992
            {name::npts, 9},
{name::nsnpts, 10},
00993
00994
            {name::nwfid, 11},
00995
            {name::nxsize, 12},
00996
            {name::nysize, 13},
            {name::iftype, 14 {name::idep, 15},
00997
                            14},
00998
            {name::iztype, 16}, {name::iinst, 17},
00999
01000
01001
            {name::istreg, 18},
01002
            {name::ievreg, 19},
            {name::ievtyp, 20},
{name::iqual, 21},
{name::isynth, 22},
01003
01004
01005
            {name::imagtyp, 23},
01007
            {name::imagsrc, 24},
01008
            {name::ibody, 25},
01009
            // Bools
            {name::leven, 0},
01010
            {name::lpspol, 1}, {name::lovrok, 2},
01011
01012
01013
            {name::lcalda, 3},
01014
            // Strings
01015
            {name::kstnm, 0},
01016
            {name::kevnm, 1},
            {name::khole, 2},
01017
           {name::ko, 3},
{name::ka, 4},
01018
01020
            {name::kt0, 5},
01021
            {name::kt1, 6},
01022
            {name::kt2,
                         7},
01023
            {name::kt3, 8},
01024
            {name::kt4, 9},
            {name::kt5, 10},
01026
            {name::kt6, 11},
01027
            {name::kt7, 12},
01028
            {name::kt8, 13},
           {name::kt9, 14},
{name::kf, 15},
01029
01030
01031
            {name::kuser0, 16},
01032
            {name::kuser1, 17},
01033
            {name::kuser2, 18},
01034
            {name::kcmpnm, 19},
01035
            {name::knetwk, 20},
01036
            {name::kdatrd, 21},
01037
            {name::kinst, 22},
01038
            // Data
01039
            {name::data1, 0},
01040
            {name::data2, 1}};
```

# 10.1.5.21 unset\_bool

```
constexpr bool sacfmt::unset_bool {false} [constexpr]
```

#### Boolean unset value (SAC Magic).

00076 {false};

#### 10.1.5.22 unset\_double

```
constexpr double sacfmt::unset_double {-12345.0} [constexpr]
Double-precision unset value (SAC Magic).
00074 {-12345.0};
10.1.5.23 unset float
constexpr float sacfmt::unset_float {-12345.0F} [constexpr]
Float-point unset value (SAC Magic).
00072 {-12345.0F};
10.1.5.24 unset_int
constexpr int sacfmt::unset_int {-12345} [constexpr]
Integer unset value (SAC Magic).
00070 {-12345};
10.1.5.25 unset_word
const std::string sacfmt::unset_word {"-12345"}
String unset value (SAC Magic).
00078 {"-12345"};
10.1.5.26 word_length
constexpr size_t sacfmt::word_length {4} [constexpr]
Size (bytes) of fundamental data-chunk.
```

# 10.2 sacfmt::bitset\_type Namespace Reference

bitset type-safety namespace.

# Classes

00062 {4};

struct uint

Ensure type-safety for conversions between floats/doubles and bitsets.

struct uint< 2 \*bits\_per\_byte >

Two-word type-safety (strings).

struct uint< 4 \*bits\_per\_byte >

Four-word type-safety (kEvNm).

struct uint< bits\_per\_byte >

Single-word type-safety (non-strings).

struct uint< bytes \*bits\_per\_byte >

# **Variables**

constexpr int bytes {8}? type-safety?

# 10.2.1 Detailed Description

bitset type-safety namespace.

# 10.2.2 Variable Documentation

# 10.2.2.1 bytes

```
constexpr int sacfmt::bitset_type::bytes {8} [constexpr]
```

? type-safety?

# **Chapter 11**

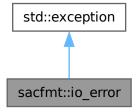
# **Class Documentation**

# 11.1 sacfmt::io\_error Class Reference

Class for generic I/O exceptions.

#include <sac\_format.hpp>

Inheritance diagram for sacfmt::io\_error:



Collaboration diagram for sacfmt::io\_error:



#### **Public Member Functions**

```
io_error (std::string msg)
```

```
io error Constructor
```

const char \* what () const noexcept override

Error message delivery.

#### **Private Attributes**

const std::string message {}
 Error message.

# 11.1.1 Detailed Description

Class for generic I/O exceptions.

These errors occur due to bad path, bad permissions, or otherwise corrupt SAC-files.

I/O operations may raise other exceptions (disk failure, out of space, etc.), but those are difficult to emulate for testing purposes (therefore I am unable to reliably cover them); they also arise due to conditions that would render how sac-format handles them moot.

# 11.1.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

# 11.1.2.1 io\_error()

### io\_error Constructor

#### **Parameters**

```
in msg std::string Error message.
```

```
01360 : message(std::move(msg)) { }
```

#### 11.1.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 11.1.3.1 what()

```
const char * sacfmt::io_error::what ( ) const [inline], [override], [noexcept]
Error message delivery.
```

#### Returns

#### what char\* Error message.

```
01366
01367     return message.c_str();
01368  }
```

# 11.1.4 Member Data Documentation

#### 11.1.4.1 message

```
const std::string sacfmt::io_error::message {} [private]
Error message.
01352 {};
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• include/sac-format/sac\_format.hpp

# 11.2 sacfmt::read\_spec Struct Reference

Struct that specifies parameters for reading.

```
#include <sac_format.hpp>
```

#### **Public Attributes**

size\_t num\_words {}Number of words to read.

size\_t start\_word {}

Word to start reading from.

# 11.2.1 Detailed Description

Struct that specifies parameters for reading.

Prevents bug-prone number-swapping in functions that use a reading specification.

#### 11.2.2 Member Data Documentation

#### 11.2.2.1 num\_words

```
size_t sacfmt::read_spec::num_words {}

Number of words to read.
00219 {};

11.2.2.2 start_word

size_t sacfmt::read_spec::start_word {}
```

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

include/sac-format/sac\_format.hpp

00221 {};

Word to start reading from.

# 11.3 sacfmt::Trace Class Reference

The Trace class.

```
#include <sac_format.hpp>
```

#### **Public Member Functions**

· Trace () noexcept

Trace default constructor.

Trace (const std::filesystem::path &path)

Binary SAC-file reader.

• void write (const std::filesystem::path &path, bool legacy=false) const

Binary SAC-file writer.

void legacy\_write (const std::filesystem::path &path) const

Binary SAC-file legacy-write convenience function.

bool operator== (const Trace &other) const noexcept

Trace equality operator.

void calc\_geometry () noexcept

Calculates gcarc, dist, az, and baz from stla, stlo, evla, and evlo.

· double frequency () const noexcept

Calculate frequency from delta.

· std::string date () const noexcept

Get date string.

• std::string time () const noexcept

Get time string.

- · float depmin () const noexcept
- · float depmax () const noexcept
- · float odelta () const noexcept
- float resp0 () const noexcept
- float resp1 () const noexcept
- float resp2 () const noexcept
- float resp3 () const noexcept
- float resp4 () const noexcept
- float resp5 () const noexcept
- float resp6 () const noexcept
- float resp7 () const noexcept
- float resp8 () const noexcept
- float resp9 () const noexcept
- float stel () const noexcept
- · float stdp () const noexcept
- float evel () const noexcept
- float evdp () const noexcept
- float mag () const noexcept
- float user0 () const noexcept
- float user1 () const noexcept
- float user2 () const noexcept
- float user3 () const noexcept
- · float user4 () const noexcept
- · float user5 () const noexcept
- float user6 () const noexcept
- · float user7 () const noexcept

- float user8 () const noexcept
- float user9 () const noexcept
- float dist () const noexcept
- float az () const noexcept
- · float baz () const noexcept
- · float gcarc () const noexcept
- · float depmen () const noexcept
- float cmpaz () const noexcept
- · float cmpinc () const noexcept
- · float xminimum () const noexcept
- float xmaximum () const noexcept
- · float yminimum () const noexcept
- · float ymaximum () const noexcept
- · double delta () const noexcept
- · double b () const noexcept
- · double e () const noexcept
- double o () const noexcept
- double a () const noexcept
- · double t0 () const noexcept
- double t1 () const noexcept
- double t2 () const noexcept
- double t3 () const noexcept
- · double t4 () const noexcept
- double t5 () const noexcept
- double t6 () const noexcept
- double t7 () const noexcept
- double t8 () const noexcept
- double t9 () const noexcept
- double f () const noexcept
- · double stla () const noexcept
- double stlo () const noexcept
- double evla () const noexcept
- · double evlo () const noexcept
- double sb () const noexcept
- double sdelta () const noexcept
- int nzyear () const noexcept
- int nzjday () const noexcept
- int nzhour () const noexcept
- int nzmin () const noexcept
- int nzsec () const noexcept
- int nzmsec () const noexcept
- int nvhdr () const noexcept
- int norid () const noexcept
- int nevid () const noexcept
- · int npts () const noexcept
- int nsnpts () const noexcept
- int nwfid () const noexceptint nxsize () const noexcept
- int nysize () const noexcept
- int iftype () const noexcept
- int idep () const noexcept
- int iztype () const noexcept
- int iinst () const noexcept
- int istreg () const noexcept
- int ievreg () const noexcept

- · int ievtyp () const noexcept
- int iqual () const noexcept
- · int isynth () const noexcept
- · int imagtyp () const noexcept
- · int imagsrc () const noexcept
- · int ibody () const noexcept
- · bool leven () const noexcept
- bool lpspol () const noexcept
- · bool lovrok () const noexcept
- · bool lcalda () const noexcept
- · std::string kstnm () const noexcept
- std::string kevnm () const noexcept
- · std::string khole () const noexcept
- std::string ko () const noexcept
- · std::string ka () const noexcept
- · std::string kt0 () const noexcept
- std::string kt1 () const noexcept
- std::string kt2 () const noexcept
- std::string kt3 () const noexcept
- std::string kt4 () const noexcept
- std::string kt5 () const noexcept
- std::string kt6 () const noexcept
- std::string kt7 () const noexcept
- std::string kt8 () const noexcept
- std::string kt9 () const noexcept
- std::string kf () const noexcept
- · std::string kuser0 () const noexcept
- std::string kuser1 () const noexcept
- std::string kuser2 () const noexcept
- · std::string kcmpnm () const noexcept
- std::string knetwk () const noexcept
- · std::string kdatrd () const noexcept
- std::string kinst () const noexcept
- std::vector< double > data1 () const noexcept
- std::vector< double > data2 () const noexcept
- · void depmin (float input) noexcept
- void depmax (float input) noexcept
- · void odelta (float input) noexcept
- · void resp0 (float input) noexcept
- · void resp1 (float input) noexcept
- · void resp2 (float input) noexcept
- · void resp3 (float input) noexcept
- · void resp4 (float input) noexcept
- · void resp5 (float input) noexcept
- · void resp6 (float input) noexcept
- · void resp7 (float input) noexcept
- void resp8 (float input) noexcept
- void resp9 (float input) noexcept
- · void stel (float input) noexcept
- void stdp (float input) noexcept
- · void evel (float input) noexcept
- · void evdp (float input) noexcept
- · void mag (float input) noexcept
- void user0 (float input) noexcept
- · void user1 (float input) noexcept

- · void user2 (float input) noexcept
- · void user3 (float input) noexcept
- · void user4 (float input) noexcept
- · void user5 (float input) noexcept
- · void user6 (float input) noexcept
- · void user7 (float input) noexcept
- · void user8 (float input) noexcept
- · void user9 (float input) noexcept
- · void dist (float input) noexcept
- · void az (float input) noexcept
- · void baz (float input) noexcept
- · void gcarc (float input) noexcept
- · void depmen (float input) noexcept
- · void cmpaz (float input) noexcept
- · void cmpinc (float input) noexcept
- · void xminimum (float input) noexcept
- · void xmaximum (float input) noexcept
- · void yminimum (float input) noexcept
- · void ymaximum (float input) noexcept
- void delta (double input) noexcept
- · void b (double input) noexcept
- · void e (double input) noexcept
- · void o (double input) noexcept
- · void a (double input) noexcept
- void t0 (double input) noexcept
- void t1 (double input) noexcept
- · void t2 (double input) noexcept
- void t3 (double input) noexcept
- · void t4 (double input) noexcept
- · void t5 (double input) noexcept
- · void t6 (double input) noexcept
- void t7 (double input) noexcept
- · void t8 (double input) noexcept
- void t9 (double input) noexcept
- void f (double input) noexcept
- · void stla (double input) noexcept
- · void stlo (double input) noexcept
- void evla (double input) noexcept
- · void evlo (double input) noexcept
- · void sb (double input) noexcept
- · void sdelta (double input) noexcept
- void nzyear (int input) noexcept
- void nzjday (int input) noexcept
- · void nzhour (int input) noexcept
- · void nzmin (int input) noexcept
- · void nzsec (int input) noexcept
- void nzmsec (int input) noexcept
- void nvhdr (int input) noexcept
- void norid (int input) noexcept
- void nevid (int input) noexcept
- · void npts (int input) noexcept
- · void nsnpts (int input) noexcept
- void nwfid (int input) noexcept
- void nxsize (int input) noexceptvoid nysize (int input) noexcept
- , , ,

- · void iftype (int input) noexcept
- · void idep (int input) noexcept
- · void iztype (int input) noexcept
- · void iinst (int input) noexcept
- · void istreg (int input) noexcept
- · void ievreg (int input) noexcept
- · void ievtyp (int input) noexcept
- · void iqual (int input) noexcept
- · void isynth (int input) noexcept
- · void imagtyp (int input) noexcept
- · void imagsrc (int input) noexcept
- · void ibody (int input) noexcept
- · void leven (bool input) noexcept
- · void lpspol (bool input) noexcept
- · void lovrok (bool input) noexcept
- · void Icalda (bool input) noexcept
- void kstnm (const std::string &input) noexcept
- void kevnm (const std::string &input) noexcept
- · void khole (const std::string &input) noexcept
- · void ko (const std::string &input) noexcept
- · void ka (const std::string &input) noexcept
- · void kt0 (const std::string &input) noexcept
- void kt1 (const std::string &input) noexcept
- · void kt2 (const std::string &input) noexcept
- · void kt3 (const std::string &input) noexcept
- · void kt4 (const std::string &input) noexcept
- void kt5 (const std::string &input) noexcept
- · void kt6 (const std::string &input) noexcept
- · void kt7 (const std::string &input) noexcept
- · void kt8 (const std::string &input) noexcept
- void kt9 (const std::string &input) noexcept
- void kf (const std::string &input) noexcept
- void kuser0 (const std::string &input) noexcept
- · void kuser1 (const std::string &input) noexcept
- void kuser2 (const std::string &input) noexcept
- void kcmpnm (const std::string &input) noexcept
- void knetwk (const std::string &input) noexcept
- void kdatrd (const std::string &input) noexcept
- void kinst (const std::string &input) noexcept
- void data1 (const std::vector< double > &input) noexcept
- void data2 (const std::vector< double > &input) noexcept

#### **Private Member Functions**

void calc\_gcarc () noexcept

Calculate great-circle arc-distance (gcarc).

· void calc dist () noexcept

Calculate distance (using gcarc).

void calc\_az () noexcept

Calculate azimuth.

· void calc baz () noexcept

Calculate back-azimuth.

• bool geometry\_set () const noexcept

Determine if locations are set for geometry calculation.

- · void resize data1 (size t size) noexcept
- · void resize\_data2 (size\_t size) noexcept
- void resize\_data (size\_t size) noexcept

Resize data vectors (only if eligible).

#### **Private Attributes**

```
std::array < float, num_float > floats {}
            Float storage array.
std::array < double, num_double > doubles {}
            Double storage array.
std::array < int, num_int > ints {}
            Integer storage array.
std::array < bool, num_bool > bools {}
            Boolean storage array.
std::array < std::string, num_string > strings {}
            String storage array.
std::array < std::vector < double >, num_data > data {}
            std::vector < double > storage array.
```

# 11.3.1 Detailed Description

The Trace class.

This class is the recommended way for reading/writing SAC-files.

It safely reads all data, provides automatic write support based upon the nVHdr header value (determine if a footer should be included or not).

It provides getters and setters for all SAC headers and the data.

# 11.3.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

# 11.3.2.1 Trace() [1/2]

```
sacfmt::Trace::Trace ( ) [noexcept]
```

Trace default constructor.

Fills all values with their default (unset) values. Data vectors are of size zero.

Returns

# Default created Trace object.

# 11.3.2.2 Trace() [2/2]

Binary SAC-file reader.

#### **Parameters**

in	path	std::filesystem::path SAC-file to be read.	]
----	------	--	---

#### Returns

Trace read in-file.

#### **Exceptions**

io_error	If the file is not safe to read for whatever reason.
std::exception	(disk failure).

```
01742
01743
        std::ifstream file(path, std::ifstream::binary);
01744
01745
          throw io_error(path.string() + " cannot be opened to read.");
01746
        safe_to_read_header(&file); // throws io_error if not safe
01747
01748
01749
01750
        delta(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
01751
        depmin(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
        depmax(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
// Skip 'unused'
01752
01753
01754
        read_word(&file);
        odelta(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
01755
01756
        b(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
01757
        e(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
01758
        o(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
        a(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
// Skip 'internal'
01759
01760
        read_word(&file);
01761
01762
        // T# pick headers
01763
        t0(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
01764
        t1(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
01765
        t2(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
        t3(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
01766
01767
        t4(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
01768
        t5(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
01769
        t6(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
01770
        t7(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
01771
        t8(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
01772
        t9(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
01773
        f(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
01774
        // Response headers
01775
        resp0(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
01776
        resp1(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
01777
        resp2 (binary_to_float (read_word(&file)));
01778
        resp3(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
01779
        resp4(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
01780
        resp5(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
01781
        resp6(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
01782
        resp7(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
01783
        resp8(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
01784
        resp9(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
01785
        // Station headers
01786
        stla(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
01787
        stlo(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
01788
        stel(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
01789
        stdp(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
01790
        // Event headers
        evla(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
evlo(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
01791
01792
01793
        evel(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
01794
        evdp(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
01795
        mag(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
01796
        // User misc headers
01797
        user0(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
01798
        user1(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
01799
        user2(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
01800
        user3(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
01801
        user4(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
01802
        user5(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
01803
        user6(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
        user7(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
01804
01805
        user8(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
01806
        user9(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
```

```
01807
         // Geometry headers
         dist(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
01808
01809
        az(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
01810
        baz(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
01811
        gcarc(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
01812
         // Metadata headers
01813
        sb(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
01814
         sdelta(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
01815
        depmen(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
01816
        cmpaz(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
        cmpinc(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
01817
01818
        xminimum(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
01819
         xmaximum(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
01820
        yminimum(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
01821
         ymaximum(binary_to_float(read_word(&file)));
        // Skip 'unused' (xcommon_skip_num)
for (int i{0}; i < common_skip_num; ++i) {
  read_word(&file);</pre>
01822
01823
01824
01825
01826
         // Date/time headers
        nzyear(binary_to_int(read_word(&file)));
01827
01828
        nzjday(binary_to_int(read_word(&file)));
01829
        nzhour(binary_to_int(read_word(&file)));
01830
        nzmin(binary_to_int(read_word(&file)));
01831
        nzsec(binary_to_int(read_word(&file)));
        nzmsec(binary_to_int(read_word(&file)));
01832
01833
         // More metadata headers
01834
        nvhdr(binary_to_int(read_word(&file)));
01835
        norid(binary_to_int(read_word(&file)));
01836
        nevid(binary_to_int(read_word(&file)));
01837
        npts(binary to int(read word(&file)));
01838
        nsnpts(binary_to_int(read_word(&file)));
01839
        nwfid(binary_to_int(read_word(&file)));
01840
        nxsize(binary_to_int(read_word(&file)));
        nysize(binary_to_int(read_word(&file)));
// Skip 'unused'
01841
01842
        read_word(&file);
01843
01844
         iftype(binary_to_int(read_word(&file)));
01845
         idep(binary_to_int(read_word(&file)));
01846
         iztype(binary_to_int(read_word(&file)));
01847
         // Skip 'unused'
         read word(&file):
01848
        iinst (binary_to_int (read_word(&file)));
istreg(binary_to_int (read_word(&file)));
01849
01850
         ievreg(binary_to_int(read_word(&file)));
01851
01852
         ievtyp(binary_to_int(read_word(&file)));
01853
        iqual(binary_to_int(read_word(&file)));
01854
         isynth(binary_to_int(read_word(&file)));
        imagtyp(binary_to_int(read_word(&file)));
imagsrc(binary_to_int(read_word(&file)));
01855
01856
01857
         ibody(binary_to_int(read_word(&file)));
         // Skip 'unused' (xcommon_skip_num)
for (int i{0}; i < common_skip_num; ++i) {</pre>
01858
01859
01860
          read word(&file);
01861
         // Logical headers
01862
         leven(binary_to_bool(read_word(&file)));
01863
01864
         lpspol(binary_to_bool(read_word(&file)));
01865
         lovrok(binary_to_bool(read_word(&file)));
01866
         lcalda(binary_to_bool(read_word(&file)));
         // Skip 'unused'
01867
        read_word(&file);
01868
01869
         // KSTNM is 2 words (normal)
01870
         kstnm(binary_to_string(read_two_words(&file)));
01871
         // KEVNM is 4 words long (unique!)
        kevnm(binary_to_long_string(read_four_words(&file)));
// All other 'K' headers are 2 words
01872
01873
01874
         khole(binary_to_string(read_two_words(&file)));
01875
         ko(binary_to_string(read_two_words(&file)));
         ka(binary_to_string(read_two_words(&file)));
01876
01877
         kt0(binary_to_string(read_two_words(&file)));
01878
        kt1(binary_to_string(read_two_words(&file)));
01879
        kt2(binary_to_string(read_two_words(&file)));
01880
         kt3(binary_to_string(read_two_words(&file)));
01881
         kt4(binary_to_string(read_two_words(&file)));
         kt5(binary_to_string(read_two_words(&file)));
01882
01883
         kt6(binary_to_string(read_two_words(&file)));
01884
         kt7(binary_to_string(read_two_words(&file)));
01885
         kt8(binary_to_string(read_two_words(&file)));
01886
         kt9(binary to string(read two words(&file)));
01887
         kf(binary to string(read two words(&file)));
01888
         kuser0(binary_to_string(read_two_words(&file)));
         kuser1(binary_to_string(read_two_words(&file)));
01889
01890
         kuser2(binary_to_string(read_two_words(&file)));
01891
        kcmpnm(binary_to_string(read_two_words(&file)));
        knetwk (binary_to_string (read_two_words (&file)));
kdatrd (binary_to_string (read_two_words (&file)));
01892
01893
```

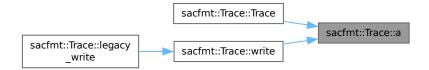
```
kinst(binary_to_string(read_two_words(&file)));
01895
        // DATA
01896
01897
        const bool is_data{npts() != unset_int);
01898
        // data1
01899
        const size_t n_words{static_cast<size_t>(npts())};
01900
        if (is_data) {
01901
          // false flags for data1
01902
          safe_to_read_data(&file, n_words, false); // throws io_error if unsafe
          const read_spec spec{n_words, data_word};
// Originally floats, read as doubles
01903
01904
01905
          data1(read_data(&file, spec));
01906
01907
        // data2 (uneven or spectral data)
01908
        if (is_data && (!leven() || (iftype() > 1))) {
01909
          // true flags for data2
          safe_to_read_data(&file, n_words, true); // throws io_error if unsafe
01910
          const read_spec spec{n_words, data_word + static_cast<size_t>(npts())};
01911
01912
          data2(read_data(&file, spec));
01913
01914
01915
        // Footer
01916
        if (nvhdr() == modern_hdr_version) {
01917
          safe to read footer(&file); // throws io error if not safe
01918
          delta(binary_to_double(read_two_words(&file)));
01919
          b(binary_to_double(read_two_words(&file)));
01920
          e(binary_to_double(read_two_words(&file)));
01921
          o(binary_to_double(read_two_words(&file)));
01922
          a(binary_to_double(read_two_words(&file)));
01923
          t0(binary_to_double(read_two_words(&file)));
          t1(binary_to_double(read_two_words(&file)));
01924
01925
          t2(binary_to_double(read_two_words(&file)));
01926
          t3(binary_to_double(read_two_words(&file)));
          t4(binary_to_double(read_two_words(&file)));
01927
01928
          t5(binary_to_double(read_two_words(&file)));
01929
          t6(binary_to_double(read_two_words(&file)));
          t7(binary_to_double(read_two_words(&file)));
01930
          t8(binary_to_double(read_two_words(&file)));
01931
01932
          t9(binary_to_double(read_two_words(&file)));
01933
          f(binary_to_double(read_two_words(&file)));
01934
          evlo(binary_to_double(read_two_words(&file)));
01935
          evla(binary_to_double(read_two_words(&file)));
          stlo(binary_to_double(read_two_words(&file)));
01936
01937
          stla(binary_to_double(read_two_words(&file)));
01938
          sb(binary_to_double(read_two_words(&file)));
01939
          sdelta(binary_to_double(read_two_words(&file)));
01940
        safe_to_finish_reading(&file); // throws io_error if the file isn't finished
01941
01942
        file.close();
01943 }
```

# 11.3.3 Member Function Documentation

# 11.3.3.1 a() [1/2]

```
double sacfmt::Trace::a ( ) const [noexcept]
01063 { return doubles[sac_map.at(name::a)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

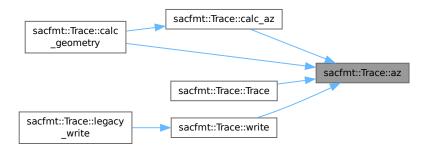


# 11.3.3.2 a() [2/2]

# 11.3.3.3 az() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::az ( ) const [noexcept]
01034 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::az)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

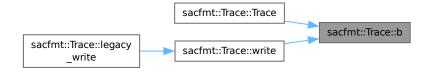


# 11.3.3.4 az() [2/2]

# 11.3.3.5 b() [1/2]

```
double sacfmt::Trace::b ( ) const [noexcept]
01060 { return doubles[sac_map.at(name::b)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

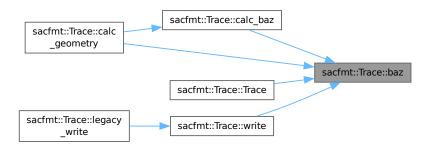


# 11.3.3.6 b() [2/2]

# 11.3.3.7 baz() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::baz ( ) const [noexcept]
01035 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::baz)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 11.3.3.8 baz() [2/2]

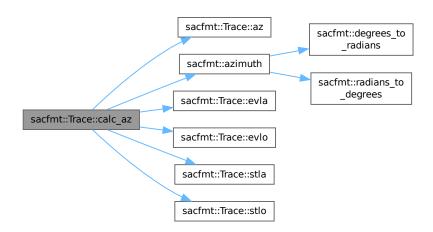
# 11.3.3.9 calc\_az()

```
void sacfmt::Trace::calc_az ( ) [private], [noexcept]
```

Calculate azimuth.

# $Station \rightarrow Event$

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



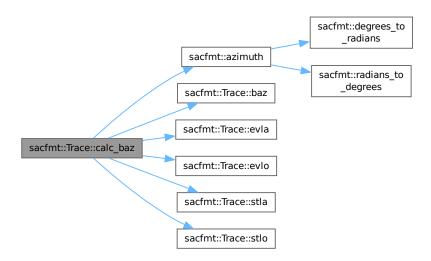
# 11.3.3.10 calc\_baz()

```
void sacfmt::Trace::calc_baz ( ) [private], [noexcept]
```

Calculate back-azimuth.

# $Event \rightarrow Station$

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



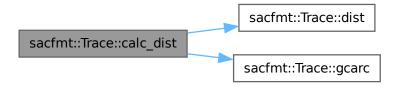
# 11.3.3.11 calc\_dist()

```
void sacfmt::Trace::calc_dist ( ) [private], [noexcept]
```

Calculate distance (using gcarc).

Assumes spherical Earth (in future may update to include flattening and different planteray bodies).

Here is the call graph for this function:

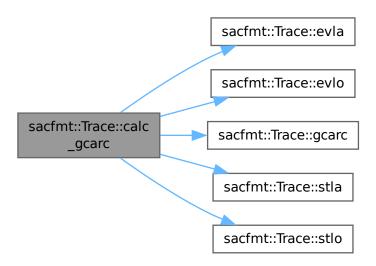


Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 11.3.3.12 calc\_gcarc()

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



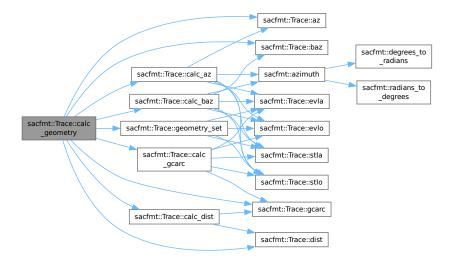
#### 11.3.3.13 calc\_geometry()

```
void sacfmt::Trace::calc_geometry ( ) [noexcept]
```

Calculates gcarc, dist, az, and baz from stla, stlo, evla, and evlo.

```
if (geometry_set()) {
00875
          calc_gcarc();
00876
00877
          calc_dist();
        calc_az();
calc_baz();
} else {
00878
00879
00880
          gcarc(unset_double);
00881
          dist(unset_double);
00882
           az(unset_double);
00883
00884 }
          baz (unset_double);
00885 }
```

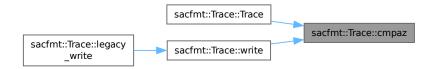
Here is the call graph for this function:



# 11.3.3.14 cmpaz() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::cmpaz ( ) const [noexcept]
01040 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::cmpaz)]; }
```

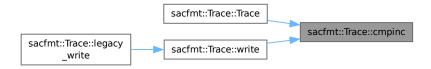
Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 11.3.3.15 cmpaz() [2/2]

#### 11.3.3.16 cmpinc() [1/2]

Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 11.3.3.17 cmpinc() [2/2]

# 11.3.3.18 data1() [1/2]

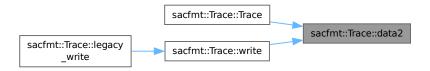
Here is the caller graph for this function:



#### 11.3.3.19 data1() [2/2]

# 11.3.3.20 data2() [1/2]

Here is the caller graph for this function:



### 11.3.3.21 data2() [2/2]

```
void sacfmt::Trace::data2 (
               const std::vector< double > & input ) [noexcept]
01574
01575
       data[sac_map.at(name::data2)] = input;
01576
       // Proagate change as needed
int size{static_cast<int>(data2().size())};
01577
01578
       size = (((size == 0) && (npts() == unset_int)) ? unset_int : size);
01579
        // Need to make sure this is legal
01580
        // If positive size and not-legal, make spectral
01581
        if (size > 0) {
        // If not legal, make spectral
if (leven() && (iftype() <= 1)) {</pre>
01582
01583
01584
            iftype(2);
01585
01586
          // If legal and different from npts, update npts
01587
          if ((!leven() || (iftype() > 1)) && (size != npts())) {
01588
            npts(size);
01589
01590
        }
01591 }
```

# 11.3.3.22 date()

```
std::string sacfmt::Trace::date ( ) const [noexcept]
```

Get date string.

#### Returns

```
std::string Date (YYYY-JJJ).
```

```
00963
00964
        // Require all to be set
       if ((nzyear() == unset_int) || (nzjday() == unset_int)) {
00965
       return unset_word;
}
00966
00967
00968
       std::ostringstream oss{};
00969 oss « nzyear();
00970 oss « '-';
00971
       oss « nzjday();
00972
       return oss.str();
00973 }
```

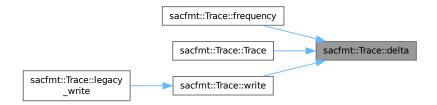
Here is the call graph for this function:



# 11.3.3.23 delta() [1/2]

```
double sacfmt::Trace::delta ( ) const [noexcept]
01057
01058    return doubles[sac_map.at(name::delta)];
01059 }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 11.3.3.24 delta() [2/2]

# 11.3.3.25 depmax() [1/2]

Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 11.3.3.26 depmax() [2/2]

#### 11.3.3.27 depmen() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::depmen ( ) const [noexcept]
01037
01038     return floats[sac_map.at(name::depmen)];
01039 }
```

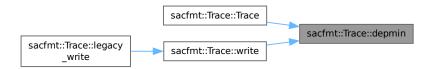
Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 11.3.3.28 depmen() [2/2]

#### 11.3.3.29 depmin() [1/2]

Here is the caller graph for this function:

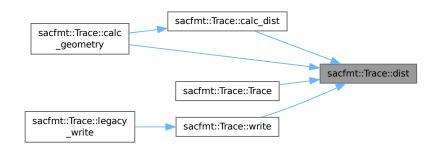


# 11.3.3.30 depmin() [2/2]

# 11.3.3.31 dist() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::dist ( ) const [noexcept]
01033 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::dist)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

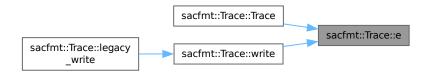


# 11.3.3.32 dist() [2/2]

# 11.3.3.33 e() [1/2]

```
double sacfmt::Trace::e ( ) const [noexcept]
01061 { return doubles[sac_map.at(name::e)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

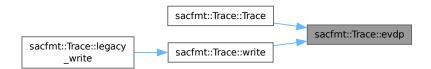


#### 11.3.3.34 e() [2/2]

# 11.3.3.35 evdp() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::evdp ( ) const [noexcept]
01021 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::evdp)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

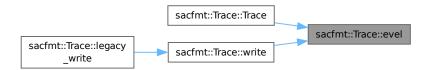


# 11.3.3.36 evdp() [2/2]

# 11.3.3.37 evel() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::evel ( ) const [noexcept]
01020 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::evel)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

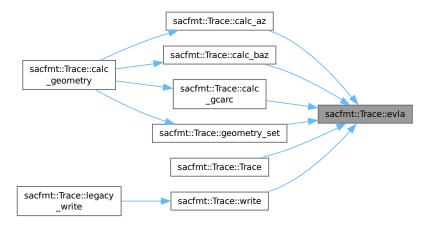


# 11.3.3.38 evel() [2/2]

# 11.3.3.39 evla() [1/2]

```
double sacfmt::Trace::evla ( ) const [noexcept]
01077 { return doubles[sac_map.at(name::evla)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



#### 11.3.3.40 evla() [2/2]

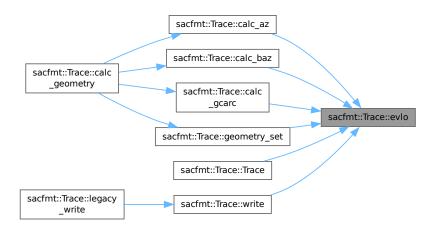
Here is the call graph for this function:



# 11.3.3.41 evlo() [1/2]

```
double sacfmt::Trace::evlo ( ) const [noexcept]
01078 { return doubles[sac_map.at(name::evlo)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 11.3.3.42 evlo() [2/2]

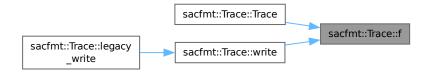
Here is the call graph for this function:



# 11.3.3.43 f() [1/2]

```
double sacfmt::Trace::f ( ) const [noexcept]
01074 { return doubles[sac_map.at(name::f)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 11.3.3.44 f() [2/2]

# 11.3.3.45 frequency()

```
double sacfmt::Trace::frequency ( ) const [noexcept]
```

Calculate frequency from delta.

$$f = \frac{1}{\delta}$$

#### Returns

### double Frequency.

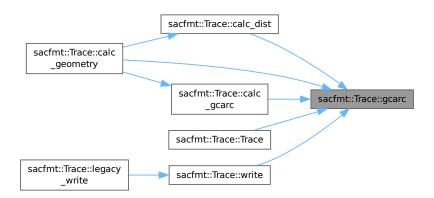
Here is the call graph for this function:



### 11.3.3.46 gcarc() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::gcarc ( ) const [noexcept]
01036 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::gcarc)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



### 11.3.3.47 gcarc() [2/2]

#### 11.3.3.48 geometry\_set()

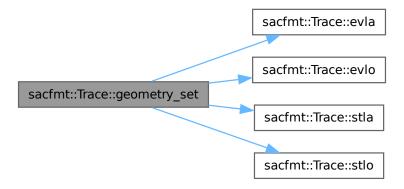
```
bool sacfmt::Trace::geometry_set ( ) const [private], [noexcept]
```

Determine if locations are set for geometry calculation.

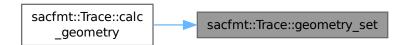
#### Returns

bool True if able to calculate geometry.

Here is the call graph for this function:



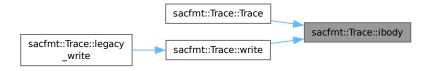
Here is the caller graph for this function:



### 11.3.3.49 ibody() [1/2]

```
int sacfmt::Trace::ibody ( ) const [noexcept]
01109 { return ints[sac_map.at(name::ibody)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 11.3.3.50 ibody() [2/2]

#### 11.3.3.51 idep() [1/2]

```
int sacfmt::Trace::idep ( ) const [noexcept]
01099 { return ints[sac_map.at(name::idep)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

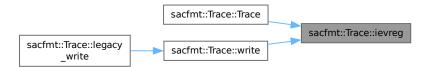


# 11.3.3.52 idep() [2/2]

### 11.3.3.53 ievreg() [1/2]

```
int sacfmt::Trace::ievreg ( ) const [noexcept]
01103 { return ints[sac_map.at(name::ievreg)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

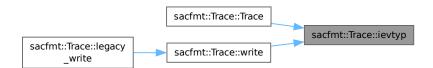


### 11.3.3.54 ievreg() [2/2]

# 11.3.3.55 ievtyp() [1/2]

```
int sacfmt::Trace::ievtyp ( ) const [noexcept]
01104 { return ints[sac_map.at(name::ievtyp)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

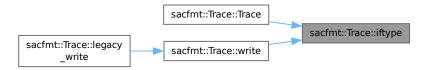


# 11.3.3.56 ievtyp() [2/2]

### 11.3.3.57 iftype() [1/2]

```
int sacfmt::Trace::iftype ( ) const [noexcept]
01098 { return ints[sac_map.at(name::iftype)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



#### 11.3.3.58 iftype() [2/2]

## 11.3.3.59 iinst() [1/2]

```
int sacfmt::Trace::iinst ( ) const [noexcept]
01101 { return ints[sac_map.at(name::iinst)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 11.3.3.60 iinst() [2/2]

### 11.3.3.61 imagsrc() [1/2]

```
int sacfmt::Trace::imagsrc ( ) const [noexcept]
01108 { return ints[sac_map.at(name::imagsrc)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

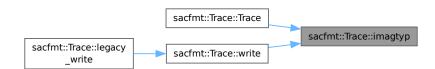


### 11.3.3.62 imagsrc() [2/2]

# 11.3.3.63 imagtyp() [1/2]

```
int sacfmt::Trace::imagtyp ( ) const [noexcept]
01107 { return ints[sac_map.at(name::imagtyp)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

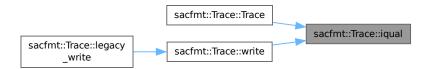


#### 11.3.3.64 imagtyp() [2/2]

# 11.3.3.65 iqual() [1/2]

```
int sacfmt::Trace::iqual ( ) const [noexcept]
01105 { return ints[sac_map.at(name::iqual)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

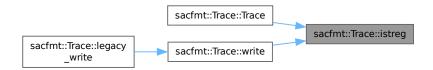


### 11.3.3.66 iqual() [2/2]

# 11.3.3.67 istreg() [1/2]

```
int sacfmt::Trace::istreg ( ) const [noexcept]
01102 { return ints[sac_map.at(name::istreg)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

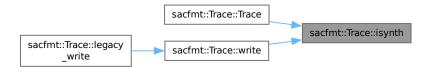


### 11.3.3.68 istreg() [2/2]

### 11.3.3.69 isynth() [1/2]

```
int sacfmt::Trace::isynth ( ) const [noexcept]
01106 { return ints[sac_map.at(name::isynth)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

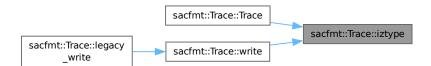


# 11.3.3.70 isynth() [2/2]

#### 11.3.3.71 iztype() [1/2]

```
int sacfmt::Trace::iztype ( ) const [noexcept]
01100 { return ints[sac_map.at(name::iztype)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

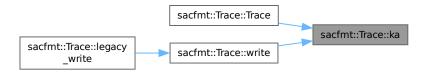


# 11.3.3.72 iztype() [2/2]

### 11.3.3.73 ka() [1/2]

```
std::string sacfmt::Trace::ka ( ) const [noexcept]
01126 { return strings[sac_map.at(name::ka)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



### 11.3.3.74 ka() [2/2]

# 11.3.3.75 kcmpnm() [1/2]

Here is the caller graph for this function:



### 11.3.3.76 kcmpnm() [2/2]

### 11.3.3.77 kdatrd() [1/2]

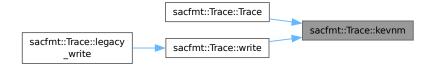
Here is the caller graph for this function:



### 11.3.3.78 kdatrd() [2/2]

# 11.3.3.79 kevnm() [1/2]

Here is the caller graph for this function:

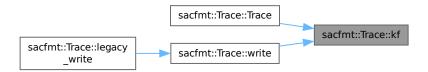


#### 11.3.3.80 kevnm() [2/2]

#### 11.3.3.81 kf() [1/2]

```
std::string sacfmt::Trace::kf ( ) const [noexcept]
01157 { return strings[sac_map.at(name::kf)]; }
```

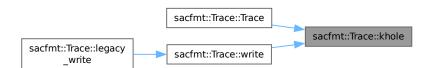
Here is the caller graph for this function:



### 11.3.3.82 kf() [2/2]

# 11.3.3.83 khole() [1/2]

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 11.3.3.84 khole() [2/2]

#### 11.3.3.85 kinst() [1/2]

```
std::string sacfmt::Trace::kinst ( ) const [noexcept]
01176
01177    return strings[sac_map.at(name::kinst)];
01178 }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



#### 11.3.3.86 kinst() [2/2]

### 11.3.3.87 knetwk() [1/2]

Here is the caller graph for this function:

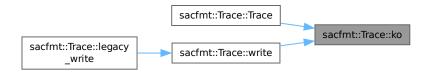


#### 11.3.3.88 knetwk() [2/2]

### 11.3.3.89 ko() [1/2]

```
std::string sacfmt::Trace::ko ( ) const [noexcept]
01125 { return strings[sac_map.at(name::ko)]; }
```

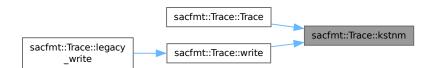
Here is the caller graph for this function:



### 11.3.3.90 ko() [2/2]

# 11.3.3.91 kstnm() [1/2]

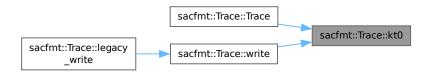
Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 11.3.3.92 kstnm() [2/2]

#### 11.3.3.93 kt0() [1/2]

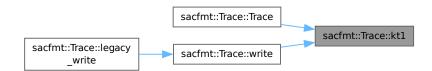
Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 11.3.3.94 kt0() [2/2]

# 11.3.3.95 kt1() [1/2]

Here is the caller graph for this function:



#### 11.3.3.96 kt1() [2/2]

#### 11.3.3.97 kt2() [1/2]

Here is the caller graph for this function:

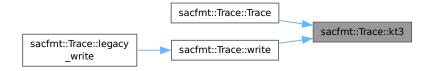


## 11.3.3.98 kt2() [2/2]

# 11.3.3.99 kt3() [1/2]

```
std::string sacfmt::Trace::kt3 ( ) const [noexcept]
01136
01137    return strings[sac_map.at(name::kt3)];
01138 }
```

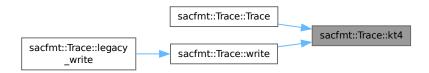
Here is the caller graph for this function:



#### 11.3.3.100 kt3() [2/2]

### 11.3.3.101 kt4() [1/2]

Here is the caller graph for this function:

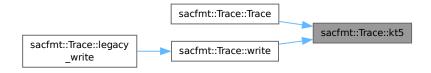


## 11.3.3.102 kt4() [2/2]

# 11.3.3.103 kt5() [1/2]

```
std::string sacfmt::Trace::kt5 ( ) const [noexcept]
01142
01143    return strings[sac_map.at(name::kt5)];
01144 }
```

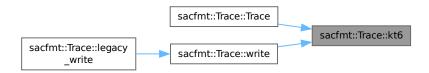
Here is the caller graph for this function:



### 11.3.3.104 kt5() [2/2]

### 11.3.3.105 kt6() [1/2]

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 11.3.3.106 kt6() [2/2]

# 11.3.3.107 kt7() [1/2]

```
std::string sacfmt::Trace::kt7 ( ) const [noexcept]
01148
01149    return strings[sac_map.at(name::kt7)];
01150 }
```

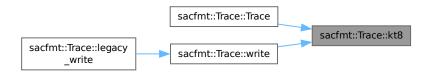
Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 11.3.3.108 kt7() [2/2]

### 11.3.3.109 kt8() [1/2]

Here is the caller graph for this function:

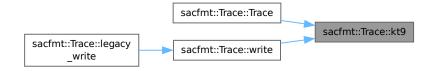


## 11.3.3.110 kt8() [2/2]

# 11.3.3.111 kt9() [1/2]

```
std::string sacfmt::Trace::kt9 ( ) const [noexcept]
01154
01155    return strings[sac_map.at(name::kt9)];
01156 }
```

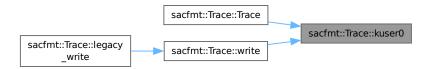
Here is the caller graph for this function:



### 11.3.3.112 kt9() [2/2]

#### 11.3.3.113 kuser0() [1/2]

Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 11.3.3.114 kuser0() [2/2]

# 11.3.3.115 kuser1() [1/2]

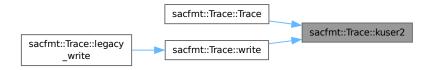
Here is the caller graph for this function:



### 11.3.3.116 kuser1() [2/2]

### 11.3.3.117 kuser2() [1/2]

Here is the caller graph for this function:

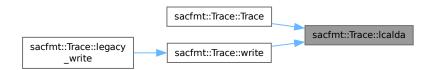


### 11.3.3.118 kuser2() [2/2]

# 11.3.3.119 lcalda() [1/2]

```
bool sacfmt::Trace::lcalda ( ) const [noexcept]
01114 { return bools[sac_map.at(name::lcalda)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



### 11.3.3.120 lcalda() [2/2]

# 11.3.3.121 legacy\_write()

Binary SAC-file legacy-write convenience function.

# **Parameters**

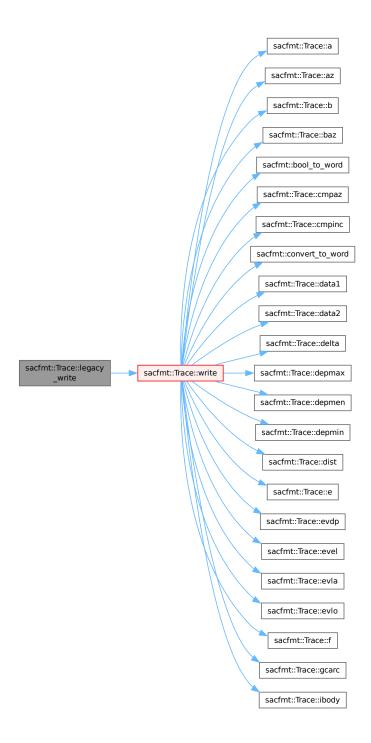
in	path	std::filesystem::path SAC-file to be written.	]
----	------	---	---

# Exceptions

io_error	If the file cannot be written (bad path or bad permissions).
std::execption	Other unwritable issues (not enough space, disk failure, etc.).

```
02187
02188 write(path, true);
02189 }
```

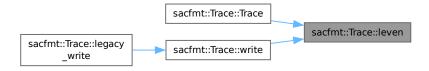
Here is the call graph for this function:



# 11.3.3.122 leven() [1/2]

```
bool sacfmt::Trace::leven ( ) const [noexcept]
01111 { return bools[sac_map.at(name::leven)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

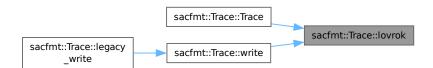


# 11.3.3.123 leven() [2/2]

#### 11.3.3.124 lovrok() [1/2]

```
bool sacfmt::Trace::lovrok ( ) const [noexcept]
01113 { return bools[sac_map.at(name::lovrok)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

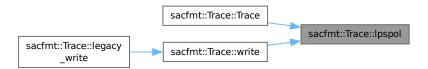


# 11.3.3.125 lovrok() [2/2]

### 11.3.3.126 | lpspol() [1/2]

```
bool sacfmt::Trace::lpspol ( ) const [noexcept]
01112 { return bools[sac_map.at(name::lpspol)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

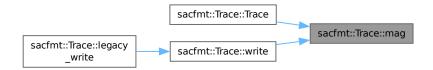


# 11.3.3.127 | ipspoi() [2/2]

# 11.3.3.128 mag() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::mag ( ) const [noexcept]
01022 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::mag)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



### 11.3.3.129 mag() [2/2]

#### 11.3.3.130 nevid() [1/2]

```
int sacfmt::Trace::nevid ( ) const [noexcept]
01092 { return ints[sac_map.at(name::nevid)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

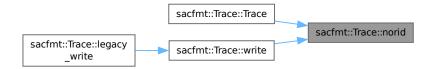


# 11.3.3.131 nevid() [2/2]

## 11.3.3.132 norid() [1/2]

```
int sacfmt::Trace::norid ( ) const [noexcept]
01091 { return ints[sac_map.at(name::norid)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

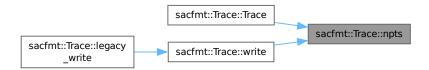


### 11.3.3.133 norid() [2/2]

#### 11.3.3.134 npts() [1/2]

```
int sacfmt::Trace::npts ( ) const [noexcept]
01093 { return ints[sac_map.at(name::npts)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 11.3.3.135 npts() [2/2]

#### 11.3.3.136 nsnpts() [1/2]

```
int sacfmt::Trace::nsnpts ( ) const [noexcept]
01094 { return ints[sac_map.at(name::nsnpts)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



### 11.3.3.137 nsnpts() [2/2]

#### 11.3.3.138 nvhdr() [1/2]

```
int sacfmt::Trace::nvhdr ( ) const [noexcept]
01090 { return ints[sac_map.at(name::nvhdr)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

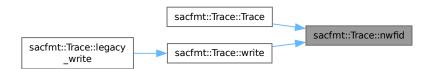


## 11.3.3.139 nvhdr() [2/2]

# 11.3.3.140 nwfid() [1/2]

```
int sacfmt::Trace::nwfid ( ) const [noexcept]
01095 { return ints[sac_map.at(name::nwfid)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 11.3.3.141 nwfid() [2/2]

# 11.3.3.142 nxsize() [1/2]

```
int sacfmt::Trace::nxsize ( ) const [noexcept]
01096 { return ints[sac_map.at(name::nxsize)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 11.3.3.143 nxsize() [2/2]

#### 11.3.3.144 nysize() [1/2]

```
int sacfmt::Trace::nysize ( ) const [noexcept]
01097 { return ints[sac_map.at(name::nysize)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 11.3.3.145 nysize() [2/2]

### 11.3.3.146 nzhour() [1/2]

```
int sacfmt::Trace::nzhour ( ) const [noexcept]
01086 { return ints[sac_map.at(name::nzhour)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



#### 11.3.3.147 nzhour() [2/2]

# 11.3.3.148 nzjday() [1/2]

```
int sacfmt::Trace::nzjday ( ) const [noexcept]
01085 { return ints[sac_map.at(name::nzjday)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

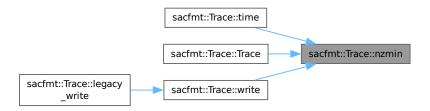


# 11.3.3.149 nzjday() [2/2]

### 11.3.3.150 nzmin() [1/2]

```
int sacfmt::Trace::nzmin ( ) const [noexcept]
01087 { return ints[sac_map.at(name::nzmin)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

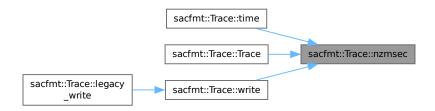


#### 11.3.3.151 nzmin() [2/2]

# 11.3.3.152 nzmsec() [1/2]

```
int sacfmt::Trace::nzmsec ( ) const [noexcept]
01089 { return ints[sac_map.at(name::nzmsec)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

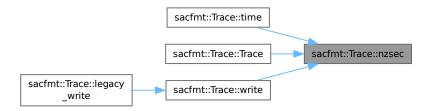


## 11.3.3.153 nzmsec() [2/2]

#### 11.3.3.154 nzsec() [1/2]

```
int sacfmt::Trace::nzsec ( ) const [noexcept]
01088 { return ints[sac_map.at(name::nzsec)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



### 11.3.3.155 nzsec() [2/2]

# 11.3.3.156 nzyear() [1/2]

```
int sacfmt::Trace::nzyear ( ) const [noexcept]
01084 { return ints[sac_map.at(name::nzyear)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

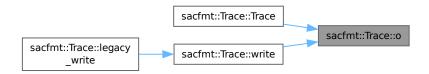


### 11.3.3.157 nzyear() [2/2]

### 11.3.3.158 o() [1/2]

```
double sacfmt::Trace::o ( ) const [noexcept]
01062 { return doubles[sac_map.at(name::o)]; }
```

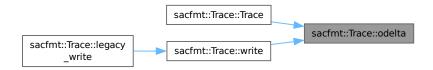
Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 11.3.3.159 o() [2/2]

#### 11.3.3.160 odelta() [1/2]

Here is the caller graph for this function:



### 11.3.3.161 odelta() [2/2]

# 11.3.3.162 operator==()

Trace equality operator.

#### **Parameters**

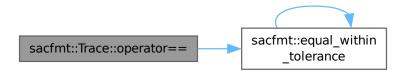
i	n	this	First Trace in comparison (LHS).
i	n	other	Second Trace in comparison (RHS).

#### Returns

bool Truth value of equality.

```
00848
        if (floats != other.floats) {
00850
         return false;
00851
       if (doubles != other.doubles) {
00852
       return false;
00853
00854
00855
       if (ints != other.ints) {
        return false;
00856
00857
        if (strings != other.strings) {
00858
00859
         return false;
00860
00861
        if (!equal_within_tolerance(data[0], other.data[0])) {
00862
         return false;
00863
00864
       ..equal_with
return false;
}
       if (!equal_within_tolerance(data[1], other.data[1])) {
00865
00866
00867
       return true;
00868 }
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



# 11.3.3.163 resize\_data()

Resize data vectors (only if eligible).

Will always resize data1, data2 only resizes if it can have non-zero size.

```
01622
01623    resize_data1(size);
01624    resize_data2(size);
01625 }
```

#### 11.3.3.164 resize\_data1()

### 11.3.3.165 resize\_data2()

```
void sacfmt::Trace::resize_data2 (
               size_t size ) [private], [noexcept]
01601
01602
       // Data2 is legal
       if (!leven() || (iftype() > 1)) {
   if (size != data2().size()) {
01603
01604
           std::vector<double> new_data2{data2()};
01605
01606
            new_data2.resize(size, 0.0);
01607
            data2 (new_data2);
01608
01609
       } else {
        if (!data2().empty()) {
01610
01611
           std::vector<double> new_data2{};
01612
            data2 (new_data2);
01613
01614 }
01615 }
```

### 11.3.3.166 resp0() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::resp0 ( ) const [noexcept]
01008 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::resp0)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

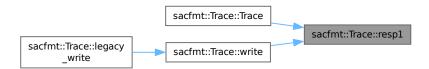


#### 11.3.3.167 resp0() [2/2]

### 11.3.3.168 resp1() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::resp1 ( ) const [noexcept]
01009 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::resp1)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

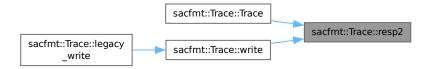


# 11.3.3.169 resp1() [2/2]

## 11.3.3.170 resp2() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::resp2 ( ) const [noexcept]
01010 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::resp2)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 11.3.3.171 resp2() [2/2]

# 11.3.3.172 resp3() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::resp3 ( ) const [noexcept]
01011 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::resp3)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

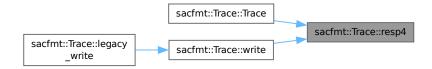


# 11.3.3.173 resp3() [2/2]

## 11.3.3.174 resp4() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::resp4 ( ) const [noexcept]
01012 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::resp4)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 11.3.3.175 resp4() [2/2]

#### 11.3.3.176 resp5() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::resp5 ( ) const [noexcept]
01013 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::resp5)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

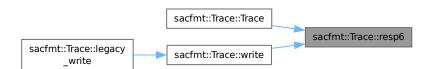


# 11.3.3.177 resp5() [2/2]

#### 11.3.3.178 resp6() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::resp6 ( ) const [noexcept]
01014 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::resp6)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

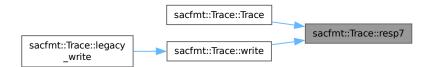


# 11.3.3.179 resp6() [2/2]

#### 11.3.3.180 resp7() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::resp7 ( ) const [noexcept]
01015 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::resp7)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

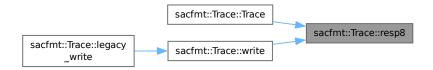


# 11.3.3.181 resp7() [2/2]

#### 11.3.3.182 resp8() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::resp8 ( ) const [noexcept]
01016 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::resp8)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

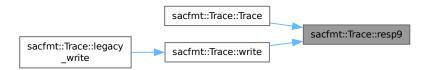


# 11.3.3.183 resp8() [2/2]

# 11.3.3.184 resp9() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::resp9 ( ) const [noexcept]
01017 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::resp9)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

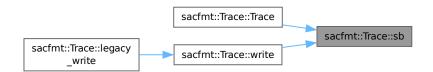


# 11.3.3.185 resp9() [2/2]

#### 11.3.3.186 sb() [1/2]

```
double sacfmt::Trace::sb ( ) const [noexcept]
01079 { return doubles[sac_map.at(name::sb)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

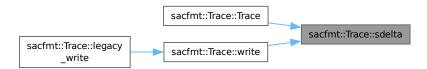


# 11.3.3.187 sb() [2/2]

#### 11.3.3.188 sdelta() [1/2]

```
double sacfmt::Trace::sdelta ( ) const [noexcept]
01080
01081    return doubles[sac_map.at(name::sdelta)];
01082 }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

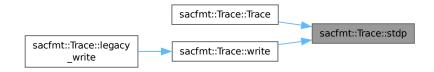


#### 11.3.3.189 sdelta() [2/2]

# 11.3.3.190 stdp() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::stdp ( ) const [noexcept]
01019 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::stdp)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 11.3.3.191 stdp() [2/2]

#### 11.3.3.192 stel() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::stel ( ) const [noexcept]
01018 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::stel)]; }
```

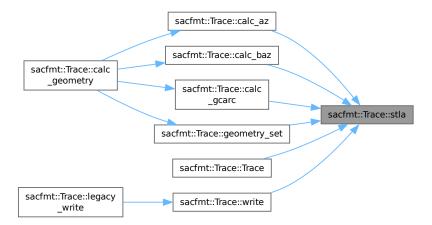
Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 11.3.3.193 stel() [2/2]

# 11.3.3.194 stla() [1/2]

```
double sacfmt::Trace::stla ( ) const [noexcept]
01075 { return doubles[sac_map.at(name::stla)]; }
```



#### 11.3.3.195 stla() [2/2]

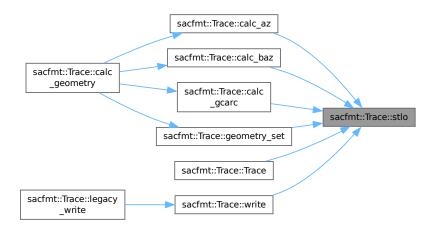
Here is the call graph for this function:



# 11.3.3.196 stlo() [1/2]

```
double sacfmt::Trace::stlo ( ) const [noexcept]
01076 { return doubles[sac_map.at(name::stlo)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



#### 11.3.3.197 stlo() [2/2]

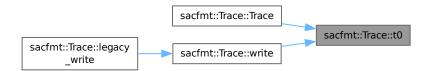
Here is the call graph for this function:



#### 11.3.3.198 t0() [1/2]

```
double sacfmt::Trace::t0 ( ) const [noexcept]
01064 { return doubles[sac_map.at(name::t0)]; }
```

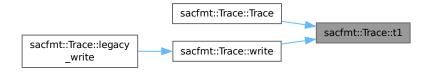
Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 11.3.3.199 t0() [2/2]

# 11.3.3.200 t1() [1/2]

```
double sacfmt::Trace::t1 ( ) const [noexcept]
01065 { return doubles[sac_map.at(name::t1)]; }
```

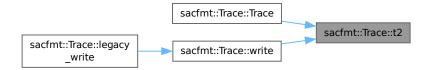


# 11.3.3.201 t1() [2/2]

#### 11.3.3.202 t2() [1/2]

```
double sacfmt::Trace::t2 ( ) const [noexcept]
01066 { return doubles[sac_map.at(name::t2)]; }
```

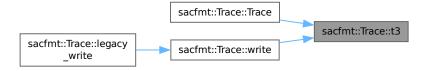
Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 11.3.3.203 t2() [2/2]

#### 11.3.3.204 t3() [1/2]

```
double sacfmt::Trace::t3 ( ) const [noexcept]
01067 { return doubles[sac_map.at(name::t3)]; }
```

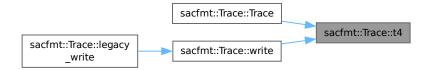


#### 11.3.3.205 t3() [2/2]

#### 11.3.3.206 t4() [1/2]

```
double sacfmt::Trace::t4 ( ) const [noexcept]
01068 { return doubles[sac_map.at(name::t4)]; }
```

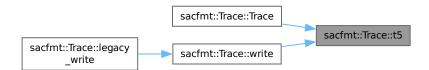
Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 11.3.3.207 t4() [2/2]

# 11.3.3.208 t5() [1/2]

```
double sacfmt::Trace::t5 ( ) const [noexcept]
01069 { return doubles[sac_map.at(name::t5)]; }
```

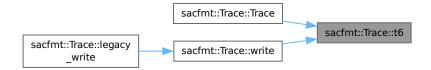


#### 11.3.3.209 t5() [2/2]

#### 11.3.3.210 t6() [1/2]

```
double sacfmt::Trace::t6 ( ) const [noexcept]
01070 { return doubles[sac_map.at(name::t6)]; }
```

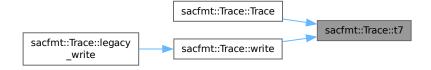
Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 11.3.3.211 t6() [2/2]

#### 11.3.3.212 t7() [1/2]

```
double sacfmt::Trace::t7 ( ) const [noexcept]
01071 { return doubles[sac_map.at(name::t7)]; }
```

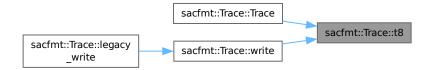


#### 11.3.3.213 t7() [2/2]

#### 11.3.3.214 t8() [1/2]

```
double sacfmt::Trace::t8 ( ) const [noexcept]
01072 { return doubles[sac_map.at(name::t8)]; }
```

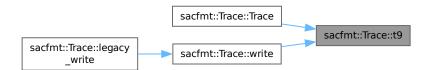
Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 11.3.3.215 t8() [2/2]

#### 11.3.3.216 t9() [1/2]

```
double sacfmt::Trace::t9 ( ) const [noexcept]
01073 { return doubles[sac_map.at(name::t9)]; }
```



# 11.3.3.217 t9() [2/2]

#### 11.3.3.218 time()

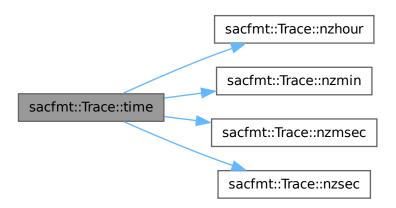
```
std::string sacfmt::Trace::time ( ) const [noexcept]
```

Get time string.

#### Returns

sstd::string Time (HH::MM:SS.sss).

```
00980
00981
       \ensuremath{//} Require all to be set
       00982
00983
       return unset_word;
00984
      std::ostringstream oss{};
oss « nzhour();
oss « ':';
00986
00987
00988
       oss « nzmin();
oss « ':';
00989
00990
00991
       oss « nzsec();
00992
       oss « '.';
00993
       oss « nzmsec();
00994
       return oss.str();
00995 }
```



#### 11.3.3.219 user0() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::user0 ( ) const [noexcept]
01023 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::user0)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

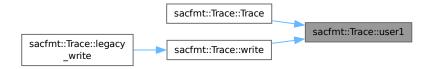


# 11.3.3.220 user0() [2/2]

#### 11.3.3.221 user1() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::user1 ( ) const [noexcept]
01024 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::user1)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

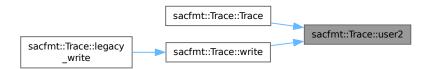


# 11.3.3.222 user1() [2/2]

#### 11.3.3.223 user2() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::user2 ( ) const [noexcept]
01025 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::user2)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

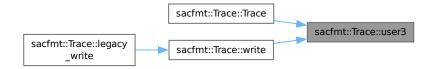


# 11.3.3.224 user2() [2/2]

#### 11.3.3.225 user3() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::user3 ( ) const [noexcept]
01026 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::user3)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 11.3.3.226 user3() [2/2]

#### 11.3.3.227 user4() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::user4 ( ) const [noexcept]
01027 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::user4)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

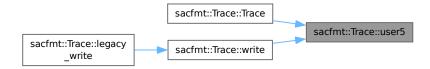


# 11.3.3.228 user4() [2/2]

#### 11.3.3.229 user5() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::user5 ( ) const [noexcept]
01028 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::user5)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

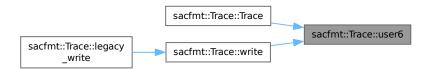


# 11.3.3.230 user5() [2/2]

#### 11.3.3.231 user6() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::user6 ( ) const [noexcept]
01029 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::user6)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

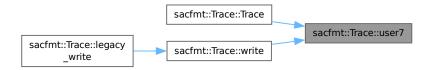


# 11.3.3.232 user6() [2/2]

#### 11.3.3.233 user7() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::user7 ( ) const [noexcept]
01030 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::user7)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

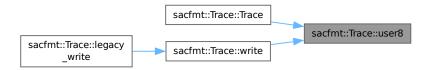


# 11.3.3.234 user7() [2/2]

#### 11.3.3.235 user8() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::user8 ( ) const [noexcept]
01031 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::user8)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

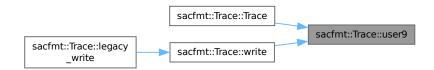


#### 11.3.3.236 user8() [2/2]

#### 11.3.3.237 user9() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::user9 ( ) const [noexcept]
01032 { return floats[sac_map.at(name::user9)]; }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 11.3.3.238 user9() [2/2]

#### 11.3.3.239 write()

Binary SAC-file writer.

#### **Parameters**

in	path	std::filesystem::path SAC-file to write.
in	legacy	bool Legacy-write flag (default false = v7, true = v6).

#### **Exceptions**

io_error	If the file cannot be written (bad path or bad permissions).	
std::exception	Other unwritable issues (not enough space, disk failure, etc.).	

```
01956
01957
        std::ofstream file(path, std::ios::binary | std::ios::out | std::ios::trunc);
01958
        if (!file) {
01959
         throw io_error(path.string() + " cannot be opened to write.");
01960
01961
        const int header_version{legacy ? old_hdr_version : modern_hdr_version};
01962
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(static_cast<float>(delta())));
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(depmin()));
01963
01964
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(depmax()));
01965
        // Fill 'unused'
01966
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(depmax()));
01967
        write words(&file, convert to word(odelta()));
01968
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(static_cast<float>(b())));
01969
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(static_cast<float>(e())));
01970
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(static_cast<float>(o())));
       write_words(&file,
// Fill 'internal'
01971
                           convert_to_word(static_cast<float>(a())));
01972
01973
        write words(&file, convert to word(depmin()));
01974
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(static_cast<float>(t0())));
01975
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(static_cast<float>(t1())));
01976
        write_words(&file,
                           convert_to_word(static_cast<float>(t2())));
01977
        write_words(&file,
                           convert_to_word(static_cast<float>(t3())));
01978
        write_words(&file,
                           convert_to_word(static_cast<float>(t4())));
01979
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(static_cast<float>(t5())));
01980
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(static_cast<float>(t6())));
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(static_cast<float>(t7())));
01981
01982
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(static_cast<float>(t8())));
01983
        write_words(&file,
                           convert_to_word(static_cast<float>(t9())));
01984
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(static_cast<float>(f())));
01985
        write words (&file, convert to word (resp0()));
01986
        write words(&file, convert to word(resp1()));
01987
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(resp2()));
01988
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(resp3()));
01989
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(resp4()));
01990
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(resp5()));
01991
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(resp6()));
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(resp7()));
01992
01993
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(resp8()));
01994
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(resp9()));
01995
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(static_cast<float>(stla())));
01996
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(static_cast<float>(stlo())));
01997
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(stel()));
01998
        write words(&file, convert to word(stdp()));
01999
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(static_cast<float>(evla())));
02000
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(static_cast<float>(evlo())));
02001
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(evel()));
02002
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(evdp()));
02003
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(mag()));
02004
        write words(&file, convert to word(user0()));
02005
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(user1()));
02006
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(user2()));
02007
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(user3()));
02008
        write words (&file,
                           convert_to_word(user4()));
02009
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(user5()));
02010
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(user6()));
02011
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(user7()));
02012
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(user8()));
02013
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(user9()));
02014
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(dist()));
02015
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(az()));
02016
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(baz()));
02017
        write words(&file, convert to word(gcarc()));
02018
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(static_cast<float>(sb())));
02019
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(static_cast<float>(sdelta())));
02020
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(depmen()));
02021
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(cmpaz()));
02022
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(cmpinc()));
02023
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(xminimum()));
02024
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(xmaximum()));
02025
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(yminimum()));
```

```
02026
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(ymaximum()));
        // Fill 'unused' (xcommon_skip_num)
for (int i{0}; i < common_skip_num; ++i) {
02027
02028
02029
         write_words(&file, convert_to_word(az()));
02030
02031
        write words(&file, convert to word(nzvear()));
02032
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(nzjday()));
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(nzhour()));
02033
02034
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(nzmin()));
02035
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(nzsec()));
02036
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(nzmsec()));
02037
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(header_version));
02038
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(norid()));
02039
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(nevid()));
02040
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(npts()));
02041
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(nsnpts()));
02042
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(nwfid()));
02043
        write words(&file, convert to word(nxsize()));
02044
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(nysize()));
02045
        // Fill 'unused'
02046
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(nysize()));
02047
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(iftype()));
02048
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(idep()));
02049
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(iztype()));
02050
        // Fill 'unused'
02051
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(iztype()));
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(iinst()));
02052
02053
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(istreg()));
02054
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(ievreg()));
02055
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(ievtyp()));
02056
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(iqual()));
02057
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(isynth()));
02058
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(imagtyp()));
02059
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(imagsrc()));
        write_words(&file, convert_to_word(ibody()));
// Fill 'unused' (xcommon_skip_num)
for (int i{0}; i < common_skip_num; ++i) {</pre>
02060
02061
02062
02063
         write_words(&file, convert_to_word(ibody()));
02064
02065
        write_words(&file, bool_to_word(leven()));
02066
        write_words(&file, bool_to_word(lpspol()));
02067
        write_words(&file, bool_to_word(lovrok()));
02068
        write_words(&file, bool_to_word(lcalda()));
02069
        // Fill 'unused'
02070
        write_words(&file, bool_to_word(lcalda()));
02071
        // Strings are special
02072
        std::array<char, static_cast<size_t>(2) * word_length> two_words{
02073
            convert to words<sizeof(two words)>(kstnm(), 2)};
02074
        write_words(&file, std::vector<char>(two_words.begin(), two_words.end()));
02075
02076
       std::array<char, static_cast<size_t>(4) * word_length> four_words{
02077
            convert_to_words<sizeof(four_words)>(kevnm(), 4)};
02078
        write_words(&file, std::vector<char>(four_words.begin(), four_words.end()));
02079
        two_words = convert_to_words<sizeof(two_words)>(khole(), 2);
02080
02081
       write words(&file, std::vector<char>(two words.begin(), two words.end()));
02082
02083
        two_words = convert_to_words<sizeof(two_words)>(ko(), 2);
02084
        write_words(&file, std::vector<char>(two_words.begin(), two_words.end()));
02085
02086
        two words = convert to words<sizeof(two words)>(ka(), 2);
02087
        write words(&file, std::vector<char>(two words.begin(), two words.end()));
02088
02089
        two_words = convert_to_words<sizeof(two_words)>(kt0(), 2);
02090
        write_words(&file, std::vector<char>(two_words.begin(), two_words.end()));
02091
02092
        two_words = convert_to_words<sizeof(two_words)>(kt1(), 2);
02093
        write_words(&file, std::vector<char>(two_words.begin(), two_words.end()));
02094
02095
        two_words = convert_to_words<sizeof(two_words)>(kt2(), 2);
02096
        write_words(&file, std::vector<char>(two_words.begin(), two_words.end()));
02097
02098
        two_words = convert_to_words<sizeof(two_words)>(kt3(), 2);
02099
        write words(&file, std::vector<char>(two words.begin(), two words.end()));
02100
02101
        two_words = convert_to_words<sizeof(two_words)>(kt4(), 2);
02102
        write_words(&file, std::vector<char>(two_words.begin(), two_words.end()));
02103
02104
        two_words = convert_to_words<sizeof(two_words)>(kt5(), 2);
02105
        write words(&file, std::vector<char>(two words.begin(), two words.end()));
02106
02107
        two_words = convert_to_words<sizeof(two_words)>(kt6(), 2);
02108
        write words(&file, std::vector<char>(two words.begin(), two words.end()));
02109
02110
        two_words = convert_to_words<sizeof(two_words)>(kt7(), 2);
02111
        write_words(&file, std::vector<char>(two_words.begin(), two_words.end()));
02112
```

```
two_words = convert_to_words<sizeof(two_words)>(kt8(), 2);
02114
        write words(&file, std::vector<char>(two words.begin(), two words.end()));
02115
02116
        \label{two_words} {\tt two_words} = {\tt convert\_to\_words} < {\tt sizeof(two\_words)} > ({\tt kt9(), 2)};
02117
        write words(&file, std::vector<char>(two words.begin(), two words.end()));
02118
02119
        two_words = convert_to_words<sizeof(two_words)>(kf(), 2);
02120
        write_words(&file, std::vector<char>(two_words.begin(), two_words.end()));
02121
02122
        two_words = convert_to_words<sizeof(two_words)>(kuser0(), 2);
02123
       write_words(&file, std::vector<char>(two_words.begin(), two_words.end()));
02124
02125
        two words = convert to words<sizeof(two words)>(kuser1(), 2);
02126
       write_words(&file, std::vector<char>(two_words.begin(), two_words.end()));
02127
02128
        two_words = convert_to_words<sizeof(two_words)>(kuser2(), 2);
02129
        write_words(&file, std::vector<char>(two_words.begin(), two_words.end()));
02130
02131
        two_words = convert_to_words<sizeof(two_words)>(kcmpnm(), 2);
02132
       write_words(&file, std::vector<char>(two_words.begin(), two_words.end()));
02133
02134
        two_words = convert_to_words<sizeof(two_words)>(knetwk(), 2);
02135
        write_words(&file, std::vector<char>(two_words.begin(), two_words.end()));
02136
02137
        two_words = convert_to_words<sizeof(two_words)>(kdatrd(), 2);
02138
        write_words(&file, std::vector<char>(two_words.begin(), two_words.end()));
02139
02140
        two_words = convert_to_words<sizeof(two_words)>(kinst(), 2);
02141
        write_words(&file, std::vector<char>(two_words.begin(), two_words.end()));
02142
        // Data
02143
        for (double dub : data1()) [[likely]] {
02144
         write_words(&file, convert_to_word(static_cast<float>(dub)));
02145
02146
        if (!leven() || (iftype() > 1))
02147
          for (double dub : data2()) {
02148
            write_words(&file, convert_to_word(static_cast<float>(dub)));
02149
02150
02151
        if (header_version == modern_hdr_version) {
02152
          // Write footer
02153
          write_words(&file, convert_to_word(delta()));
02154
          write_words(&file, convert_to_word(b()));
02155
          write_words(&file, convert_to_word(e()));
02156
          write_words(&file, convert_to_word(o()));
02157
          write_words(&file, convert_to_word(a()));
02158
          write_words(&file, convert_to_word(t0()));
02159
          write_words(&file, convert_to_word(t1()));
02160
          write_words(&file, convert_to_word(t2()));
          write_words(&file, convert_to_word(t3()));
02161
          write_words(&file, convert_to_word(t4()));
02162
02163
          write_words(&file, convert_to_word(t5()));
02164
          write_words(&file, convert_to_word(t6()));
02165
          write_words(&file, convert_to_word(t7()));
02166
          write_words(&file, convert_to_word(t8()));
02167
          write_words(&file, convert_to_word(t9()));
02168
          write_words(&file, convert_to_word(f()));
02169
          write_words(&file, convert_to_word(evlo()));
02170
          write_words(&file, convert_to_word(evla()));
02171
          write_words(&file, convert_to_word(stlo()));
02172
          write_words(&file, convert_to_word(stla()));
02173
          write_words(&file, convert_to_word(sb()));
02174
          write_words(&file, convert_to_word(sdelta()));
02175
02176
        file.close();
02177 }
```



#### 11.3.3.240 xmaximum() [1/2]

Here is the caller graph for this function:



#### 11.3.3.241 xmaximum() [2/2]

#### 11.3.3.242 xminimum() [1/2]

Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 11.3.3.243 xminimum() [2/2]

#### 11.3.3.244 ymaximum() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::ymaximum ( ) const [noexcept]
01053
{
01054    return floats[sac_map.at(name::ymaximum)];
01055 }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

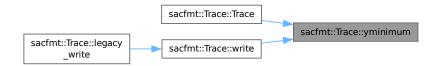


# 11.3.3.245 ymaximum() [2/2]

#### 11.3.3.246 yminimum() [1/2]

```
float sacfmt::Trace::yminimum ( ) const [noexcept]
01050
01051     return floats[sac_map.at(name::yminimum)];
01052 }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 11.3.3.247 yminimum() [2/2]

# 11.3.4 Member Data Documentation

# 11.3.4.1 bools std::array<bool, num\_bool> sacfmt::Trace::bools {} [private] Boolean storage array. 01331 {}; 11.3.4.2 data std::array<std::vector<double>, num\_data> sacfmt::Trace::data {} [private] std::vector<double> storage array. 01336 {}; 11.3.4.3 doubles std::array<double, num\_double> sacfmt::Trace::doubles {} [private] Double storage array. 01327 {}; 11.3.4.4 floats std::array<float, num\_float> sacfmt::Trace::floats {} [private] Float storage array. 01325 {}; 11.3.4.5 ints std::array<int, num\_int> sacfmt::Trace::ints {} [private] Integer storage array. 01329 {}; 11.3.4.6 strings std::array<std::string, num\_string> sacfmt::Trace::strings {} [private]

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/sac-format/sac\_format.hpp
- src/sac\_format.cpp

String storage array.

01333 {};

# 11.4 sacfmt::bitset\_type::uint< nbits > Struct Template Reference

Ensure type-safety for conversions between floats/doubles and bitsets.

```
#include <sac_format.hpp>
```

# 11.4.1 Detailed Description

```
template<unsigned nbits>
struct sacfmt::bitset_type::uint< nbits >
```

Ensure type-safety for conversions between floats/doubles and bitsets.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· include/sac-format/sac format.hpp

# 11.5 sacfmt::bitset\_type::uint< 2 \*bits\_per\_byte > Struct Reference

Two-word type-safety (strings).

```
#include <sac_format.hpp>
```

#### **Public Types**

• using type = uint16\_t

# 11.5.1 Detailed Description

Two-word type-safety (strings).

# 11.5.2 Member Typedef Documentation

#### 11.5.2.1 type

```
using sacfmt::bitset_type::uint< 2 *bits_per_byte >::type = uint16_t
```

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

include/sac-format/sac\_format.hpp

# 11.6 sacfmt::bitset\_type::uint< 4 \*bits\_per\_byte > Struct Reference

Four-word type-safety (kEvNm).

```
#include <sac_format.hpp>
```

#### **Public Types**

• using type = uint32\_t

#### 11.6.1 Detailed Description

Four-word type-safety (kEvNm).

#### 11.6.2 Member Typedef Documentation

#### 11.6.2.1 type

```
using sacfmt::bitset_type::uint< 4 *bits_per_byte >::type = uint32_t
```

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

include/sac-format/sac format.hpp

# 11.7 sacfmt::bitset\_type::uint< bits\_per\_byte > Struct Reference

Single-word type-safety (non-strings).

```
#include <sac_format.hpp>
```

# **Public Types**

• using type = uint8\_t

# 11.7.1 Detailed Description

Single-word type-safety (non-strings).

# 11.7.2 Member Typedef Documentation

# 11.7.2.1 type

```
using sacfmt::bitset_type::uint< bits_per_byte >::type = uint8_t
```

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

include/sac-format/sac\_format.hpp

# 11.8 sacfmt::bitset\_type::uint< bytes \*bits\_per\_byte > Struct Reference

```
#include <sac_format.hpp>
```

#### **Public Types**

• using type = uint64\_t

# 11.8.1 Member Typedef Documentation

#### 11.8.1.1 type

```
using sacfmt::bitset_type::uint< bytes *bits_per_byte >::type = uint64_t
```

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

include/sac-format/sac\_format.hpp

# 11.9 sacfmt::word\_pair< T > Struct Template Reference

Struct containing a pair of words.

```
#include <sac_format.hpp>
```

#### **Public Attributes**

T first {}

First 'word' in the pair.

• T second {}

Second 'word' in the pair.

# 11.9.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename T> struct sacfmt::word_pair< T>
```

Struct containing a pair of words.

Prevents bug-prone word-swapping in functions that use a pair of words.

These are not necessarily single words, it could be a pair of word\_one or a pair of word\_two.

# 11.9.2 Member Data Documentation

#### 11.9.2.1 first

```
template<typename T >
T sacfmt::word_pair< T >::first {}

First 'word' in the pair.
00200 {};

11.9.2.2 second

template<typename T >
T sacfmt::word_pair< T >::second {}

Second 'word' in the pair.
00201 {};
```

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/sac-format/sac\_format.hpp

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