

Neural Networks

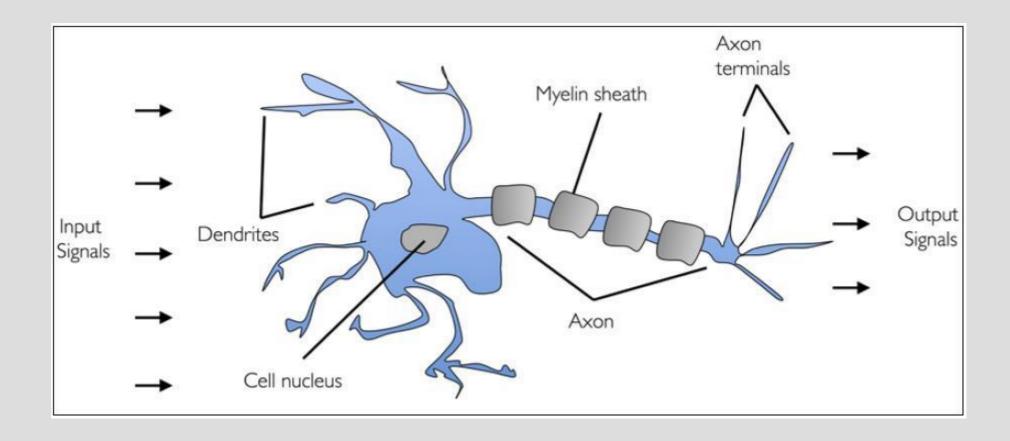


Topics

- Neuron
- Perceptron
- Neural Networks
 - Feed Forward
 - Back Propagation



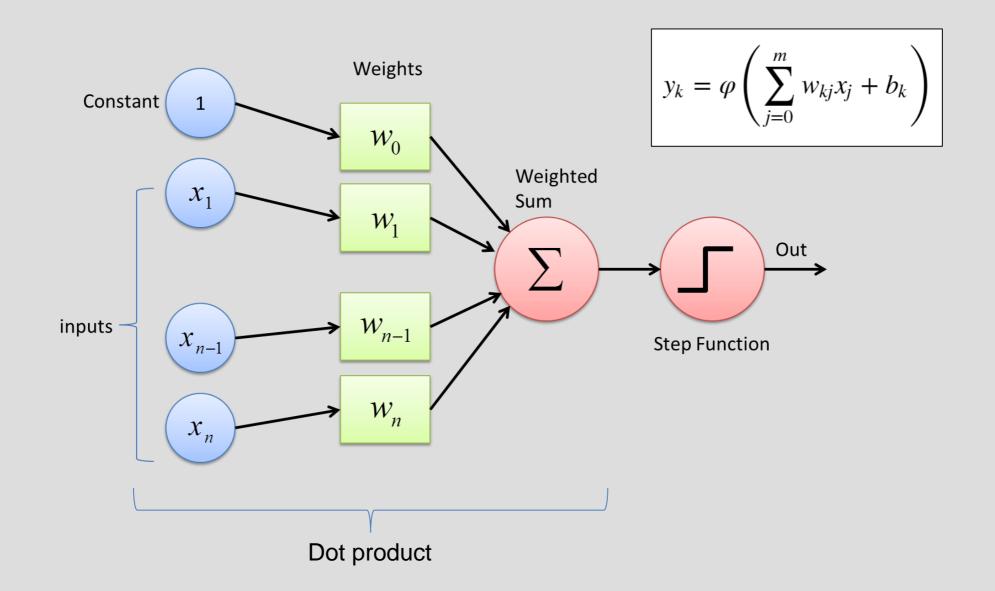
Biological Motivation



https://www.simplilearn.com/what-is-perceptron-tutorial

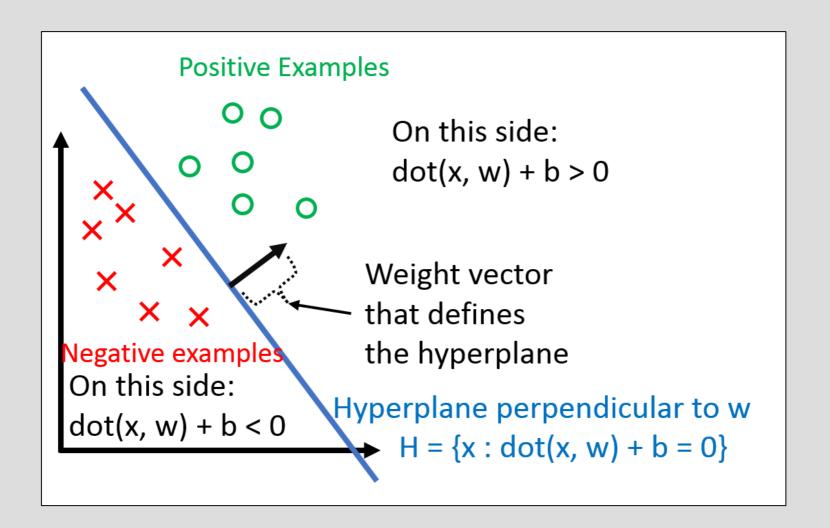


Perceptron



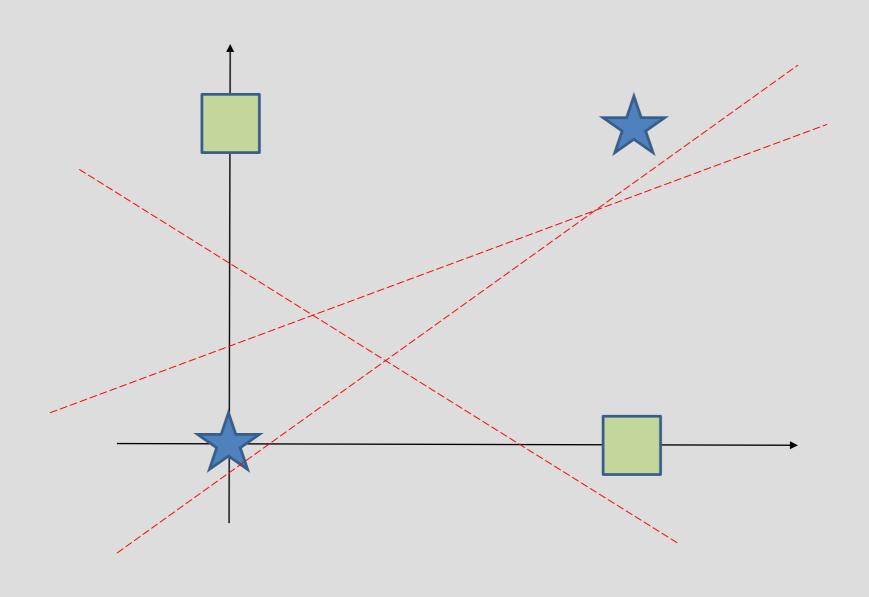


Geometric Interpretation



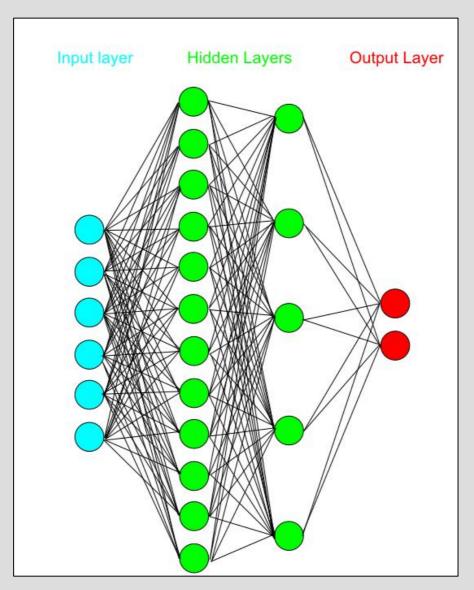


XOR





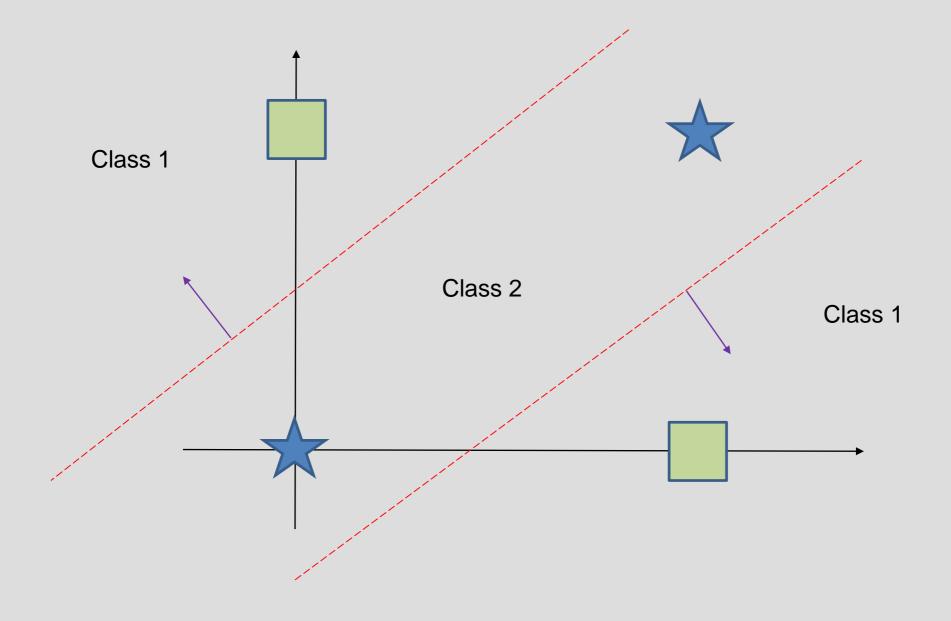
Multi-Layer Perceptron



http://blog.refu.co/?p=931

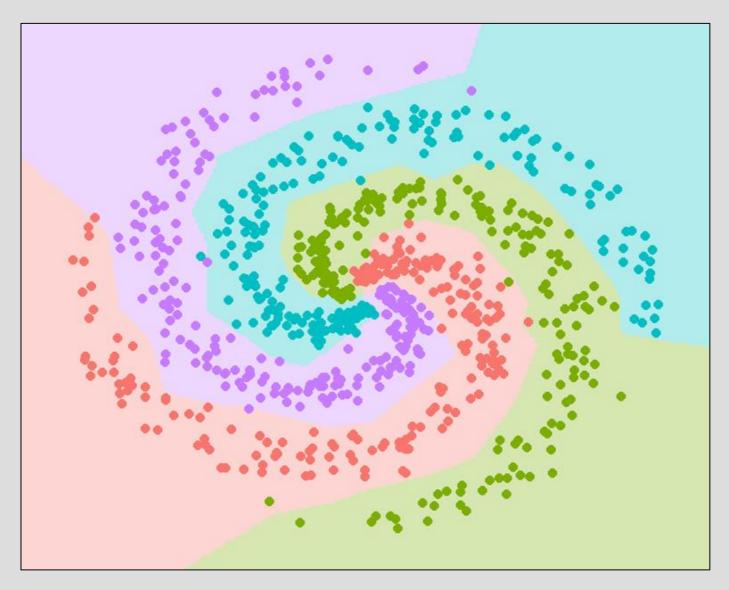


MLP and XOR





(Overly!?) Complex Solutions

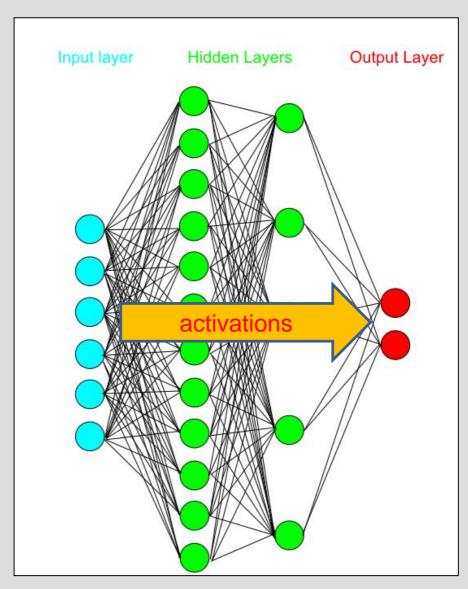


https://rweekly.org/issue-16.html



Feed Forward

- Data comes in
- Calc perceptron
- Input to the next layer
- Calc perceptron
- ...
- Get "result"
 - Class 1 and 2
 - Do something!

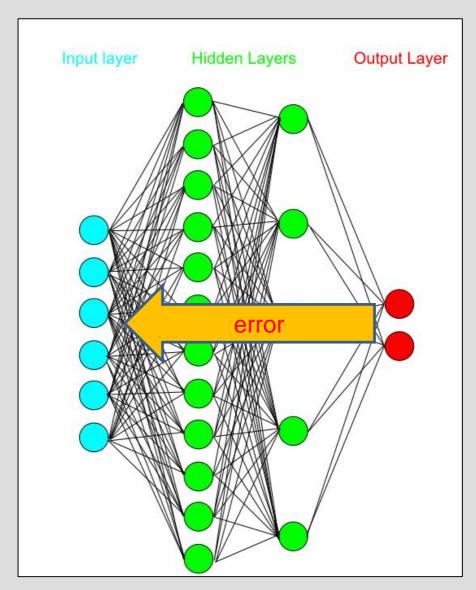


http://blog.refu.co/?p=931



Backpropagation

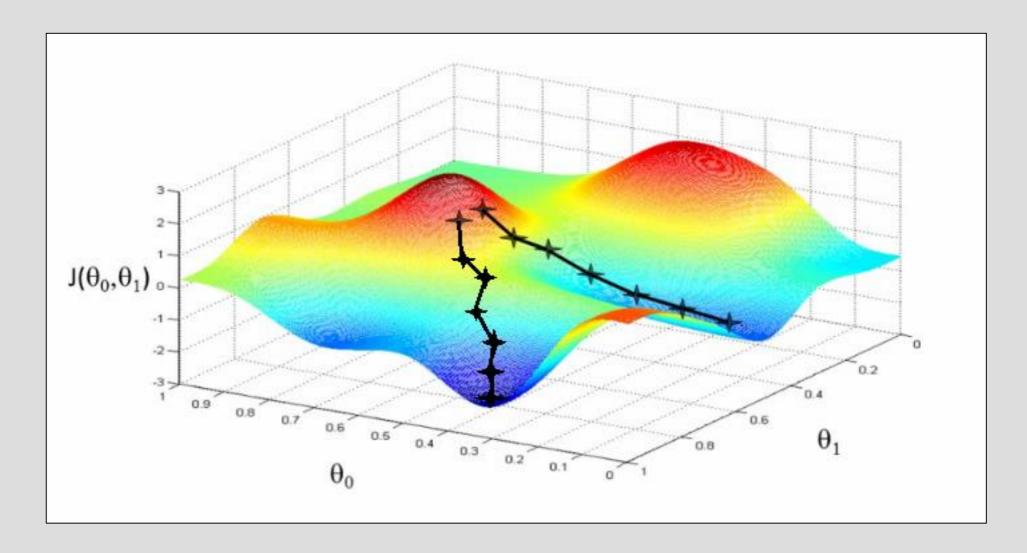
- Calc partial derivatives
- Calc error on data
 - SSE or MSE or ...
- Push back a layer
- Update parameters
- Push back a layer
- . . .
- Done!



http://blog.refu.co/?p=931



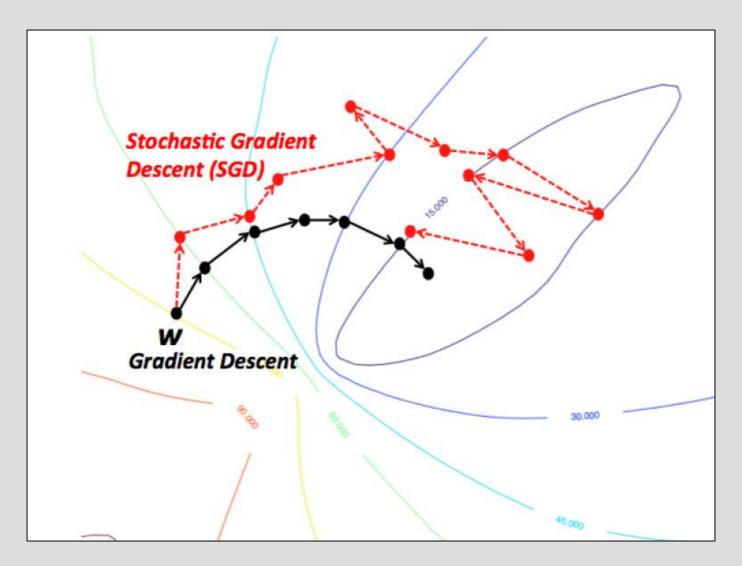
Global and Local Minima



https://metamug.com/article/stochastic-gradient-descent-tutorial-code-by-andrew-ng.html



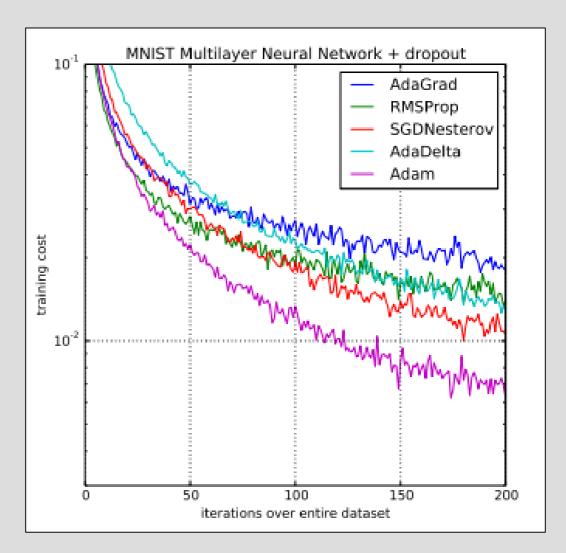
Stochastic Gradient Descent





Adam

- Adam is an adaptive learning rate method
- Combination of RMSprop and Stochastic Gradient Descent with momentum
- Many current DL packages use Adam for optimization



https://machinelearningmastery.com/adamoptimization-algorithm-for-deep-learning/



Gradient Descent

- Batch
 - Computes gradient of cost function w.r.t. to the parameters θ for entire training dataset

$$heta = heta - \eta \cdot
abla_{ heta} J(heta)$$

- Stochastic GD
 - Incremental gradient descent
 - Performs parameter update for each training example and label (x and y)

$$heta = heta - \eta \cdot
abla_{ heta} J(heta; x^{(i)}; y^{(i)})$$



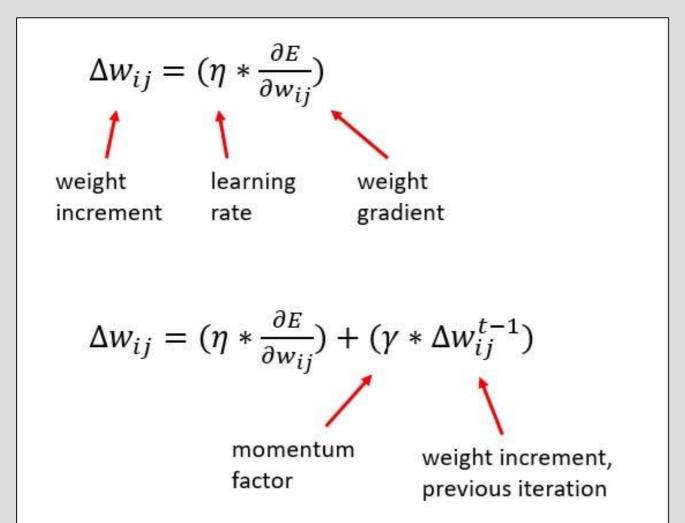
Gradient Descent

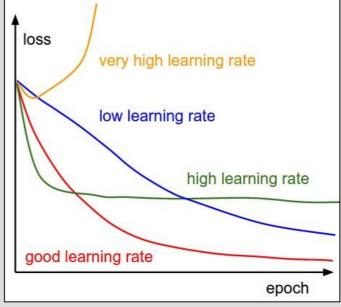
- Mini-Batch GD
 - Best of both worlds; performs update for every mini-batch of n training examples

$$heta = heta - \eta \cdot
abla_{ heta} J(heta; x^{(i:i+n)}; y^{(i:i+n)})$$



Momentum and Learning Rate







Questions?

