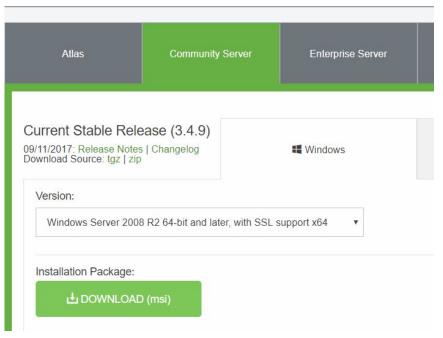
Introduction to MongoDB

What is MongoDB

- It's a free NoSQL document oriented database.
 - Not only SQL, since SQL queries are supported.
- It uses JSON-like documents to save data.
 - Flexible schemas Allows missing fields.
- High performance, high availability, and automatic scaling.
 - Used by large companies like Amazon.

Installation

MongoDB community server

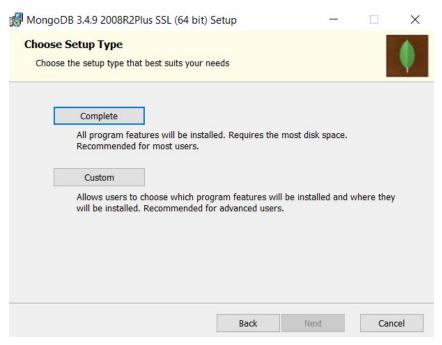


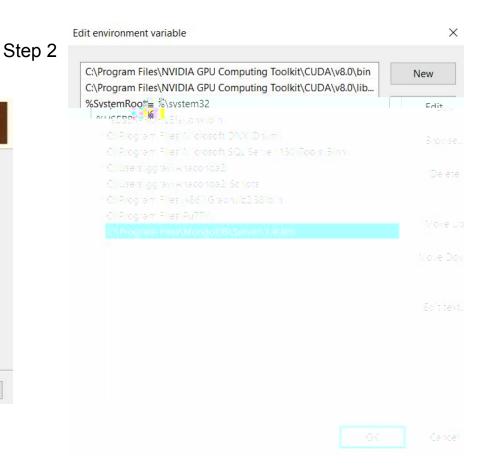
Studio 3T



Installation

Step 1





Execution

Step 3 -> Create folder "C:\data\db\" -> Open cmd -> run "mongod"

Command Prompt - mongod

```
(c) 2017 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
C:\Users\ggrav>mongod
2017-10-13T03:50:03.878-0700 I CONTROL [initandlisten] MongoDB starting : pid=17672 port=27017 dbpath=C:\data\db\ 64-bit host=1
2017-10-13T03:50:03.878-0700 I CONTROL [initandlisten] targetMinOS: Windows 7/Windows Server 2008 R2
2017-10-13T03:50:03.880-0700 I CONTROL [initandlisten] db version v3.4.9
2017-10-13T03:50:03.880-0700 I CONTROL [initandlisten] git version: 876ebee8c7dd0e2d992f36a848ff4dc50ee6603e
2017-10-13T03:50:03.880-0700 I CONTROL [initandlisten] OpenSSL version: OpenSSL 1.0.1u-fips 22 Sep 2016
2017-10-13T03:50:03.880-0700 I CONTROL 「initandlisten] allocator: tcmalloc
2017-10-13T03:50:03.880-0700 I CONTROL
                                    [initandlisten] modules: none
2017-10-13T03:50:03.880-0700 I CONTROL [initandlisten]
                                                       distmod: 2008plus-ssl
2017-10-13T03:50:03.880-0700 I CONTROL [initandlisten]
                                                       distarch: x86 64
2017-10-13T03:50:03.880-0700 I CONTROL [initandlisten]
                                                       target arch: x86 64
[initandlisten] Detected data files in C:\data\db\ created by the 'wiredTiger' storage
2017-10-13T03:50:03.882-0700 I -
the active storage engine to 'wiredTiger'.
2017-10-13T03:50:03.882-0700 I STORAGE [initandlisten] wiredtiger open config: create,cache size=7611M,session max=20000,evict
threads max=4),config base=false,statistics=(fast),log=(enabled=true,archive=true,path=journal,compressor=snappy),file manager=
0000),checkpoint=(wait=60,log size=2GB),statistics log=(wait=0),
2017-10-13T03:50:04.217-0700 I CONTROL [initandlisten]
2017-10-13T03:50:04.217-0700 I CONTROL [initandlisten] ** WARNING: Access control is not enabled for the database.
2017-10-13T03:50:04.218-0700 I CONTROL [initandlisten] **
                                                              Read and write access to data and configuration is unrestri
2017-10-13T03:50:04.218-0700 I CONTROL [initandlisten]
                                     [initandlisten] Initializing full-time diagnostic data capture with directory 'C:/data/
2017-10-13T13:50:04.469+0300 I FTDC
2017-10-13T13:50:04.472+0300 I NETWORK [thread1] waiting for connections on port 27017
```

What is a document

- A sum of key / value pairs

What is a collection

- A grouping of MongoDB documents.
- A **collection** is the equivalent of an RDBMS table.
- A **collection** exists within a single database.
- Collections do not enforce a schema.
- Documents within a collection can have different fields.
- Collections are grouped into databases.

Example: **db** = tweets, **collections** = greek_tweets, english_tweets, etc.

Operations

- Run / Connect to mongo
- Import documents
- Insert documents
- Create queries
- Quick data lookups
- Indexing

Connection

Studio 3T:

- Studio 3T -> Connect -> New connection -> (enter name) -> Save -> Connect
- Right click -> Add database -> (enter name) -> ok

```
import pymongo

client = pymongo.MongoClient('localhost', 27017)

db = client['yelp']
```

Import dataset

Studio 3T:

Connect -> Select DB -> Import collections -> JSON -> Add sources ->
 Rename target collections -> Rename collections* -> Start import

* Rename collections to "restaurants", "reviews" and "users".

Insert documents

```
# Find the coordinates for each restaurant and
             # save them to an external collection
39
             all restaurants = find all restaurants()
40
             for restaurant in all restaurants:
41
                 json obj = {
42
43
                     'name': restaurant['name'],
44
                     'business id': restaurant['business id'],
45
                     'longitude': restaurant['longitude'],
                     'latitude': restaurant['latitude']
46
                 insert to db(json chi, 'restaurants coordinates')
48
```

Querying

Studio 3T:

- Right click collection -> Open Intellishell
- Examples:
 - db.restaurants.find({})
 - db.restaurants.find({"neighborhood": "Downtown"})
 - db.restaurants.find({ \$and: [{"neighborhood": "Southeast"}, {"city": "Las Vegas"}]})

```
db['restaurants'].find({'neighborhood': neighborhood})

db['restaurants'].find_one({'business_id': restaurant_id})

db['reviews'].find({"$and": [{"business_id": restaurant_id}, {"stars": 5}]})
```

Data lookups - For quick data checking

Studio 3T:

- Right click collection -> Open Intellishell
 - Ex: db.collection_name.find({ "Search_Field": "value" }, { "Field_to_display": 1 })
 - db.restaurants.find({ "neighborhood": "Downtown" }, { "name": 1 })
 - db.restaurants.find({ "name": /.*pollos.*/ }, { "text": 1 })
 - /.* is the regex equivalent for: "any single character, 0 or more times"

```
def find_reviews_that_contain_a_word(word):

return db['reviews'].find({'text': {'$regex': '.*' + word + '.*'}})

return db['reviews'].find({'text': {'$regex': '.*' + word + '.*'}})
```

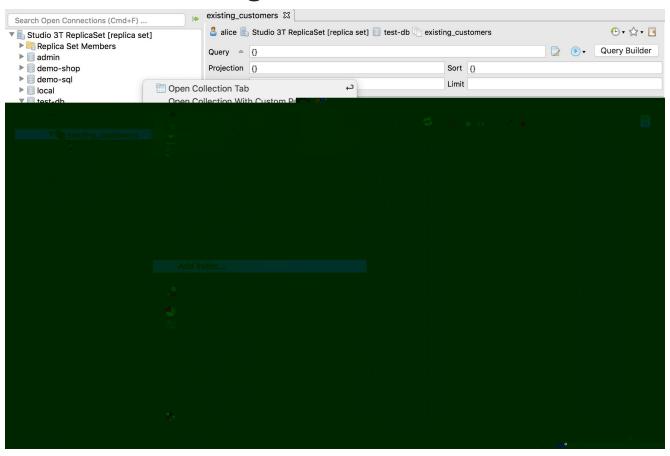
"this lecture isn't mandatory, however it will offer you valuable informa-"

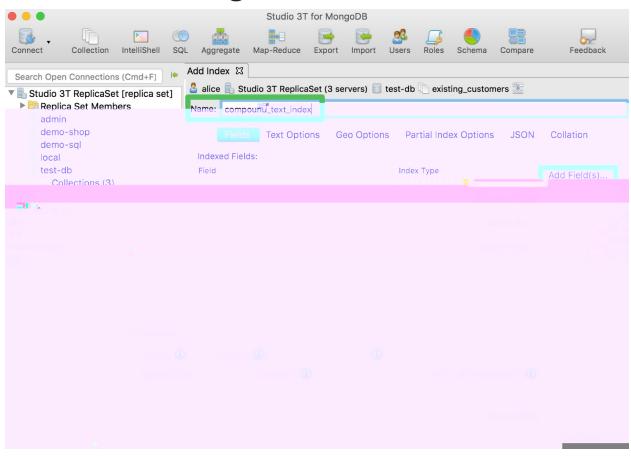


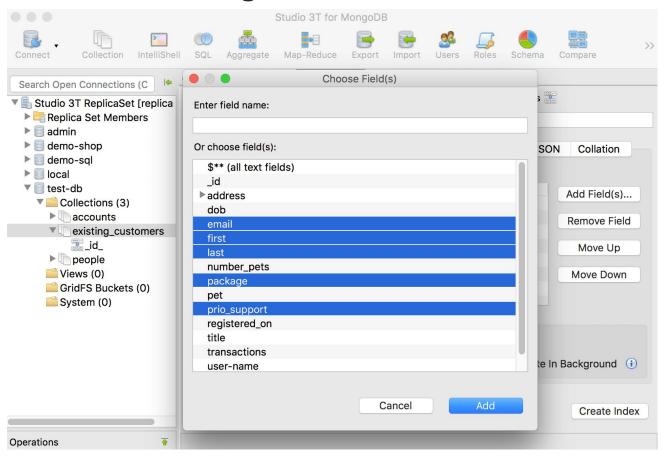
Indexing

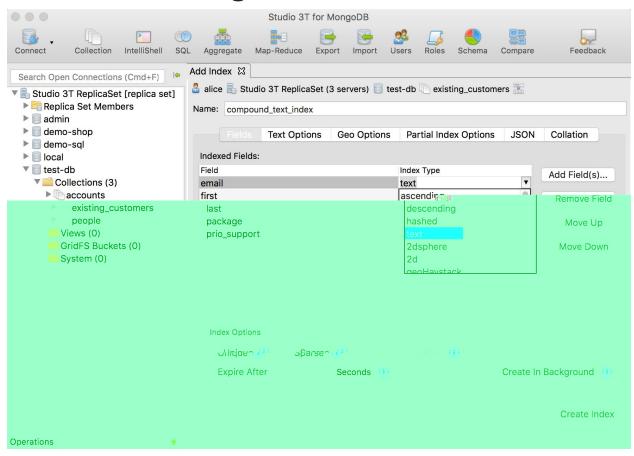
- Basic indexing
 - Speeds up queries on specific fields
 - Mostly used fields should be indexed
 - Index responsibly: Too many indices might slow down the database

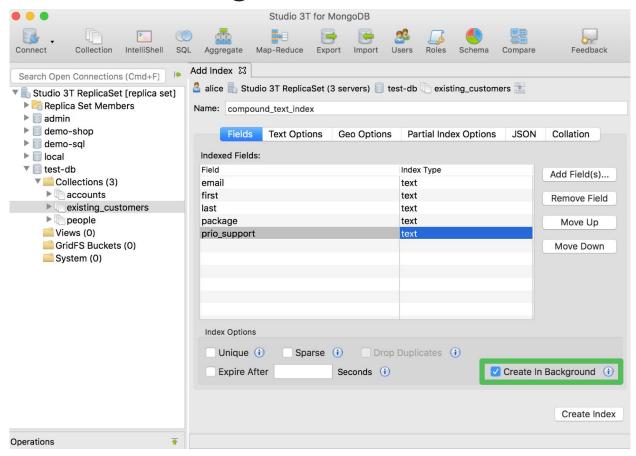
- Text indexing
 - Faster text search queries on string content
 - Term lookup
 - Exact phrase lookup
 - Automatic relevance sorting

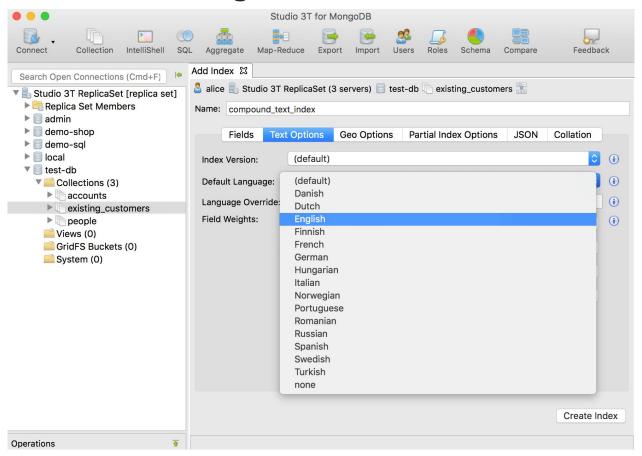










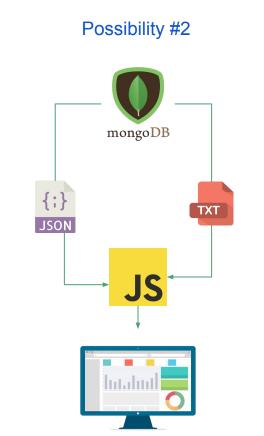


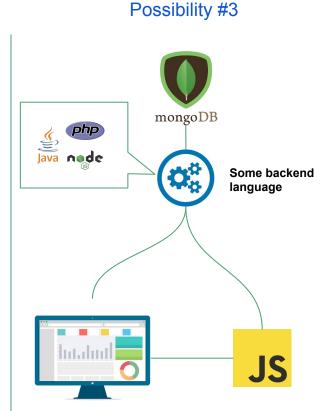
Querying with text indices

- db.stores.find({ \$text: { \$search: "java coffee shop" } })
 - \$text tokenizes the search string and performs a logical OR
 - Will search on all indexed fields
 - Results include a relevance score for each record
- db.stores.find({ \$text: { \$search: "java \"coffee shop\"" } })
 - Will match exact phrases "java" OR "coffee shop"
- db.stores.find({ \$text: { \$search: "java shop -coffee" } })
 - Will match ("java" OR "shop") AND NOT("coffee")

Web app development

Possibility #1 mongoDBStatic HTML pages. All results are hardcoded lutalutl







A python-based microframework, suitable for small-scale applications.

How to create a simple Flask App:

app.py

```
from flask import Flask, render_template
app = Flask(__name__, template_folder='views')
@app.route("/")
def home():
    uni_name = "Aristotle University of Thessaloniki"
    return render_template('some_html_file.html', uni_name=uni_name)

if __name__ == "__main__":
    app.run(debug=True, host='127.0.0.1', port=5110)
```

some_html_file.html



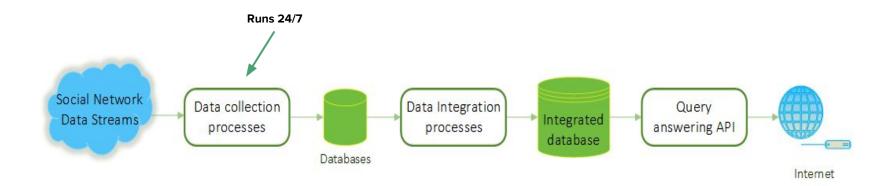
Welcome to your first Flask application!

Aristotle University of Thessaloniki

Diligent - A Social Media Data Integration platform

- Social media data explosion Information Era
 - All data and metadata are saved into databases
 - Including private information (fingerprint, face, political views, etc.)
- Various data sources can be Integrated
 - Extract valuable insights
 - Personalized advertising
 - Sentiment analysis
 - -> Build a complete image Increase data value \$\$
- Machine Learning opportunities
 - Integrated data as input

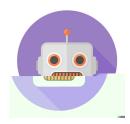
Diligent - System pipeline



Twitter bots detection

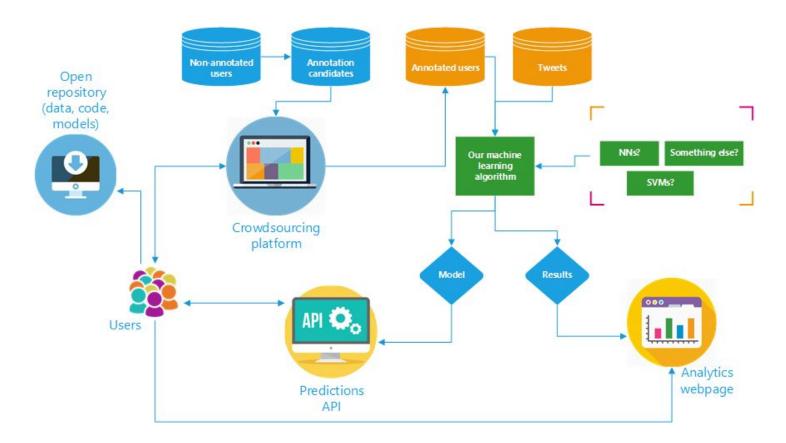
- Own a set of pre-annotated users as bots or humans
- Extract features from each user (focus on sentiment)
 - E.g. "num of tweets", "tweets entropy","average sentiment polarity"
- Feed a machine learning algorithm all the features vectors
- Evaluate and extract model







Full-scale architecture



Resources

- Dataset jsons
- Github link
- MongoDB
- Flask
- Flask-RESTful
- Python