```
GeeBee's GB Assembly Code Tips v1.0
Note: The following references to 'cycles' refers
to machine cycles. To convert to clock cycles
multiply by 4. (i.e. 1 machine cycle = 4 clock cycles)
; **** Load A with $00 ****
Method 1:
 ld a,0
               ; 2 bytes, 2 cycles, Doesn't affect flags
Method 2:
 xor a
                ; 1 byte, 1 cycle, Flag results: C=0, Z=1
; **** Compare A to $00 ****
Method 1:
               ; 2 bytes, 2 cycles
  ср 0
Method 2:
 or a
               ; 1 byte, 1 cycle
Method 3:
  and a
               ; 1 byte, 1 cycle
; **** Call/Return ****
Method 1:
            ; 4 bytes, 10 cycles
  call sub
  ret
Method 2:
             ; 3 bytes, 4 cycles
  jp sub
; **** Exchange DE & HL ****
Method 1:
            ; 6 bytes, 6 cycles
 ld a,d
 ld d,h
 ld h,a
 ld a,e
  ld e,l
  ld 1,a
Method 2:
               ; 4 bytes, 9 cycles
  push de
  ld d,h
  ld e,l
  pop hl
; **** Load hl,[Address] ****
Method 1:
 ld a,[Address]
                        ; 8 bytes, 10 cycles
  ld 1,a
 ld a,[Address+1]
 ld h,a
Method 2:
  ld hl,Address
                        ; 6 bytes, 8 cycles
```

```
ld a,[hl+]
  ld h,[hl]
  ld 1,a
; **** Call [HL] ****
Method 1:
                         ; 5 bytes, 8 cycles
  ld de,.retadr
  push de
  jp [h1]
.retadr:
Method 2:
                         ; 4 bytes, 7 cycles
  call DoJump
  . . .
  . . .
DoJump:
  jp [h1]
; **** HL = -HL ****
Method 1:
                         ; 7 bytes, 8 cycles
  ld a,l
  cpl
  ld 1,a
  ld a,h
  cpl
  ld h,a
  inc hl
Method 2:
                        ; 7 bytes, 7 cycles
  xor a
  sub 1
  ld 1,a
  ld a,0
  sbc h
  ld h,a
; **** A = CONST - A ****
Method 1:
                       ; 4 bytes, 4 cycles
  ld b,a
  ld a, CONST
  sub b
Method 2:
                        ; 3 bytes, 3 cycles
  cpl
  add CONST+1
; **** HL = HL + A ****
Method 1:
                        ; 6 bytes, 6 cycles
  add 1
  ld 1,a
  ld a,0
  adc h
  ld h,a
Method 2:
                         ; 5 bytes, 5 cycles
  add 1
  ld l,a
  jr nc,.notcarry
  inc h
.notcarry:
```

```
; **** Parameter Setup ****
Method 1:
                          ; 10 bytes
Entry1:
 ld a,1
  jr Sub
Entry2:
  ld a,2
  jr Sub
Entry3:
  ld a,3
Sub:
  . . .
  . . .
Method 2:
                          ; 8 bytes
Entry1:
 ld a,1
            ; Opcode for LD BC,xxxx
 DB 1
Entry2:
  ld a,2
 DB 1
            ; Opcode for LD BC,xxxx
Entry3:
  1d a,3
Sub:
  . . .
  . . .
; **** Fast subroutine execution ***
Method 1:
  ld hl,param1
  call sub1
  ld hl,param2
  call sub2
  ld hl,param3
  call sub1
  . . .
  . . .
.sub1:
  . . .
  ret
.sub2:
  . . .
  ret
Method 2:
  ld sp,calltable
  ret
                ; jump to sub1
.sub1:
  pop hl
  ret
.sub2:
  pop hl
  . . .
  ret
calltable:
```

```
dw sub1,param1
 dw sub2,param2
 dw sub1, param3
** End of File ***
Jeff's GB Assembly Code Tips v1.0
Note: The following references to 'cycles' refers
to machine cycles. To convert to clock cycles
multiply by 4. (i.e. 1 machine cycle = 4 clock cycles)
; **** Load A with $00 ****
Method 1:
 ld a,0
               ; 2 bytes, 2 cycles, Doesn't affect flags
Method 2:
               ; 1 byte, 1 cycle, Flag results: C=0, Z=1
 xor a
; **** Compare A to $00 ****
Method 1:
 ср 0
              ; 2 bytes, 2 cycles
Method 2:
 or a
               ; 1 byte, 1 cycle
Method 3:
 and a
               ; 1 byte, 1 cycle
; **** Call/Return ****
            ; 4 bytes, 10 cycles
Method 1:
 call sub
  ret
Method 2:
            ; 3 bytes, 4 cycles
 . . .
 jp sub
; **** Exchange DE & HL ****
Method 1:
               ; 6 bytes, 6 cycles
 ld a,d
 ld d,h
 ld h,a
 ld a,e
 ld e,l
 ld 1,a
            ; 4 bytes, 9 cycles
Method 2:
  push de
  ld d,h
 ld e,l
```

```
pop hl
; **** Load hl,[Address] ****
Method 1:
                        ; 8 bytes, 10 cycles
 ld a,[Address]
  ld 1,a
  ld a,[Address+1]
  ld h,a
Method 2:
  ld hl,Address
                      ; 6 bytes, 8 cycles
  ld a,[hl+]
  ld h,[hl]
  ld 1,a
; **** Call [HL] ****
Method 1:
                        ; 5 bytes, 8 cycles
  ld de,.retadr
  push de
  jp [h1]
.retadr:
Method 2:
                        ; 4 bytes, 7 cycles
  call DoJump
  . . .
DoJump:
  jp [h1]
; **** HL = -HL ****
Method 1:
                        ; 7 bytes, 8 cycles
  ld a,l
  cpl
  ld 1,a
  ld a,h
  cpl
  ld h,a
  inc hl
```

```
; 7 bytes, 7 cycles
Method 2:
 xor a
 sub 1
 ld 1,a
 ld a,0
 sbc h
 ld h,a
; **** A = CONST - A ****
Method 1:
                      ; 4 bytes, 4 cycles
 ld b,a
 ld a,CONST
 sub b
Method 2:
               ; 3 bytes, 3 cycles
 cpl
 add CONST+1
; **** HL = HL + A ****
Method 1:
                  ; 6 bytes, 6 cycles
 add 1
 ld 1,a
 ld a,0
 adc h
 ld h,a
Method 2:
                       ; 5 bytes, 5 cycles
 add 1
 ld 1,a
```

```
jr nc,.notcarry
  inc h
.notcarry:
; **** Parameter Setup ****
Method 1:
                        ; 10 bytes
Entry1:
  ld a,1
 jr Sub
Entry2:
 ld a,2
 jr Sub
Entry3:
  ld a,3
Sub:
  . . .
Method 2:
                        ; 8 bytes
Entry1:
 ld a,1
 DB 1
          ; Opcode for LD BC,xxxx
Entry2:
 ld a,2
 DB 1
          ; Opcode for LD BC,xxxx
Entry3:
 ld a,3
Sub:
  . . .
```

```
; **** Fast subroutine execution ***
Method 1:
 ld hl,param1
  call sub1
  1d hl,param2
  call sub2
 ld hl,param3
  call sub1
  . . .
  . . .
.sub1:
  ...
  ret
.sub2:
  ...
  ret
Method 2:
  ld sp,calltable
                 ; jump to sub1
  ret
.sub1:
  pop hl
  . . .
  ret
.sub2:
  pop hl
  . . .
```

ret

calltable:

dw sub1,param1

dw sub2,param2

dw sub1,param3

** End of File ***

FF04	rDIV	Divider Register
FF05	rTIMA	Timer Counter
FF06	rTMA	Timer Modulo
FF07	rTAC	Timer Control
FF0F	rIF	Interrupt Flag
FF10	rNR10	Sound Channel 1 : Sweep
FF11	rNR11	Sound Channel 1 : Length / Duty
FF12	rNR12	Sound Channel 1 : Envelope
FF13	rNR13	Sound Channel 1 : Frequency Lo
FF14	rNR14	Sound Channel 1 : Frequency Hi
		Journal Charmes - 1 11 equency his
FF16	rNR21	Sound Channel 2 : Length / Duty
FF17	rNR22	Sound Channel 2 : Envelope
FF18	rNR23	Sound Channel 2 : Frequency Lo
FF19	rNR24	Sound Channel 2 : Frequency Hi
FF1A	rNR30	Sound Channel 3 : On / Off
FF1B	rNR31	Sound Channel 3 : Sound Length
FF1C	rNR32	Sound Channel 3 : Output Level
FF1D	rNR33	Sound Channel 3 : Frequency Lo
FF1E	rNR34	Sound Chennel 3 : Frequency Hi
		,
FF20	rNR41	Sound Channel 3 : Sound Length
FF21	rNR42	Sound Channel 3 : Envelope
FF22	rNR42_2	Sound Channel 3 : Polynomial Counter
FF23	rNR43	Sound Channel 3 : ??
FF24	rNR50	Channel Control
FF25	rNR51	Sound Output Terminal Selection
FF26	rNR52	Sound On / Off
		304114 011 / 011