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GameBoy Assembly Language Commands, 27-Mar-98
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Since books on the Z80 are getting harder & harder to find, hopefully the information here might be helpful to those trying to understand assembly language specific to GameBoy.

If 'Flags affected' is not given for a command then none are affected.

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Commands
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ADC A,n
             - Add n + Carry flag to A.
        n = A, B, C, D, E, H, L, (HL), #
ld
        Flags affected:
           Z - Set if result is zero.
           N - Reset.
           H - Set if carry from bit 3.
           C - Set if carry from bit 7.
ADD A,n
         - Add n to A.
        n = A,B,C,D,E,H,L,(HL),#
        Flags affected:
           Z - Set if result is zero.
           N - Reset.
           H - Set if carry from bit 3.
           C - Set if carry from bit 7.
ADD HL,n
           - Add n to HL.
        n = BC,DE,HL
        Flags affected:
           Z - Not affected.
           N - Reset.
           H - Set if carry from bit 11.
            C - Set if carry from bit 15.
ADD SP,n
                - Add n to Stack Pointer (SP).
        n = one byte signed immediate value.
        Flags affected:
           Z - Reset.
           N - Reset.
           H - Set or reset according to operation.
            C - Set or reset according to operation.
AND n
                - Logically AND n with A, result in A.
        n = A,B,C,D,E,H,L,(HL),#
        Flags affected:
```

Z - Set if result is zero.

```
N - Reset.
           H - Set.
           C - Reset.
BIT b,r
               - Test bit b in register r.
       b = 0 - 7, r = A,B,C,D,E,H,L,(HL)
       Flags affected:
           Z - Set if bit b of register r is 0.
           N - Reset.
           H - Set.
           C - Not affected.
CALL n
               - Push address of next instruction onto
                 stack and then jump to address n.
             - Call address n if following condition
CALL cc,n
                 is true:
       cc = NZ, Call if Z flag is reset.
       cc = Z, Call if Z flag is set.
       cc = NC, Call if C flag is reset.
       cc = C, Call if C flag is set.
CCF
               - Complement carry flag.
       If C flag is set, then reset it.
       If C flag is reset, then set it.
       Flags affected:
           Z - Not affected.
           N - Reset.
           H - Reset.
           C - Complemented.
CP n
               - Compare A with n.
       This is basically an A - n subtraction
       instruction but the results are thrown away.
       n = A,B,C,D,E,H,L,(HL),#
       Flags affected:
           Z - Set if result is zero. (Set if A = n.)
           N - Set.
           H - Set if no borrow from bit 4.
           C - Set for no borrow. (Set if A < n.)
CPL
               - Complement A register. (Flip all bits.)
       Flags affected:
           Z - Not affected.
           N - Set.
           H - Set.
           C - Not affected.
```

DAA

- Decimal adjust register A.

This instruction adjusts register A so that the correct representation of Binary Coded Decimal (BCD) is obtained.

Flags affected:

Z - Set if register A is zero.

N - Not affected.

H - Reset.

C - Set or reset according to operation.

DEC n - Decrement register n.

n = A,B,C,D,E,H,L,(HL)

Flags affected:

Z - Set if reselt is zero.

N - Set.

H - Set if no borrow from bit 4.

C - Not affected.

DEC nn - Decrement register nn.

nn = BC, DE, HL, SP

Flags affected:

None

DI - Disable interrupts.

Flags affected:

None.

EI - Enable interrupts.

This intruction enables interrupts but not immediately. Interrupts are enabled after instruction after EI is executed.

Flags affected:

None.

INC n - Increment register n.

n = A,B,C,D,E,H,L,(HL)

Flags affected:

Z - Set if result is zero.

N - Reset.

H - Set if carry from bit 3.

C - Not affected.

INC nn - Increment register nn.

nn = BC, DE, HL, SP

Flags affected:

None.

```
JP n
               - Jump to address n.
       n = two byte immediate value. (LS byte first.)
JP cc,n
              - Jump to address n if following condition
                 is true:
       n = two byte immediate value. (LS byte first.)
       cc = NZ, Jump if Z flag is reset.
       cc = Z, Jump if Z flag is set.
       cc = NC, Jump if C flag is reset.
       cc = C, Jump if C flag is set.
JP (HL)

    Jump to address contained in HL.

JR n
               - Add n to current address and jump to it.
       n = one byte signed immediate value
JR cc,n
               - If following condition is true then
                 add n to current address and jump to it:
       n = one byte signed immediate value
       cc = NZ, Jump if Z flag is reset.
       cc = Z, Jump if Z flag is set.
cc = NC, Jump if C flag is reset.
       cc = C, Jump if C flag is set.
HALT
               - Power down CPU until an interrupt occurs.
LD A,n
              - Put value n into A.
       n = A,B,C,D,E,H,L,(BC),(DE),(HL),(nnnn),#
               - Put value A into n.
LD n,A
       n = A,B,C,D,E,H,L,(BC),(DE),(HL),(nnnn)
LD A,(C)
               - Put value at address $FF00 + register C into A.
LD A, (HL+)
               - Same as LD A, (HLI).
LD A, (HL-)

    Same as LD A, (HLD).

LD A, (HLI)
               - Put value at address HL into A. Increment HL.
LD A, (HLD)
               - Put value at address HL into A. Decrement HL.
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LD (C),A
              - Put A into address $FF00 + register C.
LD (HL+),A
               - Same as LD (HLI),A.
LD (HL-),A
               - Same as LD (HLD),A.
LD (HLI),A
               - Put A into memory address HL. Increment HL.
              - Put A into memory address HL. Decrement HL.
LD (HLD),A
LD r1,r2
               - Put value r2 into r1.
       r1,r2 = A,B,C,D,E,H,L,(HL)
LD n,nn
              - Put value nn into n.
       n = BC, DE, HL, SP
       nn = 16 bit immediate value
LD HL,(SP+n)
             - Same as LDHL SP,n.
LD SP,HL
               - Put HL into Stack Pointer (SP).
LD (n),SP
               - Put Stack Pointer (SP) at address n.
       n = two byte immediate address.
LDD A, (HL)
              - Same as LD A, (HLD).
LDD (HL),A
               - Same as LD (HLD),A.
LDH (n),A
               - Put A into memory address $FF00+n.
       n = one byte immediate value.
LDH A,(n)
               - Put memory address $FF00+n into A.
       n = one byte immediate value.
LDHL SP,n
             - Put SP + n into HL.
       n = one byte signed immediate value.
       Flags affected:
           Z - Reset.
           N - Reset.
           H - Set or reset according to operation.
           C - Set or reset according to operation.
```

LDI A,(HL) - Same as LD A,(HLI).

```
LDI (HL),A

    Same as LD (HLI),A.

NOP
               - No operation.
               - Logical OR n with register A, result in A.
OR n
       n = A,B,C,D,E,H,L,(HL),#
       Flags affected:
           Z - Set if result is zero.
           N - Reset.
           H - Reset.
           C - Reset.
POP nn
               - Pop two bytes off stack into register pair nn.
                 Increment Stack Pointer (SP) twice.
       nn = AF, BC, DE, HL
PUSH nn
               - Push register pair nn onto stack.
                 Decrement Stack Pointer (SP) twice.
       nn = AF,BC,DE,HL
RES b,r
               - Reset bit b in register r.
       b = 0 - 7, r = A,B,C,D,E,H,L,(HL)
       Flags affected:
           None.
               - Pop two bytes from stack & jump to that address.
RET
RET cc
              - Return if following condition is true:
       cc = NZ, Return if Z flag is reset.
       cc = Z, Return if Z flag is set.
       cc = NC, Return if C flag is reset.
       cc = C, Return if C flag is set.
RETI
               - Pop two bytes from stack & jump to that address
                 then enable interrupts.
RL n
               - Rotate n left through Carry flag.
       n = A,B,C,D,E,H,L,(HL)
       Flags affected:
           Z - Set if result is zero.
           N - Reset.
           H - Reset.
           C - Contains old bit 7 data.
```

- Rotate n left. Old bit 7 to Carry flag.

http://www.chrisantonellis.com/files/gameboy/gb-instructions.txt

RLC n

```
n = A,B,C,D,E,H,L,(HL)
       Flags affected:
           Z - Set if result is zero.
           N - Reset.
           H - Reset.
           C - Contains old bit 7 data.
               - Rotate n right through Carry flag.
RR n
       n = A,B,C,D,E,H,L,(HL)
       Flags affected:
           Z - Set if result is zero.
           N - Reset.
           H - Reset.
           C - Contains old bit 0 data.
RRC n
               - Rotate n right. Old bit 0 to Carry flag.
       n = A,B,C,D,E,H,L,(HL)
       Flags affected:
           Z - Set if result is zero.
           N - Reset.
           H - Reset.
           C - Contains old bit 0 data.
RST n
               - Push present address onto stack.
                 Jump to address $0000 + n.
       n = \$00,\$08,\$10,\$18,\$20,\$28,\$30,\$38
SBC A,n
               - Subtract n + Carry flag from A.
       n = A,B,C,D,E,H,L,(HL),#
       Flags affected:
           Z - Set if result is zero.
           N - Set.
           H - Set if no borrow from bit 4.
           C - Set if no borrow.
SCF
               - Set Carry flag.
       Flags affected:
           Z - Not affected.
           N - Reset.
           H - Reset.
           C - Set.
SET b,r

    Set bit b in register r.

       b = 0 - 7, r = A,B,C,D,E,H,L,(HL)
       Flags affected:
           None.
```

```
SLA n
               - Shift n left into Carry. LSB of n set to 0.
       n = A,B,C,D,E,H,L,(HL)
       Flags affected:
           Z - Set if result is zero.
           N - Reset.
           H - Reset.
           C - Contains old bit 7 data.
SRA n
               - Shift n right into Carry. MSB doesn't change.
       n = A,B,C,D,E,H,L,(HL)
       Flags affected:
           Z - Set if result is zero.
           N - Reset.
           H - Reset.
           C - Contains old bit 0 data.
SRL n
               - Shift n right into Carry. MSB set to 0.
       n = A,B,C,D,E,H,L,(HL)
       Flags affected:
           Z - Set if result is zero.
           N - Reset.
           H - Reset.
           C - Contains old bit 0 data.
STOP
               - ???
SUB n
               - Subtract n from A.
       n = A,B,C,D,E,H,L,(HL),#
       Flags affected:
           Z - Set if result is zero.
           N - Set.
           H - Set if no borrow from bit 4.
           C - Set if no borrow.
               - Swap upper & lower bits of n.
SWAP n
       n = A,B,C,D,E,H,L,(HL)
       Flags affected:
           Z - Set if result is zero.
           N - Reset.
           H - Reset.
           C - Reset.
XOR n
               - Logical exclusive OR n with
                 register A, result in A.
       n = A,B,C,D,E,H,L,(HL),#
       Flags affected:
```

Z - Set if result is zero.

- N Reset.
- H Reset. C Reset.