

# COMPUTATIONAL PHYSICS LAB

(PH49012)

SPRING-2021, IIT KGP

## Assignment 04

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**Q1.** Write a program to determine the machine precision  $\epsilon_m$  of your computer system within a factor of 2. A sample pseudocode is:

```
eps = 1
begin do N times
    eps=eps/2
    one = 1+eps
end do
```

Write the number of loops after which eps does not have any effect on one.

(Source: *Computational Physics, Third Edition* by Rubin H. Landau, Manuel J. Páez and Cristian C. Bordeianu) (10 points)

**Q2.** Generate an array of length  $3n$  filled with the cyclic pattern 1,2,3.

Source: <https://faculty.math.illinois.edu/shahkar2/cbmng/numpy-exercises.html> (10 points)

**Q3.** Create a  $10 \times 10$  array of zeros and then ‘frame’ it with a border of ones.

Source: <https://faculty.math.illinois.edu/shahkar2/cbmng/numpy-exercises.html> (10 points)

**Q4.** Consider a potential

$$U(x, y) = \frac{1}{2}(x^2 + y^2)$$

Compute its gradient (don’t need to do this within your code) and plot it on top of the contours of the potential. Show five such contours. It should be clearly shown in the plot that the gradient is normal to the equipotential lines.

(Source: *Introduction to Mechanics, Second Edition* by Mahendra Verma) (10 points)

**Q5.** Two infinitely long wires running parallel to the  $x$  axis carry uniform charge densities  $+\lambda$  and  $-\lambda$

(a) Find the potential at any point  $(x, y, z)$ , using the origin as your reference.

(b) Write a code to generate the contours of the equipotential lines on  $x = 0$  plane. Show 100 such contours in your plot. Take  $\lambda = 1$  (20 points)

(Source: *Part (a)* is from *Introduction to Electrodynamics, Fourth Edition*, David J. Griffiths)