# **UROP 2023**

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- Lowest Common Multiple
- Bézout's Identity
- Prime Numbers

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I will go over some of the highlights/difficulties I experienced over the project, and what I learnt.

Here I will look at a couple of my favourite questions:

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#### Question 8

Let  $n \geq 2$  be an Integer. Prove that n is prime if and only if  $\forall a \in \mathbb{Z}, \ \gcd(a,n) = 1 \vee n | a$ 

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- Like many of the questions, this was much harder to teach to Lean than it was to solve.
- The general idea is that prime numbers cannot have common factors with any numbers that aren't a multiple of that prime.

Question Statement in Lean:

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lemma exercise08 (n : \mathbb{Z}) (hn : 2 \le n) : Prime n \leftrightarrow \forall (a : \mathbb{Z}), Int.gcd a n = 1 v n | a := by
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For the  $\implies$  direction, we condition on whether n|a. If it does, we get the result immediately. If not, then gcd(a, n) = 1 because n is prime.

## Highlights

For the  $\Leftarrow$  direction, we use the theorem:

Nat.prime\_def\_lt'

Which says:

 $n \in \mathbb{N}$  is prime  $\iff \forall d \in (1, n) \cap \mathbb{N}, d \nmid n$ 

## Highlights

For the  $\leftarrow$  direction, we use the theorem:

Which says:

$$n \in \mathbb{N}$$
 is prime  $\iff \forall d \in (1, n) \cap \mathbb{N}, d \nmid n$ 

We then condition over our assumption specialized for some particular d value:

- If gcd(d, n) = 1 then clearly  $d \nmid n$
- If d|n then we have  $d > n \lor d = 1$ , a contradiction

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- What it is like to work on a project (almost) by yourself
- Acknowledging when you are stuck, and when to ask for help
- Informed my decision about whether to PhD or not

### Imperial College London Conclusion

Overall, huge thank you to Kevin for the opportunity, and everyone on the Xena discord for being so helpful!!!