Archisman Panigrahi

Graduate Student · Physics

Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, MA, USA

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Education

Ph.D. in PhysicsCambridge, MA, USA

Massachusetts Institute of Technology August 2022 - Ongoing

- C.G.P.A - 5.0/5.0

Master of Science in Physics

Bangalore, India

Indian Institute of Science

Aug. 2021 - Jun. 2022

• C.G.P.A - 9.8/10.0

Bachelor of Science (Research) in Physics

Bangalore, India

Indian Institute of Science

Aug. 2017 - Jun. 2021

• C.G.P.A - 9.8/10.0

Academic Achievements

| 2023 | Qualified among the top 16 participants in MIT Integration Bee | MIT |
|---------|---|--------------------|
| 2022 | 1st Rank in India in CSIR-NET (JRF) in Physics (score 186/200) | India |
| 2022 | 1st Rank in India in Graduate Aptitute Test in Engineering (G.A.T.E.) in Physics | India |
| 2017-22 | C.G.P.A 9.8/10 in B.S. (Research) and M.S., highest GPA in batch | IISc, Bangalore |
| 2017 | 1st rank (99.2 %) in Board in Higher Secondary Examination, among about 0.7 million candidates | West Bengal, India |
| 2017 | 10th rank in National Entrance Screening Test (NEST) | India |
| 2017 | Qualified for JEE Mains (All India Rank - 381) - an all India Engineering entrance | |
| 2017 | Qualified for JEE Advanced examination (All India Rank- 543), Entrance examination of Indian Institute(s) | |
| | of Technology (IIT) | |
| 2017 | Qualified for Indian Statistical Institute, Kolkata and Chennai Mathematical Institute | |
| 2015 | Qualified for K.V.P.Y. (All India Rank - 128) | |
| 2015 | 2nd rank (97.57 %) in Board in Secondary Examination, among about 1 million candidates | West Bengal, India |

Research Articles

- A. Panigrahi, L. Levitov; Signatures of electronic ordering in transport in graphene flat bands arxiv:2403.18817 (accepted in PRB)
- A. Panigrahi, S. Mukerjee; Energy magnetization and transport in systems with a non-zero Berry curvature in a magnetic field SciPost Phys. Core 6, 052 (2023)
- A. Panigrahi, V. Juričić, B. Roy; *Projected Topological Branes* Commun Phys **5**, 230 (2022)
- A. Panigrahi, R. Moessner, B. Roy; Non-Hermitian dislocation modes: Stability and melting across exceptional points PRB 106, L041302 (2022)

Research Interests

Broadly interested in theoretical Condensed Matter Physics

- Electronic transport in two-dimensional systems
- Topological phases of matter and Quantum Phase transitions
- Thermo-electric transport and the effects of Berry curvature
- · Thermalization of quantum systems and Many body localization

Skills

Programming skills Julia, MATLAB/Octave, Mathematica, Python

Advanced Physics Courses Strongly Correlated Systems, Advanced Statistical Physics, Quantum Field Theory I, General Relativity

Languages Fluent in English, Bengali, Hindi



Transport Signatures of Electronic Ordering in Graphene Flat Bands

CLICK HERE TO DOWNLOAD THE PRESENTATION

Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore, India January 2024

Topological phases in quasicrystals: A general principle of construction

CLICK HERE TO DOWNLOAD THE PRESENTATION

APS March Meeting (virtually)

March 2022

Dislocation as a bulk probe of non-Hermitian topology

CLICK HERE TO DOWNLOAD THE PRESENTATION

MPIPKS, Dresden, Germany

(remotely) July 6, 2021

Research Experience

Transport in momentum-polarized ordered phases in graphene bilayer

IISc, Bangalore, India

(Master's thesis)

WITH PROF. LEONID LEVITOV

· Predicted that momentum-polarized nematic phases in biased bilayer graphene can lead to resistance decreasing with rising temperature

• Demonstrated hysteresis-like switching behavior under the action of a strong electric field

Many Body Localization (MBL) and thermalization of interacting quantum spin chain

IISc, Bangalore, India (Master's thesis)

WITH PROF. SUBROTO MUKERJEE

September 2021 - April 2022

- · Studied how the Out-of-Time Ordered Correlator (OTOC) behaves for MBL and thermal systems
- Studied behavior of OTOC in MBL systems with random and incommensurate potential, with and without interaction

Topological phases in projected lower dimensional branes

MPIPKS, Dresden, Germany

June 2021 - September 2021

(remotely)

JOINTLY WITH PROF. BITAN ROY AND PROF. VLADIMIR JURIČIĆ

- · Numerically studied how topological properties of parent systems emerge in projected crystals and Fibonacci quasicrystals
- · Verified the existence of dislocation modes, Weyl points, and Landau levels in projected crystals and quasicrystals
- Proposed how this method can be utilized to study higher dimensional (>3D) topological phases within 3D systems

Berry curvature effects on thermoelectric transport

IISc, Bangalore, India

(Bachelor's thesis)

October 2020 - June 2021 WITH PROF. SUBROTO MUKERJEE

- · Studied how Berry curvature can alter thermoelectric transport, leading to anomalous Hall and anomalous Nernst effects
- Studied the Boltzmann transport formalism
- Studied how the Onsager relation can be demonstrated from microscopic theories for a system with a non-trivial Berry curvature
- Found a condition on the energy magnetization such that the Einstein relation holds for the transport energy current in these systems
- Showcased a physical interpretation of this condition, and obtained a closed expression for energy magnetization
- Analytically solved the Boltzmann transport equation (including Berry curvature effects) for two-dimensional systems

Non-Hermitian Topological Insulators and Dislocations

MPIPKS, Dresden, Germany

May 2020 - September 2020

(remotely)

• Studied and numerically implemented SSH Model, Chern Insulators, Quantum Spin Hall Insulators

- Studied the effects of dislocation in Hermitian and Non-Hermitian Chern Insulators
- Obtained phase diagrams for regimes where topological states get pinned at dislocation centers
- Proposed how dislocations can be used to probe topological phases in non-Hermitian systems, where the non-Hermitian skin effect masks the traditional bulk-boundary correspondence

Nano Heat Engines beyond the Carnot Efficiency

IISc, Bangalore, India

May 2019 - July 2019

WITH PROF. H. R. KRISHNAMURTHY

WITH PROF. BITAN ROY

- · Studied how harmonic oscillators and two state systems can be used as efficient heat engines
- Read articles claiming Carnot efficiency can be surpassed with "squeezed" thermal baths
- Figured out the sense in which Carnot efficiency is surpassed without violating 2nd law of thermodynamics
- Studied about Brownian Motion and Langevin equation
- · Solved the Langevin equation for a special kind of stochastic force, for which a classical harmonic oscillator behaves like a squeezed state
- Created a computer simulation to verify the nature of this solution

References

- Prof. **Leonid Levitov**, Dept. of Physics, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, MA 02139, USA. Email Address levitov@mit.edu
- Prof. **Subroto Mukerjee**, Dept. of Physics, Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore, India. Email Address smukerjee@iisc.ac.in
- Prof. **Bitan Roy**, Dept. of Physics, Lehigh University, Bethlehem, PA 18015, USA. Email Address bitan.roy@lehigh.edu