

## Week 0-LAB A

### Practice Lab

**1)**

```
#include<iostream>

using namespace std;

int main()
{
    int a;

    cout<<"Enter number of inputs:";

    cin>>a;

    int arr[a];

    cout<<"Enter the numbers";

    int sum=0;

    for(int i=0;i<a;i++){

        cin>>arr[i];

        sum+=arr[i];

    }

    cout<<"The average of the given numbers is : "<<(float(sum))/a;

    return 0;

}
```

```
Enter number of inputs:7
Enter the numbers
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
The average of the given numbers is : 4
Process returned 0 (0x0)   execution time : 11.940 s
Press any key to continue.
```

2)

```
#include <iostream>

using namespace std;

int main() {

    int array[] = {1, 2, 3, 5, 2, 9, 7, 3, 5};

    int n = sizeof(array) / sizeof(array[0]);

    int unique[n];

    int freq[n];

    int count = 0;

    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {

        freq[i] = 0;

    }

    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {

        int j;

        for (j = 0; j < count; ++j) {

            if (array[i] == unique[j]) {

                freq[j]++;

            }

        }

        if (j == count) {

            unique[count] = array[i];

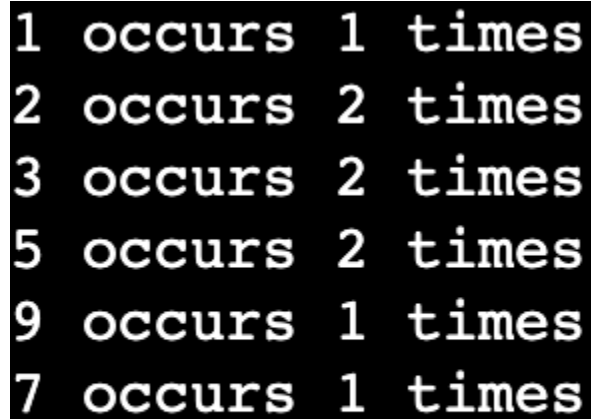
            count++;

        }

    }

}
```

```
        break;
    }
}
if (j == count) {
    unique[count] = array[i];
    freq[count] = 1;
    count++;
}
}
for (int i = 0; i < count; ++i) {
    cout << unique[i] << " occurs " << freq[i] << " times" << endl;
}
return 0;
}
```



A terminal window with a black background and white text. It displays the output of a C++ program. The output consists of six lines, each showing a number followed by the text "occurs", a frequency value, and the text "times". The numbers are 1, 2, 3, 5, 9, and 7, with frequencies of 1, 2, 2, 2, 1, and 1 respectively.

```
1 occurs 1 times
2 occurs 2 times
3 occurs 2 times
5 occurs 2 times
9 occurs 1 times
7 occurs 1 times
```

**3)**

```
#include<iostream>

using namespace std;

int main(){

    int a;

    cout<<"Enter number of inputs:\n";

    cin>>a;

    int arr[a];

    cout<<"Enter the numbers:\n";

    for(int i=0;i<a;i++){

        cin>>arr[i];

    }

    cout<<"Before rotating:\n";

    for(int i=0;i<a;i++){

        cout<<arr[i]<<" ";

    }

    cout<<"\n";

    int k=arr[0];

    for(int i=0;i<a-1;i++){

        arr[i]=arr[i+1];

    }

    arr[a-1]=k;
```

```

        cout<<"After rotating:\n";

        for(int i=0;i<a;i++){

            cout<<arr[i]<<" ";

        }
    }
}

```

```

Enter number of inputs:
7
Enter the numbers:
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
Before rotating:
1 2 3 4 5 6 7
After rotating:
2 3 4 5 6 7 1
Process returned 0 (0x0)   execution time : 6.022 s
Press any key to continue.

```

**4)**

```

#include<iostream>

using namespace std;

int main(){

    int a;

    cout<<"Enter number of inputs:\n";

    cin>>a;

    int arr[a];

    cout<<"Enter the numbers:\n";

```

```

    for(int i=0;i<a;i++){
        cin>>arr[i];
    }
    int min=arr[0];
    int smin=arr[1];
    for(int i=0;i<a;i++){
        if(arr[i]<min){
            smin=min;
            min=arr[i];
        }
    }
    cout<<endl<<"The second smallest number is: "<<smin;

    return 0;
}

```

```

Enter number of inputs:
4
Enter the numbers:
32
54
3
-66

The second smallest number is: 3
Process returned 0 (0x0)   execution time : 9.267 s
Press any key to continue.

```

5)

```
#include<iostream>

using namespace std;

int main()

{

    int a;

    cout<<"Enter number of inputs: ";

    cin>>a;

    int *arr=new int[a];

    cout<<"Enter the numbers:\n";

    for(int i=0;i<a;i++){

        cin>>arr[i];

    }

    cout<<"Input: ";

    for(int i=0;i<a;i++){

        cout<<arr[i]<<" ";

    }


    cout<<endl<<"Output: ";


    for(int i=0;i<a;i++){

        if(arr[i]%2==0)

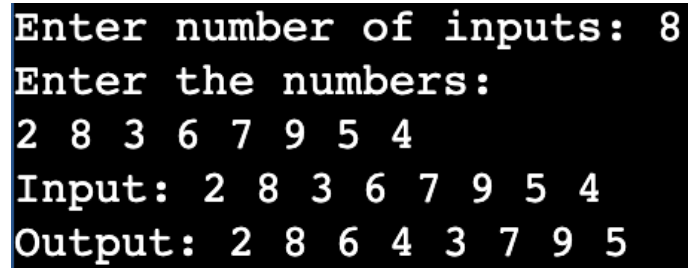
            cout<<arr[i]<<" ";

    }

    for(int i=0;i<a;i++){

        if(arr[i]%2!=0)
```

```
        cout<<arr[i]<<" ";  
    }  
  
}
```



A screenshot of a terminal window with a black background and white text. It shows the following sequence of input and output:

```
Enter number of inputs: 8  
Enter the numbers:  
2 8 3 6 7 9 5 4  
Input: 2 8 3 6 7 9 5 4  
Output: 2 8 6 4 3 7 9 5
```

**6)**

```
#include<iostream>  
  
using namespace std;  
  
int main()  
{  
    int a;  
  
    cout<<"Enter number of inputs: ";  
  
    cin>>a;  
  
    int *A= new int[a];  
  
    for(int i=0;i<a;i++)
```



```

{
    A[i]=rand()%100;
}

cout<<"The randomly generated array of length "<<a<<":"<<endl;

for(int i=0;i<a;i++){

    cout<<A[i]<<" ";

}

return 0;
}

```

```

Enter number of inputs: 7
The randomly generated array of length 7:
83 86 77 15 93 35 86

```

7)

a)

Size of o1 : 8

Size of o2 : 16

Size of abc is : 16

(b)

Size of o1 : 8

Size of o2 : 24

(c)

Size of o1 : 8  
Size of o2 : 24

(d)

Size of o1 : 8  
Size of o2 : 24

(e)

Size of o1 : 8  
Size of o2 : 16

(f)

Size of o1 : 8  
Size of o2 : 20

**8)**

(a)

Ans : The code is correct and the output will be 4.5

(b)

Ans : The code is correct and the output will be 5

(c)

Ans : The code is correct and the output will be 4 4

(d)

Ans : Here the a is a pointer to an integer but it is uninitialized henceforth no memory can be allocated , hence accessing a[0] will lead to the termination of the code while running it.

(e)

Ans : The code is correct and the output will be 5

(f)

Ans : In this code the part size of(struct node) calculates the size of 'n' rather than calculating the size of memory allocated for the struct node.

(g)

Ans : the code is correct and the output will be 5

(h)

Ans : This program will print garbage values due to the use of delete() instead of free(a).