## Syntax of Lambda Function in python

lambda arguments: expression

Lambda functions can have any number of arguments but only one expression. The expression is evaluated and returned. Lambda functions can be used wherever function objects are required.

This function has no name. It returns a function object which is assigned to the identifier double. We can now call it as a normal function. The statement

```
double = lambda x: x * 2
```

is nearly the same as

```
def double(x):
    return x * 2
```

The filter() function in Python takes in a function and a list as arguments. This offers an elegant way to filter out all the elements of a sequence "sequence", for which the function returns True. Here is a small program that returns the odd numbers from an input list:

```
# Python code to illustrate

# filter() with lambda()

li = [5, 7, 22, 97, 54, 62, 77, 23, 73, 61]

final_list = list(filter(lambda x: (x%2 != 0) , li))

print(final_list)
```

```
Output:
```

```
[5, 7, 97, 77, 23, 73, 61]
```