# Assignment 3 COVID-19 30-day Mortality Prediction from CXR











#### THE CONVERSATION

Academic rigour, journalistic flair

COVID-19 Arts + Culture Business + Economy Cities Education Environment + Energy Health + Medicine Politics + Society Science + Technology









#### What is CheXpert?

CheXpert is a large dataset of chest X-rays and competition for automated chest x-ray interpretation, which features uncertainty labels and radiologist-labeled reference standard evaluation sets.

READ THE PAPER (IRVIN & RAJPURKAR ET AL.)

#### Why CheXpert?

Chest radiography is the most common imaging examination globally, critical for screening, diagnosis, and management of many life threatening diseases.

#### Leaderboard

Will your model perform as well as radiologists in detecting different pathologies in chest X-rays?

Rank	Date	Model	AUC	Num Rads Below Curve
1	Aug 31, 2020	DeepAUC-v1 ensemble	0.930	2.8
2	Sep 01, 2019	Hierarchical-Learning-V1	0.930	2.6





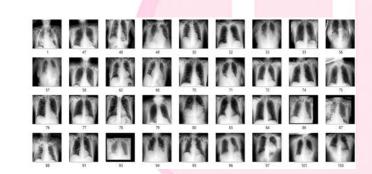
#### Goal

- To build a machine learning model to predict the 30-day mortality of patients
- That is, whether a patient will die in the hospital within 30 days
- Use chest X-ray (CXR) images for model training





#### About Training Dataset



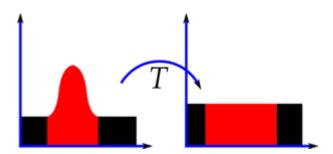
#### Please keep the data confidential!

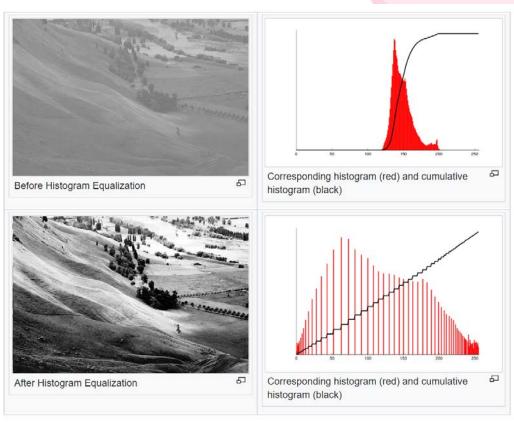
- There are 1,393 patients in the training dataset and each with a CXR JPG image and its file name is an unique patient ID.
- ☐ 1,393 hospital outcome for all patients will be provided and used as the labels.
- ☐ The size of CXR has been processed to 320 x 320.
- Each image has been processed with histogram equalization.



PATIENT ID	hospital_outcome
1382	0
1619	1
1710	0
83	0
534	0
1105	0
113	0
1140	0
1460	0
1960	0
989	0
748	0
1564	1
831	0
2324	0
1441	0
2195	0
1653	0
1050	0
693	1
2224	0
2218	0

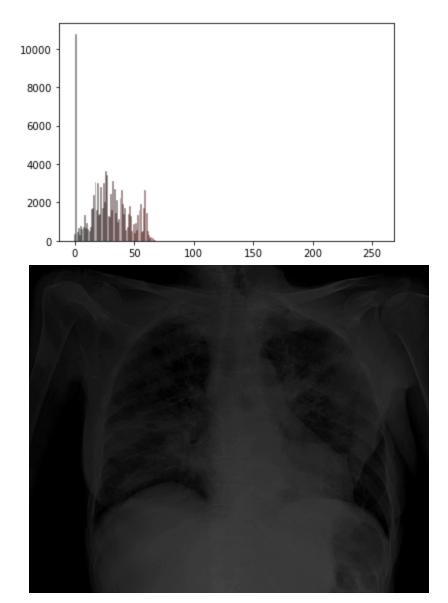
## Histogram equalization



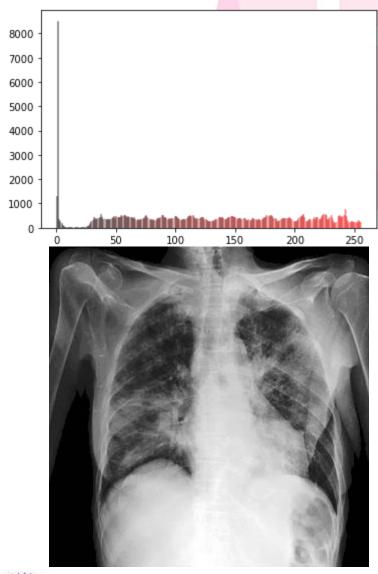








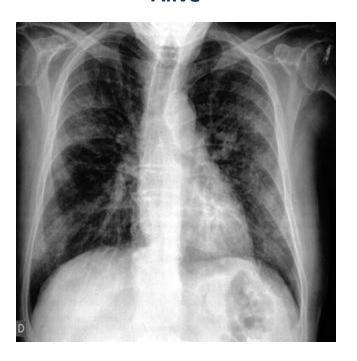






## Data description

Alive



**Expired** 

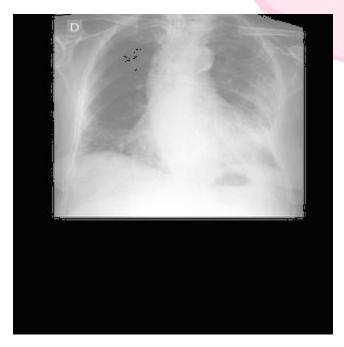






## Something you may find









## Assignment 3

□ Do it individually!

Announce date: 2020/12/03



No score if the model is not provided.

Hand in your 3 files separately in the following format

Prediction: student ID.csv

Report: student ID\_HW3\_Report.pdf

Model: student ID\_HW3\_Model







# **Grading Policy**

Item	Score
Report	30%
Model performance	<b>70</b> %





## Grading Policy of Model (70%)

- We have 457 patients in the testing dataset to evaluate your model
- We will use F1-score to measure your performance





## **Report** (30%)

- Description of the model and features (or any extra preprocessing steps) you used
- Description of how to use the model file
- Summarizing the works you have done



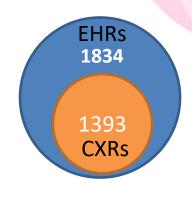


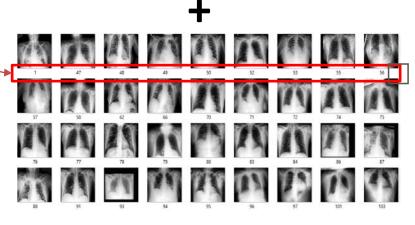
## **Bonus** (+30%)

**Patient ID** 

#### Combine CXRs and EHRs for better prediction!

<u> </u>	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	- 1	J	K	L	M	N
PATIENT la:	e	sex	admission_datetime	ed_diagnosis	vitals_temp_ed_first	vitals_sbp_	vitals_dbp	vitals_hr_e	vitals_spo2	pmhx_diab	pmhx_hld	pmhx_htn	pmhx_ihd
1478	72	MALE	2020/3/18 14:45	sx_breathing_difficulty	37.2	111	63	94	60	0	1	1	1
94	50	FEMALE	2020/3/19 19:34	sx_breathing_difficulty	37.2			93	94	0	0	0	0
2511	78	FEMALE	2020/4/29 16:04	sx_breathing_difficulty	36.4	146	96	85	96	0	1	0	0
1931	50	MALE	2020/3/24 11:47	sx_breathing_difficulty	37.7			124	94	0	0	0	0
2070	38	MALE	2020/3/19 12:31	sx_breathing_difficulty						0	0	0	0
1231	95	MALE	2020/4/4 00:51	sx_breathing_difficulty		160	11	76	97				
2054	83	FEMALE	2020/3/16 19:07	sx_others	38.5	138	65	80	73	0	0	0	0
2451	79	MALE	2020/4/27 15:15	sx_breathing_difficulty		143	86	111	89	0	0	0	0
952	55	MALE	2020/3/20 16:36	sx_flu						0	0	0	0
2270	76	MALE	2020/4/10 16:46	sx_others	35.6	160	95	55	99	1	0	1	0
778	49	MALE	2020/3/27 20:26	sx_fever						0	0	0	0
1965	79	FEMALE	2020/3/26 17:35	sx_breathing_difficulty						1	1	0	0
879	81	MALE	2020/3/10 10:45	sx_others	36	105	50	80		0	0	0	0
722	70	MALE	2020/3/23 10:27	sx_breathing_difficulty	36			83	95	0	0	0	0





Hand in your 2 extra files

- Prediction: Bonus\_student ID.csv
- - ID\_HW3\_Model

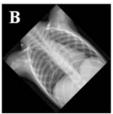


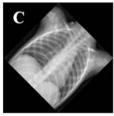


#### Possible solution

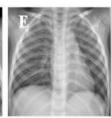
- CNN-based model
- Data augmentation











- ☐ Transfer learning (or using pretrained model)
- □ Some useful datasets
  - https://github.com/ieee8023/covid-chestxray-dataset
  - https://stanfordmlgroup.github.io/competitions/chexpert/
  - https://www.nih.gov/news-events/news-releases/nih-clinical-center-provides-one-largest-publicly-available-chest-x-ray-datasets-scientific-community





#### Let's do it!

