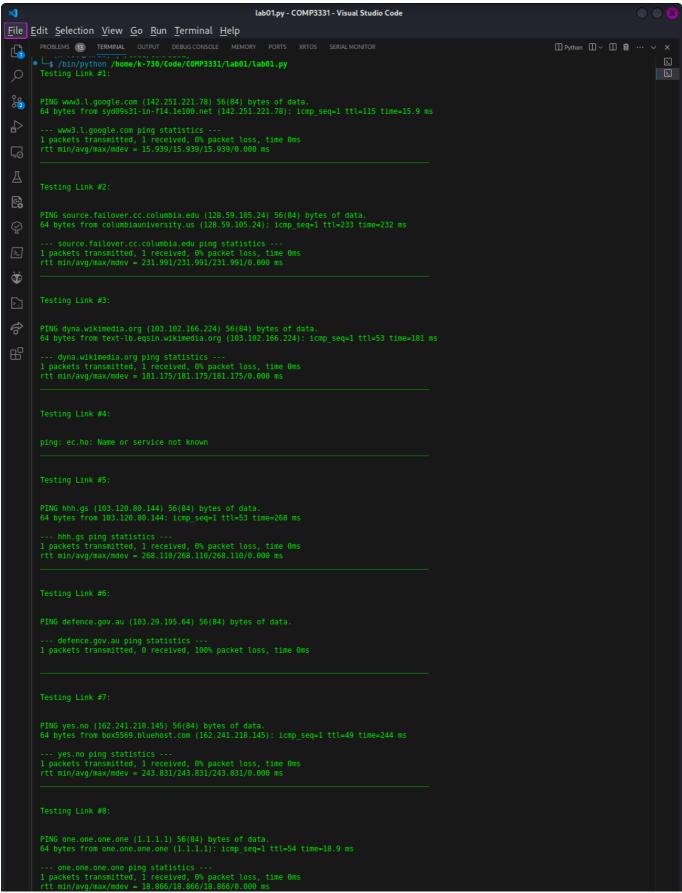
Lab01

Q2

Output for q2



```
Testing Link #9:

PING theguardian.com (151.101.193.111) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 151.101.193.111 (151.101.193.111): icmp_seq=1 ttl=55 time=12.0 ms

--- theguardian.com ping statistics --- 1 packets transmitted, 1 received, 0% packet loss, time 0ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 12.025/12.025/0.000 ms

Testing Link #10:

PING i*.ws (132.148.137.119) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 119.137.148.132.host.secureserver.net (132.148.137.119): icmp_seq=1 ttl=45 time=262 ms

--- i**_ws ping statistics ---
1 packets transmitted, 1 received, 0% packet loss, time 0ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 262.320/262.320/262.320/0.000 ms

**Approximation of the company of the
```

- 1. www.google.co.uk is reachable
- 2. www.columbia.edu is reachable
- 3. www.wikipedia.org is reachable
- 4. ec.ho is NOT reachable. This is because the DNS(link) does not not exist. This is confirmed with the browser
- 5. hhh.gs is reachable.
- 6. defence.gov.au is reachable. However, the reply packet is absent, yet the link is accessible via browser
- 7. yes.no is reachable
- 8. one.one.one is reachable
- 9. theguardian.com is reachable
- 10. xn--i-7iq.ws is reachable

Q3

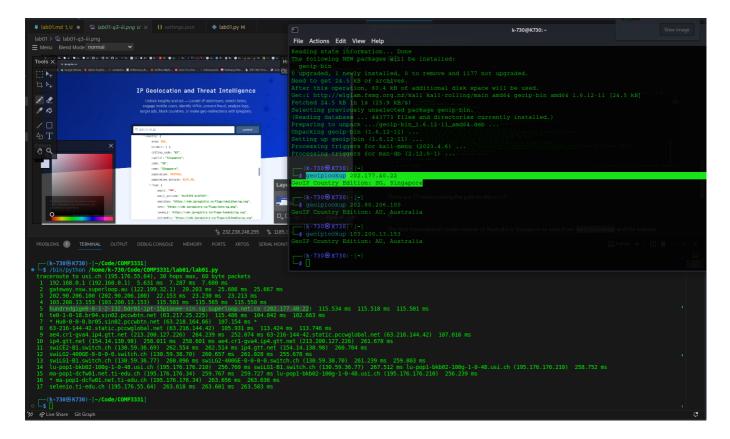
a)

i)

There are 17 routers along the path to the usi.ch

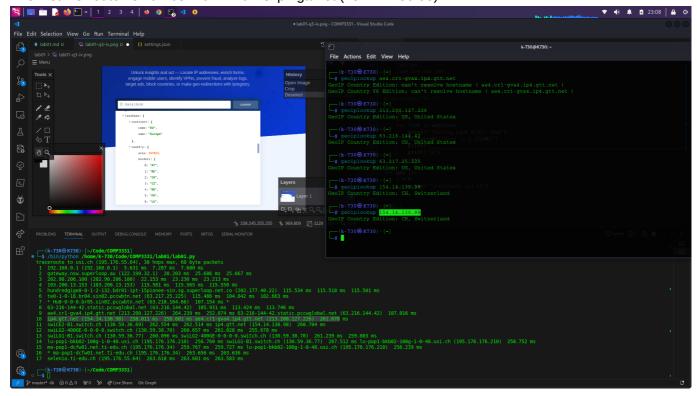
ii)

The first international router outside of Australia is Singapore as seen from geoiplookup and the website geolocater ipregistery.co



iii)

The first EU router is number 10. Which is ip4.gtt.net (154.14.130.98).



b)

i)

The last routers that the routes have in common is #3 with IP address: 202.90.206.100

Testing Link #1: traceroute to jhu.edu (128.220.192.230), 30 hops max, 60 byte packets 1 192.168.0.1 (192.168.0.1) 15.191 ms 21.288 ms 27.416 ms gateway.nsw.superloop.au (122.199.32.1) 46.606 ms 46.539 ms 46.475 ms 3 202.90.206.100 (202.90.206.100) 46.410 ms 46.346 ms 46.281 ms 4 Bundle-Ether31.bdr02-ipt-47bourke-syd.au.superloop.com (103.200.13.67) 68.853 ms 87.230 ms 87.166 ms 5 HundredGigE0-0-1-2.122.bdr01-ipt-220queen-akl.nz.superloop.com (111.118.196.23) 79.248 ms 79.183 ms 79.119 ms 6 as6939.akl.ix.nz (43.243.21.17) 87.803 ms 34.513 ms 35.063 ms 7 100ge0-32.core1.akl2.he.net (184.104.196.117) 39.621 ms 39.571 ms 39.623 ms 8 100ge0-28.core1.pdx3.he.net (184.104.188.77) 240.374 ms 240.333 ms 240.294 ms * * * 9 10 * * * 11 * * port-channel15.core2.sea1.he.net (184.104.199.69) 242.199 ms 12 * * * 14 * johns-hopkins-university.e0-2.switch2.ash1.he.net (209.51.168.62) 327.658 ms 309.595 ms 15 addr16212925394.testippl.jhmi.edu (162.129.253.94) 306.398 ms * * 16 * addr16212925394.testippl.jhmi.edu (162.129.253.94) 297.923 ms 297.888 ms 17 addr16212925394.testippl.jhmi.edu (162.129.253.94) 297.854 ms 162.129.255.245 (162.129.255.245) 300.153 ms * 18 * * * 19 * * * 20 * * * 21 collaborate.johnshopkins.edu (128.220.192.230) 328.693 ms * *

Testing Link #2:

```
traceroute to usp.br (200.144.248.41), 30 hops max, 60 byte packets
1 192.168.0.1 (192.168.0.1) 2.067 ms 2.085 ms 2.005 ms
2 gateway.nsw.superloop.au (122.199.32.1) 12.071 ms 19.326 ms 19.336
ms
3 202.90.206.100 (202.90.206.100) 19.283 ms 19.263 ms 19.236 ms
4 Bundle-Ether30.bdr02-ipt-639garde-syd.au.superloop.com (103.200.13.65)
19.199 ms 19.174 ms 19.153 ms
5 8.245.132.225 (8.245.132.225) 45.071 ms 45.049 ms 45.028 ms
6 NTT-level3-Syndey1.Level3.net (4.68.38.206) 28.267 ms 9.160 ms 9.004
ms
7 ae-1.r20.sydnau05.au.bb.gin.ntt.net (129.250.2.133) 17.019 ms 16.985
ms 16.966 ms
8 ae-5.r24.lsanca07.us.bb.gin.ntt.net (129.250.2.52) 226.123 ms 226.107
```

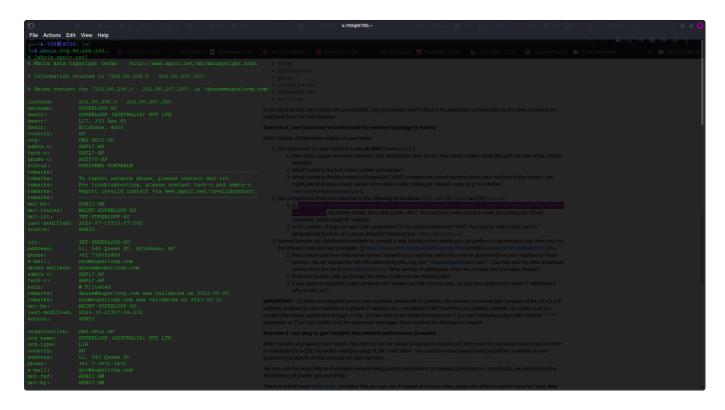
```
ms 226.090 ms
 9 ae-3.r22.dllstx14.us.bb.gin.ntt.net (129.250.7.68) 226.443 ms
ms 226.409 ms
10 ae-2.r22.miamfl02.us.bb.gin.ntt.net (129.250.2.218) 268.188 ms
233.320 ms 233.275 ms
11 ae-0.a02.miamfl02.us.bb.gin.ntt.net (129.250.2.4) 233.253 ms ae-
0.a03.miamfl02.us.bb.gin.ntt.net (129.250.7.44) 233.234 ms ae-
0.a02.miamfl02.us.bb.gin.ntt.net (129.250.2.4) 233.216 ms
12 xe-1-5-0-2.a02.miamfl02.us.ce.gin.ntt.net (129.250.200.158) 234.152 ms
xe-3-3-0-1.a03.miamfl02.us.ce.gin.ntt.net (129.250.202.94) 225.462 ms xe-
1-5-0-2.a02.miamfl02.us.ce.gin.ntt.net (129.250.200.158) 229.025 ms
13 mia2-mia1.bkb.rnp.br (200.143.252.26) 245.074 ms cce2-mia2-
monet.bkb.rnp.br (170.79.213.46) 290.252 ms mia2-mia1.bkb.rnp.br
(200.143.252.26) 229.121 ms
14 cce2-mia2-monet.bkb.rnp.br (170.79.213.46) 302.256 ms 170.79.212.249
(170.79.212.249) 337.082 ms 337.038 ms
15 170.79.212.249 (170.79.212.249) 339.438 ms csp2-csp1-100g-via-
sp2.bkb.rnp.br (170.79.213.233) 335.766 ms 170.79.212.249 (170.79.212.249)
337.233 ms
16 csp2-csp1-100g-via-sp2.bkb.rnp.br (170.79.213.233) 342.245 ms 342.225
ms e72361-sp2-r06-nx-swc.uspnet.usp.br (143.107.249.38) 350.788 ms
   * as28571.saopaulo.sp.ix.br (187.16.220.3) 347.215 ms 345.300 ms
18 * e72361-sp2-r06-nx-swc.uspnet.usp.br (143.107.249.38) 349.355 ms
337.955 ms
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```

Testing Link #3:

traceroute to ed.ac.uk (129.215.235.217), 30 hops max, 60 byte packets
1 192.168.0.1 (192.168.0.1) 2.158 ms 3.556 ms 3.505 ms
2 gateway.nsw.superloop.au (122.199.32.1) 15.328 ms 16.180 ms 15.236 ms
3 202.90.206.100 (202.90.206.100) 15.191 ms 15.144 ms 10.882 ms
4 103.200.13.153 (103.200.13.153) 338.927 ms 338.883 ms 338.838 ms
5 hundredgige0-0-1-2-132.bdr01-ipt-15pionee-sin.sg.superloop.net.co
(202.177.40.22) 338.793 ms 338.748 ms 338.700 ms
6 202-130-207-34.ip4.superloop.au (202.130.207.34) 338.657 ms 323.728 ms 293.988 ms
7 mei-b5-link.ip.twelve99.net (62.115.176.152) 293.918 ms 293.884 ms

```
293.852 ms
 8 prs-bb1-link.ip.twelve99.net (62.115.124.54) 293.819 ms prs-bb2-
link.ip.twelve99.net (62.115.124.56) 293.749 ms prs-bb1-
link.ip.twelve99.net (62.115.124.54) 293.700 ms
 9 * * *
   ldn-b2-link.ip.twelve99.net (62.115.122.189) 326.696 ms ldn-b2-
10
link.ip.twelve99.net (62.115.120.239) 326.622 ms 326.604 ms
11 jisc-ic-345131.ip.twelve99-cust.net (62.115.175.131) 326.586 ms
326.570 ms 326.554 ms
12 ae24.londhx-sbr1.ja.net (146.97.35.197) 326.596 ms 326.579 ms
326.562 ms
   ae29.londpg-sbr2.ja.net (146.97.33.2) 326.486 ms 326.468 ms 326.451
ms
14 ae31.erdiss-sbr2.ja.net (146.97.33.22) 326.493 ms 311.451 ms 311.333
ms
   ae29.manckh-sbr2.ja.net (146.97.33.42) 311.266 ms 311.201 ms
15
                                                                  311.133
ms
   ae31.glasss-sbr1.ja.net (146.97.33.54) 311.067 ms
16
                                                      311.005 ms
                                                                  310.938
ms
   ae29.edinat-rbr2.ja.net (146.97.38.38) 310.934 ms
17
                                                      310.823 ms
                                                                  310.735
ms
18 ae25.edinkb-rbr2.ja.net (146.97.74.34) 310.668 ms 310.606 ms 405.933
ms
19 university-of-edinburgh.ja.net (146.97.156.78) 405.820 ms 405.753 ms
405.689 ms
20
   remote.net.ed.ac.uk (192.41.103.209) 405.623 ms 405.561 ms 405.496
ms
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```

Further information about this router reveals my Internet Service Provider with SuperLoop. It is apparently located in Brisbane



ii)

Hop count and physical distance is weakly correlated. Since the hop count to Edinburgh is lower than to New York, despite New York being closer to Sydney.

However, it also seems that the hop count to Sau Paulo is the lowest but only by a small amount when compared to Edinburgh.

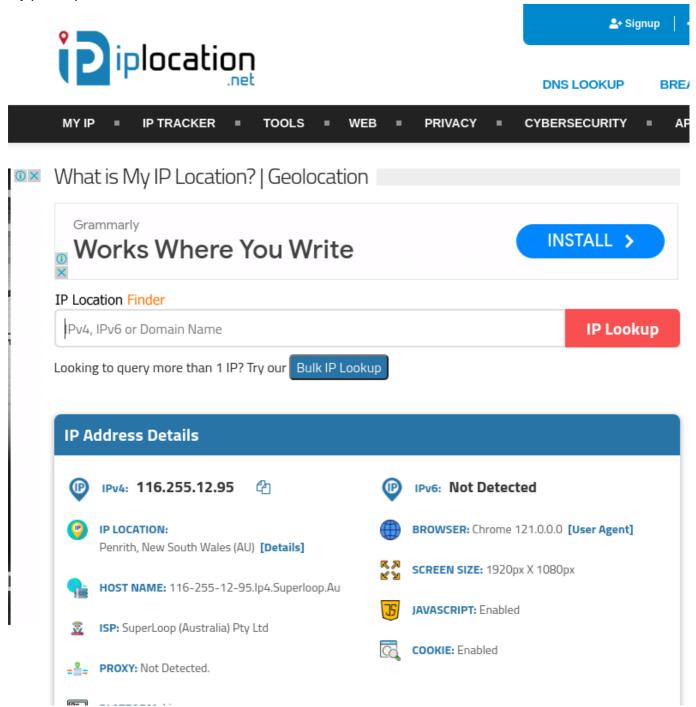
Ultimately, hop count and physical distance must be weakly correlated as there must be other factors that contribute to varying hop count. (Scepticism is required here because the sample size is small)

#	Link	Hops	Location	Euclidean Distance from Sydney(km)
1	jhu.edu	21	New York	15,728
2	usp.br	18	Sao Paulo	14,235
3	ed.ac.uk	20	Edinburgh	17,006

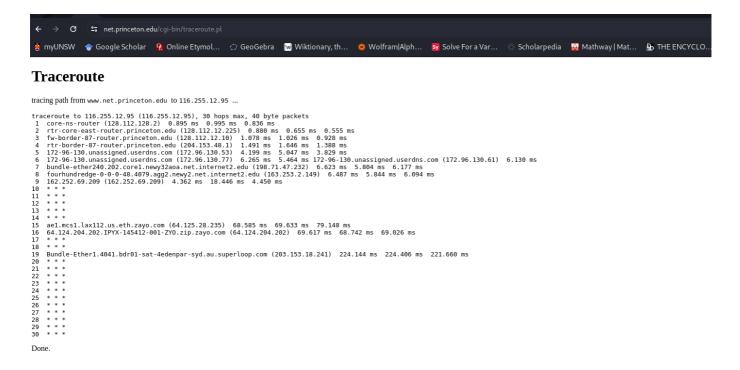
c)

i)

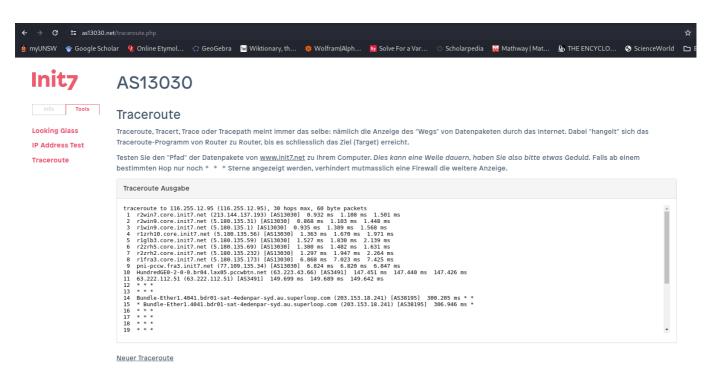
My public ip address is as follows:



Output from https://www.net.princeton.edu/traceroute.html to my IP address



Output from https://www.as13030.net to my IP address



IP address of the selected links:

Link	IP Address
https://www.net.princeton.edu	128.112.128.55
https://www.as13030.net	213.144.137.198

Testing Link #1:

traceroute to 128.112.128.55 (128.112.128.55), 30 hops max, 60 byte packets 192.168.0.1 (192.168.0.1) 3.304 ms 3.253 ms 3.225 ms 2 gateway.nsw.superloop.au (122.199.32.1) 13.004 ms 17.284 ms 17.259 ms 3 202.90.206.100 (202.90.206.100) 17.236 ms 17.211 ms 17.187 ms 4 Bundle-Ether31.bdr02-ipt-47bourke-syd.au.superloop.com (103.200.13.67) 171.438 ms 171.416 ms 171.390 ms 5 103.200.13.168 (103.200.13.168) 171.366 ms 171.345 ms 171.322 ms 6 ae7.er3.lax112.us.zip.zayo.com (64.124.204.201) 167.721 ms 169.392 ms 169.347 ms 7 ae1.cs1.lax112.us.eth.zayo.com (64.125.28.234) 169.325 ms 160.977 ms 160.932 ms 8 * * * 9 lsan0.tr-cps.internet2.edu (206.223.123.199) 171.397 ms 168.440 ms 10 fourhundredge-0-0-0.4079.core1.losa.net.internet2.edu (163.253.1.18) 241.399 ms 237.475 ms 241.261 ms 11 fourhundredge-0-0-0-2.4079.core2.salt.net.internet2.edu (163.253.1.115) 237.342 ms 237.277 ms 236.843 ms 12 fourhundredge-0-0-0-23.4079.core1.salt.net.internet2.edu (163.253.1.32) 235.586 ms fourhundredge-0-0-0-0.4079.core2.denv.net.internet2.edu (163.253.1.168) 240.552 ms 240.479 ms 13 fourhundredge-0-0-0-0.4079.core1.denv.net.internet2.edu (163.253.1.170) 241.289 ms 241.116 ms 234.982 ms 14 fourhundredge-0-0-0-0.4079.core1.kans.net.internet2.edu (163.253.1.243) 232.442 ms 228.669 ms 228.619 ms 15 fourhundredge-0-0-0-3.4079.core2.chic.net.internet2.edu (163.253.1.244) 234.947 ms 235.354 ms 235.320 ms 16 fourhundredge-0-0-0-3.4079.core2.eqch.net.internet2.edu (163.253.2.19) 243.913 ms 242.835 ms 238.887 ms 17 fourhundredge-0-0-0.4079.core2.clev.net.internet2.edu (163.253.2.16) 238.835 ms 237.978 ms 237.925 ms 18 fourhundredge-0-0-0-3.4079.core2.ashb.net.internet2.edu (163.253.1.138) 239.343 ms 237.192 ms 247.316 ms 19 fourhundredge-0-0-0-1.4079.core1.phil.net.internet2.edu (163.253.1.137) 242.496 ms 237.738 ms 244.364 ms 20 198.71.47.99 (198.71.47.99) 245.536 ms 229.349 ms 234.627 ms 21 172-96-130.unassigned.userdns.com (172.96.130.54) 239.439 ms 234.492 239.305 ms 22 fw-border-87-router.princeton.edu (204.153.48.2) 232.358 ms 227.431 ms 243.333 ms 23 rtr-core-east-router.princeton.edu (128.112.12.9) 234.012 ms 236.782 ms 233.528 ms 24 core-ns-router.princeton.edu (128.112.12.226) 236.484 ms 235.197 ms 231.769 ms 25 www.net.princeton.edu (128.112.128.55) 239.396 ms 237.406 ms 237.373 ms

My output to 213.144.137.198

Testing Link #2: traceroute to 213.144.137.198 (213.144.137.198), 30 hops max, 60 byte packets 192.168.0.1 (192.168.0.1) 2.394 ms 2.187 ms 2.080 ms gateway.nsw.superloop.au (122.199.32.1) 16.766 ms 16.695 ms 16.630 ms 3 202.90.206.100 (202.90.206.100) 16.562 ms 16.499 ms 16.434 ms 4 Bundle-Ether31.bdr02-ipt-47bourke-syd.au.superloop.com (103.200.13.67) 170.546 ms 170.481 ms 170.402 ms 5 103.200.13.168 (103.200.13.168) 170.312 ms 170.238 ms 170.165 ms 6 ae7.er3.lax112.us.zip.zayo.com (64.124.204.201) 166.297 ms 162.300 ms 165.952 ms 7 * ae3.cs1.dfw2.us.eth.zayo.com (64.125.29.52) 302.892 ms * 10 * * * 11 * * * 12 ae4.mpr1.lhr15.uk.zip.zayo.com (64.125.28.195) 411.204 ms 411.053 ms 13 410.948 ms linx-1.init7.net (195.66.224.175) 409.406 ms 304.998 ms 303.598 ms r2lon2.core.init7.net (5.180.134.18) 319.055 ms 318.987 ms 306.551 15 ms r2fra3.core.init7.net (5.180.135.129) 316.665 ms 306.787 ms 312.380 16 ms 17 r1fra3.core.init7.net (77.109.135.33) 305.750 ms 350.166 ms 309.587 ms r2zrh2.core.init7.net (5.180.135.172) 320.704 ms 318.045 ms 318.820 18 ms r2zrh5.core.init7.net (5.180.135.233) 317.848 ms 317.750 ms 317.664 19 ms riglb3.core.init7.net (5.180.135.68) 320.151 ms 319.714 ms 316.152 20 ms r1zrh10.core.init7.net (5.180.135.58) 317.145 ms 316.989 ms 315.228 21 ms 22 r1win9.core.init7.net (5.180.135.57) 313.904 ms 411.340 ms 411.220 ms 23 r2win9.core.init7.net (5.180.135.0) 402.618 ms 402.474 ms 402.363 ms r2win7.core.init7.net (5.180.135.30) 402.224 ms 401.876 ms 400.120 24 ms 25 26 27 28

```
29 * * *
30 * * *
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```

ii)

The paths of the reverse and forward route are different.

Albeit, as seen above the reverse route goes through some similar routers with the forward route as with the case for <Bundle-Ether31.bdr02-ipt-47bourke-syd.au.superloop.com> which implies my Superloop ISP. However, for both routes there are many routers which are different because of the different IP addresses.

Something to note is the close proximity of the IP addresses for https://init.7, which may imply a server hosting many machines to achieve this.

iii)

Standard routers appear if the IP address has not been translated. This is the case with https://www.net.princeton.edu/traceroute.html. However, it appears with the https://init.7 and my SuperLoop ISP have used a translated IP (NAT Gateway) which may explain why the terminating IP addresses are different.

Q4)

Data:

http://cdu.edu.au:

Delay vs Time and Packet Number

Delay vs. Packet Size

Average and Min delay for packet size

Packet-Size	Avg	Min
50	71.14	61.694
250	67.106	61.878
500	68.239	62.84
750	67.265	63.326
1000	67.785	62.549

Packet-Size	Avg	Min	
1250	67.948	62.787	
1500	69.891	62.854	

http://usp.br:

Delay vs Time and Packet Number

Delay vs. Packet Size

Average and Min delay for packet size

Packet-Size	Avg	Min
50	392.834	334.572
250	404.478	332.872
500	397.889	335.137
750	389.037	333.947
1000	397.218	335.194
1250	397.085	335.352
1500	395.499	333.484

http://ed.ac.uk:

Delay vs Time and Packet Number

Delay vs. Packet Size

Average and Min delay for packet size

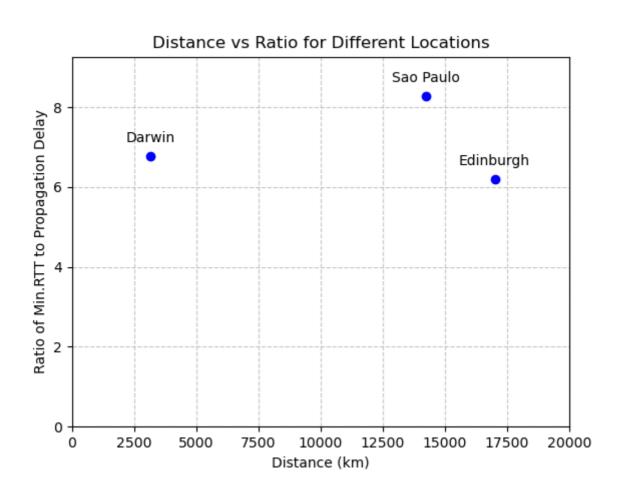
Packet-Size	Avg	Min
50	350.898	284.239
250	345.494	291.038
500	345.516	284.403

Packet-Size	Avg	Min	
750	340.107	288.637	
1000	339.109	286.988	
1250	357.529	289.484	
1500	339.793	284.49	

a)

Link	Location	Euclidean Distance from Sydney(km)	Time to Destination(s)	Time to destination (ms)	Speed of light (m/s)	300000000
cdu.edu.au	Darwin	3,149	0.01049666667	10.49666667	Speed of light (km/s)	300000
usp.br	Sao Paulo	14,235	0.04745	47.45		
ed.ac.uk	Edinburgh	17,006	0.05668666667	56.68666667		

b)



c)

Possible reasons that the y-axis is greater than two are:

1. Transmission delay incurred along the route because each node(router) needs to manage other packets.

- 2. Propogation speed of a packet is not actually \$310^8 m/s\$. It is more closer to \$210^8 m/s\$ because the speed of light (a packet) will travel slower in fibre optic (a different material)
- 3. Possible Processing and Queuing delay from individual routers as they will be managing other packets
- 4. The Round Trip Time (RTT) represents at least twice the time of the minimum time taken, because it requires going forwards and returning from the destination

d)

Delay to the destination will vary over time. This is because the nodes/routers to the destination will have manage other packets and this means that factors such as processing, queueing and transmission time will also wildy vary.

e)

#	Delay type	Definition	Formula
1	Processing	time required to examine the packet headers and determine redirection	
2	Queueing	time spent by the packet waiting to be transmitted onto the link	
3	Transmission	time required to push the packet into the link	\$(L / R)\$
4	Propogation	time spent by the packet travelling from the beginning to end node	\$(d / v)\$

Where:

\$R\$ = Transmission rate of the link

\$L\$ = The packet length in bits

\$d\$ = The distance between two nodes (routers)

\$v\$ = The speed of light in a physical medium

Therefore, only transmission delay depends on the size of the packet \$L\$. The others do not.