

Lab04

Exercise 1

1.1) What is the IP address of gaia.cs.umass.edu? On what port number is it sending and receiving TCP segments for this connection? What are the IP address and TCP port numbers used by the client computer (source) that is transferring the file to gaia.cs.umass.edu?

2	0.023172	gaia.cs.umass.edu	192.168.1.102	TCP	62 80 → 1161 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=5840 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM
3	0.023265	192.168.1.102	gaia.cs.umass.edu	TCP	54 1161 → 80 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=17520 Len=0
4	0.026477	192.168.1.102	gaia.cs.umass.edu	TCP	619 1161 → 80 [PSH, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=17520 Len=565 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
5	0.041737	192.168.1.102	gaia.cs.umass.edu	TCP	1514 1161 → 80 [PSH, ACK] Seq=566 Ack=1 Win=17520 Len=1460 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
6	0.053937	gaia.cs.umass.edu	192.168.1.102	TCP	60 80 → 1161 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=566 Win=6780 Len=0
7	0.054026	192.168.1.102	gaia.cs.umass.edu	TCP	1514 1161 → 80 [ACK] Seq=2026 Ack=1 Win=17520 Len=1460 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
8	0.054690	192.168.1.102	gaia.cs.umass.edu	TCP	1514 1161 → 80 [ACK] Seq=3486 Ack=1 Win=17520 Len=1460 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
9	0.077294	gaia.cs.umass.edu	192.168.1.102	TCP	60 80 → 1161 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=2026 Win=8760 Len=0
10	0.077405	192.168.1.102	gaia.cs.umass.edu	TCP	1514 1161 → 80 [ACK] Seq=4946 Ack=1 Win=17520 Len=1460 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
11	0.078157	192.168.1.102	gaia.cs.umass.edu	TCP	1514 1161 → 80 [ACK] Seq=6406 Ack=1 Win=17520 Len=1460 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
12	0.124085	gaia.cs.umass.edu	192.168.1.102	TCP	60 80 → 1161 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=3486 Win=11680 Len=0
13	0.124185	192.168.1.102	gaia.cs.umass.edu	TCP	1201 1161 → 80 [PSH, ACK] Seq=7866 Ack=1 Win=17520 Len=1147 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
14	0.169118	gaia.cs.umass.edu	192.168.1.102	TCP	60 80 → 1161 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=4946 Win=14600 Len=0
15	0.217299	gaia.cs.umass.edu	192.168.1.102	TCP	60 80 → 1161 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=6406 Win=17520 Len=0
16	0.267802	gaia.cs.umass.edu	192.168.1.102	TCP	60 80 → 1161 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=7866 Win=20440 Len=0
17	0.304807	gaia.cs.umass.edu	192.168.1.102	TCP	60 80 → 1161 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=9013 Win=23360 Len=0
18	0.305040	192.168.1.102	gaia.cs.umass.edu	TCP	1514 1161 → 80 [ACK] Seq=9013 Ack=1 Win=17520 Len=1460 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
19	0.305813	192.168.1.102	gaia.cs.umass.edu	TCP	1514 1161 → 80 [ACK] Seq=10473 Ack=1 Win=17520 Len=1460 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
20	0.306692	192.168.1.102	gaia.cs.umass.edu	TCP	1514 1161 → 80 [ACK] Seq=11933 Ack=1 Win=17520 Len=1460 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
21	0.307571	192.168.1.102	gaia.cs.umass.edu	TCP	1514 1161 → 80 [ACK] Seq=13393 Ack=1 Win=17520 Len=1460 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
22	0.308699	192.168.1.102	gaia.cs.umass.edu	TCP	1514 1161 → 80 [ACK] Seq=14853 Ack=1 Win=17520 Len=1460 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]

Frame 2: 62 bytes on wire (496 bits), 62 bytes captured (496 bits)			
Ethernet II, Src: LinksysGroup da:af:73 (00:06:25:da:af:73), Dst: ActiontecEle_8a:70:1a (00:20:e0:8a:70:1a)		0000 00 20 e0 8a 70 1a 00 06 25 da af 73 08 00 45 00 ... p...%..E	
Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: gaia.cs.umass.edu (128.119.245.12), Dst: 192.168.1.102 (192.168.1.102)		0010 00 30 00 00 40 00 37 06 0c 36 80 77 f5 0c c0 a8 ... 0...@...7...6w...	
Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 80, Dst Port: 1161, Seq: 0, Ack: 1, Len: 0		0020 01 66 00 50 04 89 34 a2 74 19 0d d6 01 f5 70 12 ... f..P...4...t.....p..	
		0030 16 d0 77 4d 00 00 02 04 05 b4 01 01 04 02WM.....	

For gaia.cs.umass.edu:

- The IP address is: 128.119.245.12
- It sends and receives TCP segments on port 80

For the client it has:

- IP Address: 192.168.1.102
- port: 1161

1.2) What is the sequence number of the TCP segment containing the HTTP POST command?

4	0.026477	192.168.1.102	gaia.cs.umass.edu	TCP	619 1161 → 80 [PSH, ACK] Seq=232129013 Ack=883061786 Win=17520 Len=565 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
5	0.041737	192.168.1.102	gaia.cs.umass.edu	TCP	1514 1161 → 80 [PSH, ACK] Seq=883061786 Ack=232129578 Win=17520 Len=1460 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
6	0.053937	gaia.cs.umass.edu	192.168.1.102	TCP	60 80 → 1161 [ACK] Seq=883061786 Ack=232129578 Win=6780 Len=0
7	0.054026	192.168.1.102	gaia.cs.umass.edu	TCP	1514 1161 → 80 [ACK] Seq=232131038 Ack=883061786 Win=17520 Len=1460 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
8	0.054690	192.168.1.102	gaia.cs.umass.edu	TCP	1514 1161 → 80 [ACK] Seq=232132498 Ack=883061786 Win=17520 Len=1460 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
9	0.077294	gaia.cs.umass.edu	192.168.1.102	TCP	60 80 → 1161 [ACK] Seq=883061786 Ack=232131038 Win=8760 Len=0
10	0.077405	192.168.1.102	gaia.cs.umass.edu	TCP	1514 1161 → 80 [ACK] Seq=232133958 Ack=883061786 Win=17520 Len=1460 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
11	0.078157	192.168.1.102	gaia.cs.umass.edu	TCP	1514 1161 → 80 [ACK] Seq=232135418 Ack=883061786 Win=17520 Len=1460 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
12	0.124085	gaia.cs.umass.edu	192.168.1.102	TCP	60 80 → 1161 [ACK] Seq=883061786 Ack=232132498 Win=11680 Len=0
13	0.124185	192.168.1.102	gaia.cs.umass.edu	TCP	1201 1161 → 80 [PSH, ACK] Seq=232136878 Ack=883061786 Win=17520 Len=1147 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
14	0.169118	gaia.cs.umass.edu	192.168.1.102	TCP	60 80 → 1161 [ACK] Seq=883061786 Ack=232133958 Win=14600 Len=0
15	0.217299	gaia.cs.umass.edu	192.168.1.102	TCP	60 80 → 1161 [ACK] Seq=883061786 Ack=232135418 Win=17520 Len=0
16	0.267802	gaia.cs.umass.edu	192.168.1.102	TCP	60 80 → 1161 [ACK] Seq=883061786 Ack=232136878 Win=20440 Len=0
17	0.304807	gaia.cs.umass.edu	192.168.1.102	TCP	60 80 → 1161 [ACK] Seq=883061786 Ack=232138025 Win=23360 Len=0
18	0.305040	192.168.1.102	gaia.cs.umass.edu	TCP	1514 1161 → 80 [ACK] Seq=232138025 Ack=883061786 Win=17520 Len=1460 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
19	0.305813	192.168.1.102	gaia.cs.umass.edu	TCP	1514 1161 → 80 [ACK] Seq=232139485 Ack=883061786 Win=17520 Len=1460 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
20	0.306692	192.168.1.102	gaia.cs.umass.edu	TCP	1514 1161 → 80 [ACK] Seq=232140945 Ack=883061786 Win=17520 Len=1460 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
21	0.307571	192.168.1.102	gaia.cs.umass.edu	TCP	1514 1161 → 80 [ACK] Seq=232142485 Ack=883061786 Win=17520 Len=1460 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]

Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 192.168.1.102 (192.168.1.102), Dst: gaia.cs.umass.edu (128.119.245.12)		0030 44 70 1f bd 00 00 50 4f 53 54 20 2f 65 74 68 65 Dp... POST /ethereal-lab s/lab3-1	
Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 1161, Dst Port: 80, Seq: 232129013, Ack: 883061786, Len: 565		0040 72 65 61 6c 2d 6c 61 62 73 2f 6c 61 62 33 2d 31 real-lab s/lab3-1	
Source Port: 1161		0050 2d 72 65 70 6c 79 2e 68 74 6d 20 48 54 50 2f -reply.htm HTTP/	
Destination Port: 80		0060 31 2e 31 0d 0a 48 6f 73 74 3a 20 67 61 69 61 2e 1.1..Host: gaia.	
Stream index: 0		0070 63 73 2e 75 6d 61 73 73 2e 65 64 75 0d 0a 55 73 cs.umass.edu Us	
Conversation completeness: Incomplete, DATA (15)		0080 65 72 2d 41 67 65 6e 74 3a 20 4d 6f 7a 69 6c 6c er-Agent: Mozilla	
		0090 61 2f 35 2e 30 20 28 57 69 6e 64 6f 77 73 3b 20 a/5.0 (Windows;	

The sequence number containing the HTTP POST command is: **232129013**

1.3) Consider the TCP segment containing the HTTP POST as the first segment in the TCP connection

1.3.a) What are the sequence numbers of the first six segments in the TCP connection (including the segment containing the HTTP POST) sent from the client to the webserver (Do not consider the ACKs)

received from the server as part of these six segments)?

Packet	TCP Packet No (Sender to Client)	Sequence Number
1	4	232129013
2	5	232129578
3	7	232131038
4	8	232132498
5	10	232133958
6	11	232135418

1.3.b) At what time was each segment sent? When was the ACK for each segment received? Given the difference between when each TCP segment was sent and when its acknowledgement was received, what is the RTT value for each of the six segments?

Packet	TCP Packet No (Sender to Client)	Sequence Number	Time Sent (s)	Acked Time (s)	RTT Value(s)
1	4	232129013	0.026477	0.053937	0.02746
2	5	232129578	0.041737	0.077294	0.035557
3	7	232131038	0.054026	0.124085	0.070059
4	8	232132498	0.05469	0.169118	0.114428
5	10	232133958	0.077405	0.217299	0.139894
6	11	232135418	0.078157	0.267802	0.189645

1.3.c) What is the EstimatedRTT value (see relevant parts of Section 3.5 or lecture slides) after receiving each ACK? Assume that the initial value of EstimatedRTT is equal to the measured RTT (SampleRTT) for the first segment and then is computed using the EstimatedRTT equation for all subsequent segments. Set alpha to 0.125

Packet	TCP Packet No (Sender to Client)	Sequence Number	Time Sent (s)	Acked Time (s)	RTT Value(s)	Estimated RTT(s)
1	4	232129013	0.026477	0.053937	0.02746	0.02746
2	5	232129578	0.041737	0.077294	0.035557	0.0284721
3	7	232131038	0.054026	0.124085	0.070059	0.0336705
4	8	232132498	0.05469	0.169118	0.114428	0.0437652
5	10	232133958	0.077405	0.217299	0.139894	0.0557813
6	11	232135418	0.078157	0.267802	0.189645	0.0725142

(d) What is the length of each of the first six TCP segments?

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
1	0.000000	192.168.1.102	gaia.cs.umass.edu	TCP	62	1161 → 80 [SYN] Seq=232129012 Win=16384 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM
2	0.023172	gaia.cs.umass.edu	192.168.1.102	TCP	62	80 → 1161 [SYN, ACK] Seq=883061785 Ack=232129013 Win=5840 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM
3	0.023265	192.168.1.102	gaia.cs.umass.edu	TCP	54	1161 → 80 [ACK] Seq=232129013 Ack=883061786 Win=17520 Len=0
4	0.026477	192.168.1.102	gaia.cs.umass.edu	TCP	619	1161 → 80 [PSH, ACK] Seq=232129013 Ack=883061786 Win=17520 Len=565 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
5	0.041737	192.168.1.102	gaia.cs.umass.edu	TCP	1514	1161 → 80 [PSH, ACK] Seq=232129578 Ack=883061786 Win=17520 Len=1460 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
6	0.053937	gaia.cs.umass.edu	192.168.1.102	TCP	60	80 → 1161 [ACK] Seq=883061786 Ack=232129578 Win=6780 Len=0
7	0.054026	192.168.1.102	gaia.cs.umass.edu	TCP	1514	1161 → 80 [ACK] Seq=232131038 Ack=883061786 Win=17520 Len=1460 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
8	0.054690	192.168.1.102	gaia.cs.umass.edu	TCP	1514	1161 → 80 [ACK] Seq=232132498 Ack=883061786 Win=17520 Len=1460 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
9	0.077294	gaia.cs.umass.edu	192.168.1.102	TCP	60	80 → 1161 [ACK] Seq=883061786 Ack=232131038 Win=8760 Len=0
10	0.077405	192.168.1.102	gaia.cs.umass.edu	TCP	1514	1161 → 80 [ACK] Seq=232133958 Ack=883061786 Win=17520 Len=1460 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
11	0.078157	192.168.1.102	gaia.cs.umass.edu	TCP	1514	1161 → 80 [ACK] Seq=232135418 Ack=883061786 Win=17520 Len=1460 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]

Packet	TCP Packet No (Sender to Client)	Packet Length
1	4	565
2	5	1460
3	7	1460
4	8	1460
5	10	1460
6	11	1460

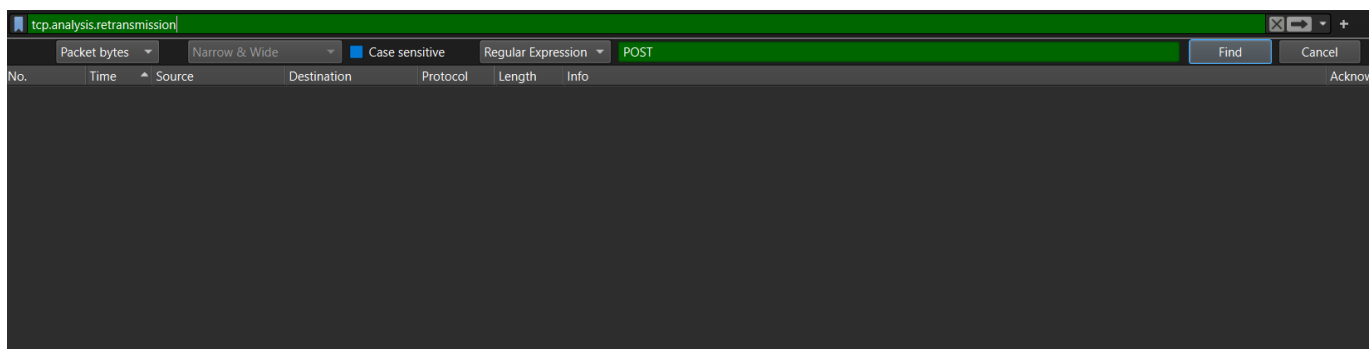
1.4) What is the minimum amount of available buffer space advertised at the receiver for the entire trace? Does the lack of receiver buffer space ever throttle the sender?

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
1	0.000000	192.168.1.102	gaia.cs.umass.edu	TCP	62	1161 → 80 [SYN] Seq=232129012 Win=16384 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM
2	0.023172	gaia.cs.umass.edu	192.168.1.102	TCP	62	80 → 1161 [SYN, ACK] Seq=883061785 Ack=232129013 Win=5840 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM

Minimum buffer space advertised in the entire trace is: 5840

The receiver buffer space does not bottleneck (throttle) the sender because the max TCP_Segment_Len sent by the sender is 1460 throughout the trace.

1.5) Are there any retransmitted segments in the trace file? To answer this question, what did you check for (in the trace)?



There are no retransmitted segments in the trace file as seen by the tcp.analysis.retransmission filter.

1.6) How much data does the receiver typically acknowledge in an ACK? Can you identify cases where the receiver is ACKing every other received segment (recall the discussion about delayed acks from the lecture notes or Section 3.5 of the text)?

The receiver typically acknowledges 1460 bytes of data in an ack.

Between No. 87-89 we can see the receiver (gaia.cs.umass.edu) using a cumulative ack to acknowledge the 2 packets in between 81-86 because from the calculation below:

Packet No. 87 has seqnum 232190097 and Packet No. 88 has seqno: 232193017

The difference between them: $(232193017 - 232190097) = 2920 = 2 \times 1460$ bytes of data acked

Which means the receiver is using a cumulative ack to acknowledge packet No. 81 and 82. And the other following packets

This cumulative ack actually seems to begin from packet No. 60 onwards and there are many other cases of the receiver doing this.

TODO

The receiver is doing this because it waits up to 500ms for the next segment. If it arrives it sends a cumulative ack. Otherwise, it just sends the ack of that newly receive message

1.7) What is the TCP connection's throughput (bytes transferred per unit of time during the connection)? Explain how you calculated this value

Network Throughput is defined as:

$$\text{Throughput} = \left\{ \frac{\text{FileSize}}{\text{TimeTakenFileTransfer}} \right\}$$

To get the actual time taken to transfer the file, we need to exclude the TCP setup and teardown phase times(syn and fin).

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info	Acknowledgment Nu
1	0.000000	192.168.1.102	gaia.cs.umass.edu	TCP	62	1161 → 80 [SYN] Seq=232129012 Win=16384 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM	
2	0.023172	gaia.cs.umass.edu	192.168.1.102	TCP	62	80 → 1161 [SYN, ACK] Seq=883061785 Ack=232129013 Win=5840 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM	
3	0.023265	192.168.1.102	gaia.cs.umass.edu	TCP	54	1161 → 80 [ACK] Seq=232129013 Ack=883061786 Win=17520 Len=0	
4	0.026477	192.168.1.102	gaia.cs.umass.edu	TCP	619	1161 → 80 [PSH, ACK] Seq=232129013 Ack=883061786 Win=17520 Len=565 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]	

We start at packet No. 4. So start time = 0.02647

202	5.455830	gaia.cs.umass.edu	192.168.1.102	TCP	60	80 → 1161 [ACK] Seq=883061786 Ack=232293103 Win=62780 Len=0	232293103
203	5.461175	gaia.cs.umass.edu	192.168.1.102	HTTP	784	HTTP/1.1 200 OK (text/html)	232293103
206	5.651141	192.168.1.102	gaia.cs.umass.edu	TCP	54	1161 → 80 [ACK] Seq=232293103 Ack=883062516 Win=16790 Len=0	883062516
213	7.595557	192.168.1.102	199.2.53.206	TCP	62	1162 → 631 [SYN] Seq=234062521 Win=16384 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM	

We end at packet No.202. So end time = 5.455830

So the total time taken to transfer the file is: $5.455830s - 0.02647s = 5.42936s$

The FileSize can be found by taking the difference between Packet No. 202's acknowledgement number and Packet No 4 's sequence number $232293103 - 232129013 = 164,090$ bytes

Therefore the Throughput is: $\frac{164,090}{5.42936} = 30,222.715$ bytes / sec = 30.222 KB / s

Exercise 2

2.1) What is the sequence number of the TCP SYN segment that is used to initiate the TCP connection between the client computer and server?

The sequence number of the TCP SYN Segment that starts the TCP connection is: **2818463618**

2.2) What is the sequence number of the SYNACK segment sent by the server to the client computer in reply to the SYN? What is the value of the Acknowledgement field in the SYNACK segment? How did the server determine that value?

The replied sequence number of the TCP SYNACK segment is: **1247095790**

The value of the Acknowledgement field in the SYNACK Segment is: **2818463619**

The server determined this value by incrementing the client's sequence number by one: $2818463618 + 1 = 2818463619$

2.3) What is the sequence number of the ACK segment sent by the client computer in response to the SYNACK? What is the value of the Acknowledgment field in this ACK segment? Does this segment contain any data?

Sequence number of the ACK segment sent by the client: 2818463619

Acknowledgment number in the ACK segment is: 1247095791

The segment does not contain any data as the sequence number in packet No. 298 is the same in packet No.297

TODO CHECK

2.4) Who has done the active close? Is it the client or the server? How you have determined this? What type of closure has been performed? 3 Segment (FIN/FINACK/ACK), 4 Segment (FIN/ACK/FIN/ACK) or Simultaneous close?

Both the client and server has initiated the active close by sending the (FIN,ACK) segment. This is because both the client and server sent a (FIN,ACK) segment without receiving a (FIN) segment first.

More so the sequence number in Packet No.304 is the same for the ack number in Packet No.305 instead of $(\text{seqnum}(\text{No}304) + 1)$.

Lastly, the both increment the sequence numbers by 1 and acknowledge the FIN segment to indicate a closed connection.

Therefore a Simultaneous has been performed.

2.5) How many data bytes have been transferred from the client to the server and from the server to the client during the whole duration of the connection? What relationship does this have with the Initial Sequence Number and the final ACK received from the other side?

Client:

\$(1) \text{Client initial sequence number after setup (Exclude SYN)} = 2818463619\$

\$(2) \text{Client final sequence number after sending data (Exclude FIN)} = 2818463652\$

\$\text{Bytes Sent By Client} = (2) - (1) = 2818463652 - 2818463619 = 33 \text{ bytes}\$ Server:

\$(1) \text{Server initial sequence number after setup (Exclude SYN)} = 1247095791 \$

\$(2) \text{Server final sequence number after sending data (Exclude FIN)} = 1247095831 \$

\$ \text{Bytes Sent By Server} = (2) - (1) = 1247095831 - 1247095791 = 40 \text{ bytes} \$

The relationship is that each side has its own sequence number:

At sender: $\text{SeqNum} = \text{ackNumber of received packet}$ At receiver: $\text{ackNumber} = \text{SeqNum of received packet} + \text{lengthTCPSegment}$

And if a SYN or FIN segment is received, then increment the sequence number by 1 and assign it as the acknowledgement number