COMS 4030A: Assignment 2

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Note: Where applicable, numbers have been rounded to two decimal points. Thus, for example, 0.075 is rounded to 0.08.

1 Question 1: K-Nearest Neighbour Classification

1.1

Record #	Distance	Label
9	1.98	0
Prediction	0	

1.2

Record #	Distance	Label
23	0.92	1
28	1.75	1
21	1.82	1
Prediction	1	

1.3

Record #	Distance	Label
32	0.81	1
39	0.95	1
21	1.00	1
28	1.22	1
23	2.20	1
Prediction	1	

1.4

K-NN	Training Error Rate	Test Error Rate
1-NN	0.00	0.05
3-NN	0.00	0.08
5-NN	0.00	0.05
7-NN	0.00	0.05
9-NN	0.05	0.08
11-NN	0.05	0.08
13-NN	0.05	0.03

2 Question 2: Logistic Regression

2.1

The range of $h_{\Theta}(x)$ is the interval [0,1].

The classifier cannot learn from an arbitrary data set if $\beta = 0$, as this causes $h_{\Theta}(x) = 0.5$ for all values of x.

2.2

We begin with the following definition for the cost function

$$J(\Theta) = \frac{1}{4N} \sum_{n=1}^{N} (h_{\Theta}(x^{(n)}) - y^{(n)})^4$$
 (1)

and the update rule

$$\theta_k \leftarrow \theta_k - \alpha \frac{\partial J(\Theta)}{\partial \theta_k} \tag{2}$$

and the activation function

$$h_{\Theta}(x^{(n)}) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-\beta \Theta^T x^{(n)}}}$$
 (3)

Now, by the chain rule, we have that

$$\frac{\partial J(\Theta)}{\partial \theta_k} = \frac{\partial J(\Theta)}{\partial h_{\Theta}(x^{(n)})} \frac{\partial h_{\Theta}(x^{(n)})}{\partial \theta_k} \tag{4}$$

The partial derivative of equation 1 with respect to $h_{\Theta}(x^{(n)})$ is

$$\frac{\partial J(\Theta)}{\partial h_{\Theta}(x^{(n)})} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^{N} (h_{\Theta}(x^{(n)}) - y^{(n)})^3$$
 (5)

The partial derivative of equation 3 with respect to θ_k is

$$\frac{\partial h_{\Theta}(x^{(n)})}{\partial \theta_{k}} = \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_{k}} \left(\frac{1}{1 + e^{-\beta \Theta^{T} x^{(n)}}} \right)$$

$$= \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_{k}} \left(\frac{1}{1 + \prod_{i=0}^{d} e^{-\beta \theta_{i} x_{i}^{(n)}}} \right)$$

$$= \frac{e^{-\Theta^{T} x^{(n)}}}{1 + e^{-\Theta^{T} x^{(n)}}} \beta x_{k}^{(n)}$$

$$= \beta h_{\Theta}(x^{(n)}) (1 - h_{\Theta}(x^{(n)})) x_{k}^{(n)}$$
(6)

Substituting equations 5 and 6 back into equation 4 yields

$$\frac{\partial J(\Theta)}{\partial \theta_k} = \frac{\beta}{N} \sum_{n=1}^{N} (h_{\Theta}(x^{(n)}) - y^{(n)})^3 h_{\Theta}(x^{(n)}) (1 - h_{\Theta}(x^{(n)})) x_k^{(n)} \tag{7}$$

Finally, we substitute equation 7 into equation 2 to obtain the closed form update rule

$$\theta_k \leftarrow \theta_k - \frac{\alpha\beta}{N} \sum_{n=1}^N (h_{\Theta}(x^{(n)}) - y^{(n)})^3 h_{\Theta}(x^{(n)}) (1 - h_{\Theta}(x^{(n)})) x_k^{(n)}$$

2.3

Testing Record #	Classifier Output $h_{\Theta}(x^{(n)})$	Final Output
5	0.01	0
10	0.06	0
15	0.13	0
20	0.09	0
25	0.63	1
30	0.87	1
35	0.58	1
40	0.57	1

3 Question 3: Artificial Neural Networks

3.1

$$h_{\Theta}(x) = g_3(g_2(g_1(\sum_{i=0}^4 \theta_i x_i)\theta_6 + \theta_5 x_0)\theta_7 + \theta_8 x_0)$$

$$= \frac{\theta_6 \theta_7}{1 + e^{-\sum_{i=0}^4 \theta_i x_i}} + (\theta_5 \theta_7 + \theta_8) x_0$$
(8)

3.2

We define the cost function to be

$$J(\Theta) = \frac{1}{2N} \sum_{n=1}^{N} (h_{\Theta}(x^{(n)}) - y^{(n)})^2$$
 (9)

we also note that the update rule remains the same as in equation 2, and that the value of $h_{\Theta}(x^{(n)})$ is the same as in equation 8.

Using the chain rule in equation 4, and substituting the appropriate values for $J(\Theta)$ and $h_{\Theta}(x^{(n)})$, we have the partial derivative with respect to $h_{\Theta}(x^{(n)})$

$$\frac{\partial J(\Theta)}{\partial h_{\Theta}(x^{(n)})} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^{N} (h_{\Theta}(x^{(n)}) - y^{(n)}) \tag{10}$$

Now we take the partial derivative with respect to θ_k for k=5,6,7,8

$$\frac{\partial h_{\Theta}(x^{(n)})}{\partial \theta_{5}} = \theta_{7} x_{0}^{(n)}$$

$$\frac{\partial h_{\Theta}(x^{(n)})}{\partial \theta_{6}} = \theta_{7} g_{1} \left(\sum_{i=0}^{4} \theta_{i} x_{i}^{(n)}\right) = \frac{\theta_{7}}{1 + e^{-\sum_{i=0}^{4} \theta_{i} x_{i}^{(n)}}}$$

$$\frac{\partial h_{\Theta}(x^{(n)})}{\partial \theta_{7}} = \theta_{5} x_{0}^{(n)} + \theta_{6} g_{1} \left(\sum_{i=0}^{4} \theta_{i} x_{i}^{(n)}\right)$$

$$= \theta_{5} x_{0}^{(n)} + \frac{\theta_{6}}{1 + e^{-\sum_{i=0}^{4} \theta_{i} x_{i}^{(n)}}}$$

$$\frac{\partial h_{\Theta}(x^{(n)})}{\partial \theta_{8}} = x_{0}^{(n)}$$
(11)

Substituting equations 10 and 11 into equation 4, we arrive at

$$\begin{split} \frac{\partial J(\Theta)}{\partial \theta_5} &= \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^{N} (h_{\Theta}(x^{(n)}) - y^{(n)}) \theta_7 x_0^{(n)} \\ \frac{\partial J(\Theta)}{\partial \theta_6} &= \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^{N} (h_{\Theta}(x^{(n)}) - y^{(n)}) \theta_7 g_1 (\sum_{i=0}^{4} \theta_i x_i^{(n)}) \\ \frac{\partial J(\Theta)}{\partial \theta_7} &= \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^{N} (h_{\Theta}(x^{(n)}) - y^{(n)}) (\theta_5 x_0^{(n)} + \theta_6 g_1 (\sum_{i=0}^{4} \theta_i x_i^{(n)})) \\ \frac{\partial J(\Theta)}{\partial \theta_8} &= \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^{N} (h_{\Theta}(x^{(n)}) - y^{(n)}) x_0 \end{split}$$

which, when substituted into equation 2, yields the closed form update rules for the selected θ_i

$$\theta_{5} \leftarrow \theta_{5} - \alpha \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^{N} (h_{\Theta}(x^{(n)}) - y^{(n)}) \theta_{7} x_{0}^{(n)}$$

$$\theta_{6} \leftarrow \theta_{6} - \alpha \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^{N} (h_{\Theta}(x^{(n)}) - y^{(n)}) \theta_{7} g_{1} (\sum_{i=0}^{4} \theta_{i} x_{i}^{(n)})$$

$$\theta_{7} \leftarrow \theta_{7} - \alpha \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^{N} (h_{\Theta}(x^{(n)}) - y^{(n)}) (\theta_{5} x_{0}^{(n)} + \theta_{6} g_{1} (\sum_{i=0}^{4} \theta_{i} x_{i}^{(n)}))$$

$$\theta_{8} \leftarrow \theta_{8} - \alpha \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^{N} (h_{\Theta}(x^{(n)}) - y^{(n)}) x_{0}$$