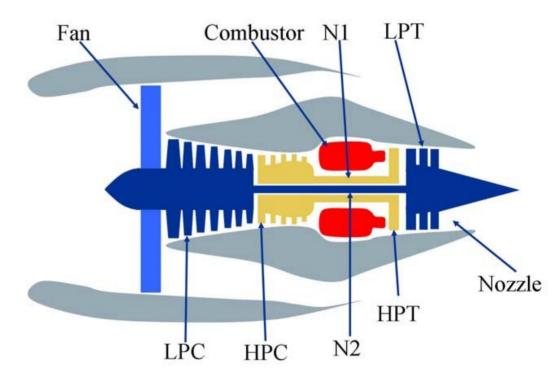


A Study on
Predictive
Maintenance
for Turbofan
Aircraft Engines

Basic Structure of a Turbofan Engine



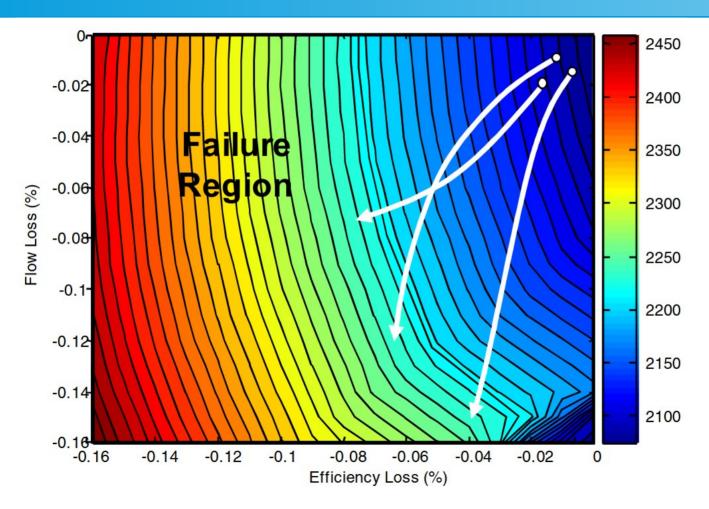


The Problem

Normal, progressive degradation of engine operations over time

- Failure = Reduced margins
 - Failure under study is NOT anomaly or catastrophe prediction

Failure Model



The Dataset

- Source: NASA
 - Integrated Vehicle Health Management (IVHM) program
 - Ames Research Center
- (Simulated) 90,000 lb thrust class high-bypass turbofan engine
- Training set: 100 simulated engines run to failure
- 24 features: 3 operational settings, 21 sensors

Outcomes to Predict

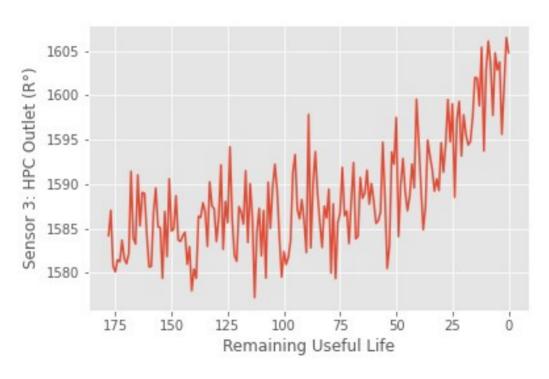
Based on current and historical operations and sensor data...

- Classification:
 - Binary predict failure within **x** cycles
 - Multiclass predict failure within x cycles, then within y < x cycles

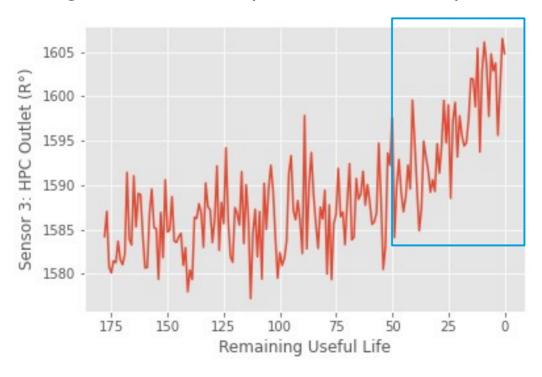
- Regression: predict remaining useful life, or RUL
 - Initial RUL in dataset ranged from 128 to 362 cycles

"Early is Better than Late"

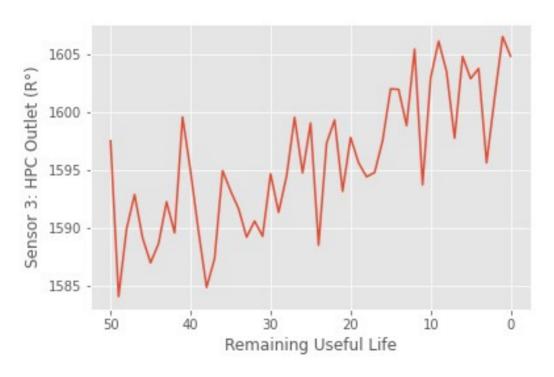
Engine 3 High Pressure Compressor Outlet Temperature (Rankine)



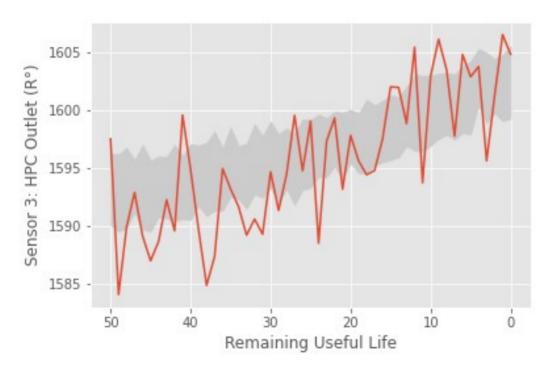
Engine 3 High Pressure Compressor Outlet Temperature (Rankine)



Engine 3 High Pressure Compressor Outlet Temperature (Rankine)



Engine 3 High Pressure Compressor Outlet Temperature (Rankine)



Models

- Logistics Regression
- Linear Regression
- Random Forest
 - Classifier
 - Regressor
- Neural Network
 - LSTM

Models

- Logistics Regression
- Linear Regression
- Random Forest
 - Classifier
 - Regressor
- Neural Network
 - LSTM

- Regression: RMSE = 35 cycles
- Classification: recall = 81%

Neural Networks:
 single response for all inputs

Way Forward

- Score Weights
 - Create greater penalties for 'Late' predictions

Image Credits

Slide 1:

Zephyris at English Wikipedia, CC BY-SA 3.0, https://commons.wikimedia.org/w/index.php

Slide 2:

- Left image: Hideyuki KAMON, CC BY-SA 2.0 , http://www.flickr.com/photos/hyougushi/66755262/
- Right image: Saxena, A., Goebel, K., Simon, D., & Eklund, N. (2008). Damage propagation modeling for aircraft engine runto-failure simulation. 2008 International Conference on Prognostics and Health Management, 1–9. https://doi.org/10.1109/PHM.2008.4711414

Slide 4:

 Saxena, A., Goebel, K., Simon, D., & Eklund, N. (2008). Damage propagation modeling for aircraft engine run-to-failure simulation. 2008 International Conference on Prognostics and Health Management, 1–9. https://doi.org/10.1109/PHM.2008.4711414

Questions