

# Intel® Open Source HD Graphics and Intel Iris™ Graphics

# **Programmer's Reference Manual**

For the 2014-2015 Intel Core™ Processors, Celeron™ Processors and Pentium™ Processors based on the "Broadwell" Platform

Volume 14: Observability

November 2015, Revision 1.2



# **Creative Commons License**

**You are free to Share** - to copy, distribute, display, and perform the work under the following conditions:

- **Attribution.** You must attribute the work in the manner specified by the author or licensor (but not in any way that suggests that they endorse you or your use of the work).
- No Derivative Works. You may not alter, transform, or build upon this work.

#### **Notices and Disclaimers**

INFORMATION IN THIS DOCUMENT IS PROVIDED IN CONNECTION WITH INTEL® PRODUCTS. NO LICENSE, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, BY ESTOPPEL OR OTHERWISE, TO ANY INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS IS GRANTED BY THIS DOCUMENT. EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN INTEL'S TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SALE FOR SUCH PRODUCTS, INTEL ASSUMES NO LIABILITY WHATSOEVER AND INTEL DISCLAIMS ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY, RELATING TO SALE AND/OR USE OF INTEL PRODUCTS INCLUDING LIABILITY OR WARRANTIES RELATING TO FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, MERCHANTABILITY, OR INFRINGEMENT OF ANY PATENT, COPYRIGHT OR OTHER INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHT.

A "Mission Critical Application" is any application in which failure of the Intel Product could result, directly or indirectly, in personal injury or death. SHOULD YOU PURCHASE OR USE INTEL'S PRODUCTS FOR ANY SUCH MISSION CRITICAL APPLICATION, YOU SHALL INDEMNIFY AND HOLD INTEL AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES, SUBCONTRACTORS AND AFFILIATES, AND THE DIRECTORS, OFFICERS, AND EMPLOYEES OF EACH, HARMLESS AGAINST ALL CLAIMS COSTS, DAMAGES, AND EXPENSES AND REASONABLE ATTORNEYS' FEES ARISING OUT OF, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, ANY CLAIM OF PRODUCT LIABILITY, PERSONAL INJURY, OR DEATH ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF SUCH MISSION CRITICAL APPLICATION, WHETHER OR NOT INTEL OR ITS SUBCONTRACTOR WAS NEGLIGENT IN THE DESIGN, MANUFACTURE, OR WARNING OF THE INTEL PRODUCT OR ANY OF ITS PARTS.

Intel may make changes to specifications and product descriptions at any time, without notice. Designers must not rely on the absence or characteristics of any features or instructions marked "reserved" or "undefined". Intel reserves these for future definition and shall have no responsibility whatsoever for conflicts or incompatibilities arising from future changes to them. The information here is subject to change without notice. Do not finalize a design with this information.

The products described in this document may contain design defects or errors known as errata which may cause the product to deviate from published specifications. Current characterized errata are available on request.

Implementations of the I2C bus/protocol may require licenses from various entities, including Philips Electronics N.V. and North American Philips Corporation.

Intel and the Intel logo are trademarks of Intel Corporation in the U.S. and other countries.

\* Other names and brands may be claimed as the property of others.

**Copyright © 2015, Intel Corporation. All rights reserved.** 

#### **Observability**



# **Table of Contents**

Observability Overview	1
Frace	2
Performance Visibility	
Motivation for Hardware-Assisted Performance Visibility	3
Performance Event Counting	3
HW Support	4
OA Interrupt Control Registers	7
Performance Counter Report Formats	8
Performance Counter Reporting	10
Aggregating Counters	11
Flexible EU Event Counters	13
Custom Event Counters	17
MI_REPORT_PERF_COUNT	18





# **Observability Overview**

As GFX-enabled systems and usage models have grown in complexity over time, a number of hardware features have been added to provide more insight into hardware behavior while running a commercially available operating system. This chapter documents these features with pointers to relevant sections in other chapters.

**Note:** This chapter describes the registers and instructions used to monitor GPU performance. Please review other volumes in this specification to understand the terms, functionality and details for specific Intel graphics devices.



# **Trace**

This section contains the following contents:

• Performance Visibility



# **Performance Visibility Motivation for Hardware-Assisted Performance Visibility**

As the focus on GFX performance and programmability has increased over time, the need for hardware (HW) support to rapidly identify bottlenecks in HW and efficiently tune the work sent the hardware has become correspondingly important. This part of the BSpec describes the HW support for Performance Visibility.

### **Performance Event Counting**

An earlier generation introduced dedicated GFX performance counters to address key issues associated with existing chipset CHAPs counters (lack of synchronization with GFX rendering work and low sampling frequency achievable when sampling via CPU MMIO read). Furthermore, CHAPs functionality has not been well supported by memory controllers, hence graphics performance monitoring was broken by product fusing decisions/BIOS spec updates. Hence, the approach since that earlier generation has been to use dedicated counters managed by the graphics device driver for graphics performance measurement. The dedicated counter values are written to memory whenever an MI\_REPORT\_PERF\_COUNT command is placed in the ring buffer.

While this approach eliminated much of the error associated with the previous approaches, it is still limited to sampling the counters only at the boundaries between ring commands. This inherently limited the ability of performance analysis tools to drill down into a primitive, which can contain thousands of triangles and require several hundreds of milliseconds to render.

Additionally, the existing silicon-based performance analysis tools provided only a general idea of where a problem may exist, but are not able to pin point a problem. This is generally because the counter values are integrated across a very large time where the dynamic behavior of the workload can wash out the details.

BDW enhances functionality of aggregating counters for EUs by providing some flexibility in what quantities are aggregated across all EUs including more quantities relevant to GPGPU workloads. Since several of the previously defined aggregating counters had not delivered very much value, the overall number of A-counters has gone down even though aggregating counters for sampler/pixel-level functionality have been added/redefined. Custom counter creation has been enhanced by adding the ability to negate a signal at the input of the Boolean logic. Given that the increased complexity of GFX workloads and number of EUs in GT2/GT3 could lead to more frequent counter overflows, the width A-counters has increased to 40 bits. HW optimizations have also modified the SW interface slightly.



#### **HW Support**

This section contains various reporting counters and registers for hardware support for Performance Visibility.

**OACONTROL - Observation Architecture Control** 

OACTXCONTROL - Observation Architecture Control per Context

**OACTXID - Observation Architecture Control Context ID** 

OA\_IMR - OA Interrupt Mask Register

**OASTATUS - Observation Architecture Status Register** 

**OAHEADPTR - Observation Architecture Head Pointer** 

**OATAILPTR - Observation Architecture Tail Pointer** 

**OABUFFER - Observation Architecture Buffer** 

OASTARTTRIG\_COUNTER - Observation Architecture Start Trigger Counter

**OASTARTTRIG5 - Observation Architecture Start Trigger 5** 

**OARPTTRIG\_COUNTER - Observation Architecture Report Trigger Counter** 

OAREPORTTRIG2 - Observation Architecture Report Trigger 2

OAREPORTTRIG6 - Observation Architecture Report Trigger 6

**CECO-0 - Customizable Event Creation 0-0** 

**CEC1-0 - Customizable Event Creation 1-0** 

**CEC1-1 - Customizable Event Creation 1-1** 

**CEC2-0 - Customizable Event Creation 2-0** 

**CEC2-1 - Customizable Event Creation 2-1** 

**CEC3-0 - Customizable Event Creation 3-0** 

**CEC3-1 - Customizable Event Creation 3-1** 

**CEC4-0 - Customizable Event Creation 4-0** 

**CEC5-0 - Customizable Event Creation 5-0** 

**CEC5-1 - Customizable Event Creation 5-1** 

**CEC6-0 - Customizable Event Creation 6-0** 

**CEC6-1 - Customizable Event Creation 6-1** 

**CEC7-0 - Customizable Event Creation 7-0** 

**CEC7-1 - Customizable Event Creation 7-1** 

#### The following Performance Statistics registers must be part of the power context:

OAPERF\_A0 - Aggregate Perf Counter A0

OAPERF\_A0\_UPPER - Aggregate Perf Counter A0 Upper DWord

OAPERF\_A1 - Aggregate Perf Counter A1

#### **Observability**



OAPERF\_A1\_UPPER - Aggregate Perf Counter A1 Upper DWord

OAPERF\_A2 - Aggregate Perf Counter 2

OAPERF\_A2\_UPPER - Aggregate Perf Counter A2 Upper DWord

OAPERF\_A3 - Aggregate Perf Counter A3

OAPERF\_A3\_UPPER - Aggregate Perf Counter A3 Upper DWord

OAPERF\_A4 - Aggregate Perf Counter A4

OAPERF\_A4\_UPPER - Aggregate Perf Counter A4 Upper DWord

OAPERF\_A5 - Aggregate Perf Counter A5

OAPERF\_A5\_UPPER - Aggregate Perf Counter A5 Upper DWord

OAPERF\_A6 - Aggregate Perf Counter A6

OAPERF\_A6\_UPPER - Aggregate Perf Counter A6 Upper DWord

OAPERF\_A7 - Aggregate Perf Counter A7

OAPERF\_A7\_- Upper Aggregate Perf Counter A7 Upper DWord

OAPERF\_A8 - Aggregate Perf Counter A8

OAPERF\_A8\_UPPER - Aggregate Perf Counter A8 Upper DWord

OAPERF\_A9 - Aggregate Perf Counter A9

OAPERF\_A9\_UPPER - Aggregate Perf Counter A9 Upper DWord

**OAPERF A10 - Aggregate Perf Counter A10** 

OAPERF\_A10\_UPPER - Aggregate Perf Counter A10 Upper DWord

OAPERF\_A11 - Aggregate Perf Counter A11

OAPERF\_A11\_UPPER - Aggregate Perf Counter A11 Upper DWord

OAPERF\_A12 - Aggregate Perf Counter A12

OAPERF\_A12\_UPPER - Aggregate Perf Counter A12 Upper DWord

OAPERF\_A13 - Aggregate Perf Counter A13

OAPERF\_A13\_UPPER - Aggregate Perf Counter A13 Upper DWord

OAPERF\_A14 - Aggregate Perf Counter A14

OAPERF\_A14\_UPPER - Aggregate Perf Counter A14 Upper DWord

OAPERF\_A15 - Aggregate Perf Counter A15

OAPERF\_A15\_UPPER - Aggregate Perf Counter A15 Upper DWord

OAPERF\_A16 - Aggregate Perf Counter A16

OAPERF\_A16\_UPPER - Aggregate Perf Counter A16 Upper DWord

OAPERF\_A17 - Aggregate Perf Counter A17

OAPERF\_A17\_UPPER - Aggregate Perf Counter A17 Upper DWord

OAPERF\_A18 - Aggregate Perf Counter A18



OAPERF\_A18\_UPPER - Aggregate Perf Counter A18 Upper DWord

OAPERF\_A19 - Aggregate Perf Counter A19

OAPERF\_A19\_UPPER - Aggregate Perf Counter A19 Upper DWord

OAPERF\_A20 - Aggregate Perf Counter A20

OAPERF\_A20\_UPPER - Aggregate Perf Counter A20 Upper DWord

OAPERF\_A21 - Aggregate Perf Counter A21

OAPERF\_A21\_UPPER - Aggregate Perf Counter A21 Upper DWord

OAPERF\_A22 - Aggregate Perf Counter A22

OAPERF\_A22\_UPPER - Aggregate Perf Counter A22 Upper DWord

OAPERF\_A23 - Aggregate Perf Counter A23

OAPERF\_A23\_UPPER - Aggregate Perf Counter A23 Upper DWord

OAPERF\_A24 - Aggregate Perf Counter A24

OAPERF\_A24\_UPPER - Aggregate Perf Counter A24 Upper DWord

OAPERF\_A25 - Aggregate Perf Counter A25

OAPERF\_A25\_UPPER - Aggregate Perf Counter A25 Upper DWord

OAPERF\_A26 - Aggregate Perf Counter A26

OAPERF\_A26\_UPPER - Aggregate Perf Counter A26 Upper DWord

OAPERF A27 - Aggregate Perf Counter A27

OAPERF\_A27\_UPPER - Aggregate Perf Counter A27 Upper DWord

OAPERF\_A28 - Aggregate Perf Counter A28

OAPERF\_A28\_UPPER - Aggregate Perf Counter A28 Upper DWord

OAPERF\_A29 - Aggregate Perf Counter A29

OAPERF\_A29\_UPPER - Aggregate Perf Counter A29 Upper DWord

OAPERF\_A30 - Aggregate Perf Counter A30

OAPERF\_A30\_UPPER - Aggregate Perf Counter A30 Upper DWord

OAPERF\_A31 - Aggregate\_Perf\_Counter\_A31

OAPERF\_A31\_UPPER - Aggregate Perf Counter A31 Upper DWord

OAPERF\_A32 - Aggregate\_Perf\_Counter\_A32

OAPERF A33 - Aggregate Perf Counter A33

OAPERF\_A34 - Aggregate\_Perf\_Counter\_A34

OAPERF\_A35 - Aggregate\_Perf\_Counter\_A35

OAPERF\_B0 - Boolean\_Counter\_B0

OAPERF\_B1 - Boolean\_Counter\_B1

OAPERF\_B2 - Boolean\_Counter\_B2



```
OAPERF_B3 - Boolean_Counter_B3
OAPERF_B4 - Boolean_Counter_B4
OAPERF_B5 - Boolean_Counter_B5
OAPERF_B6 - Boolean_Counter_B6
OAPERF_B7 - Boolean_Counter_B7
EU_PERF_CNT_CTL0 - Flexible EU Event Control 0
EU_PERF_CNT_CTL1 - Flexible EU Event Control 1
EU_PERF_CNT_CTL2 - Flexible EU Event Control 2
EU_PERF_CNT_CTL3 - Flexible EU Event Control 3
EU_PERF_CNT_CTL4 - Flexible EU Event Control 4
EU_PERF_CNT_CTL5 - Flexible EU Event Control 5
EU_PERF_CNT_CTL6 - Flexible EU Event Control 6
GPU_TICKS - GPU_Ticks_Counter
```

#### **OA Interrupt Control Registers**

The Interrupt Control Registers listed below all share the same bit definition. The bit definition is as follows:

Bit	Description
31:29	Reserved. MBZ: These bits may be assigned to interrupts on future products/steppings.
28	<b>Performance Monitoring Buffer Half-Full Interrupt:</b> For internal trigger (timer based) reporting, if the report buffer crosses the half full limit, this interrupt is generated.
27:0	Reserved: MBZ (These bits must be never set by OA, these bit could be allocated to some other unit)

- GT Interrupt 3 Definition
- HWSTAM
- IMR
- Bit Definition for Interrupt Control Registers



# **Performance Counter Report Formats**

Counters layout for various values of select from the register:

#### Counters layout for various values of the "Counter Select" from the register:

#### **Counter Select = 000**

A-Cntr 10 (low dword)		 	CTX ID	TIME_STAMP	RPT_ID
A-Cntr 18 (low dword)		,	A-Cntr 13 (low dword)	A-Cntr 12 (low dword)	A-Cntr 11 (low dword)

#### **Counter Select = 010**

A-Cntr 10 (low dword)			A-Cntr 7 (low dword)	_	CTX ID	TIME_STAMP	RPT_ID
	A-Cntr 17	A-Cntr 16	A-Cntr 15	A-Cntr 14 (low	A-Cntr 13 (low dword)	A-Cntr 12 (low dword)	A-Cntr 11 (low dword)
B-Cntr 7	B-Cntr 6	B-Cntr 5	B-Cntr 4	B-Cntr 3	B-Cntr 2	B-Cntr 1	B-cntr 0
C-Cntr 7	C-Cntr 6	C-Cntr 5	C-Cntr 4	C-Cntr 3	C-Cntr 2	C-Cntr 1	C-Cntr 0

#### **Counter Select = 101**

#### Performance Counter Report Format 101b

#### **Counter Select = 111**

C-Cntr 3	C-Cntr 2	C-Cntr 1	C-Cntr 0	GPU_TICKS	CTX ID	TIME_STAMP	RPT_ID
B-Cntr 7	B-Cntr 6	B-Cntr 5	B-Cntr 4	B-Cntr 3	B-Cntr 2	B-Cntr 1	B-Cntr 0

## Description of RPT\_ID and other important fields of the layout:

Field	Description
GPU TICKS[31:0]	GPU_TICKS is simply a free-running count of render clocks elapsed used for normalizing other counters (e.g. EU active time), it is expected that the rate that this value advances will vary with frequency and freeze (but not lose its value) when all GT clocks are gated, GT is in RC6, and so on.
Context ID[31:0]	This field carries the Context ID of the active context in render engine.  [31:0]: Context ID in Execlist mode of scheduling.  [31:12]: Context ID in Ring Buffer mode of scheduling, [11:0] must be ignored.
TIME_STAMP[31:0]	This field provides an elapsed real-time value that can be used as a timestamp for GPU events over short periods of time. This field has the same format at TIMESTAMP register defined in Vol1C.4 Render Command Streamer BSpec.



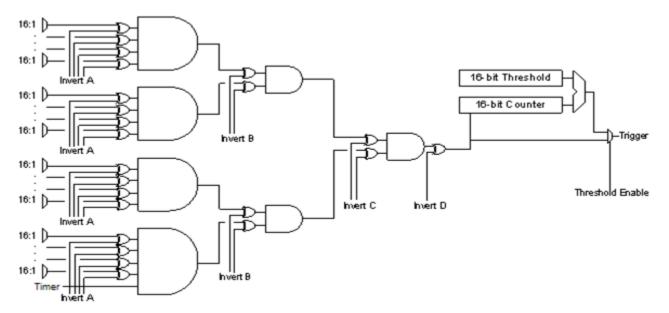
		what's inside
Field		Description
RPT_ID[31:0]	This fie	eld has several sub fields as defined below:
	Bits	Description
	31:26	Reserved MBZ
	25	<b>Render Context Valid:</b> When set indicates render context is valid and the ID is of the render context is set in "Context ID" field of report format.
	24:19	Report Reason[5:0]: Report_reason[0]: When set indicates current report is due to "Timer Triggered". Report_reason[1]: When set indicates current report is due to "Internal report trigger 1". Report_reason[2]: When set indicates current report is due to "Internal report trigger 2". Report_reason[3]: When set indicates current report is due to "Render context switch". Report_reason[4]: When set indicates current report is due to "GO transition from '1' to '0' ". Report_reason[5]: Reserved
	18	<b>Start Trigger Event:</b> This bit is multiplexed from "Start Trigger Event-1" or "Start Trigger Event-2" based on the "Internal Report Trigger-1" or "Internal Report Trigger-2" asserted in the Report Reason respectively. "Internal Report Trigger-1" is given priority over "Internal Report Trigger-2". By default Start Trigger Event-1 is outputted.
	17	<b>Threshold Enable:</b> This bit is multiplexed from "Report Trigger Threshold Enable-1" or "Report Trigger Threshold Enable-2" based on the "Internal Report Trigger-1" or "Internal Report Trigger-2" asserted in the Report Reason respectively. "Internal Report Trigger-1" is given priority over "Internal Report Trigger-2". By default "Report Trigger Threshold Enable-1" is outputted.
	16	Timer Enabled
	15:0	Reserved



#### **Performance Counter Reporting**

When either the MI\_REPORT\_PERF\_COUNT command is received or the internal report trigger logic fires, a snapshot of the performance counter values is written to memory. The format used by HW for such reports is selected using the Counter Select field within the **OACONTROL** register. The organization and number of report formats vary per project and are detailed in the following section. In the following layouts, the RPT\_ID is always stored in the lowest addressed DWORD.

OA contains logic to control when performance counter values are reported to memory. This functionality is controlled using the OA report trigger and OA start trigger registers. More detailed register descriptions are included in the Hardware Programming interface. The block diagram below illustrates the logic these registers control.



Note that counters which are 40 bits wide in BDW are split in the report format into low DWORD and high byte chunks for simplicity of HW implementation as well as SW-friendly alignment of report data. The performance counter read logically done before writing out report data for these 40-bit counters is guaranteed to be an atomic operation, the counter data is simply swizzled as it is being packed into the report.



# **Aggregating Counters**

The table below described the desired high-level functionality from each of the aggregating counters.

Note that there is no counter of 2x2s sent to pixel shader, this is based on the assumption that the pixel shader invocation pipeline statistics counter increments for partially lit 2x2s as well and hence does not require a duplicate performance counter.

Counter #	Event	Description
A0	Render Engine Busy	Render engine is not idle.
		GPU Busy aggregate counter doesn't increment under the following conditions:
		1. Context Switch in Progress.
		2. GPU stalled on executing MI_WAIT_FOR_EVENT.
		3. GPU stalled on execution MI_SEMAPHORE_MBOX.
		4. RCS idle but other parts of GPU active (e.g. only media engines active)
A1	# of Vertex Shader Threads Dispatched	Count of VS threads dispatched to EUs
A2	# of Hull Shader Threads Dispatched	Count of HS threads dispatched to EUs
A3	# of Domain Shader Threads Dispatched	Count of DS threads dispatched to EUs
A4	# of GPGPU Threads Dispatched	Count of GPGPU threads dispatched to EUs
A5	# of Geometry Shader Threads Dispatched	Count of GS threads dispatched to EUs
A6	# of Pixel Shader Threads Dispatched	Count of PS threads dispatched to EUs
A7	Aggregating EU counter 0	User-defined (details in Flexible EU Event Counters section)
A8	Aggregating EU counter 1	User-defined (details in Flexible EU Event Counters section)
A9	Aggregating EU counter 2	User-defined (details in Flexible EU Event Counters section)
A10	Aggregating EU counter 3	User-defined (details in Flexible EU Event Counters section)
A11	Aggregating EU counter 4	User-defined (details in Flexible EU Event Counters section)
A12	Aggregating EU counter 5	User-defined (details in Flexible EU Event Counters section)
A13	Aggregating EU counter 6	User-defined (details in Flexible EU Event Counters section)
A14	Aggregating EU counter 7	User-defined (details in Flexible EU Event Counters section)
A15	Aggregating EU counter 8	User-defined (details in Flexible EU Event Counters section)
A16	Aggregating EU counter 9	User-defined (details in Flexible EU Event Counters section)
A17	Aggregating EU counter 10	User-defined (details in Flexible EU Event Counters section)
A18	Aggregating EU counter 11	User-defined (details in Flexible EU Event Counters section)



Counter #	Event	Description
A19	Aggregating EU counter 12	User-defined (details in <u>Flexible EU Event Counters</u> section)
A20	Aggregating EU counter 13	User-defined (details in <u>Flexible EU Event Counters</u> section)
A21	2x2s Rasterized	Count of the number of samples of 2x2 pixel blocks generated from the input geometry before any pixel-level tests have been applied. (Please note that 2x2s may be in terms of pixels or in terms of samples depending on project but are consistent between A21-A27.)
A22	2x2s Failing Fast pre-PS Tests	Count of the number of samples failing fast "early" (i.e. before pixel shader execution) tests (counted at 2x2 granularity). (Please note that 2x2s may be in terms of pixels or in terms of samples depending on project but are consistent between A21-A27.)
A23	2x2s Failing Slow pre-PS Tests	Count of the number of samples of failing slow "early" (i.e. before pixel shader execution) tests (counted at 2x2 granularity). (Please note that 2x2s may be in terms of pixels or in terms of samples depending on project but are consistent between A21-A27.) If a 2x2 sample partially fails the Z/STC test (i.e some pixels fail and some pixels pass), the OA slow fail counter value will be incorrect.
A25	2x2s Failing post-PS Tests	Number of samples that entirely fail "late" tests (i.e. tests that can only be performed after pixel shader execution). Counted at 2x2 granularity. (Please note that 2x2s may be in terms of pixels or in terms of samples depending on project but are consistent between A21-A27.)
A26	2x2s Written To Render Target	Number of samples that are written to render target.(counted at 2x2 granularity). MRT case will report multiple writes per 2x2 processed by the pixel shader. (Please note that 2x2s may be in terms of pixels or in terms of samples depending on project but are consistent between A21-A27.)
A27	Blended 2x2s Written to Render Target	Number of samples of blendable that are written to render target.(counted at 2x2 granularity). MRT case will report multiple writes per 2x2 processed by the pixel shader. (Please note that 2x2s may be in terms of pixels or in terms of samples depending on project but are consistent between A21-A27.)
A28	2x2s Requested from Sampler	Aggregated total 2x2 texel blocks requested from all EUs to all instances of sampler logic.
A29	Sampler L1 Misses	Aggregated misses from all sampler L1 caches. Please note that the number of L1 accesses varies with requested filtering mode and in other implementation specific ways. Hence it is not possible in general to draw a direct relationship between A28 and A29. However, a high number of sampler L1 misses relative to texel 2x2s requested frequently degrades sampler performance.
A30	SLM Reads	Total read requests from an EU to SLM (including reads generated by atomic operations).
A31	SLM Writes	Total write requests from an EU to SLM (including writes generated by atomic operations).
A32	Other Shader Memory Accesses	Aggregated total requests from all EUs to memory surfaces other than render target or texture surfaces (e.g. shader constants).



Counter #	Event	Description
A34	Atomic Accesses	Aggregated total atomic accesses from all EUs. This counter increments on atomic accesses to both SLM and URB.
A35	Barrier Messages	Aggregated total kernel barrier messages from all Eus (one per thread in barrier).

#### **Flexible EU Event Counters**

Since EU performance events are most interesting in many cases when aggregated across all EUs and many interesting EU performance events are limited to certain APIs (e.g. hull shader kernel stats only applicable when running a DX11+ workload), BDW adds some additional flexibility to the aggregated counters coming from the EU array.

The following block diagram shows the high-level flow that generates each flexible EU event.

Flexible EU Event

Note that no support is provided for differences between flexible EU event programming between EUs because the resulting output from each EU is eventually merged into a single OA counter anyway.

# Increment Event Select [3:0] Coarse Event Filter [3:0] Fine Event Filter [3:0]



## **Supported Increment Events**

Increment Event	Encoding	Notes
EU FPU0 Pipeline Active	0b0000	Signal that is high on every EU clock where the EU FPU0 pipeline is actively executing a Gen ISA instruction.
		Please note that FPU0 in BDW EU is the closest match to previous Gen EU's FPU pipe.
EU FPU1 Pipeline Active	0b0001	Signal that is high on every EU clock where the EU FPU1 pipeline is actively executing a Gen ISA instruction.
		Please note that FPU1 in BDW EU is the closest match to previous Gen EU's EM pipe.
		Event doesn't count the second pass of multi-pass extended math instructions. Hence, it counts only 1/2 of the desired utilization while the EU is executing these instructions.
EU SEND Pipeline Active	0b0010	Signal that is high on every EU clock where the EU send pipeline is actively executing a Gen ISA instruction. Only fine event filters 0b0000,0b0101, 0b0110, 0b0111, 0b1000, 0b1001, and 0b1010 are supported with this increment event.
EU FPU0 & FPU1 Pipelines Concurrently Active	0b0011	Signal that is high on every EU clock where the EU FPU0 and FPU1 pipelines are both actively executing a Gen ISA instruction. Only coarse event filters 0b0000, 0b0111, and 0b1000 are supported with this increment event. Only fine event filters 0b0000, 0b0111, 0b1000, 0b1001, and 0b1010 are supported with this increment event.
Some EU Pipeline Active	0b0100	Signal that is high on every EU clock where at least one EU pipeline is actively executing a Gen ISA instruction. Only coarse event filters 0b0000, 0b0111, and 0b1000 are supported with this increment event. Only fine event filters 0b0000,0b0101, 0b0110, 0b0111, 0b1000, 0b1001, and 0b1010 are supported with this increment event.
At Least 1 Thread Loaded But No EU Pipeline Active	0b0101	Signal that is high on every EU clock where at least one thread is loaded but no EU pipeline is actively executing a Gen ISA instruction. Only coarse event filters 0b0000, 0b0111, and 0b1000 are supported with this increment event. Only fine event filters 0b0000, 0b0111, 0b1000, 0b1001, and 0b1010 are supported with this increment event.
Threads loaded integrator == max threads for current HW SKU	0b1000	Implies an accumulator which increases every EU clock by the number of loaded threads, signal pulses high for one clock when the accumulator exceeds a multiple of the number of thread slots (e.g. for a 8-thread EU, signal pulses high every clock where the increment causes a 3-bit accumulator to overflow). Only coarse event filters 0b0000, 0b0111, and 0b1000 are supported with this increment event. Only fine event filters 0b0000, 0b0111, 0b1000, 0b1001, and 0b1010 are supported with this increment event.
		<b>Note:</b> There were no C steppings for the BDW GPU, so this increment event is supported.



# **Supported Coarse Event Filters**

<b>Coarse Event Filter</b>	Encoding	Notes
No mask	0b0000	Never masks increment event.
Currently executing thread came from VS	0b0001	Masks increment event unless the FFID which dispatched the currently executing thread equals FFID of VS.
Currently executing thread came from HS	0b0010	Masks increment event unless the FFID which dispatched the currently executing thread equals FFID of HS.
Currently executing thread came from DS	0b0011	Masks increment event unless the FFID which dispatched the currently executing thread equals FFID of DS.
Currently executing thread came from GS	0b0100	Masks increment event unless the FFID which dispatched the currently executing thread equals FFID of GS.
Currently executing thread came from PS	0b0101	Masks increment event unless the FFID which dispatched the currently executing thread equals FFID of PS.
Currently executing thread came from TS	0b0110	Masks increment event unless the FFID which dispatched the currently executing thread equals FFID of TS.
Row = 0	0b0111	Masks increment event unless the row ID for this EU is 0 (control register is in TDL so only have to check within quarter-slice).
Row = 1	0b1000	Masks increment event unless the row ID for this EU is 1 (control register is in TDL so only have to check within quarter-slice).

# **Fine Event Filters**

<b>Fine Event Filter</b>	<b>Encoding</b>	Notes
None	0b0000	Never mask increment event.
Cycles where hybrid instructions are being executed	0b0001	Masks increment event unless the instruction(s) being executed on the pipeline(s) selected by the increment event are hybrid instructions.
		Filter behaves unreliably when shader ISA uses 64-bit immediate values.
Cycles where ternary instructions are being executed	0b0010	Masks increment event unless the instruction(s) being executed on the pipeline(s) selected by the increment event are ternary instructions.
Cycles where binary instructions are being executed	0b0011	Masks increment event unless the instruction(s) being executed on the pipeline(s) selected by the increment event are binary instructions.
Cycles where mov instructions are being executed	0b0100	Masks increment event unless the instruction(s) being executed on the pipeline(s) selected by the increment event are mov instructions.
Cycles where sends start being executed	0b0101	Masks increment event unless the instruction(s) being executed on the pipeline(s) selected by the increment event are send start of dispatch. Note that if this fine event filter is used in combination with increment events not related to the EU send pipeline (e.g. FPU0 active), the associated flexible event counter will increment in an implementation-specific manner.
EU# = 0b00	0b0111	Masks increment event unless the EU number for this EU is 0b00.
EU# = 0b01	0b1000	Masks increment event unless the EU number for this EU is 0b01.



Fine Event Filter	Encoding	Notes
EU# = 0b10	0b1001	Masks increment event unless the EU number for this EU is 0b10.
EU# = 0b11	0b1010	Masks increment event unless the EU number for this EU is 0b11.

#### **Flexible EU Event Config Registers**

EU\_PERF\_CNT\_CTL0 - Flexible EU Event Control 0

**EU\_PERF\_CNT\_CTL1 - Flexible EU Event Control 1** 

**EU\_PERF\_CNT\_CTL2 - Flexible EU Event Control 2** 

EU\_PERF\_CNT\_CTL3 - Flexible EU Event Control 3

EU\_PERF\_CNT\_CTL4 - Flexible EU Event Control 4

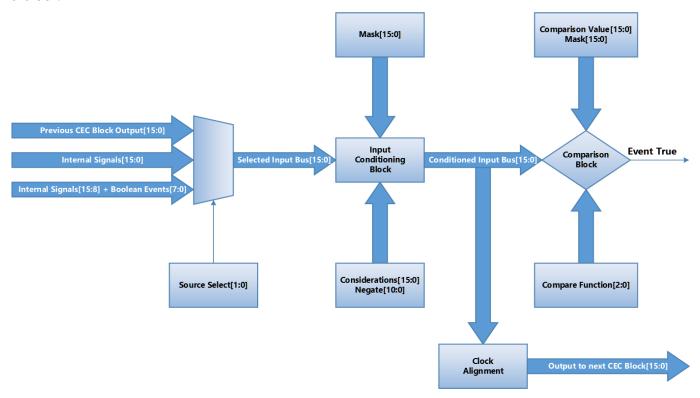
**EU\_PERF\_CNT\_CTL5 - Flexible EU Event Control 5** 



#### **Custom Event Counters**

Also known as B-counters, the events counted in these counters are defined from Boolean combinations of input signals using the custom event creation logic built into the Observability Architecture (OA).

The following diagram illustrates the structure used to create a custom event. Every B-counter has such a block.





MI\_REPORT\_PERF\_Count