## **Basics of Signals and Systems**

## Fall 2023-2024

## Homework 1

## Due: 5 November 23:55 on Moodle

1) Solve the following equation for  $\theta$ :

Find all possible answers. Make sure to give the final answer in radians.

$$Re[(1-j)e^{j\theta}] = 1 - Re[(1-j)e^{-j\theta}]$$

2) A periodic signal x(t) with a period of T = 4 is described over one period 0 < t < 4 by the equation:

$$x(t) = \begin{cases} (t-2)^2 & 2 \le t \le 4\\ 0 & 0 \le t < 2 \end{cases}$$

This signal can be represented by the Fourier series which is valid for all time.

- a) Sketch the periodic function x(t)
- b) Find the  $a_k$  coefficient.
- c) Compare the area of curve in one period and DC coefficient  $a_0$  values.
- d) If  $y(t) = \frac{d}{dt}x(t)$ , and  $b_k$  is the Fourier series of y(t), find  $b_2$
- 3) Figure 1 shows an ideal C to D and D to C converter.
  - a) Suppose that the discrete-time signal x[n] is:

$$x[n] = 5\cos(0.26\pi n + 30^{\circ})$$

$$x(t) \qquad \text{Ideal} \qquad x[n] \qquad \text{Ideal} \qquad y(t)$$

$$C-to-D \qquad To-C \qquad Converter$$

$$f_s = \frac{1}{T} \qquad f_s = \frac{1}{T}$$

Figure 1

If the sampling rate is  $f_s = 500$  samples per second, determine two different continuous-time signals that could have been inputs to the system.

b) x(t) is shown in Figure 2. Determine a formula for y(t) when  $f_s = 1000$  for both converters.

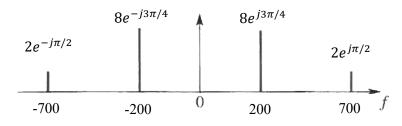


Figure 2

4) A signal is given as below:

$$x(t) = [3 + \cos(3\pi(500)t)]\cos(3\pi(1000)t)$$

- a) Is this signal periodic? If so, what is the period of the signal.
- b) Plot the two-sided spectrum of this signal.
- c) What relation should the sampling rate satisfy so that y(t) = x(t) in figure 1?
- 5) Filter coefficients of an FIR system are  $\{b_k\} = \{-2, 2, 4, 6\}$ . Determine the y[n] if x[n] is:

$$x[n] = \begin{cases} -1 & n = 3k \\ 0 & n = 3k + 1 \\ 1 & n = 3k + 2 \end{cases} \quad k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

- 6) For each of the systems, determine whether or not the system is (1) linear (2) time-invariant and (3) casual.
  - (a)  $y[n] = 2x[n]\cos(\pi n)$
  - (b) y[n] = x[n] x[2n + 1]
  - (c)  $y[n] = -x[n]^2$
  - (d) y[n] = x[n] u[n]
  - (e)  $y[n] = 2^{x[n]}$
  - (f) y[n] = 5 + x[n]
  - 7) A linear time-invariant system is described by the difference equation.

$$y[n] = x[n] + 5x[n-1] + 3x[n-3]$$

- a) Draw the implementation of this system as a block diagram in direct form.
- b) Write the impulse response for this system and plot it.
- 8) For two linear time-invariant systems,  $h_1[n]$ ,  $h_2[n]$  are given in the figures below. Find y[n], when x[n] = 2u[n]

